

ABB INDUSTRIAL DRIVES

# ACS320 drives (0.5 to 30 hp) User's manual



# List of related manuals

#### Drive firmware manuals and guides

#### Code (English)

ACS320 drives (0.5 to 30 hp) user's manual

3AUA0000062599

ACS320 Short Form User's Manual

3AUA0000086933

Guide for capacitor reforming in ACS50, ACS55, ACS150, ACS310, ACS350, ACS355, ACS550, ACH550 and R1-R4 OINT-/SINT-boards

3AFE68735190

#### Option manuals and guides

MFDT-01 FlashDrop user's manual 3AFE68591074

MREL-01 output relay module user's 3AUA0000035974

manual

MUL1-R1 installation instructions for 3AFE68642868

ACS150, ACS310, ACS320, ACS350 and ACS355

MUL1-R3 installation instructions for ACS310, ACS320, ACS350 and ACS355

3AFE68643147

MUL1-R4 installation instructions for 3AUA0000025916 ACS310, ACS320, ACS350 and ACS355

SREA-01 Ethernet adapter module quick start-up guide

3AUA0000042902

SREA-01 Ethernet adapter module

3AUA0000042896

user's manual

You can find manuals and other product documents in PDF format on the Internet. See section Document library on the Internet on the inside of the back cover. For manuals not available in the Document library, contact your local ABB representative.

# User's manual

# ACS320 drives (0.5 to 30 hp)

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# Safety

# Contents of this chapter

The chapter contains safety instructions which you must follow when installing, operating and servicing the drive. If ignored, physical injury or death may follow, or damage may occur to the drive, motor or driven equipment. Read the safety instructions before you work on the drive.



# Use of warning symbols

Warnings caution you about conditions which can result in serious injury or death and/or damage to the equipment, and advise on how to avoid the danger. The following warning symbols are used in this manual:



**WARNING!** Danger; electricity warns of hazards from electricity which can cause physical injury and/or damage to the equipment.

**WARNING!** General danger warns about conditions, other than those caused by electricity, which can result in physical injury and/or damage to the equipment.

### Safety in installation and maintenance

These warnings are intended for all who work on the drive, motor cable or motor.

#### Electrical safety



**WARNING!** If you ignore the safety instructions, injury or death can occur. If you are not a qualified electrician, do not do electrical work.

- Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain the drive!
- Never work on the drive, motor cable or motor when input power is applied. After disconnecting the input power, always wait for 5 minutes to let the intermediate circuit capacitors discharge before you start working on the drive, motor or motor cable.
- Always ensure by measuring with a multimeter (impedance at least 1 Mohm) that there is no voltage between the drive input phases U1, V1 and W1 and the ground.
- Do not work on the control cables when power is applied to the drive or to the
  external control circuits. Externally supplied control circuits may carry dangerous
  voltage even when the input power of the drive is switched off.
- Do not make any insulation or voltage withstand tests on the drive.
- Disconnect the internal EMC filter when installing the drive on an IT system (an
  ungrounded power system or a high-resistance-grounded [over 30 ohms] power
  system), otherwise the system is connected to ground potential through the EMC
  filter capacitors. This may cause danger or damage the drive. See page 49. Note:
  When the internal EMC filter is disconnected, the drive is not EMC compatible.
- Disconnect the internal EMC filter when installing the drive on a corner-grounded TN system, otherwise the drive will be damaged. See page 49. Note: When the internal EMC filter is disconnected, the drive is not EMC compatible.
- All ACS320 Drive End Grounding screws are removed at the factory. See Product overview for location details.
- All ELV (extra low voltage) circuits connected to the drive must be used within a
  zone of equipotential bonding, in other words, within a zone where all
  simultaneously accessible conductive parts are electrically connected to prevent
  hazardous voltages appearing between them. This is accomplished by a proper
  factory grounding.

#### Notes:

- Even when the motor is stopped, dangerous voltage is present at the power circuit terminals U1, V1, W1 and U2, V2, W2.
- For more technical information, contact the factory or your local ABB sales representative.



#### General safety



**WARNING!** If you ignore the safety instructions, injury or death can occur. If you are not a qualified electrician, do not do electrical work.

- Never attempt to repair a malfunctioning drive; contact your local ABB representative or Authorized Service Center for service support.
- Make sure that dust from drilling does not enter the drive during the installation.
   Electrically conductive dust inside the drive may cause damage or lead to malfunction.
- Ensure sufficient cooling.

# Safe start-up and operation

These warnings are intended for all who plan the operation, start up or operate the drive.

#### General safety



**WARNING!** If you ignore the safety instructions, injury or death can occur. If you are not a qualified electrician, do not do electrical work.



- Before adjusting the drive and putting it into service, make sure that the motor and all driven equipment are suitable for operation throughout the speed range provided by the drive. The drive can be adjusted to operate the motor at speeds above and below the speed provided by connecting the motor directly to the power line.
- Before you activate the automatic fault reset or automatic restart functions of the
  drive control program, make sure that no dangerous situations can occur. These
  functions reset the drive automatically and continue operation after a fault or
  supply break. If these functions are activated, the installation must be clearly
  marked as defined in IEC/EN 61800-5-1, subclause 6.5.3, for example, "THIS
  MACHINE STARTS AUTOMATICALLY".
- Do not control the drive with an AC contactor or disconnecting device (disconnecting means); use the control panel start and stop keys and or external commands (I/O or fieldbus). The maximum allowed number of charging cycles of the DC capacitors (in other words, power-ups by applying power) is two per minute and the maximum total number of chargings is 15,000.

#### Notes:

#### 18 Safety

- If an external source for start command is selected and it is ON, the drive will start immediately after an input voltage break or fault reset unless the drive is configured for 3-wire (a pulse) start/stop.
- When the control location is not set to local (LOC not shown on the display), the stop key on the control panel will not stop the drive. To stop the drive using the control panel, first press the LOC/REM key (a) and then the stop key (a).





# Introduction to the manual

# Contents of this chapter

The chapter describes applicability, target audience and purpose of this manual. It describes the contents of this manual and refers to a list of related manuals for more information. The chapter also contains a flowchart of steps for checking the delivery. installing and commissioning the drive. The flowchart refers to chapters/sections in this manual.

# **Applicability**

The manual is applicable to the ACS320 drive firmware version 4.03c or later. See parameter 3301 FIRMWARE on page 214.

# Target audience

The reader is expected to know the fundamentals of electricity, wiring, electrical components and electrical schematic symbols.

The manual is written for readers worldwide. Both SI and imperial units are shown. Special US instructions for installations in the United States are given.

# Purpose of the manual

This manual provides information needed for planning the installation, installing, commissioning, using and servicing the drive.

#### Contents of this manual

The manual consists of the following chapters:

- Safety (page 15) gives safety instructions you must follow when installing, commissioning, operating and servicing the drive.
- Introduction to the manual (this chapter, page 19) describes applicability, target audience, purpose and contents of this manual. It also contains a quick installation and commissioning flowchart.
- Operation principle and hardware description (page 23) describes the operation principle, layout, power connections and control interfaces, type designation label and type designation information in short.
- Mechanical installation (page 29) tells how to check the installation site, unpack, check the delivery and install the drive mechanically.
- Planning the electrical installation (page 35) tells how to check the compatibility of the motor and the drive and select cables, protections and cable routing.
- *Electrical installation* (page 47) tells how to check the insulation of the assembly and the compatibility with IT (ungrounded) and corner grounded TN systems as well as connect power cables, control cables and embedded fieldbus.
- Installation checklist (page 59) contains a checklist for checking the mechanical and electrical installation of the drive.
- Start-up (page 61) tells how to start up the drive as well as how to start, stop, change the direction of the motor rotation and adjust the motor speed through the I/O interface. In addition, the chapter gives a brief description of each application macro together with a wiring diagram showing the default control connections. It also explains how to save a user macro and how to recall it.
- Application macros (page 81) gives a brief description of each application macro together with a wiring diagram showing the default control connections. It also explains how to save a user macro and how to recall it.
- Program features (page 101) describes program features with lists of related user settings, actual signals, and fault and alarm messages.
- Actual signals and parameters (page 145) describes actual signals and parameters. It also lists the default values for the different macros.
- Fieldbus control (page 285) tells how the drive can be controlled by external devices over a communication network using embedded fieldbus
- Fault tracing (page 361) tells how to reset faults and view fault history. It lists all alarm and fault messages including the possible cause and corrective actions.
- Maintenance and hardware diagnostics (page 379) contains preventive maintenance instructions and LED indicator descriptions.
- Technical data (page 385) contains technical specifications of the drive, for example, ratings, sizes and technical requirements as well as provisions for fulfilling the requirements for CE and other marks.
- Dimension drawings (page 405) shows dimension drawings of the drive.

#### Related documents

See List of related manuals on page 2.

# Categorization by frame size

The ACS320 drive is manufactured in frame sizes R0...R4. Some instructions and other information which only concern certain frame sizes are marked with the symbol of the frame size (R0...R4). To identify the frame size of your drive, see the table in section Ratings on page 386 or in section Definitions on page 387.

# Quick installation and commissioning flowchart

Task	See
Identify the frame size of your drive: R0R4.	Operation principle and hardware description: Type designation key on page 27 Technical data: Ratings on page 386 or in section Definitions on page 387
<b>_</b>	_
Plan the installation: select the cables, etc. Check the ambient conditions, ratings and required cooling air flow.	Planning the electrical installation on page 35 Technical data on page 385
<b>_</b>	_
Unpack and check the drive.	Mechanical installation: Checking the delivery on page 31
<b>_</b>	_
If the drive will be connected to an IT (ungrounded) or corner grounded system, check that the internal EMC filter is not connected.	Operation principle and hardware description: Type designation key on page 27 Electrical installation: Checking the compatibility with IT (ungrounded) and corner grounded TN systems on page 49
•	
Install the drive on a wall or in a cabinet.	Mechanical installation on page 29
<b>V</b>	7
Route the cables.	Planning the electrical installation: Routing the cables on page 42
<b>_</b>	_
Check the insulation of the input cable and the motor and the motor cable.	Electrical installation: Checking the insulation of the assembly on page 47
	_
Connect the power cables.	Electrical installation: Connecting the power cables on page 50
<b>*</b>	_
Connect the control cables.	Electrical installation: Connecting the control cables on page 52
	_
Check the installation.	Installation checklist on page 59
<b>V</b>	7
Commission the drive.	Start-up on page 61



# Operation principle and hardware description

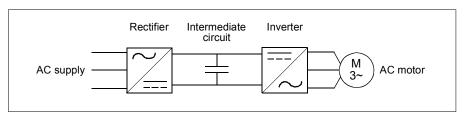
### Contents of this chapter

The chapter briefly describes the operation principle, layout, type designation label and type designation information. It also shows a general diagram of power connections and control interfaces.

# Operation principle

The ACS320 is a wall or cabinet mountable drive for controlling AC motors.

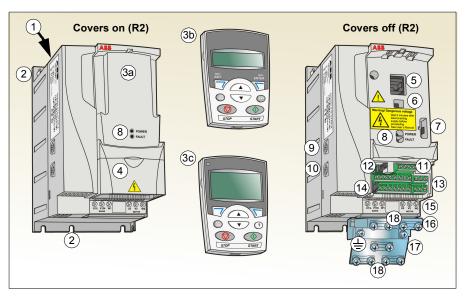
The figure below shows the simplified main circuit diagram of the drive. The rectifier converts three-phase AC voltage to DC voltage. The capacitor bank of the intermediate circuit stabilizes the DC voltage. The inverter converts the DC voltage back to AC voltage for the AC motor.



#### **Product overview**

#### Layout

The layout of the drive is presented below. The figure shows a frame size R2 drive. The construction of the different frame sizes R0...R4 varies to some extent.



1	Cooling outlet through top cover
	Mounting holes
3	Panel cover (a) / Basic control panel (b) / Assistant control panel (c)
4	Terminal cover
5	Panel connection
6	Option connection
7	FlashDrop connection
8	Power OK and Fault LEDs. See section

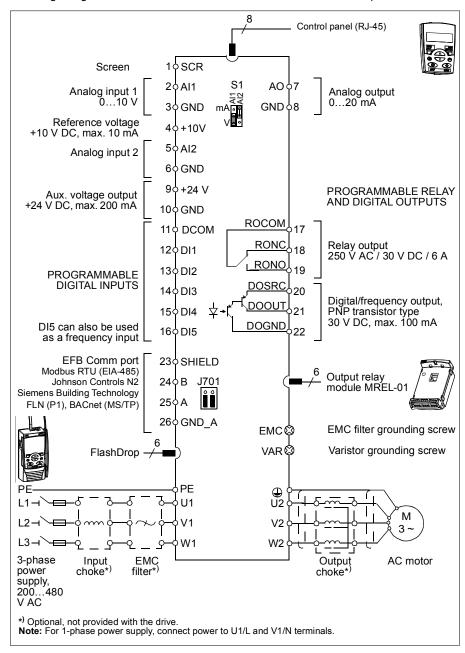
LEDs on page 383.

9	EMC filter grounding screw (EMC).  Note: The screw is on the front in frame size R4.
10	Varistor grounding screw (VAR). See section <i>Protecting the contacts of relay outputs</i> on page 45.
11	EIA-485 connection
12	Jumper J701 for connecting EIA-485 termination resistor
13	I/O connections
14	Jumper S1 for selecting voltage or current for analog inputs
15	Input power connection (U1, V1, W1) and motor connection (U2, V2, W2). (Braking chopper connection is disabled.)
16	I/O clamping plate
17	Clamping plate

18 Clamps

#### Power connections and control interfaces

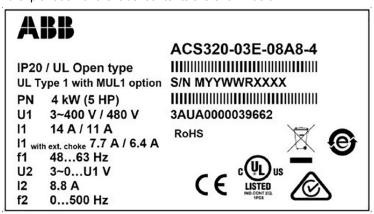
The diagram gives an overview of connections. I/O connections are parameterable.



See Application macros on page 81 for I/O connections for the different macros and chapter *Electrical installation* on page 47 for installation in general.

# Type designation label

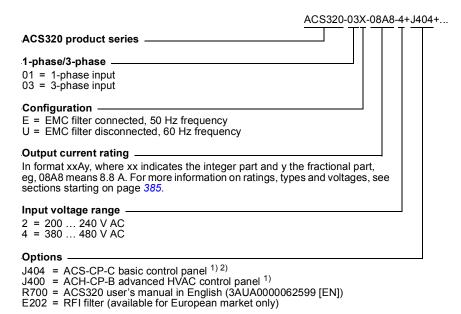
The type designation label is attached to the left side of the drive. An example label and explanation of the label contents are shown below.



1	Type designation, see section <i>Type designation key</i> on page 27			
2	Degree of protection by enclosure (IP and UL/NEMA)			
3	Nominal ratings, see section <i>Ratings</i> on page 386 or <i>Definitions</i> on page 387.			
4	Serial number of format MYYWWRXXXX, where			
	M:	Manufacturer		
	YY:	09, 10, 11, for 2009, 2010, 2011,		
	WW:	01, 02, 03, for week 1, week 2, week 3,		
	R: A, B, C, for product revision number			
	XXXX:	Integer starting every week from 0001		
5	ABB MRP code of the drive			
6	CE marking and C-Tick, C-UL US and RoHS marks (the label of your drive shows the valid markings)			

# Type designation key

The type designation contains information on the specifications and configuration of the drive. You find the type designation on the type designation label attached to the drive. The first digits from the left express the basic configuration, for example ACS320-03U-09A7-4. The optional selections are given after that, separated by + signs, for example +J404. The explanations of the type designation selections are described below.



1) The ACS320 is compatible with panels that have the following panel revisions and panel firmware versions.

Panel type	Type code	Panel revision	Panel firmware version
Basic control panel 2)	ACS-CP-C	M or later	1.13 or later
Advanced HVAC control panel	ACH-CP-B	X or later	2.04 or later

2) Available for North American market only.

# **Mechanical installation**

# Contents of this chapter

The chapter tells how to check the installation site, unpack, check the delivery and install the drive mechanically.

# Checking the installation site

The drive may be installed on the wall or in a cabinet. Check the enclosure requirements for the need to use the NEMA 1 option in wall installations (see chapter Technical data on page 385.

The drive can be installed in three different ways, depending on the frame size:

- a) back mounting (all frame sizes)
- b) side mounting (frame sizes R0...R2)
- c) DIN rail mounting (all frame sizes).

The drive must be installed in an upright position.

Check the installation site according to the requirements below. Refer to chapter Dimension drawings on page 405 for frame details.

### Requirements for the installation site

#### Operation conditions

See chapter Technical data on page 385 for the allowed operation conditions of the drive.

