Impact test report Quick-Guard[®] Standard

| Date | Place | Testing Company | |
|------------|---|------------------|--|
| 2015-10-07 | Kungsbacka, Sweden | ABB Jokab Safety | |
| Report No: | Test method | | |
| QG-TR-40 | Test method stated in EN ISO 14120:2015 Annex C | | |

Test object data

| Test object | Infill material / panel | Panel fixation | Post profile |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Quick-Guard Standard | JSM YGP1A9 Steel panel 1,0 mm X-reinforced | JSM PL3 Panel lock | JSM A44A Aluminum profile 44x44 |
| Test object height | Test object width | Test object width | |
| 2000 mm | 2000 mm | 2000 mm | |
| Other | | | |

Test equipment and conditions

| Test method | Impact body | Impact side | Height of impact point |
|---------------|-------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Pendulum test | Hard body | Inside hazard zone | 1340 mm |
| Body mass | Drop height | Calculated impact energy [E] | Floor fixation |
| 34 kg | 1500 mm | 500 J | M10x68 expander shell bolts |
| Other | | | |

Pendulum speed: 19,5km/h (5,4m/s)

E = mgh = 34 * 9,82 * 1,5 = 501 J

or

$$E = \frac{mv^2}{2} = \frac{34 * 5,4^2}{2} = 496 J$$

Where: E is the calculated impact energy in Joule [J] m is the pendulum mass [kg] g is 9,82 m/s² (constant) h is the drop height in meters [m] v is the pendulum speed [m/s]

Test result

Result:

The fence absorb and resist the energy impact caused by the pendulum body, and obtain a remaining deformation. Total deflection of the fence was approximately 180 mm, no penetration or parts departed.

