## ABB i－bus ${ }^{\circledR}$ KNX <br> Room Master Premium，MDRC <br> RM／S 2．1，2CDG 110095 R0011



The Room Master Premium is a modular installation device（MDRC）in pro $M$ de－ sign．It is intended for installation in the distribution board on 35 mm mounting rails．The assignment of the physical addresses as well as the parameteriza－ tion is carried out with the ETS and the current application program．

The RM／S is powered via the ABB i－bus ${ }^{\circledR}$ and does not require and additional auxiliary voltage supply．
The RM／S 2.1 is operational after con－ nection of the bus voltage．

## Technical data

| Supply | Bus voltage | 21．．． 32 V DC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current consumption，bus | Maximum 24 mA（Fan－In 2） |
|  | Leakage loss，bus | Maximum 500 mW |
|  | Leakage loss，device | Maximum 7．65 W＊ |
| ＊The maximum power consumption of the device results from the following specifications： | KNX bus connection | 0．25 W |
|  | Relay 20 A | 3.0 W |
|  | Relay 16 A | 1.0 W |
|  | Relay 6 A | 2.4 W |
|  | Electronic outputs 0.5 A | 1.0 W |
| Connections | KNX | via bus connection terminals 0.8 mm Ø，single core |
|  | Load circuits | Screw terminal with universal head（PZ 1） $0.2 \ldots 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ stranded， $2 \times\left(0.2 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ $0.2 \ldots 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ single core， $2 \times\left(0.2 \ldots 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ |
|  | Ferrules without／with plastic sleeves | without： $0.25 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ with： $0.25 \ldots 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | TWIN ferrules | $0.5 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ Contact pin length min． 10 mm |
|  | Tightening torque | Maximum 0．6 Nm |
|  | Fans／valves／inputs | Screw terminal，slot head $0.2 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ stranded $0.2 \ldots 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ solid core |
|  | Tightening torque | Maximum 0.6 Nm |
| Operating and display elements | Button／LED－ 0 | For assignment of the physical address |
| Enclosure | IP 20 | to EN 60529 |
| Safety class | II | to EN 61140 |
| Insulation category | Overvoltage category | III to EN 60 664－1 |
|  | Pollution degree | 2 to EN 60 664－1 |
| KNX safety extra low voltage | SELV 24 V DC |  |
| Temperature range | Operation | $-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Transport | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Storage | $-25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Ambient conditions | Maximum air humidity | $93 \%$ ，no condensation allowed |

## ABB i-bus ${ }^{\circledR}$ KNX

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| Design | Modular installation device (MDRC) | Modular installation device, Pro $M$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Dimensions | $90 \times 216 \times 64.5 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{D})$ |
| Mounting width in space units | 12 modules at 18 mm |  |
| Installation | Mounting depth | 64.5 mm |
| Mounting position | On 35 mm mounting rail | to EN 60715 |
| Weight | As required |  |
| Housing/colour | 0.7 kg | Certificate |
| Approvals | Plastic housing, grey |  |
| CE mark | KNX to EN 50 090-1, -2 |  |

## Important

The maximum permissible current of a KNX line may not be exceeded.
During planning and installation ensure that the KNX line is correctly dimensioned.
The device features a maximum current consumption of 24 mA (Fan-In 2).

## Electronic outputs

| Rated values | Number | 4, non-isolated, overload-proof |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}$ rated voltage | 24... 230 V AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) |
|  | $I_{n}$ rated current (per output pair) | 0.5 A |
|  | Continuous current | 0.5 A resistive load at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{u}}$ up to $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> 0.3 A resistive load at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{u}}$ up to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Inrush current | Maximum 1,6 A, 10 s at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{u}}$ up to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{u}}=$ ambient temperature

## Binary inputs

| Rated values | Number | $18^{1)}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $U_{n}$ scanning voltage | 32 V , pulsed |
| $I_{n}$ scanning current | 0.1 mA |  |
|  | Scanning current In at switch on | Maximum 355 mA |
|  | Permissible cable length | $\leq 100 \mathrm{~m}$ one-way, at cross-section $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