#### Wall

The wall should be as close to vertical and even as possible, of non-flammable material and strong enough to carry the weight of the drive.



#### Floor

The floor/material below the installation should be non-flammable.

#### Free space around the drive

The required free space for cooling above and below the drive is 75 mm (3 in). No free space is required on the sides of the drive, so drives can be installed side by side.

# Required tools

To install the drive, you need the following tools:

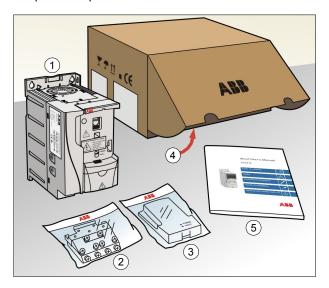
- screwdrivers (as appropriate for the mounting hardware used)
- wire stripper
- tape measure
- drill (if the drive will be installed with screws/bolts)
- mounting hardware: screws or bolts (if the drive will be installed with screws/bolts). For the number of screws/bolts, see With screws on page 32.



# Unpacking

The drive (1) is delivered in a package that also contains the following items (frame size R2 shown in the figure):

- plastic bag (2) including clamping plate (also used for I/O cables in frame sizes R3 and R4), I/O clamping plate (for frame sizes R0...R2), clamps and screws
- panel cover (3)
- mounting template, integrated into the package (4)
- user's manual (5)
- possible options.



# Checking the delivery

Check that there are no signs of damage. Notify the shipper immediately if damaged components are found.

Before attempting installation and operation, check the information on the type designation label of the drive to verify that the drive is of the correct type. See section Type designation label on page 26.



# Installing

The instructions in this manual cover drives with the IP20 degree of protection. To comply with NEMA 1, use the MUL-R1, MUL-R3 or MUL-R4 option kit, which is delivered with multilingual installation instructions (3AFE68642868, 3AFE68643147 or 3AUA0000025916, respectively).

#### Install the drive

Install the drive with screws or on a DIN rail as appropriate.

**Note:** Make sure that dust from drilling does not enter the drive during the installation.

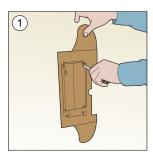
#### With screws

1. Mark the hole locations using for example the mounting template cut out from the package.

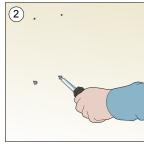
The locations of the holes are also shown in the drawings in chapter *Dimension* drawings on page 405. The number and location of the holes used depend on how the drive is installed:

- a) back mounting (frame sizes R0...R4): four holes
- b) side mounting (frame sizes R0...R2): three holes; one of the bottom holes is located in the clamping plate.
- Fix the screws or bolts to the marked locations.

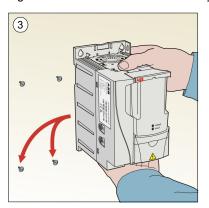


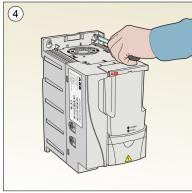






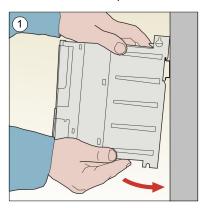
- 3. Position the drive onto the screws on the wall.
- 4. Tighten the screws in the wall securely.

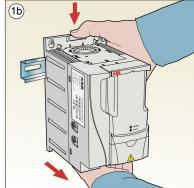




#### On DIN rail

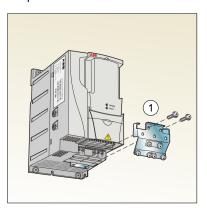
- Click the drive to the rail.
- To detach the drive, press the release lever on top of the drive (1b).

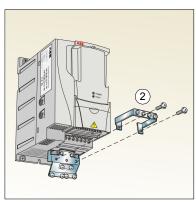




### Fasten clamping plates

- Fasten the clamping plate to the plate at the bottom of the drive with the provided screws.
- 2. For frame sizes R0...R2, fasten the I/O clamping plate to the clamping plate with the provided screws.







# Planning the electrical installation

### Contents of this chapter

The chapter contains the instructions that you must follow when checking the compatibility of the motor and drive, and selecting cables, protections, cable routing and way of operation for the drive.

Note: The installation must always be designed and made according to applicable local laws and regulations. ABB does not assume any liability whatsoever for any installation which breaches the local laws and/or other regulations. Furthermore, if the recommendations given by ABB are not followed, the drive may experience problems that the warranty does not cover.

# Implementing the AC power line connection

See the requirements in section *Electric power network specification* on page 397. Use a fixed connection to the AC power line.



WARNING! As the leakage current of the device typically exceeds 3.5 mA, a fixed installation is required according to IEC 61800-5-1.

# Selecting the supply disconnecting device (disconnecting means)

Install a hand-operated supply disconnecting device (disconnecting means) between the AC power source and the drive. The disconnecting device must be of a type that can be locked to the open position for installation and maintenance work.

#### **European union**

To meet the European Union Directives, according to standard EN 60204-1, Safety of Machinery, the disconnecting device must be one of the following types:

- a switch-disconnector of utilization category AC-23B (EN 60947-3)
- a disconnector having an auxiliary contact that in all cases causes switching devices to break the load circuit before the opening of the main contacts of the disconnector (EN 60947-3)
- a circuit breaker suitable for isolation in accordance with EN 60947-2.

#### **North America**

The ACS320 drive does not include a disconnect device. A means to disconnect input power must be installed between the AC power source and the ACS320 drive. This branch circuit protection must:

- be sized to conform to applicable safety regulations, including but not limited to, both National and local electrical codes.
- be locked in an open position during installation and maintenance work.

The disconnect device must not be used to control the motor. Instead use the control panel, or commands to the I/O terminals for motor control.

### Other regions

The disconnecting device must conform to the applicable safety regulations.

# Checking the compatibility of the motor and drive

Check that the 3-phase AC induction motor and the drive are compatible according to the rating table in section Ratings on page 386 or in section Definitions on page 387. The table lists the typical motor power for each drive type.

# Selecting the power cables

#### General rules

Dimension the input power and motor cables according to local regulations.

- The input power and the motor cables must be able to carry the corresponding load currents. See section Ratings on page 386 or in section Definitions on page 387 for the rated currents.
- The cable must be rated for at least 70 °C maximum permissible temperature of the conductor in continuous use. For US, see section Additional North American requirements on page 39.
- The conductivity of the PE conductor must be equal to that of the phase conductor (same cross-sectional area).
- 600 V AC cable is accepted for up to 500 V AC.
- Refer to chapter *Technical data* on page 385 for the EMC requirements.

A symmetrical shielded motor cable (see the figure below) must be used to meet the EMC requirements of the CE and C-Tick marks.

A four-conductor system is allowed for input cabling, but a shielded symmetrical cable is recommended.

Compared to a four-conductor system, the use of a symmetrical shielded cable reduces electromagnetic emission of the whole drive system as well as motor bearing currents and wear.

## Alternative power cable types

Power cable types that can be used with the drive are presented below.

#### Motor cables

(recommended for input cables also)

Symmetrical shielded cable: three phase conductors, a concentric or otherwise symmetrically constructed PE conductor and a shield

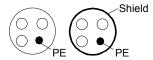
Note: A separate PE conductor is required if the conductivity of the cable shield is not sufficient for the purpose.





#### Allowed as input cables

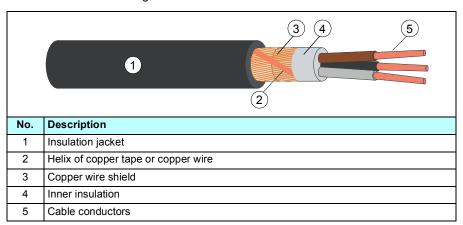
A four-conductor system: three phase conductors and a protective conductor



#### Motor cable shield

To function as a protective conductor, the shield must have the same cross-sectional area as the phase conductors when they are made of the same metal.

To effectively suppress radiated and conducted radio-frequency emissions, the shield conductivity must be at least 1/10 of the phase conductor conductivity. The requirements are easily met with a copper or aluminium shield. The minimum requirement of the motor cable shield of the drive is shown below. It consists of a concentric layer of copper wires. The better and tighter the shield, the lower the emission level and bearing currents.



## **Additional North American requirements**

Type MC continuous corrugated aluminum armor cable with symmetrical grounds or shielded power cable is recommended for the motor cables if metallic conduit is not used.

The power cables must be rated for 75 °C (167 °F).

#### Conduit

Where conduits must be coupled together, bridge the joint with a ground conductor bonded to the conduit on each side of the joint. Bond the conduits also to the drive enclosure. Use separate conduits for input power, motor and control wiring. Do not run motor wiring from more than one drive in the same conduit.

#### Armored cable / shielded power cable

Six-conductor (three phases and three ground) type MC continuous corrugated aluminium armor cable with symmetrical grounds is available from the following suppliers (trade names in parentheses):

Anixter Wire & Cable (Philsheath)

## 40 Planning the electrical installation

- BICC General Corp (Philsheath)
- Rockbestos Co. (Gardex)
- Oaknite (CLX).

Shielded power cable is available from the following suppliers:

- Belden
- LAPPKABEL (ÖLFLEX)
- · Pirelli.

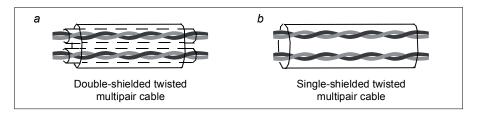
# Selecting the control cables

#### General rules

All analog control cables and the cable used for the frequency input must be shielded.

Use a double-shielded twisted pair cable (figure a, for example JAMAK by Draka NK Cables) for analog signals. Employ one individually shielded pair for each signal. Do not use common return for different analog signals.

A double-shielded cable is the best alternative for low-voltage digital signals, but a single-shielded or unshielded twisted multipair cable (figure b) is also usable. However, for frequency input, always use a shielded cable.



Run analog and digital signals in separate cables.

Relay-controlled signals, providing their voltage does not exceed 48 V, can be run in the same cables as digital input signals. It is recommended that the relay-controlled signals are run as twisted pairs.

Never mix 24 V DC and 115/230 V AC signals in the same cable.

## Relay cable

The cable type with braided metallic screen (for example ÖLFLEX by LAPPKABEL) has been tested and approved by ABB.

# Control panel cable

In remote use, the cable connecting the control panel to the drive must not exceed 3 m (10 ft). The cable type tested and approved by ABB is used in control panel option kits.

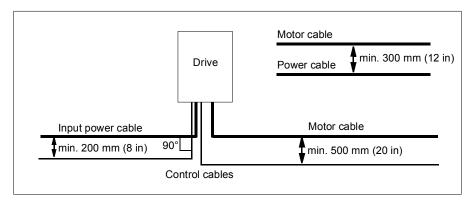
# Routing the cables

Route the motor cable away from other cable routes. Motor cables of several drives can be run in parallel installed next to each other. It is recommended that the motor cable, input power cable and control cables are installed on separate trays. Avoid long parallel runs of motor cables with other cables to decrease electromagnetic interference caused by the rapid changes in the drive output voltage.

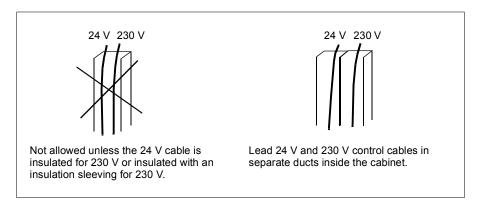
Where control cables must cross power cables make sure that they are arranged at an angle as near to 90 degrees as possible.

The cable trays must have good electrical bonding to each other and to the grounding electrodes. Aluminium tray systems can be used to improve local equalizing of potential.

A diagram of the cable routing is shown below.



#### Control cable ducts



# Protecting the drive, input power cable, motor and motor cable in short circuit situations and against thermal overload

## Protecting the drive and input power cable in short-circuit situations

Arrange the protection according to the following guidelines.

	Circuit diagram		Short-circuit protection
Distribution board	Input cable	Drive M 3~	Protect the drive and input cable with fuses or ABB manual motor starter.

Size the fuses according to instructions given in chapter *Technical data* on page 385. The fuses will protect the input cable in short-circuit situations, restrict drive damage and prevent damage to adjoining equipment in case of a short-circuit inside the drive.

## Protecting the motor and motor cable in short-circuit situations

The drive protects the motor and motor cable in a short-circuit situation when the motor cable is dimensioned according to the nominal current of the drive. No additional protection devices are needed.

## Protecting the motor against thermal overload

According to regulations, the motor must be protected against thermal overload and the current must be switched off when overload is detected. The drive includes a motor thermal protection function that protects the motor and switches off the current when necessary. It is also possible to connect a motor temperature measurement to the drive. The user can tune both the thermal model and the temperature measurement function further by parameters.

The most common temperature sensors are:

- motor sizes IEC180...225: thermal switch (for example Klixon)
- motor sizes IEC200...250 and larger: PTC or Pt100.

For more information on the thermal model, see section *Motor thermal protection* on page 120. For more information on the temperature measurement function see section Motor temperature measurement through the standard I/O on page 129.

# Using residual current devices (RCD) with the drive

ACS320-03x drives are suitable to be used with residual current devices of Type B. Other measures for protection in case of direct or indirect contact, such as separation from the environment by double or reinforced insulation or isolation from the supply system by a transformer, can also be applied.

# Implementing a bypass connection

**WARNING!** Never connect the supply power to the drive output terminals U2. V2 and W2. Power line voltage applied to the output can result in permanent damage to the drive.

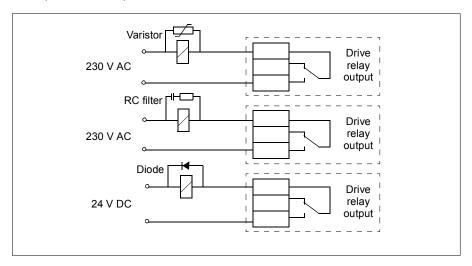
If bypassing is required, employ mechanically or electrically interlocked contactors between the motor and the drive and between the motor and the power line. Make sure with interlocking that the contactors cannot be closed simultaneously. The installation must be clearly marked as defined in IEC/EN 61800-5-1, subclause 6.5.3, for example, "THIS MACHINE STARTS AUTOMATICALLY".

# Protecting the contacts of relay outputs

Inductive loads (relays, contactors, motors) cause voltage transients when switched off.

Equip inductive loads with noise attenuating circuits (varistors, RC filters [AC] or diodes [DC]) in order to minimize the EMC emission at switch-off. If not suppressed, the disturbances may connect capacitively or inductively to other conductors in the control cable and form a risk of malfunction in other parts of the system.

Install the protective component as close to the inductive load as possible. Do not install protective components at the I/O terminal block.





# **Electrical installation**

# Contents of this chapter

The chapter tells how to check the insulation of the assembly and the compatibility with IT (ungrounded) and corner grounded TN systems as well as connect power cables, control cables and embedded fieldbus.

**WARNING!** Obey the safety instructions. See chapter Safety on page 15. If  $\stackrel{\prime\prime}{1}$  you ignore the safety instructions, injury or death can occur. If you are not a qualified electrician, do not do electrical work.

Make sure that the drive is disconnected from the input power during installation. If the drive is already connected to the input power, wait for 5 minutes after disconnecting the input power.

# Checking the insulation of the assembly

#### Drive

Do not make any voltage tolerance or insulation resistance tests (for example hi-pot or megger) on any part of the drive as testing can damage the drive. Every drive has been tested for insulation between the main circuit and the chassis at the factory. Also, there are voltage-limiting circuits inside the drive which cut down the testing voltage automatically.

## Input power cable

Check the insulation of the input power cable according to local regulations before connecting to the drive.

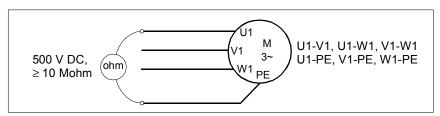


#### Motor and motor cable

Check the insulation of the motor and motor cable as follows:

- Check that the motor cable is disconnected from the drive output terminals T1/U, T2/V and T3/W.
- Measure the insulation resistance between the phase conductors and between each phase conductor and the Protective Earth (PE) conductor. Use a measuring voltage of 500 V DC. The insulation resistance of a motor must exceed 10 Mohm (reference value at 25 °C or 77 °F). For the insulation resistance of other motors, consult the manufacturer's instructions.

**Note:** Moisture inside the motor casing reduces the insulation resistance. If moisture is suspected, dry the motor and repeat the measurement.





# Checking the compatibility with IT (ungrounded) and corner grounded TN systems

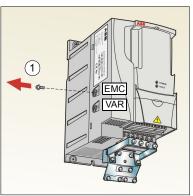
WARNING! Disconnect the internal EMC filter when installing the drive on an IT system (an ungrounded power system or a high resistance-grounded [over 30 ohms] power system), otherwise the system will be connected to ground potential through the EMC filter capacitors. This may cause danger or damage the drive.

Disconnect the internal EMC filter when installing the drive on a corner-grounded TN system, otherwise the drive will be damaged.

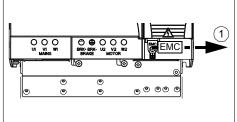
Note: When the internal EMC filter is disconnected, the drive is not EMC compatible without an external filter.

 If you have an IT (ungrounded) or corner grounded TN system, disconnect the internal EMC filter by removing the EMC screw. For 3-phase U-type drives (with type designation ACS320-03U-), the EMC screw is already removed at the factory and replaced by a plastic one.

Pay attention to the screws! Do not confuse the EMC screw to the similar varistor disconnecting screw. Do not disconnect the varistor. The varistor protects the drive against power line voltage peaks.



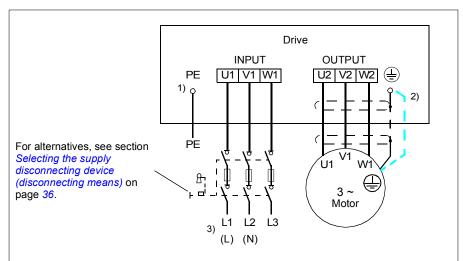
Note: In frame size R4 the FMC screw is located to the right of terminal W2.





# Connecting the power cables

## Connection diagram



- 1. Ground the other end of the PE conductor at the distribution board
- 2. Use a separate grounding cable if the conductivity of the cable shield is insufficient (smaller than the conductivity of the phase conductor) and there is no symmetrically constructed grounding conductor in the cable. See section Selecting the power cables on page 37.
- 3. L and N are connection markings for the 1-phase power supply.



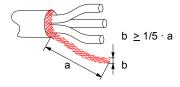
#### Notes:

- Do not use an asymmetrically constructed motor cable.
- If there is a symmetrically constructed grounding conductor in the motor cable in addition to the conductive shield, connect the grounding conductor to the grounding terminal at the drive and motor ends.
- Route the motor cable, input power cable and control cables separately. For more information, see section Routing the cables on page 42.

## Grounding of the motor cable shield at the motor end

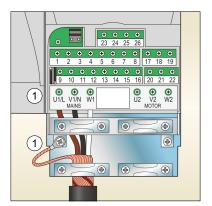
For minimum radio frequency interference:

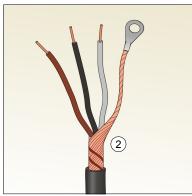
- · ground the cable by twisting the shield as follows: flattened width > 1/5 · length
- or ground the cable shield 360 degrees at the lead-through of the motor terminal box.

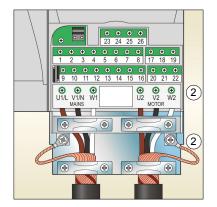


## Connection procedure

- 1. Fasten the grounding conductor (PE) of the input power cable under the grounding clamp. Connect the phase conductors to the U1, V1 and W1 terminals. Use a tightening torque of 0.8 N·m (7 in-lb) for frame sizes R0...R2, 1.7 N·m (15 in-lb) for R3, and 2.5 N·m (22 in-lb) for R4.
- 2. Strip the motor cable and twist the shield to form as short a pigtail as possible. Fasten the twisted shield under the grounding clamp. Connect the phase conductors to the U2, V2 and W2 terminals. Use a tightening torque of 0.8 N·m (7 in-lb) for frame sizes R0...R2, 1.7 N·m (15 in-lb) for R3, and 2.5 N·m (22 in-lb) for R4.
- 3. Secure the cables outside the drive mechanically.





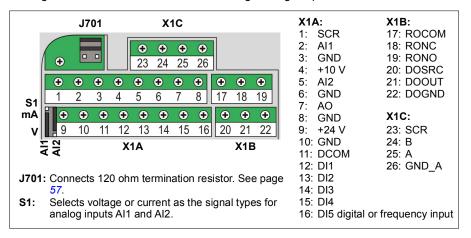




# Connecting the control cables

#### I/O terminals

The figure below shows the I/O terminals. Tightening torque is 0.4 N·m / 3.5 in-lb.



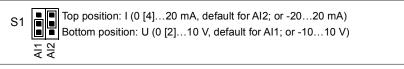
WARNING! All ELV (Extra Low Voltage) circuits connected to the drive must be used within a zone of equipotential bonding, in other words, within a zone where all simultaneously accessible conductive parts are electrically connected to prevent hazardous voltages appearing between them. This is accomplished by a proper factory grounding.



The terminals on the control board as well as on the optional modules attachable to the board fulfill the Protective Extra Low Voltage (PELV) requirements stated in EN 50178, provided that the external circuits connected to the terminals also fulfill the requirements and the installation site is below 2000 m (6562 ft).

## Voltage and current selection for analog inputs

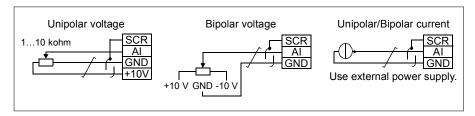
Jumper S1 selects voltage (0 [2]...10 V / -10...10 V) or current (0 [4]...20 mA / -20...20 mA) as the signal types for analog inputs AI1 and AI2. The factory settings are unipolar voltage for Al1 (0 [2]...10 V) and unipolar current for Al2 (0 [4]...20 mA), which correspond to the default usage in the application macros. The jumper is located to the left of I/O terminal 9 (see the I/O terminal figure above).



Permanently affix control cables with a minimum 1/4" spacing from power cables.

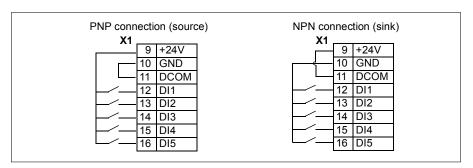
### Voltage and current connection for analog inputs

Bipolar voltage (-10...10 V) and current (-20...20 mA) are also possible. If a bipolar connection is used instead of a unipolar one, see section Programmable analog inputs on page 109 for how to set parameters accordingly.



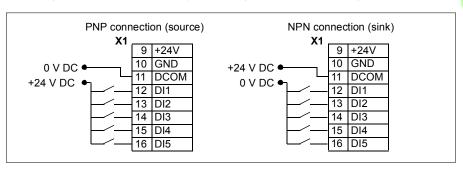
### PNP and NPN configuration for digital inputs

You can wire the digital input terminals in either a PNP or NPN configuration.



## External power supply for digital inputs

For using an external +24 V supply for the digital inputs, see the figure below.

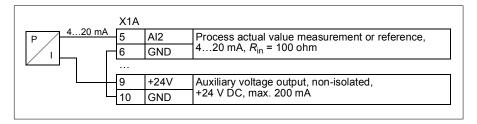




If DI5 is used as a frequency input, see section *Frequency input* on page *113* for how to set parameters accordingly.

#### Connection example of a two-wire sensor

HVAC default, supply fan, return fan, cooling tower fan, condenser, booster pumps, PFA control, internal timer, dual setpoint with PID, E-Clipse and dual setpoint with PID and constant speeds macros (see section *Application macros* on page *81*) use analog input 2 (AI2). The macro wiring diagrams for these macros show the connection when a separately powered sensor is used. The figure below gives an example of a connection using a two-wire sensor.



**Note:** The sensor is supplied through its current output. Thus the output signal must be 4...20 mA.

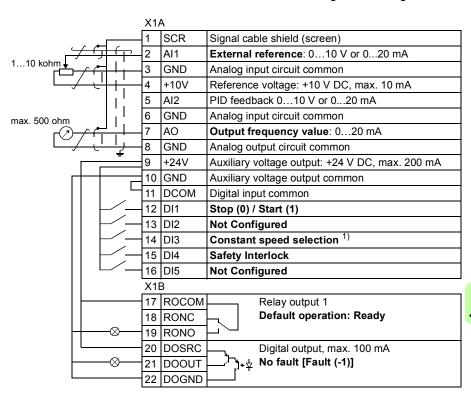


## Default I/O connection diagram

The default connection of the control signals depends on the application macro in use, which is selected with parameter 9902 APPLIC MACRO.

The default macro is the HVAC Default. It provides a general purpose I/O configuration with three constant speeds. Parameter values are the default values given in section Parameters in the short parameter view on page 146. For information on other macros, see section Application macros on page 81.

The default I/O connections for the ABB standard macro are given in the figure below.



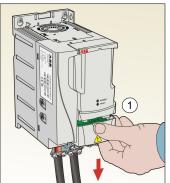
1) See parameter *Group 12: Constant speeds*:

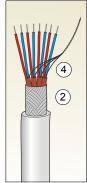
DI3	Operation (parameter)	
0	Set speed through AI1	
1	Speed 1 (1202)	
0	Speed 2 (1203)	
1	Speed 3 (1204)	

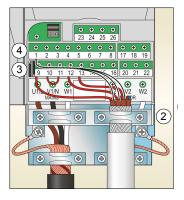
2) 360 degree grounding under a clamp.

Tightening torque: 0.4 N·m (3.5 lbf·in).

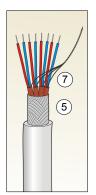
- Remove the terminal cover by simultaneously pushing the recess and sliding the cover off the frame.
- 2. *Digital signals*: Strip the outer insulation of the digital signal cable 360 degrees and ground the bare shield under the clamp.
- 3. Connect the conductors of the cable to the appropriate terminals. Use a tightening torque of 0.4 N·m (3.5 in-lb).
- 4. For double-shielded cables, twist also the grounding conductors of each pair in the cable together and connect the bundle to the SCR terminal (terminal 1).

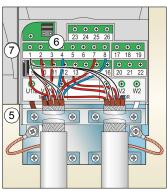


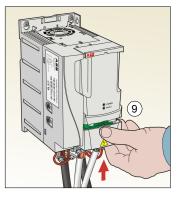




- 5. *Analog signals*: Strip the outer insulation of the analog signal cable 360 degrees and ground the bare shield under the clamp.
- 6. Connect the conductors to the appropriate terminals. Use a tightening torque of 0.4 N·m (3.5 in-lb).
- 7. Twist the grounding conductors of each pair in the analog signal cable together and connect the bundle to the SCR terminal (terminal 1).
- 8. Secure all cables outside the drive mechanically.
- 9. Slide the terminal cover back in place.







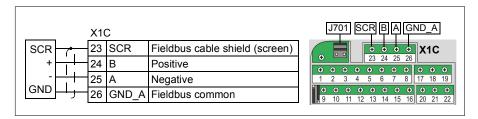
# Connecting the embedded fieldbus

Embedded fieldbus can be connected to the drive with EIA-485 or RS-232.

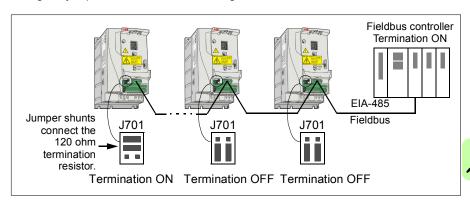
## **Connection diagram**

#### **EIA-485**

The figure below shows the fieldbus connection.

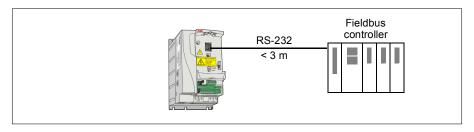


Terminate the EIA-485 bus with a 120 ohm resistor at the end of the network by setting the jumper J701 shunts as in the figure below.



#### RS-232

Plug a communication cable into the control panel connection X2. The cable must be shorter than 3 meters.







# Installation checklist

# Contents of this chapter

This chapter contains the task list to be followed after the mechanical and electrical installation before proceeding to starting up the drive.

# Checking the installation

Check the mechanical and electrical installation of the drive before start-up. Go through the checklist below together with another person. Read chapter Safety on page 15 of this manual before you work on the drive.

	Check			
ME	MECHANICAL INSTALLATION			
	The ambient operating conditions are allowed. (See <i>Mechanical installation: Checking the installation site</i> on page 29 as well as <i>Technical data: Losses, cooling data and noise</i> on page 395 and <i>Ambient conditions</i> on page 399.)			
	The drive is fixed properly on an even vertical non-flammable wall. (See <i>Mechanical installation</i> on page 29.)			
	The cooling air will flow freely. (See <i>Mechanical installation</i> : <i>Free space around the drive</i> on page <i>30</i> .)			
	The motor and the driven equipment are ready for start. (See <i>Planning the electrical installation: Checking the compatibility of the motor and drive</i> on page 36 as well as <i>Technical data: Motor connection data</i> on page 397.)			
<b>ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION</b> (See <i>Planning the electrical installation</i> on page 35 and <i>Electrical installation</i> on page 47.)				
	For ungrounded and corner grounded systems: The internal EMC filter is disconnected (EMC screw removed).			
	The capacitors are reformed if the drive has been stored over a year.			
	The drive is grounded properly.			
	The input power voltage matches the drive nominal input voltage.			

	Check
	The input power connections at U1, V1 and W1 are OK and tightened with the correct torque.
	Appropriate input power fuses and disconnector are installed.
	The motor connections at U2, V2 and W2 are OK and tightened with the correct torque.
	The motor cable, input power cable and control cables are routed separately.
	Use wire ties to permanently affix control/communications wiring to the clamps provided to maintain a minimum 1/4" spacing from power wiring.
	The external control (I/O) connections are OK.
	The input power voltage cannot be applied to the output of the drive (with a bypass connection).
П	Terminal cover and, for NEMA 1, hood and connection box, are in place.

# Start-up

# Contents of this chapter

This chapter contains a brief description of the assistant (HVAC) control panel (operator keypad), start-up assistant and application selection.

This chapter also includes the application macros used for defining a group of parameters. Macros change a group of parameters to new, predefined values. Use macros to minimize the need for manual editing of parameters.

# **HVAC** control panel features

The ACS320 HVAC control panel (ACH-CP-B) features:



1	Status LED (Green when normal, if flashing or
	red, see section <i>LEDs</i> on page 383.)
	Soft key 1
3	Auto
4	Off
5	Up
	Down
	Soft key 2
8	Help (always available)
9	Hand



- Language selection for the display
- Drive connection that can be made or detached at any time
- Start-up assistant to facilitate drive commissioning
- Copy function for moving parameters to other ACS320 drives
- · Backup function for saving parameter sets
- Context sensitive help
- Real-time clock

## General display features

#### Soft key functions

The soft key functions are defined by text displayed just above each key.

### Display contrast

To adjust display contrast, simultaneously press and or , as appropriate.

#### Macros

**Note:** Selecting the appropriate macro should be part of the original system design, since the control wiring installed depends on the macro used.

- Review the macro descriptions in section Application macros on page 81. Use the macro that best fits system needs.
- Edit parameter 9902 APPLIC MACRO to select the appropriate macro. Use either of the following:
  - Use the Start-up assistant, which displays the macro selection immediately after motor parameter setup.
  - Refer to section Parameters mode on page 68 for parameter editing instructions.

## Turning - parameters



The system can benefit from one or more of the ACS320 special features, and/or fine tuning.

- Review the parameter descriptions in section Parameter listing starting on page 150. Enable options and fine tune parameter values as appropriate for the system.
- Edit parameters as appropriate.

### Fault and alarm adjustments

The drive can detect a wide variety of potential system problems. For example, initial system operation may generate faults of alarms that indicate set-up problems.

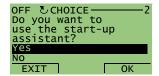
- 1. Faults and alarms are reported on the control panel with a number. Note the number reported.
- 2. Review the description provided for the reported fault/alarm:
  - Use the fault and alarm listings shown in chapter Fault tracing on 361.
  - Press the help key (Assistant control panel only) while fault or alarm is displayed.
- 3. Adjust the system or parameters as appropriate.



# Start-up

Start-up can be performed in two ways:

Using the Start-up assistant.



See section Start-up by using the Start-up assistant.

Changing the parameters individually.
 See section Start-up by changing the parameters individually.

## Start-up by using the Start-up assistant

To start the Start-up assistant, follow these steps:

1	Select MENU to enter the main menu		0.0 % SP 0.0 A 0.0 MA
2	Select ASSISTANTS with the Up/Down buttons and select ENTER.		OFF MAIN MENU—2 PARAMETERS ASSISTANTS CHANGED PAR EXIT ENTER
3	Scroll to Commission drive with the Up/Down buttons.	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	OFF CASSISTANTS—2 Spin the motor Commission drive References 1 & 2 Start/Stop Control Protections EXIT   SEL
4	Change the values suggested by the assistant to your preferences and then press SAVE after every change.		9901 LANGUAGE ENGLISH [0] EXIT SAVE

The Start-up assistant will guide you through the start-up.