[^0]
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Rated current output 6 A

| Rated values | Number | 13 contacts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}$ rated voltage | 250/440 V AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ rated current | 6 A |
| Switching currents | AC3* operation $(\cos \varphi=0.45)$ <br> To EN 60 947-4-1 | 6 A/230 V |
|  | AC1* operation $(\cos \varphi=0.8)$ To EN 60 947-4-1 | $6 \mathrm{~A} / 230 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | Fluorescent lighting load $A X$ to EN 60 669-1 | $6 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V}(35 \mu \mathrm{~F})^{2}$ |
|  | Minimum switching performance | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \mathrm{~mA} / 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 10 \mathrm{~mA} / 12 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 7 \mathrm{~mA} / 24 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | DC current switching capacity (resistive load) | $6 \mathrm{~A} / 24 \mathrm{~V}=$ |
| Service life | Mechanical endurance | $>10^{7}$ |
|  | Electronic endurance to IEC 60 947-4-1 |  |
|  | AC1* (240 V/cos $\varphi=0.8)$ | $>10^{5}$ |
|  | AC3* (240 V/cos $\varphi=0.45$ ) | $>1.5 \times 10^{4}$ |
|  | AC5a* (240 V/cos $\varphi=0.45$ ) | $>1.5 \times 10^{4}$ |
| Switching times ${ }^{11}$ | Maximum relay position change per output and minute if only one relay is switched | 2,683 |

[^1]
## * What do the terms AC1, AC3 and AC5a mean?

In Intelligent Installation Systems, different switching capacity and performance specifications, which are dependent on the special application, have become established in industrial and residential systems. These performance specifications are rooted in the respective national and international standards. The tests are defined so that typical applications, e.g. motor loads (industrial) or fluorescent lamps (residential) are simulated.

The specifications AC1 and AC3 are switching performance specifications which have become established in the industrial field.

Typical application:
AC1 - Non-inductive or slightly inductive loads, resistive furnaces (relates to switching of oh-mic/resistive loads)
AC3 - Squirrel-cage motors: Starting, switching off motors during running (relates to (inductive) mo-tor load)
AC5a - Switching of electric discharge lamps
These switching performances are defined in the standard EN 60947-4-1 Contactors and motor-starters - Electromechanical contactors and motor-starters. The standard describes starters and/or contactors that previously were preferably used in industrial applications.

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## Output lamp load 6 A

| Lamps | Incandescent lamp load | 1200 W |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Fluorescent lamps T5/T8 | Uncorrected | 800 W |
|  | Parallel compensated | 300 W |
|  | DUO circuit | 350 W |
| Low-voltage halogen lamps | Inductive transformer | 800 W |
|  | Electronic transformer | 1000 W |
|  | Halogen lamps 230 V | 1000 W |
| Dulux lamp | Uncorrected | 800 W |
| Mercury-vapour lamp | Parallel compensated | 800 W |
| Switching performance (switching contact) | Maximum peak inrush-current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}}(150 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ | 1000 W |
|  | Maximum peak inrush-current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}}(250 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ | 800 W |
|  | 200 A |  |
| Number of electronic ballasts | 160 A |  |
| (T5/T8, single element) | 100 A |  |
|  | 18 W (ABB EVG $1 \times 18 \mathrm{CF})$ | 10 |

[^2]
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## Rated current output 16 A

| Rated values | Number | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}$ rated voltage | 250/440 V AC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ rated current | 16 A |
| Switching currents | AC3* operation $(\cos \varphi=0.45)$ To EN 60 947-4-1 | $8 \mathrm{~A} / 230 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | AC1* operation $(\cos \varphi=0.8)$ To EN 60 947-4-1 | $16 \mathrm{~A} / 230 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | Fluorescent lighting load AX to EN 60 669-1 | $16 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V}(70 \mu \mathrm{~F})^{2}$ |
|  | Minimum switching performance | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{~mA} / 12 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 100 \mathrm{~mA} / 24 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | DC current switching capacity (resistive load) | $16 \mathrm{~A} / 24 \mathrm{~V}=$ |
| Service life | Mechanical service life | $>3 \times 10^{6}$ |
|  | Electrical endurance to IEC 60 947-4-1 |  |
|  | AC1* (240 V/cos $\varphi 0.8$ ) | $>10^{5}$ |
| Switching times ${ }^{10}$ | Maximum relay position change per output and minute if only one relay is switched. | 313 |

[^3]
## * What do the terms AC1, AC3 and AC5a mean?

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The specifications AC1 and AC3 are switching performance specifications which have become established in the industrial field.