# Start-up by changing the parameters individually

To change the parameters, follow these steps:

1	Select MENU to enter the main menu.		0.0 % SP 0.0 A 0.0 MA
2	Select PARAMETERS with the UP/DOWN buttons and select ENTER to select the Parameters mode.		PARAMETERS ASSISTANTS CHANGED PAR EXIT ENTER
3	Select the appropriate parameter group with the UP/DOWN buttons and select SEL		OFF & PAR GROUPS—99 99 START-UP DATA 01 OPERATING DATA 03 FB ACTUAL SIGNALS 04 FAULT HISTORY 10 START/STOP/DIR EXIT SEL
4	Select the appropriate parameter with the UP/DOWN buttons. Select EDIT to change the parameter value.		OFF & PARAMETERS—9901 LANGUAGE 9902 APPLIC MACRO HVAC DEFAULT 9905 MOTOR NOM VOLT 9906 MOTOR NOM CURR EXIT EDIT
5	Press the UP/DOWN buttons to change the parameter value.	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	9902 APPLIC MACRO HVAC DEFAULT [1] CANCEL   SAVE
6	Select SAVE to store the modified value or select CANCEL to leave the set mode. Any modifications not saved are canceled.		9902 APPLIC MACRO SUPPLY FAN [2] CANCEL   SAVE
7	Select EXIT to return to the listing of parameter groups, and again to return to the main menu.		OFF & PARAMETERS  9901 LANGUAGE  9902 APPLIC MACRO SUPPLY FAN  9905 MOTOR NOM VOLT  9906 MOTOR NOM CURR EXIT EDIT

To complete the control connections by manually entering the parameters, see section Parameters mode on page 68.

For detailed hardware description, see the chapter *Technical data*.



#### Notes:

- The current parameter value appears below the highlighted parameter.
- To view the default parameter value, press the UP/DOWN buttons simultaneously.
- The most typical and necessary parameters to change belong to Group 99: Start-up data, Group 10: Start/Stop/Dir, Group 11: Reference select, Group 20: Limits, Group 21: Start/Stop, Group 22: Accel/Decel, Group 30: Fault functions, Group 53: EFB protocol and Group 98: Options.
- To restore the default factory settings, select the application macro HVAC default.

## Modes

The HVAC control panel has several different modes for configuring, operating and diagnosing the drive. The modes are:

- Standard display mode Shows drive status information and operates the drive.
- Parameters mode Edits parameter values individually.
- Start-up assistant mode Guides the start-up and configuration.
- Changed parameters mode Shows changed parameters.
- Fault logger mode Shows the drive fault history.
- Drive parameter backup mode Stores or uploads the parameters.
- Clock set mode Sets the time and date for the drive.
- I/O settings mode Checks and edits the I/O settings.
- Alarm mode Reporting mode triggered by drive alarms.

## Standard display mode

Use the standard display mode to read information on the drive's status and to operate the drive. To reach the standard display mode, press EXIT until the LCD display shows status information as described below.



**Top.** The top line of the LCD display shows the basic status information of the drive.

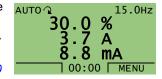
- HAND Indicates that the drive control is local, that is, from the control panel.
- AUTO Indicates that the drive control is remote, such as the basic I/O (X1) or fieldbus.
- OFF Indicates that the drive control is local and stopped.
- Indicates the drive and motor rotation status as follows:

Control panel display	Significance
Rotating arrow (clockwise or counterclockwise)	<ul><li> Drive is running and at setpoint</li><li> Shaft direction is forward or reverse</li></ul>
Rotating dotted arrow blinking	Drive is running but not at setpoint
Stationary dotted arrow	Start command is present, but motor is not running. For example, start enable is missing.

• Upper right - shows the active reference.

**Middle**. Using *Group 34: Panel display*, the middle of the LCD display can be configured to display:

 One to three parameter values – The default display shows parameters 0103 OUTPUT FREQ in percentages, 0104 CURRENT in amperes and 0120 Al1 in milliamperes.



- Use parameters 3401, 3408, and 3415 to select the parameters (from Group 01: Operating data) to display. Entering "parameter" 0100 results in no parameter displayed. For example, if 3401 = 0100 and 3415 = 0100, then only the parameter specified by 3408 appears in the Control panel display.
- You can also scale each parameter in the display, for example, to convert the
  motor speed to a display of conveyor speed. Parameters 3402...3405 scale the
  parameter specified by 3401, parameters 3409...3412 scale the parameter
  specified by 3408, etc.
- A bar meter rather than one of the parameter values.
  - Enable bar graph displays using parameters 3404, 3411 and 3418.



**Bottom.** The bottom of the LCD display shows:

- Lower corners show the functions currently assigned to the two soft keys.
- Lower middle displays the current time (if configured to show the time).



## Operating the drive

**AUTO/HAND** – The very first time the drive is powered up, it is in the auto control (AUTO) mode, and is controlled from the Control terminal block X1.

To switch to hand control (HAND) and control the drive using the control panel, press and hold the or button.

- Pressing the HAND button switches the drive to hand control while keeping the drive running.
- Pressing the OFF button switches to hand control and stops the drive.

To switch back to auto control (AUTO), press and hold the button.

**Hand/Auto/Off** – To start the drive press the HAND or AUTO buttons, to stop the drive press the OFF button.

**Reference** – To modify the reference (only possible if the display in the upper right corner is in reverse video) press the UP or DOWN buttons (the reference changes immediately).

The reference can be modified in the local control mode, and can be parameterized (using *Group 11: Reference select*) to also allow modification in the remote control mode.

**Note:** The Start/Stop, Shaft direction and Reference functions are only valid in local control (LOC) mode.

OFF 7

#### Parameters mode

To change the parameters, follow these steps:

Select MENU to enter the main

1	menu.	0.0 % SP 0.0 A 0.0 MA
2	Select PARAMETERS with the UP/DOWN buttons, and select ENTER to select the Parameters mode.	PARAMETERS ASSISTANTS CHANGED PAR EXIT   ENTER
3	Select the appropriate parameter group with the UP/DOWN buttons and select SEL	OFF PAR GROUPS—99 99 START-UP DATA 01 OPERATING DATA 03 FB ACTUAL SIGNALS 04 FAULT HISTORY 10 START/STOP/DIR EXIT   SEL



To complete the control connections by manually entering the parameters, see section *Parameters mode*.

For detailed hardware description, see chapter *Dimension drawings*.

#### Notes:

- The current parameter value appears below the highlighted parameter.
- To view the default parameter value, press the UP/DOWN buttons simultaneously.
- The most typical and necessary parameters to change belong to Group 99: Start-up data, Group 10: Start/Stop/Dir, Group 11: Reference select, Group 20: Limits, Group 21: Start/Stop, Group 22: Accel/Decel and Group 30: Fault functions.
- To restore the default factory settings, select the application macro HVAC default.



## Start-up assistant mode

To start the Start-up assistant, follow these steps:

1	Select MENU to enter the main menu	0.0 % SP 0.0 A 0.0 MA
2	Select ASSISTANTS with the Up/Down buttons and select ENTER.	PARAMETERS ASSISTANTS CHANGED PAR EXIT ENTER
3	Scroll to Commission drive with the Up/Down buttons and select SEL.	OFF CASSISTANTS—2 Spin the motor Commission drive References 1 & 2 Start/Stop Control Protections EXIT SEL
4	Change the values suggested by the assistant to your preferences and then press SAVE after every change.	OFF PAR EDIT—— 9901 LANGUAGE ENGLISH [0] EXIT SAVE

The Start-up assistant will guide you through the start-up.

The Start-up assistant guides you through the basic programming of a new drive. (Familiarize yourself with basic control panel operation and follow the steps outlined above.) At the first start, the drive automatically suggests entering the first task, language select. The assistant also checks the values entered to prevent entries that are out of range.



The Start-up assistant is divided into tasks. You may activate the tasks one after the other, as the Start-up assistant suggests, or independently.

Note: If you want to set the parameters independently, use the Parameters mode.

The order of tasks presented by the Start-up assistant depends on your entries. The following task list is typical.

Task name	Description	
Spin the motor	<ul> <li>Prompts for control panel display language selection.</li> <li>Prompts for motor data.</li> <li>Guides user through rotation check.</li> </ul>	
Commission drive	Prompts for motor data.	
References 1 & 2	<ul> <li>Prompts for the source of speed references 1 and 2.</li> <li>Prompts for reference limits.</li> <li>Prompts for frequency (or speed) limits.</li> </ul>	
Start/Stop Control	<ul> <li>Prompts for the source for start and stop commands.</li> <li>Prompts for start and stop mode definition.</li> <li>Prompts for acceleration and deceleration times.</li> </ul>	
Protections	<ul> <li>Prompts for current and torque limits.</li> <li>Prompts for the use of Run enable and Start enable signals.</li> <li>Prompts for the use of emergency stop.</li> <li>Prompts for Fault function selection.</li> <li>Prompts for Auto reset functions selection.</li> </ul>	
Constant Speeds	<ul><li>Prompts for the use of constant speeds.</li><li>Prompts for constant speed values.</li></ul>	
PID control	<ul> <li>Prompts for PID settings.</li> <li>Prompts for the source of process reference.</li> <li>Prompts for reference limits.</li> <li>Prompts for source, limits and units for the process actual value.</li> <li>Defines the use of Sleep function.</li> </ul>	
PID flow	<ul> <li>Prompts for the use of flow calculation.</li> <li>Prompts for units.</li> <li>Prompts for maximum flow.</li> <li>Prompts for transmitter signals.</li> </ul>	
Low Noise Set-up	<ul> <li>Prompts for switching frequency.</li> <li>Prompts for definition of Flux optimization.</li> <li>Prompts for the use of Critical speeds.</li> </ul>	
Panel Display	Prompts for display variable and unit settings.	
Timed Functions	Prompts for the use of Timed functions.	
Outputs	<ul> <li>Prompts for the signals indicated through the relay outputs.</li> <li>Prompts for signals indicated through the analog output AO1. Sets the minimum, maximum, scaling and inversion values.</li> </ul>	
Serial Communication	<ul><li>Prompts for communication settings.</li><li>Prompts for control access settings.</li></ul>	



## Changed parameters mode

To view (and edit) a listing of all parameters that have been changed from macro default values, follow these steps:

1	Select MENU to enter the menu.		0.0 % SP 0.0 A 0.0 MA
2	Select CHANGED PAR with the UP/DOWN buttons and select ENTER.	V	PARAMETERS ASSISTANTS CHANGED PAR EXIT ENTER
3	A list of changed parameters is displayed. Select EXIT to exit the parameters mode.		OFF CHANGED PAR  1202 CONST SPEED 1  20.0 HZ  1203 CONST SPEED 2  1204 CONST SPEED 3  1304 MINIMUM AI2  EXIT EDIT

## Fault logger mode

Use the Fault logger mode to see drive fault history, fault state details and help for the faults

- Select FAULT LOGGER in the MAIN MENU.
- 2. Press **ENTER** to see the latest faults (up to 10 faults, maximum).
- 3. Press **DETAIL** to see details for the selected fault.
- Details are available for the three latest faults.
- 4. Press **DIAG** to see the help description for the fault. See chapter *Fault tracing*.

**Note:** If a power off occurs, only the three latest faults will remain (with details only in the first fault).



## Drive parameter backup mode

Use the parameter backup mode to export parameters from one drive to another. The parameters are uploaded from a drive to the control panel and downloaded from the control panel to another drive. Two options are available:

#### Par backup mode

The Assistant control panel can store a full set of drive parameters.

The Par backup mode has these functions:

• **UPLOAD TO PANEL** – Copies all parameters from the drive to the Control panel. This includes user sets of parameters (if defined) and internal parameters. The Control panel memory is non-volatile and does not depend on the panel's battery. To upload parameters to control panel, follow these steps:

Select MENU to enter the main menu.		0.0 % SP 0.0 A 0.0 MA
Select PAR BACKUP with the UP/DOWN buttons and select ENTER.		FAULT LOGGER CLOCK SET PAR BACKUP EXIT   ENTER
Select UPLOAD TO PANEL and select SEL.		OFF & PAR BACKUP—1 UPLOAD TO PANEL BACKUP INFO DOWNLOAD FULL SET DOWNLOAD APPLICATION  EXIT SEL
The "Copying parameters" text and a progress diagram is displayed. Select ABORT if you want to stop the process.		OFF & PAR BACKUP————————————————————————————————————
The "Parameter upload successful" text is displayed and the control panel returns to the PAR BACKUP menu. Select EXIT to return to the main menu. Now you can disconnect the panel.		OFF TMESSAGE— Parameter upload successful  OK  OFF TPAR BACKUP—— 1 UPLOAD TO PANEL BACKUP INFO DOWNLOAD FULL SET DOWNLOAD APPLICATION
	Select PAR BACKUP with the UP/DOWN buttons and select ENTER.  Select UPLOAD TO PANEL and select SEL.  The "Copying parameters" text and a progress diagram is displayed. Select ABORT if you want to stop the process.  The "Parameter upload successful" text is displayed and the control panel returns to the PAR BACKUP menu. Select EXIT to return to the main menu. Now you can disconnect the	Select PAR BACKUP with the UP/DOWN buttons and select ENTER.  Select UPLOAD TO PANEL and select SEL.  The "Copying parameters" text and a progress diagram is displayed. Select ABORT if you want to stop the process.  The "Parameter upload successful" text is displayed and the control panel returns to the PAR BACKUP menu. Select EXIT to return to the main menu. Now you can disconnect the



**DOWNLOAD FULL SET** – Restores the full parameter set from the Control panel to the drive. Use this option to restore a drive, or to configure identical drives. This download does not include user sets of parameters.

To download all parameters to drive, follow these steps:

1	Select MENU to enter the menu.		0.0 % SP 0.0 A 0.0 MA
2	Select PAR BACKUP with the UP/DOWN buttons.		FAULT LOGGER CLOCK SET PAR BACKUP EXIT   ENTER
3	Scroll to DOWNLOAD FULL SET and select SEL.		OFF PAR BACKUP—— 3 UPLOAD TO PANEL BACKUP INFO DOWNLOAD FULL SET DOWNLOAD APPLICATION  EXIT SEL
4	The "Downloading parameters" text is displayed. Select ABORT if you want to stop the process.	7	OFF & PAR BACKUP————————————————————————————————————
5	After the download stops, the "Parameter download successfully completed" text is displayed and the control panel goes back to PAR BACKUP menu. Select EXIT to return to the main menu.		OFF MESSAGE—Parameter download successfully completed  OK OFF PAR BACKUP—3 UPLOAD TO PANEL BACKUP INFO DOWNLOAD FULL SET DOWNLOAD APPLICATION  EXIT SEL



Note: Download full set writes all parameters to the drive, including motor parameters. Only use this function to restore a drive, or to transfer parameters to systems that are identical to the original system.

• Download application – Copies a partial parameter set from the Control panel to a drive. The partial set does not include internal motor parameters, parameters 9905...9909, 1605, 1607, 5201, nor any Group 53: EFB protocol parameters. Use this option to transfer parameters to systems that use similar configurations - the drive and motor sizes do not need to be the same.

To download application to drive, follow these steps:

1	Select MENU to enter the menu.	0.0 % SP 0.0 A 0.0 MA
2	Select PAR BACKUP with the UP/DOWN buttons.	FAULT LOGGER CLOCK SET PAR BACKUP EXIT   ENTER
3	Scroll to DOWNLOAD APPLICATION and select SEL.	OFF & PAR BACKUP—— 4 UPLOAD TO PANEL BACKUP INFO DOWNLOAD FULL SET DOWNLOAD APPLICATION  EXIT   SEL
4	The "Downloading parameters" text is displayed. Select ABORT if you want to stop the process.	OFF PAR BACKUP————————————————————————————————————
5	The "Parameter download successfully completed" is displayed and the control panel returns to PAR BACKUP menu. Select EXIT to return to the main menu.	OFF The Message—Parameter download successfully completed.
		OFF TOPAR BACKUP—— 4 UPLOAD TO PANEL BACKUP INFO DOWNLOAD FULL SET DOWNLOAD APPLICATION  EXIT SEL



#### Handling inexact downloads

In some situations, an exact copy of the download is not appropriate for the target drive. Some examples:

- A download to an old drive specifies parameters/values that are not available on the old drive.
- A download (from an old drive) to a new drive does not have definitions for the new parameters – parameters that did not originally exist.

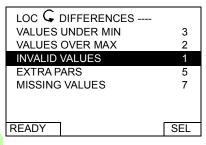
As a default, the control panel handles these situations by:

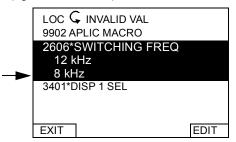
- Discarding parameters/values not available on the target drive.
- Using parameter default values when the download provides no values or invalid values.
- Providing a Differences List A listing of the type and number of items that the target cannot accept exactly as specified.

LOC G DIFFERENCES	
VALUES UNDER MIN	3
VALUES OVER MAX	2
INVALID VALUES	1
EXTRA PARS	5
MISSING VALUES	7
READY	SEL

You can either accept the default edits by pressing READY, or view and edit each item as follows:

1. Highlight an item type in the Differences List (left screen below) and press SEL to see the details for the selected type (right screen below).







In the above-right "details" screen:

- The first item that requires editing is automatically highlighted and includes details: In general, the first item listed in the details is the value defined by the backup file. The second item listed is the "default edit."
- For tracking purposes, an asterisk initially appears by each item. As edits are made, the asterisks disappear.
- In the illustrated example, the backup specifies a switching frequency of 12 kHz, but the target drive is limited to 8 kHz.
- 3. Press EDIT to edit the parameter. The display is the target drive's standard edit screen for the selected parameter.

- 4. Highlight the desired value for the target drive.
- Press SAVE to save setting.
- 6. Press EXIT to step back to the differences view and continue for each remaining exception.
- When your editing is complete, press READY in the Differences List and then select "Yes, save parameters."

#### Download failures

In some situations, the drive may be unable to accept a download. In those cases, the control panel display is: "Parameter download failed" plus one of the following causes:

- Set not found You are attempting to download a data set that was not defined in the backup. The remedy is to manually define the set, or upload the set from a drive that has the desired set definitions.
- Par lock The remedy is to unlock the parameter set (parameter 1602 PARAMETER LOCK).
- Incompatible drive/model The remedy is to perform backups only between drives of the same type and the same model.
- Too many differences The remedy is to manually define a new set, or upload the set from a drive that more closely resembles the target drive.

**Note:** If upload or download of parameters is aborted, the partial parameter set is not implemented.

#### Clock set mode

The clock set mode is used for setting the time and date for the internal clock of the drive. To use the timer functions of the drive, the internal clock has to be set first. Date is used to determine weekdays and is visible in Fault logs.

To set the clock, follow these steps:

1	Select MENU to enter the main menu.	0.0 % SP 0.0 A 0.0 MA
2	Scroll to CLOCK SET with the UP/DOWN buttons and select ENTER to enter the Time & date mode.	ASSISTANTS CHANGED PAR CLOCK SET EXIT ENTER



3	Select CLOCK VISIBILITY with the UP/DOWN buttons and select SEL to change the visibility of the clock.		OFF TIME & DATE — 1 CLOCK VISIBILITY TIME FORMAT DATE FORMAT SET TIME SET DATE EXIT SEL
4	Scroll to Show clock with the UP/DOWN buttons and select SEL to make the clock visible.		OFF &CLOCK VISIB—1 Show clock Hide clock  EXIT SEL
5	Scroll to SET TIME with the UP/DOWN buttons and select SEL.	T T	OFF TIME & DATE 4 CLOCK VISIBILITY TIME FORMAT DATE FORMAT SET TIME SET DATE EXIT SEL
6	Change the hours and minutes with the UP/DOWN buttons and select OK to save the values. The active value is displayed in inverted color.	T T	OFF SET TIME————————————————————————————————————
7	Scroll to TIME FORMAT with the UP/DOWN buttons and select SEL.	T T	OFF TIME & DATE—2 CLOCK VISIBILITY TIME FORMAT DATE FORMAT SET TIME SET DATE EXIT   00:00   SEL
8	The different formats are displayed. Select a format with the UP/DOWN buttons and select SEL to confirm the selection.	T T	OFF TIME FORMAT—1 24-hour 12-hour  CANCEL   00:00   SEL
9	Scroll to SET DATE with the UP/DOWN buttons and select SEL.	V	OFF &TIME & DATE—— 5 CLOCK VISIBILITY TIME FORMAT DATE FORMAT SET TIME SET DATE EXIT   00:00   SEL



10	Change the days, months and year with the UP/DOWN buttons and select OK to save the values. The active value is displayed in inverted color.	OFF & SET DATE————————————————————————————————————
11	Scroll to DATE FORMAT with the UP/DOWN buttons and select SEL.	OFF TIME & DATE—3 CLOCK VISIBILITY TIME FORMAT DATE FORMAT SET TIME SET DATE EXIT 00:00 SEL
12	The DATE FORMATS are displayed. Select a date format with the UP/DOWN buttons and select OK to confirm the selection.	OFF ©DATE FORMAT—1 dd.mm.yy mm/dd/yy dd.mm.yyyy mm/dd/yyyy  CANCEL   00:00
13	Select EXIT twice to return to the main menu.	OFF ©TIME & DATE—3 CLOCK VISIBILITY TIME FORMAT DATE FORMAT SET TIME SET DATE EXIT 00:00 SEL



# I/O settings mode

To view and edit the I/O settings, follow these steps:

1	Select MENU to enter the main menu.		0.0 % SP 0.0 A 0.0 MA
2	Scroll to I/O SETTINGS with the UP/DOWN buttons and select ENTER.		I/O SETTINGS PARAMETERS ASSISTANTS EXIT ENTER
3	Scroll to the I/O setting you want to view with the UP/DOWN buttons and select SEL.	T T	OFF & I/O SETTINGS—1 DIGITAL INPUTS (DI) ANALOG INPUTS (AI) RELAY OUTPUTS (ROUT) ANALOG OUTPUTS (AOUT) PANEL EXIT SEL
4	Select the setting you want to view with the UP/DOWN buttons and select EDIT.		OFF & I/O SETTINGS— -DI 1— 1001:START/STOP (EI1) 1002:START/STOP (EI1)
5	You can change the value with the UP/DOWN buttons and save it by selecting SAVE. If you do not want to change the setting, select CANCEL.		OFF PAR EDIT——  1001 EXT1 COMMANDS  DI1  [1]  CANCEL SAVE
6	Select EXIT to return to the main menu.		OFF & I/O SETTINGS— -DI 1— 1001:START/STOP (EI1) 1002:START/STOP (EI1) EXIT EDIT





# Application macros

# Contents of this chapter

This chapter describes the application macros. For each macro, there is a wiring diagram showing the default control connections (digital and analog I/O). The chapter also explains how to save a user macro and how to recall it.

#### Overview of macros

Application macros are pre-programmed parameter sets. Macros change a group of parameters to new, predefined values designed for specific applications. Use macros to minimize the need for manual editing of parameters. Selecting a macro sets all other parameters to their default values, except:

- Group 99: Start-up data
- 1602 PARAMETER LOCK
- 1607 PARAM, SAVE
- 3018 COMM FAULT FUNC and 3019 COMM FAULT TIME
- 9802 COMM PROT SEL
- Group 52: Panel comm and Group 53: EFB protocol
- Group 29: Maintenance trig.

After selecting a macro, additional parameter changes can be made manually using the control panel.

Application macros are enabled by setting the value for parameter 9902 APPLIC MACRO. By default, HVAC default (value 1) is the enabled macro.

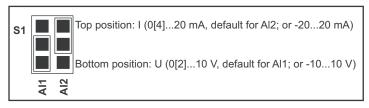


#### General considerations

The following considerations apply for all macros:

- · When using a direct speed reference in AUTO mode, connect the speed reference to analog input 1 (AI1), and provide the START command using digital input 1 (DI1). In HAND/OFF mode, the control panel provides the speed reference and START command.
- When using process PID, connect the feedback signal to analog input 2 (Al2). As a default, the control panel sets the Setpoint, but analog input 1 can be used as an alternate source. You can set up process PID using parameters (Group 40) or using the PID control assistant (recommended).

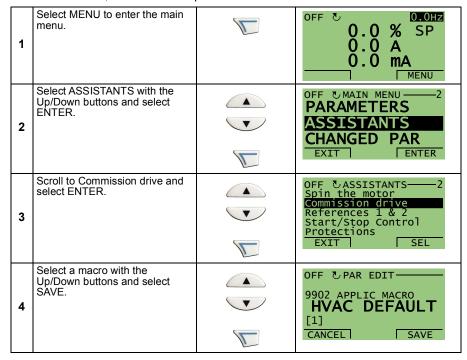
The S1 Jumpers are set for Al1 External Reference and PID Feedback as either 20 mA or 10 V.





# Selecting an application macro

To select a macro, follow these steps:



# Restoring defaults

To restore the factory default settings, select application macro HVAC default.

# **Control wiring**

Each macro has specific requirements for control wiring. Specific wiring requirements are included with each macro description.



# **Application / Macro listing**

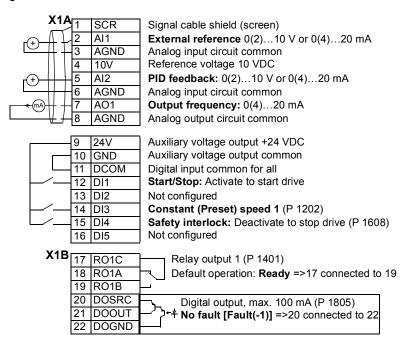
This section describes the following macros:

9902 value	Macro	9902 value	Macro
1	HVAC DEFAULT (page 85)	9	INT TIMER CS (page 93)
2	SUPPLY FAN (page 86)	10	FLOATING PNT (page 94)
3	RETURN FAN (page 87)	11	DUAL SETPPID (page 95)
4	CLNG TWR FAN (page 88)	12	DUAL SP PID WITH CS (page 96)
5	CONDENSER (page 89)	13	E-BYPASS (page 97)
6	BOOSTER PUMP (page 90)	14	HAND CONTROL (page 98)
7	PUMP ALTERNA (page 91)	15	E-CLIPSE (page 99)
8	INT TIMER (page 92)	21	AC500 MODBUS (page 100)



#### HVAC default

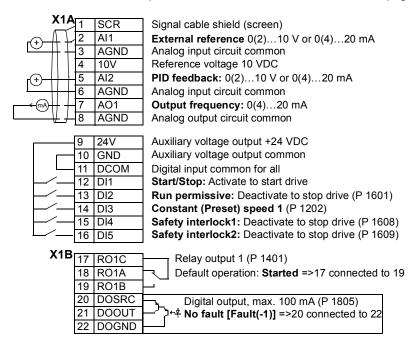
This macro provides the factory default parameter settings for the drive. Factory defaults can be restored at any time by setting parameter 9902 APPLIC MACRO to 1. The diagram below shows typical wiring using this macro. When using direct speed reference in AUTO mode or process PID, see section General considerations on page 82.





#### Supply fan

This macro configures for supply fan applications where the supply fan brings fresh air in according to signals received from a transducer. When using direct speed reference in AUTO mode or process PID, see General considerations on page 82.

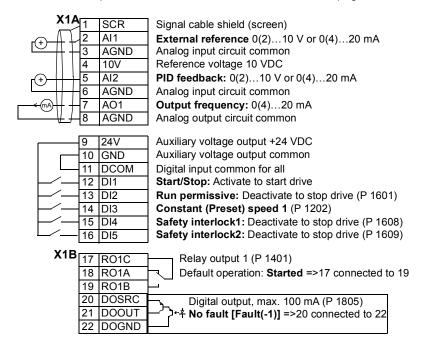


	Parameters changed relative to HVAC default		
	Parameter	Value	
9902	APPLIC MACRO	2 (SUPPLYFAN)	
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	7 (STARTED)	
1601	RUN ENABLE	2 (DI2)	
1609	START ENABLE 2	5 (DI5)	



#### Return fan

This macro configures for return fan applications where the return fan removes air according to signals received from a transducer. When using direct speed reference in AUTO mode or process PID, see General considerations on page 82.

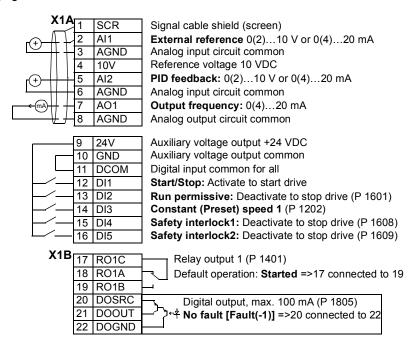


Parameters changed relative to HVAC default		
Parameter		Value
9902	APPLIC MACRO	3 (RETURNFAN)
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	7 (STARTED)
1609	START ENABLE 2	5 (DI5)



#### Cooling tower fan

This macro configures for cooling tower fan applications where the fan speed is controlled according to the signals received from a transducer. When using direct speed reference in AUTO mode or process PID, see General considerations on page 82.

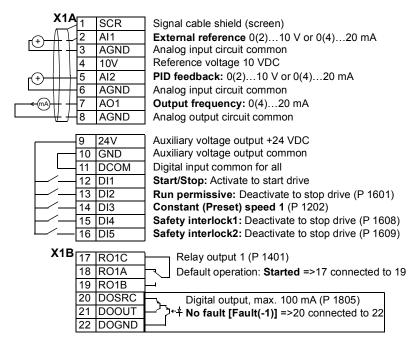


Parameters changed relative to HVAC default			
Parameter		Value	
9902	APPLIC MACRO	4 (CLNGTWRFAN)	
2007	MINIMUM FREQ	20.0 HZ	
4005	ERROR VALUE INV	1 (YES)	



#### Condenser

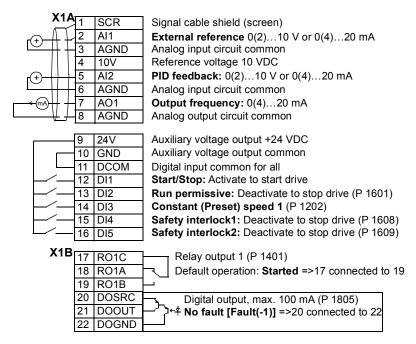
This macro configures for condenser and liquid cooler applications where fan speed is controlled according to signals received from a transducer. When using direct speed reference in AUTO mode or process PID, see General considerations on page 82.



Parameters changed relative to HVAC default				
	Parameter	Value		
9902	APPLIC MACRO	5 (CONDENSER)		
4005 ERROR VALUE INV 1 (YES)				



This macro configures for booster pump applications where the pump speed is controlled according to a signal received from a transducer. When using direct speed reference in AUTO mode or process PID, see General considerations on page 82.



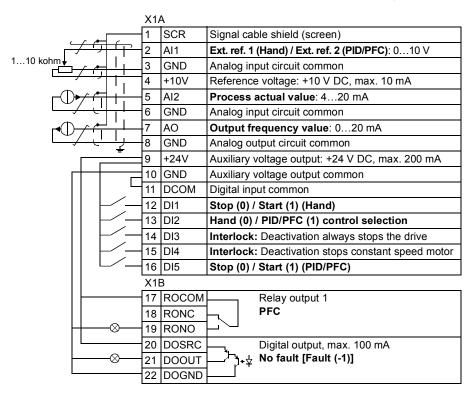
	Parameters changed relative to HVAC default					
Parameter Value						
9902	APPLIC MACRO	6 (BOOSTER PUMP)				
2101	START FUNCTION	1 (AUTO)				
2202	ACCELER TIME 1	10.0 s				
2203	DECELER TIME 1	10.0 s				



#### PFA control macro

This macro provides parameter settings for pump and fan alternation (PFA) applications. To enable the macro, set the value of parameter 9902 APPLIC MACRO to 7 (PUMP ALTERNA).

Note: Parameter 2108 START INHIBIT must remain in the default setting 0 (OFF).



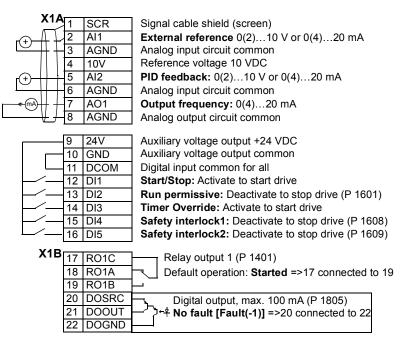
	Parameters changed relative to HVAC default					
	Parameter	Value		Parameter	Value	
9902	APPLIC MACRO	7 (PUMP ALTERNA)	2203	DECELER TIME 1	10.0 s	
1201	CONST SPEED SEL	0 (NOT SEL)	8109	START FREQ 1	58.0 Hz	
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	31 (PFA)	8110	START FREQ 2	58.0 Hz	
1608	START ENABLE 1	0 (NOT SEL)	8111	START FREQ 3	58.0 Hz	
2101	START FUNCTION	1 (AUTO)	8120	INTERLOCKS		
2202	ACCELER TIME 1	10.0 s	8123	PFA ENABLE	1 (ACTIVE)	



#### Internal timer

This macro configures for applications where a built-in timer starts and stops the motor. When the variable speed pump reaches a maximum speed limit, auxiliary pumps start as needed. When using direct speed reference in AUTO mode or process PID, see section *General considerations* on page 82.