Typical application:
AC1 - Non-inductive or slightly inductive loads, resistive furnaces (relates to switching of ohmic/resistive loads)

AC3 - Squirrel-cage motors: Starting, switching off motors during running (relates to (inductive) motor load)

AC5a - Switching of electric discharge lamps
These switching performances are defined in the standard EN 60947-4-1 Contactors and motor-starters - Electromechanical contactors and motor-starters. The standard describes starter and/or contactors that previously were preferably used in industrial applications.

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Output lamp load 16 A

| Lamps | Incandescent lamp load | 2500 W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fluorescent lamps T5/T8 | Uncorrected | 2500 W |
|  | Parallel compensated | 1500 W |
|  | DUO circuit | 1500 W |
| Low-voltage halogen lamps | Inductive transformer | 1200 W |
|  | Electronic transformer | 1500 W |
|  | Halogen lamps 230 V | 2500 W |
| Dulux lamp | Uncorrected | 1100 W |
|  | Parallel compensated | 1100 W |
| Mercury-vapour lamp | Uncorrected | 2000 W |
|  | Parallel compensated | 2000 W |
| Switching performance (switching contact) | Maximum peak inrush-current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}}(150 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ | 400 A |
|  | Maximum peak inrush-current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}}(250 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ | 320 A |
|  | Maximum peak inrush-current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}}(600 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ | 200 A |
| Number of electronic ballasts (T5/T8, single element) ${ }^{11}$ | 18 W (ABB EVG $1 \times 18 \mathrm{CF}$ ) | 23 |
|  | 24 W (ABB EVG-T5 $1 \times 24 \mathrm{CY}$ ) | 23 |
|  | 36 W (ABB EVG $1 \times 36 \mathrm{CF}$ ) | 14 |
|  | 58 W (ABB EVG $1 \times 58 \mathrm{CF}$ ) | 11 |
|  | 80 W (Helvar EL $1 \times 80$ SC) | 10 |

[^4]
## ABB i-bus ${ }^{\circledR}$ KNX <br> Room Master Premium, MDRC <br> RM/S 2.1, 2CDG 110095 R0011

Rated current output 20 A

${ }^{1)}$ The specifications apply only after the bus voltage has been applied to the device for at least 10 seconds. Typical delay of the relay is approx. 20 ms.
${ }^{\text {2) }}$ The maximum inrush-current peak may not be exceeded.

## * What do the terms AC1, AC3 and AC5a mean?

In Intelligent Installation Systems, different switching capacity and performance specifications, which are dependent on the special application, have become established in industrial and residential systems. These performance specifications are rooted in the respective national and international standards. The tests are defined so that typical applications, e.g. motor loads (industrial) or fluorescent lamps (residential) are simulated.
The specifications AC1 and AC3 are switching performance specifications which have become established in the industrial field.
Typical application:
AC1 - Non-inductive or slightly inductive loads, resistive furnaces (relates to switching of oh-mic/resistive loads)

AC3 - Squirrel-cage motors: Starting, switching off motors during running (relates to (inductive) mo-tor load)
AC5a - Switching of electric discharge lamps
These switching performances are defined in the standard EN 60947-4-1 Contactors and motor-starters - Electromechanical contactors and motor-starters. The standard describes starter and/or contactors that previously were preferably used in industrial applications.

## ABB i-bus ${ }^{\circledR}$ KNX <br> Room Master Premium, MDRC <br> RM/S 2.1, 2CDG 110095 R0011

## Output lamp load 20 A

| Lamps | Incandescent lamp load | 3680 W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fluorescent lamps T5/T8 | Uncorrected | 3680 W |
|  | Parallel compensated | 2500 W |
|  | DUO circuit | 3680 W |
| Low-voltage halogen lamps | Inductive transformer | 2000 W |
|  | Electronic transformer | 2500 W |
|  | Halogen lamps 230 V | 3680 W |
| Dulux lamp | Uncorrected | 3680 W |
|  | Parallel compensated | 3000 W |
| Mercury-vapour lamp | Uncorrected | 3680 W |
|  | Parallel compensated | 3680 W |
| Switching performance (switching contact) | Maximum peak inrush-current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}}(150 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ | 600 A |
|  | Maximum peak inrush-current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}}(250 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ | 480 A |
|  | Maximum peak inrush-current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}}(600 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ | 300 A |
| Number of electronic ballasts (T5/T8, single element) ${ }^{1)}$ | 18 W (ABB EVG $1 \times 18 \mathrm{SF}$ ) | $26^{2)}$ |
|  | 24 W (ABB EVG-T5 $1 \times 24 \mathrm{CY}$ ) | $26^{2)}$ |
|  | 36 W (ABB EVG $1 \times 36 \mathrm{CF})$ | 22 |
|  | 58 W (ABB EVG $1 \times 58 \mathrm{CF}$ ) | $12^{2)}$ |
|  | 80 W (Helvar EL $1 \times 80$ SC) | $10^{2)}$ |