Momentarily activating digital input 3 (DI3) provides a boost function which operates the motor. See *Group 36: Timed functions* for more information on setting up timers.



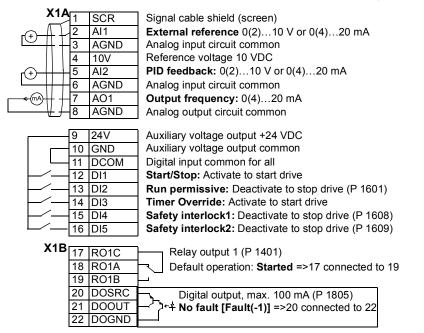
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~	•

		Parameters changed relative to HVAC default							
		Parameter	Value		Parameter	Value			
J	9902	APPLIC MACRO	8 (INT TIMER)	1609	START ENABLE 2	5 (DI5)			
	1001	EXT1 COMMANDS	11 (TIMER1)	3207	SUPERV 3 PARAM	0103 (OUTPUT FREQ)			
	1002	EXT2 COMMANDS	11 (TIMER1)	3601	TIMERS ENABLE	1 (DI1)			
	1201	CONST SPEED SEL	0 (NOT SEL)	3622	BOOST SEL	3 (DI3)			
	1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	7 (STARTED)	3626	TIMER 1 SRC	31 (P1+2+3+4+B)			
	1601	RUN ENABLE	2 (DI2)						

#### Internal timer with constant speeds / PRV

This macro configures for applications such as a timed powered roof ventilator (PRV) which alternates between two constant speeds (constant speed 1 and 2) based on a built-in timer.

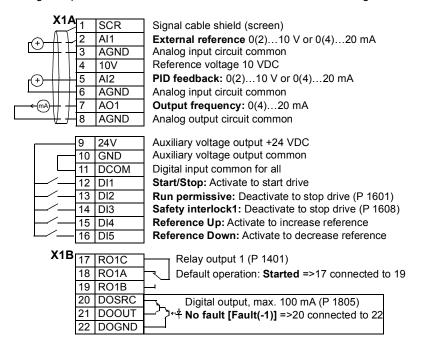
Momentarily activating digital input 3 (DI3) provides a boost function which operates the motor. See *Group 36: Timed functions* for more information on setting up timers.



	Parameters changed relative to HVAC default						
	Parameter	Value		Parameter	Value		
9902	APPLIC MACRO	9 (INT TIMER CS)	3419	OUTPUT3 UNIT	4 (%)		
1002	EXT2 COMMANDS	0 (NOT SEL)	3420	OUTPUT3 MIN	-200.0%		
1103	REF1 SEL	0 (KEYPAD)	3421	OUTPUT3 MAX	200.0%		
1201	CONST SPEED SEL	15 (TIMER1)	3501	TIMERS ENABLE	1 (DI1)		
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	7 (STARTED)	3622	BOOST SEL	3 (DI3)		
1601	RUN ENABLE	2 (DI2)	3626	TIMER 1 SRC	31 (P1+2+3+4+B)		
1609	START ENABLE 2	5 (DI5)	4010	SET POINT SEL	1 (AI1)		
3415	SIGNAL 3 PARAM	0105 (TORQUE)	4110	SET POINT SEL	1 (AI1)		
3418	OUTPUT 3 DSP FORM	1 (+/-0.0)					



This application macro is for applications where speed reference needs to be controlled through digital inputs (DI4 & DI5). By activating digital input 4, the speed reference increases, by activating digital input 5, the speed reference decreases. If both digital inputs are active or inactive, the reference does not change.

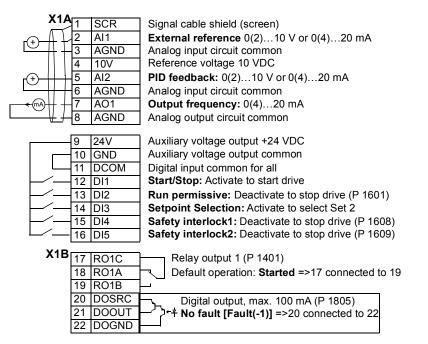


Parameters changed relative to HVAC default							
Parameter Value			Parameter	Value			
9902	APPLIC MACRO	10 (FLOATINGPNT)	3416	SIGNAL3 MIN			
1103	REF1 SEL	30 (DI4U, 5D)	3418	OUTPUT3 DSP FORM	1 (+/-0.0)		
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	7 (STARTED)	3419	OUTPUT3 UNIT	0 (%)		
1601	RUN ENABLE	2 (DI2)	3420	OUTPUT3 MIN	-200.0%		
3415	SIGNAL3 PARAM	0105 (TORQUE)	3421	OUTPUT3 MAX	200.0%		



#### **Dual setpoint with PID**

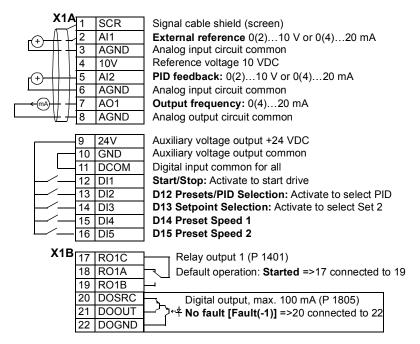
This macro configures for dual setpoint PID applications, where activating digital input 3 (DI3) changes the process PID controller's setpoint to another value. When using direct speed reference in AUTO mode or process PID, see section General considerations on page 82. Set process PID setpoints (internal to the drive) using parameters 4011 (SET1) and 4111 (SET2).



	Parameters changed relative to HVAC default						
	Parameter	Value		Parameter	Value		
9902	APPLIC MACRO	11 (DUAL SETPNT)	4010	SETPOINT SEL	19 (INTERNAL)		
1201	CONST SPEED SEL	0 (NOT SEL)	4011	INTERNAL SETPNT	50.0%		
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	7 (STARTED)	4027	PID 1 PARAM SET	3 (DI3)		
1601	RUN ENABLE	2 (DI2)	4110	SETPOINT SEL	19 (INTERNAL)		
1609	START ENABLE 2	5 (DI5)	4111	INTERNAL SETPNT	100.0%		



This macro configures for applications with 2 constant speeds, active PID and PID alternating between two setpoints using digital inputs. Set PID setpoints (internal to the drive) using parameters 4011 (SET1) and 4111 (SET2). The digital input DI3 selects the setpoints.

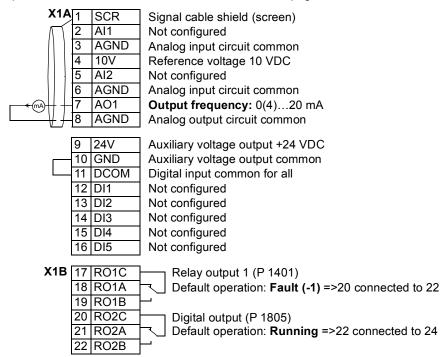


	Parameters changed relative to HVAC default						
	Parameter	Value		Parameter	Value		
9902	APPLIC MACRO	12 (DL SP PID CS)	4011	INTERNAL SETPNT	50.0%		
1201	CONST SPEED SEL	10 (DI4, 5)	4027	PID 1 PARAM SET	3 (DI3)		
1608	START ENABLE 1	0 (NOT SEL)	4110	SETPOINT SEL	19 (INTERNAL)		
2108	START INHIBIT	1 (ON)	4111	INTERNAL SETPNT	100.0%		
4010	SET POINT SEL	19 (INTERNAL)					



#### E-BYPASS

This macro configures for an E-Bypass device which can bypass the drive and connect the motor direct on-line. When using direct speed reference in AUTO mode or process PID, see section General considerations on page 82.

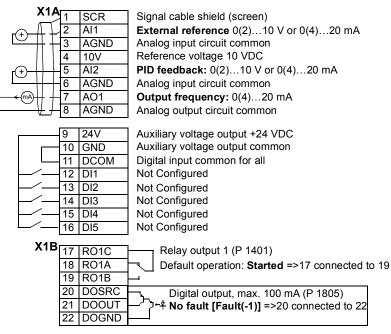


	Parameters changed relative to HVAC default						
Parameter		Value					
9902	APPLIC MACRO	13 (E-BYPASS)					
1201	CONST SPEED SEL	0 (NOT SEL)					
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	7 (STARTED)					
1601	RUN ENABLE	2 (DI2)					
1608	START ENABLE 1	0 (NOT SEL)					



#### Hand control

This macro configures for drive control using only the control panel with no automated control. Typically, this is a temporary configuration used prior to control wiring.



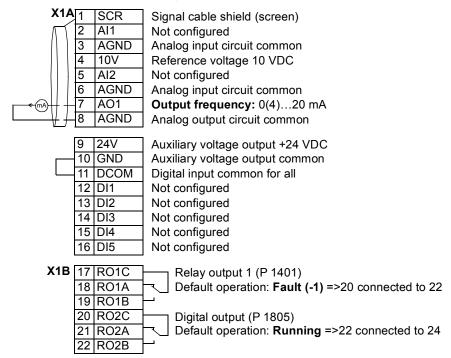
	Parameters changed relative to HVAC default						
	Parameter	Value		Parameter	Value		
9902	APPLIC MACRO	14 (HAND CONTROL)	3415	SIGNAL3 PARAM	100 (NOT SEL)		
1001	EXT1 COMMANDS	0 (NOT SEL)	3416	SIGNAL3 MIN	(-)		
1002	EXT2 COMMANDS	0 (NOT SEL)	3417	SIGNAL3 MAX	(-)		
1106	REF3 SEL	2 (AI2)	3418	OUTPUT 3 DSP FORM	(-)		
1201	CONST SPEED SEL	0 (NOT SEL)	3419	OUTPUT 3 DSP UNIT	(-)		
1301	MINIMUM AI1	0.0%	3420	OUTPUT 3 MIN	(-)		
1304	MINIMUM AI2	0.0%	3421	OUTPUT 3 MAX	(-)		
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	7 (STARTED)	4001	GAIN	1.0		
1504	MINIMUM AO1	0.0mA	4002	INTEGRATION TIME	60.0 s		
1510	MINIMUM AO2	0.0mA	4010	SETPOINT SEL	1 (AI1)		
1601	RUN ENABLE	2 (DI2)	4101	GAIN	1.0		
1608	START ENABLE 1	0 (NOT SEL)	4102	INTEGRATION TIME	60.0 s		
2108	START INHIBIT	1 (ON)	4110	SETPOINT SEL	1 (AI1)		
3207	SUPERV 3 PARAM	0103 (OUTPUT FREQ)	4210	SETPOINT SEL	1 (Al1)		



#### E-Clipse

This macro configures an E-Clipse Bypass device which can bypass the drive and connect the motor direct on-line. When using direct speed reference in AUTO mode or process PID, see section General considerations on page 82.

Note: This macro is available only for the UK version.



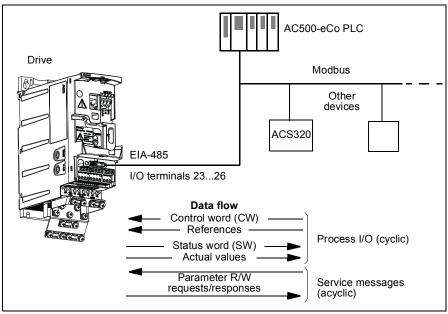
Parameters changed relative to HVAC default						
	Parameter	Value		Parameter	Value	
9902	APPLIC MACRO	15 (E-CLIPSE)	1608	START ENABLE 1	7 (COMM)	
9802	COMM PROTO SEL	1 (STD MODBUS)	5303	EFB BAUD RATE	76.8 kb/s	
1001	EXT1 COMMANDS	10 (COMM)	5304	EFB PARITY	2 (8 EVEN 1)	
1002	EXT2 COMMANDS	10 (COMM)	5305	EFB CTRL PROFILE	1 (DCU PROFILE)	
1601	RUN ENABLE	7 (COMM)				



#### Modbus configuration macro

This macro configures the drive communication and control parameters. The macro is available in ACS320 drives with firmware version 4.03c or later.

To enable the macro, set the value of parameter *9902 APPLIC MACRO* to 21 (AC500 MODBUS).



The AC500 MODBUS application macro default values for the drive parameters correspond to the ABB standard macro (parameter 9902, value 1 (HVAC DEFAULT), see section *HVAC default* on page 85), with the following differences:

	Parameters changed relative to HVAC default				
	Parameter	Value		Parameter	Value
9902	APPLIC MACRO	21 (AC500 MODBUS)	5302	EFB STATION ID	2
1001	EXT1 COMMANDS	10 (COMM)	5303	EFB BAUD RATE	192 (19.2 kbits/s)
1102	EXT1/EXT2 SEL	8 (COMM)	5304	EFB PARITY	0 (8 NONE 1)
1103	REF1 SELECT	8 (COMM)	5305	EFB CTRL PROFILE	2 (ABB DRV FULL)
1604	FAULT RESET SEL	8 (COMM)	5310	EFB PAR10	101
2201	ACC/DEC 1/3 SEL	0 (NOT SEL)	5311	EFB PAR11	303
3028	COMM FAULT FUNC	1 (FAULT)	5312	EFB PAR12	305
9802	COMM PROT SEL	1 (STD MODBUS)			

**Note**: The default slave address of the drive is 2 (parameter 5303 EFB STATION ID), but if several drives are used, the address must be unique for each drive.





# **Program features**

# Contents of this chapter

The chapter describes program features. For each feature, there is a list of related user settings, actual signals, and fault and alarm messages.

# Start-up assistant

#### Introduction

The Start-up assistant (requires the Assistant control panel) guides the user through the start-up procedure, helping to enter the requested data (parameter values) to the drive. The Start-up assistant also checks that the entered values are valid, in other words, within the allowed range.

The Start-up assistant calls other assistants, each of which guides the user through the task of specifying a related parameter set. At the first start, the drive suggests entering the first task, Language select, automatically. The user may activate the tasks either one after the other as the Start-up assistant suggests, or independently. The user may also adjust the drive parameters in the conventional way without using the assistant at all.

## List of the tasks and the relevant drive parameters

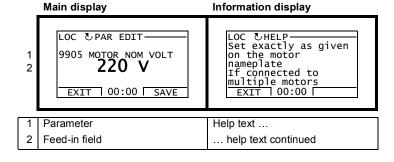
Depending on the selection made in the Application task (parameter 9902 APPLIC MACRO), the Start-up assistant decides which consequent tasks it suggests.

Name	Description	Set parameters
Language select	Selecting the language	9901
Motor set-up	Setting the motor data	99059909
Application	Selecting the application macro	9902, parameters associated to the macro
Option modules	Activating the option modules	Group 35: Motor temp meas, Group 52: Panel comm, 9802
Speed control EXT1	Selecting the source for the speed (output frequency) reference	1103
	(If AI1 is used: Setting analog input AI1 limits, scale, inversion)	(13011303, 3001)
	Setting the reference limits	1104, 1105
	Setting the frequency limits	2007, 2008
	Setting the acceleration and deceleration times	2202, 2203
Speed control EXT2	Selecting the source for the speed (output frequency) reference	1106
	(If AI1 is used: Setting analog input AI1 limits, scale, inversion)	(13011303, 3001)
	Setting the reference limits	1107, 1108
PID control	Selecting the source for the process reference	1106
	(If AI1 is used: Setting analog input AI1 limits, scale, inversion)	(13011303, 3001)
	Setting the reference limits	1107, 1108
	Setting the speed (reference) limits	2007, 2008
	Setting the source and limits for the process actual value	4016, 4018, 4019
Start/Stop control	Selecting the source for start and stop signals of the two external control locations, EXT1 and EXT2	1001, 1002
	Selecting between EXT1 and EXT2	1002
	Defining the direction control	1003
	Defining the start and stop modes	21012103
	Selecting the use of Run Enable signal	1601
Protections	Setting the current limits	2003
Output signals	Selecting the signals indicated through relay output RO	Group 14: Relay outputs
	Selecting the signals indicated through analog output AO	Group 15: Analogue outputs
	Setting the minimum, maximum, scaling and inversion	

Name	Description	Set parameters
Timed functions	Setting the timed functions	Group 36: Timed functions
	Selecting the timed start/stop control for external control locations EXT1 and EXT2	1001, 1002
	Selecting timed EXT1/EXT2 control	1102
	Activation of timed constant speed 1	1201
	Selecting timed function status indicated through relay output RO	1401
	Selecting timed PID1 parameter set 1/2 control	4027

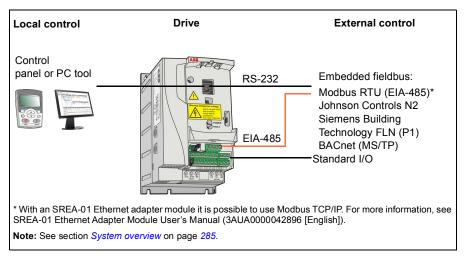
# Contents of the assistant displays

There are two types of displays in the Start-up assistant: Main displays and the information displays. The main displays prompt the user to feed in information. The assistant steps through the main displays. The information displays contain help texts for the main displays. The figure below shows a typical example of both and explanations of the contents.



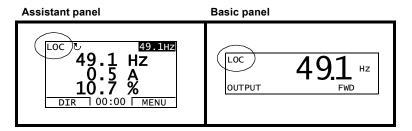
#### Local control vs. external control

The drive can receive start, stop and direction commands and reference values from the control panel or through digital and analog inputs. Embedded fieldbus enables control over an open fieldbus link. A PC equipped with DriveWindow Light PC tool can also control the drive.



#### Local control

The control commands are given from the control panel keypad when the drive is in local control. LOC indicates local control on the panel display.

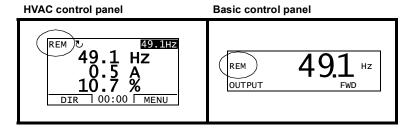


The control panel always overrides the external control signal sources when used in local mode.

#### **External control**

When the drive is in external control, the commands are given through the standard I/O terminals (digital and analog inputs) and/or the fieldbus interface. In addition, it is also possible to set the control panel as the source for the external control.

External control is indicated with REM on the panel display.



The user can connect the control signals to two external control locations, EXT1 or EXT2. Depending on the user selection, either one is active at a time. This function operates on a 2 ms time level.

#### Settings

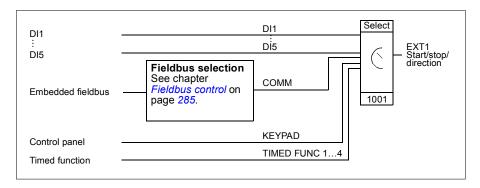
Panel key	Additional information
LOC/REM	Selection between local and external control
Parameter	
1102	Selection between EXT1 and EXT2
1001/1002	Start, stop, direction source for EXT1/EXT2
1103/1106	Reference source for EXT1/EXT2

# Diagnostics

Actual signals	Additional information
0111/0112	EXT1/EXT2 reference

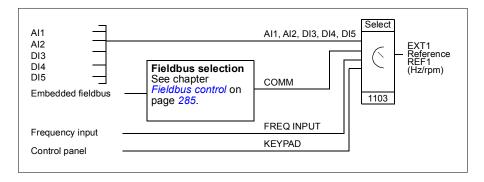
#### Block diagram: Start, stop, direction source for EXT1

The figure below shows the parameters that select the interface for start, stop, and direction for external control location EXT1.



### Block diagram: Reference source for EXT1

The figure below shows the parameters that select the interface for the speed reference of external control location EXT1.



# Reference types and processing

The drive can accept a variety of references in addition to the conventional analog input and control panel signals.

- The drive reference can be given with two digital inputs: One digital input increases the speed, the other decreases it.
- · The drive can form a reference out of two analog input signals by using mathematical functions: Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.
- · The drive can form a reference out of an analog input signal and a signal received through a serial communication interface by using mathematical functions: Addition and multiplication.
- · The drive reference can be given with frequency input.

It is possible to scale the external reference so that the signal minimum and maximum values correspond to a speed other than the minimum and maximum speed limits.

#### Settings

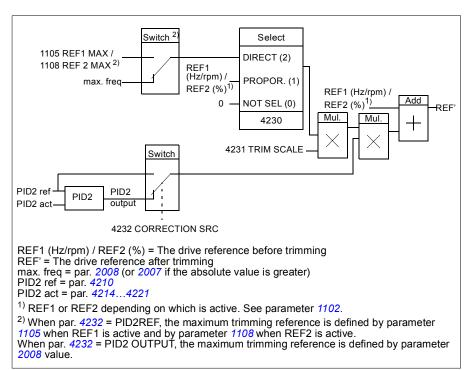
Parameter	Additional information
Group 11: Reference select	External reference source, type and scaling
Group 20: Limits	Operating limits
Group 22: Accel/Decel	Speed reference acceleration/deceleration ramps
Group 32: Supervision	Reference supervision

#### Diagnostics

Actual signal	Additional information
0111/0112	REF1/REF2 reference
	References in different stages of the reference processing chain

# Reference trimming

In reference trimming, the external reference is corrected depending on the measured value of a secondary application variable. The block diagram below illustrates the function.



### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
1102	REF1/2 selection
42304232	Trimming function settings
4201 4221, 4228, 4229	PID control settings
Group 20: Limits	Drive operation limits

# Programmable analog inputs

The drive has two programmable analog voltage/current inputs. The inputs can be inverted, filtered and the maximum and minimum values can be adjusted. The update cycle for the analog input is 8 ms (12 ms cycle once per second). The cycle time is shorter when information is transferred to the application program (8 ms -> 2 ms).

### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
Group 11: Reference select	Al as reference source
Group 13: Analogue inputs	Analog input processing
3001, 3021, 3022, 3107	Al loss supervision
Group 35: Motor temp meas	Al in motor temperature measurement
Group 40: Process PID set 1 Group 42: Ext / Trim PID	Al as PID process control reference or actual value source
Group 44: Pump protection	Al as pump protection measurement source

Actual signal	Additional information
0120, 0121	Analog input values
1401	Al1/A2 signal loss
Alarm	
Al1 LOSS / Al2 LOSS	AI1/AI2 signal below AI1/AI2 FAULT LIMIT (3021/3022)
Fault	
Al1 LOSS / Al2 LOSS	AI1/AI2 signal below limit AI1/AI2 FAULT LIMIT (3021/3022)
PAR AI SCALE	Incorrect AI signal scaling (1302 < 1301 or 1305 < 1304)

# Programmable analog output

One programmable current output (0 ... 20 mA) is available. Analog output signal can be inverted, filtered and the maximum and minimum values can be adjusted. The analog output signals can be proportional to motor speed, output frequency, output current, motor torque, motor power, etc. The update cycle for the analog output is 2 ms.

It is also possible to write a value to an analog output through a serial communication link.

### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
Group 15: Analogue outputs	AO value selection and processing
Group 35: Motor temp meas	AO in motor temperature measurement

Actual signal	Additional information
0124	AO value
Fault	
PAR AO SCALE	Incorrect AO signal scaling (1503 < 1502)

# Programmable digital inputs

The drive has five programmable digital inputs. The update time for the digital inputs is 2 ms.

It is possible to delay the state change of digital inputs with delays defined in group Group 18: Freq in & tran out. This enables very simple program sequences by connecting several functions with the same physical wire, eg, to remove branches and leaves from a pipe by running the fan in reverse before normal operation.

One digital input (DI5) can be programmed as a frequency input. See section Frequency input on page 113.

Parameter	Additional information
Group 10: Start/Stop/Dir	DI as start, stop, direction
Group 11: Reference select	DI in reference selection, or reference source
Group 12: Constant speeds	DI in constant speed selection
Group 16: System controls	DI as external Run Enable, fault reset or user macro change signal
Group 18: Freq in & tran out	Delays in DI state changes
2115	Selects the source for controlling motor heating.
2109	DI as external emergency stop command source
2201	DI as acceleration and deceleration ramp selection signal
2209	DI as zero ramp force signal
3003	DI as external fault source
Group 35: Motor temp meas	DI in motor temperature measurement
3601	DI as timed function enable signal source
3622	DI as booster activation signal source
4010/4110/4210	DI as PID controller reference signal source
4022/4122	DI as sleep function activation signal in PID1
4027	DI as PID1 parameter set 1/2 selection signal source
4034/4035	DI as PID reference/output freezing source
4039/4139	DI as PID internal setpoint selection source
4228	DI as external PID2 function activation signal source
4406/4414	DI as connection signal source for pump inlet/outlet pressure switch
4421	DI as pipe fill enable source
4601	DI as pump clean trigger source
6403	DI as load analyzer logger reset source
8120	DI as PFA interlock source

### Diagnostics

Actual signal	Additional information
0160	DI status
0414	DI status at the time the latest fault occurred

## Programmable relay output

The drive has one programmable relay output. It is possible to add three additional relay outputs with the optional MREL-0 relay output extension module. For more information, see *MREL-01 output relay module user's manual* (3AUA0000035974 [English]).

With a parameter setting it is possible to choose what information to indicate through the relay output: Ready, running, fault, alarm, etc. The update time for the relay output is 2 ms.

A value can be written to a relay output through a serial communication link.

### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
Group 14: Relay outputs	RO value selections and operation times

Actual signal	Additional information
0134	RO Control Word through fieldbus control
0162	RO 1 status
0173	RO 24 status. With option MREL-01 only.

# Frequency input

Digital input DI5 can be programmed as a frequency input. Frequency input (0...16000 Hz) can be used as external reference signal source. The update time for the frequency input is 50 ms. Update time is shorter when information is transferred to the application program (50 ms -> 2 ms).

#### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
Group 18: Freq in & tran out	Frequency input minimum and maximum values and filtering
1103/1106	External reference REF1/2 through frequency input
4010, 4110, 4210	Frequency input as PID reference source

### Diagnostics

Actual signal	Additional information
0161	Frequency input value

# **Transistor output**

The drive has one programmable transistor output. The output can be used either as digital output or frequency output (0...16000 Hz). The update time for the transistor/frequency output is 2 ms.

### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
Group 18: Freq in & tran out	Transistor output settings

Actual signal	Additional information
0163	Transistor output status
0164	Transistor output frequency

# **Actual signals**

Several actual signals are available:

- · Drive output frequency, current, voltage and power
- Motor speed and torque
- Intermediate circuit DC voltage
- Active control location (LOCAL, EXT1 or EXT2)
- Reference values
- Drive temperature
- Operating time counter (h), kWh counter
- Digital I/O and analog I/O status
- PID controller actual values.

Three signals can be shown simultaneously on the assistant control panel display (one signal on the basic panel display). It is also possible to read the values through the serial communication link or through the analog outputs.

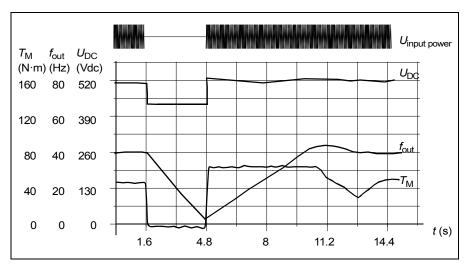
#### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
1501	Selection of an actual signal to AO
1801	Selection of an actual signal to frequency output
Group 32: Supervision	Actual signal supervision
Group 34: Panel display	Selection of an actual signals to be displayed on the control panel

Actual signal	Additional information
Group 01: Operating data Group 04: Fault history	Lists of actual signals

## Power loss ride-through

If the incoming supply voltage is cut off, the drive will continue to operate by utilizing the kinetic energy of the rotating motor. The drive will be fully operational as long as the motor rotates and generates energy to the drive. The drive can continue the operation after the break if the main contactor remained closed.



 $U_{\rm DC}$  = Intermediate circuit voltage of the drive,  $f_{\rm out}$  = Output frequency of the drive,  $T_{\rm M} = {\rm Motor\ torque}$ 

Loss of supply voltage at nominal load ( $f_{out}$  = 40 Hz). The intermediate circuit DC voltage drops to the minimum limit. The controller keeps the voltage steady as long as the input power is switched off. The drive runs the motor in generator mode. The motor speed falls but the drive is operational as long as the motor has enough kinetic energy.

## Settings

Parameter 2006 UNDERVOLT CTRL

# DC magnetizing

When DC Magnetizing is activated, the drive automatically magnetizes the motor before starting. This feature guarantees the highest possible breakaway torque, up to 180% of the motor nominal torque. The Automatic Start feature and DC Magnetizing cannot be activated at the same time.

### Settings

Parameters 2101 START FUNCTION and 2103 DC MAGN TIME

# Maintenance trigger

A maintenance trigger can be activated to show a notice on the panel display when, for example, drive power consumption has exceeded the defined trigger point.

#### Settings

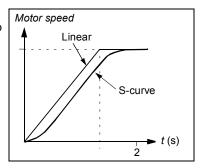
Parameter Group 29: Maintenance trig

# Acceleration and deceleration ramps

Two user-selectable acceleration and deceleration ramps are available. It is possible to adjust the acceleration/deceleration times and the ramp shape. Switching between the two ramps can be controlled via a digital input or fieldbus.

The available ramp shape alternatives are linear and S-curve.

**Linear**: Suitable for drives requiring steady or slow acceleration/deceleration.



**S-curve**: Ideal for conveyors carrying fragile loads, or other applications where a smooth transition is required when changing the speed.

### Settings

Parameter Group 22: Accel/Decel

## **Critical speeds**

A Critical Speeds function is available for applications where it is necessary to avoid certain motor speeds (drive output frequencies) or speed bands (output frequency bands) because of, for example, mechanical resonance problems. The user can define three critical frequencies or frequency bands.

#### Settings

Parameter Group 25: Critical speeds

## Constant speeds

It is possible to define seven positive constant speeds. Constant speeds are selected with digital inputs. Constant speed activation overrides the external speed reference.

Constant speed selections are ignored if

- · PID reference is being followed, or
- drive is in local control mode.

This function operates on a 2 ms time level.

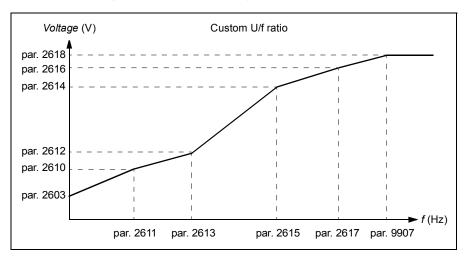
#### Settings

Parameter Group 12: Constant speeds

Constant speed 7 (1208 CONST SPEED 7) is also used for fault functions. See parameter group Group 30: Fault functions.

#### Custom U/f ratio

The user can define a U/f curve (output voltage as a function of frequency). This custom ratio is used only in special applications where linear and squared U/f ratio are not sufficient (eg, when motor break-away torque needs to be boosted).



**Note:** The voltage and the frequency points of the U/f curve must fulfill the following requirements:



**WARNING!** High voltage at low frequencies may result in poor performance or motor damage (overheating).

### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
2605	Custom U/f ratio activation
26102618	Custom U/f ratio settings

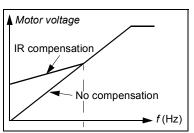
Fault	Additional information
PAR CUSTOM U/F	Incorrect U/f ratio

## R compensation

When IR compensation is activated, the drive gives an extra voltage boost to the motor at low speeds. IR compensation is useful in applications that require high breakaway torque.

#### Settings

Parameter 2603 IR COMP VOLT



## Programmable protection functions

#### Al<Min</p>

Al<Min function defines the drive operation if an analog input signal falls below the set minimum limit.

#### **Settings**

Parameters 3001 AI<MIN FUNCTION, 3021 AI1 FAULT LIMIT and 3022 AI2 FAULT LIMIT

#### Panel loss

The Panel loss function defines the operation of the drive if the control panel selected as control location for the drive stops communicating.

#### Settings

Parameter 3002 PANEL COMM ERR

#### External fault

External faults (1 and 2) can be supervised by defining one digital input as a source for an external fault indication signal.

#### Settings

Parameters 3003 EXTERNAL FAULT 1 and 3004 EXTERNAL FAULT 2

### Stall protection

The drive protects the motor in a stall situation. It is possible to adjust the supervision limits (frequency, time) and choose how the drive reacts to the motor stall condition (alarm indication / fault indication & drive stop / no reaction).

#### Settings

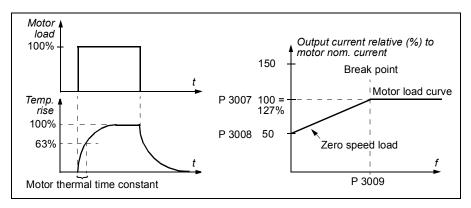
Parameters 3010 STALL FUNCTION...3012 STALL TIME

#### Motor thermal protection

The motor can be protected against overheating by activating the Motor thermal protection function.

The drive calculates the temperature of the motor on the basis of the following assumptions:

- 1. The motor is in the ambient temperature of 30 °C when power is applied to the drive.
- Motor temperature is calculated using either the user-adjustable or automatically calculated motor thermal time constant and motor load curve (see the figures below). The load curve should be adjusted in case the ambient temperature exceeds 30 °C.