${ }^{1)}$ For multiple element lamps or other types, the number of electronic ballasts must be determined using the peak inrush current of the electronic ballasts.
${ }^{2}$ ) Limited by protection with B16 automatic circuit-breakers.

| Device type | Application program | Max. number of Communication objects | Max. number of group addresses | Max. number of associations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RM/S 2.1 | Room Master, Premium/...* | 255 | 255 | 255 |

* ... = current version number of the application program. Please observe the software information on our homepage for this purpose.

> Note
> For a detailed description of the application program see "Room Master Premium RM/S 2.1" product manual. It is available free-of-charge at www.abb.com/knx. The ETS and the current version of the device application program are required for programming.
> The current version of the application program is available for download on the internet as www.abb.com/knx. After import it is available in the ETS under ABB/ ABB/Room automation/Room Master/Premium.
> The device does not support the locking function of a KNX device in the ETS. If you inhibit access to all devices of the project with a BCU code, it has no effect on this device. Data can still be read and programmed.

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## Connection schematics

Hotel room example


RM/S 2.1 with electromotor valve drives

```
1 Label carrier
2 \text { Button Programming =0}
3 LED Programming \bullet (red)
4 \text { Bus connection terminal}
5 \text { Switch position display and manual operation, output (A, B, C) 20 A (16 AX)}
6 \text { Switch position display and manual operation, output (D) 16 A (10 AX)}
L Load circuits, with }2\mathrm{ terminals each
8 Outputs, 3 contacts, 1 screw terminal for phase connection (E, F, G)
9 Outputs, 3 contacts, 1 screw terminal for phase connection (H,I, J)
1 0 \text { Blind (K)}
11 Fan (L, M, N)
1 2 \text { Valve HEATING (O, P)}
13 Valve COOLING (Q, R)
14 Outputs, 3 contacts, 1 screw terminal for phase connection (S, T, U)
1 5 \text { Binary inputs (j, k, l, m, n, o, p, q, r)}
1 6 \text { Binary inputs (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i)}
```


## ABB i-bus ${ }^{\circledR}$ KNX <br> Room Master Premium, MDRC <br> RM/S 2.1, 2CDG 110095 R0011

Hotel room example


2CDC 072068 F0411

RM/S 2.1 with electromotor valve drives

1 Label carrier
2 Button Programming 0
3 LED Programming $\bullet$ (red)
4 Bus connection terminal
5 Switch position display and manual operation, output (A, B, C) 20 A (16 AX)
6 Switch position display and manual operation, output (D) 16 A (10 AX)
7 Load circuits, with 2 terminals each
8 Outputs, 3 contacts, 1 screw terminal for phase connection (E, F, G)
9 Outputs, 3 contacts, 1 screw terminal for phase connection (H, I, J)
10 Blind (K)
11 Fan (L, M, N)
12 Valve HEATING (O, P)
13 Valve COOLING (Q, R)
14 Outputs, 3 contacts, 1 screw terminal for phase connection ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{T}, \mathrm{U}$ )
15 Binary inputs (j, k, l, m, n, o, p, q, r)
16 Binary inputs (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i)

# ABB i-bus ${ }^{\circledR}$ KNX 

Room Master Premium, MDRC
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Dimension drawing


## ABB i-bus ${ }^{\circledR}$ KNX

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## Notes


[^0]:    ${ }^{1)}$ All binary inputs are internally connected to the same potential.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1)}$ The specifications apply only after the bus voltage has been applied to the device for at least 10 seconds. Typical delay of the relay is approx. 20 ms.
    ${ }^{2)}$ The maximum inrush-current peak may not be exceeded.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1)}$ For multiple element lamps or other types, the number of electronic ballasts must be determined using the peak inrush current of the electronic ballasts.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1)}$ The specifications apply only after the bus voltage has been applied to the device for at least 10 seconds. Typical delay of the relay is approx. 20 ms .
    ${ }^{2)}$ The maximum inrush-current peak may not be exceeded.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1)}$ For multiple element lamps or other types, the number of electronic ballasts must be determined using the peak inrush current of the electronic ballasts.