#### Settings

Parameters 3005 MOT THERM PROT...3009 BREAK POINT FREQ.

**Note:** It is also possible to use the motor temperature measurement function. See section *Motor temperature measurement through the standard I/O* on page 129.

### Earth fault protection

The Earth fault protection function detects ground faults in the motor or motor cable. The protection is active only during start.

A ground fault in the input power line does not activate the protection.

#### **Settings**

Parameter 3017 EARTH FAULT

#### Incorrect wiring

Defines the operation when incorrect input power cable connection is detected.

#### Settings

Parameter 3023 WIRING FAULT

## Preprogrammed faults

#### Overcurrent

The overcurrent trip limit for the drive is 325% of the drive nominal current.

#### DC overvoltage

The DC overvoltage trip limit is 420 V (for 200 V drives) and 840 V (for 400 V drives).

### DC undervoltage

The DC undervoltage trip limit is adaptive. See parameter 2006 UNDERVOLT CTRL.

#### Drive temperature

The drive supervises the IGBT temperature. There are two supervision limits: Alarm limit and fault trip limit.

#### Short circuit

If a short circuit occurs, the drive will not start and a fault indication is given.

#### Internal fault

If the drive detects an internal fault, the drive is stopped and a fault indication is given.

### Supply phase loss

If the drive detects supply phase loss (excessive DC voltage ripple), the drive is stopped and a fault indication is given.

## **Operation limits**

The drive has adjustable limits for output frequency, current (maximum) and DC voltage.

## Settings

Parameter Group 20: Limits

#### **Power limit**

Power limitation is used to protect the input bridge and the DC intermediate circuit. If the maximum allowed power is exceeded, the drive torque is automatically limited. Maximum overload and continuous power limits depend on the drive hardware. For specific values, see chapter *Technical data* on page 385.

#### **Automatic resets**

The drive can automatically reset itself after overcurrent, overvoltage, undervoltage, external and "analog input below a minimum" faults. The Automatic Resets must be activated by the user.

#### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
Group 31: Automatic reset	Automatic reset settings

### Diagnostics

Alarn	n	Additional information
AUTO	DRESET	Automatic reset alarm

## **Supervisions**

The drive monitors whether certain user selectable variables are within the user-defined limits. The user may set limits for speed, current etc. The supervision status can be indicated through relay or digital output.

The supervision function outputs can be used for triggering some drive functionality (start/stop, sleep, pump cleaning).

The supervision functions operate on a 2 ms time level.

### Settings

Parameter group Group 32: Supervision

Actual signal	Additional information
1001/1002	EXT1/EXT2 start/stop according to supervision functions
1401	Supervision status through RO 1
1402/1403/1410	Supervision status through RO 24. With option MREL-01 only.
1805	Supervision status through DO
4022/4122	Sleep start according to supervision functions
4601	Pump clean trigger according to supervision functions

#### Parameter lock

The user can prevent parameter adjustment by activating the parameter lock.

#### Settings

Parameters 1602 PARAMETER LOCK and 1603 PASS CODE

#### PID control

There are two built-in PID controllers in the drive:

- · Process PID (PID1) and
- · External/Trim PID (PID2).

The PID controller can be used when the motor speed needs to be controlled based on process variables such as pressure, flow or temperature.

When the PID control is activated, a process reference (setpoint) is connected to the drive instead of a speed reference. An actual value (process feedback) is also brought back to the drive. The drive compares the reference and the actual values, and automatically adjusts the drive speed in order to keep the measured process quantity (actual value) at the desired level (reference).

The control operates on a 2 ms time level.

#### Process controller PID1

PID1 has two separate sets of parameters (Group 40: Process PID set 1, Group 41: Process PID set 2). Selection between parameter sets 1 and 2 is defined by a parameter.

In most cases when there is only one transducer signal wired to the drive, only parameter set 1 is needed. Two different parameter sets (1 and 2) are used, eg, when the load of the motor changes considerably in time.

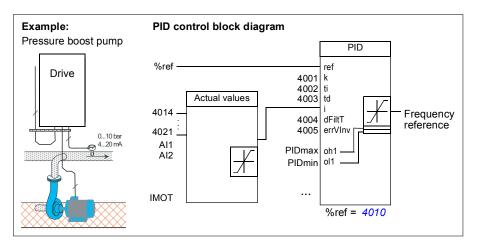
#### External/Trim controller PID2

PID2 (Group 42: Ext / Trim PID) can be used in two different ways:

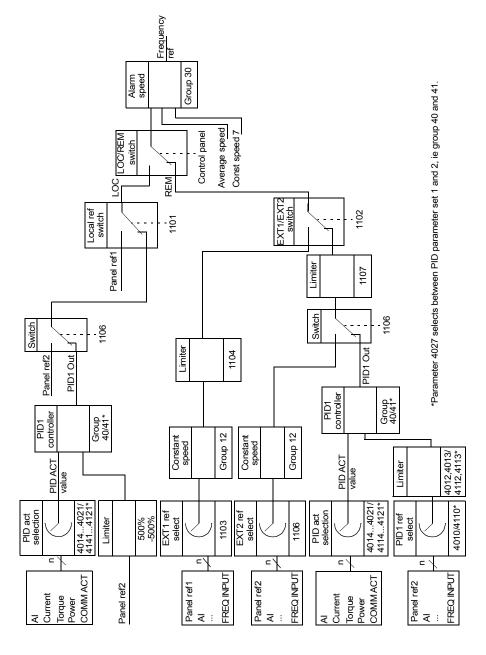
- External controller: Instead of using additional PID controller hardware, the user can connect PID2 output via drive analog output or fieldbus controller to control a field instrument like a damper or a valve.
- Trim controller: PID2 can be used to trim or fine tune the reference of the drive. See section *Reference trimming* on page 108.

### Block diagrams

The figure below shows an application example: The controller adjusts the speed of a pressure boost pump according to the measured pressure and the set pressure reference.



The following figure presents the speed/scalar control block diagram for process controller PID1.



# Settings

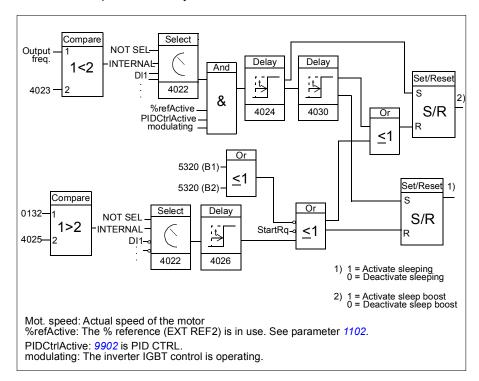
Parameter	Additional information
1101	Local control mode reference type selection
1102	EXT1/2 selection
1106	PID1 activation
1107	REF2 minimum limit
1501	PID2 output (external controller) connection to AO
9902	PID control macro selection
Group 40: Process PID set 1Group 41: Process PID set 2	PID1 settings
Group 42: Ext / Trim PID	PID2 settings

Actual signal	Additional information
0126/0127	PID 1/2 output value
0128/0129	PID 1/2 setpoint value
0130/0131	PID 1/2 feedback value
0132/0133	PID 1/2 deviation

# Sleep function for the process PID (PID1) control

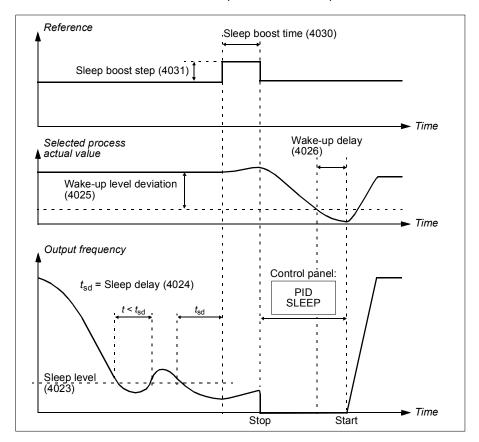
The sleep function operates on a 2 ms time level.

The block diagram below illustrates the sleep function enable/disable logic. The sleep function can be put into use only when the PID control is active.



#### Example

The time scheme below visualizes the operation of the sleep function.



Sleep function for a PID controlled pressure boost pump (when parameter 4022 SLEEP SELECTION is set to INTERNAL): The water consumption falls at night. As a consequence, the PID process controller decreases the motor speed. However, due to natural losses in the pipes and the low efficiency of the centrifugal pump at low speeds, the motor does not stop but keeps rotating. The sleep function detects the slow rotation, and stops the unnecessary pumping after the sleep delay has passed. The drive shifts into sleep mode, still monitoring the pressure. The pumping restarts when the pressure falls under the allowed minimum level and the wake-up delay has passed.

### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
9902	PID control activation
40224026, 4030, 4031, 41224126, 4130, 4131	Sleep function settings

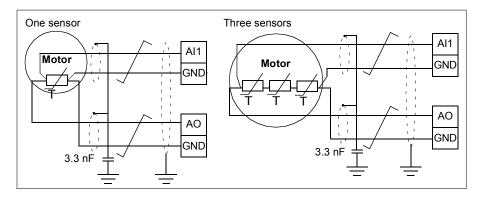
### Diagnostics

Parameter	Additional information
1401	PID sleep function status through RO 1
	PID sleep function status through RO 24. With option MREL-01 only.
Alarm	Additional information
PID SLEEP	Sleep mode

# Motor temperature measurement through the standard I/O

This section describes the temperature measurement of one motor when the drive I/O terminals are used as the connection interface.

Motor temperature can be measured using PT100 or PTC sensors connected to analog input and output.



WARNING! IEC 60664 requires double or reinforced insulation between live parts and the surface of accessible parts of electrical equipment which are either non-conductive or conductive but not connected to the protective earth. Reinforced insulation entails a clearance and creepage distance of 8 mm (400/500 V AC equipment).

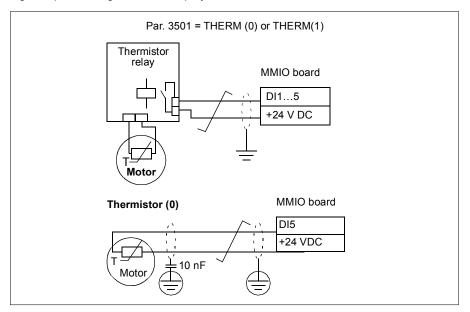
If the assembly does not fulfill the requirement, the I/O board terminals must be protected against contact and they may not be connected to other equipment, or the temperature sensor must be isolated from the I/O terminals.

To connect a motor temperature sensor and other similar components to the drive, you have below alternatives:

- If there is double or reinforced insulation between the sensor and the live parts of the motor, you can connect the sensor directly to the inputs of the drive.
- If there is basic insulation between the sensor and the live parts of the motor, you can connect the sensor to the inputs of the drive if all circuits connected to the drive's digital and analog inputs (typically extra-low voltage circuits) are protected against contact and insulated with basic insulation from other low-voltage circuits. The insulation must be rated for the same voltage level as the drive main circuit. Note that extra-low voltage circuits (such as 24 V DC) typically do not meet these requirements.
- You can connect a sensor to an external thermistor relay the insulation of which is rated for the main circuit voltage of the drive.

The figure below shows alternate thermistor connections. At the motor end the cable shield should be grounded through a 10 nF capacitor. If this is not possible, leave the shield unconnected.

It is also possible to monitor motor temperature by connecting a PTC sensor and a thermistor relay between the +24 V DC voltage supply offered by the drive and a digital input. The figure below displays the connection.



For other faults, or for anticipating motor overheating using a model, see *Group 30*: Fault functions.

## Settings

Parameter	Additional information
Group 13: Analogue inputs	Analog input settings
Group 15: Analogue outputs	Analog output settings
Group 35: Motor temp meas	Motor temperature measurement settings
Other	·

At the motor end the cable shield should be grounded through a 10 nF capacitor. If this is not possible, the shield is to be left unconnected.

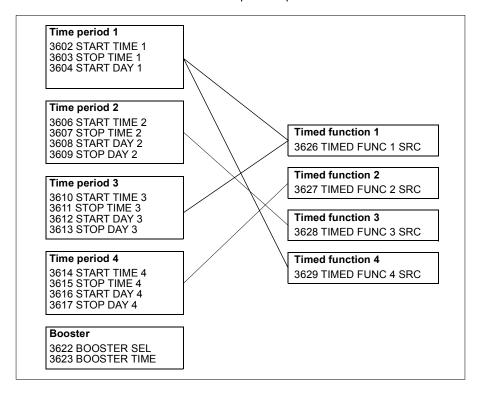
Actual value	Additional information
0145	Motor temperature
Alarm/Fault	Additional information
MOTOR TEMP/MOT OVERTEMP	Excessive motor temp

#### **Timed functions**

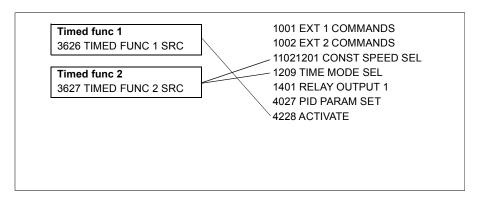
A variety of drive functions can be time controlled, eg start/stop and EXT1/EXT2 control. The drive offers

- four start and stop times (START TIME 1...4, STOP TIME 1...4)
- four start and stop days (START DAY 1...4, STOP DAY 1...4)
- four timed functions for collecting the selected time periods 1...4 together (TIMED FUNC 1...4)
- booster time (an additional booster time connected to timed functions).

A timed function can be connected to multiple time periods:



A parameter which is triggered by a timed function can be connected to only one timed function at a time.



### **Examples**

Air conditioning is active on weekdays from 8:00 to 15:30 (8 a.m to 3:30 p.m) and on Sundays from 12:00 to 15:00 (12 to 3 p.m). By pressing the extension time switch, the air-conditioning is on for an extra hour.

Parameter	Setting
3601 TIMERS ENABLE	DI1
3602 START TIME 1	08:00:00
3603 STOP TIME 1	15:30:00
3604 START DAY 1	MONDAY
3605 STOP DAY 1	FRIDAY
3606 START TIME 2	12:00:00
3607 STOP TIME 2	15:00:00
3608 START DAY 2	SUNDAY
3609 STOP DAY 2	SUNDAY
3623 BOOSTER TIME	01:00:00

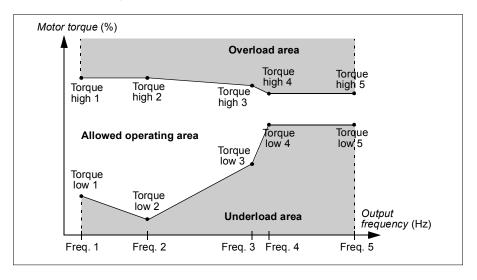
Parameter	Additional information
Group 36: Timed functions	Timed functions settings
1001, 1002	Timed start/stop control
1102	Timed EXT1/EXT2 selection
1201	Timed constant speed 1 activation
1209	Timed speed selection
1401	Timed function status indicated through relay output RO 1
1402/1403/1410	Timed function status indicated through relay output RO 24. With option MREL-01 only.

Parameter	Additional information
1805	Timed function status indicated through digital output DO
4027	Timed PID1 parameter set 1/2 selection
4228	Timed external PID2 activation

### **User load curve**

The user can specify a load curve (motor torque as a function of frequency) for supervision. The curve is defined by five points. Supervision can be set for the torque dropping below the underload curve, exceeding the overload curve, or both.

A fault is generated if the torque has been out of the allowed area for longer than the user-defined time limit. An alarm is generated if the torque has been out of the allowed area for longer than the half of the user-defined time limit.



Parameter	Additional information
Group 37: User load curve	User load curve settings

### Diagnostics

Actual signal	Additional information
0105	Motor torque
Alarm	
USER LOAD CURVE	Out of allowed area for longer than half of the defined time limit
Fault	
USER LOAD CURVE	Out of allowed area for longer than the defined time limit
PAR USER LOAD C	Incorrect user load curve parameter setting (3704 > 3707 or 3707 > 3710 or 3710 > 3713 or 3713 > 3716 or 3705 > 3706 or 3708 > 3709 or 3711 > 3712 or 3714 > 3715 or 3717 > 3718)

# **Energy optimizer**

Energy optimizer optimizes the flux so that the total energy consumption and motor noise level are reduced when the drive operates below the nominal load. The total efficiency (motor and drive) can be improved by 1 ... 10% depending on the load torque and speed.

Parameter	Additional information
4501 ENERGY OPTIMIZER	Energy optimizer enabling

Energy saving tools calculate energy saved in kWh and MWh, energy saved in local currency as well as reduction in  $CO_2$  emission, all compared to the situation when the pump is connected directly to the supply.

Two actual signals, 0176 SAVED AMOUNT 1 and 0177 SAVED AMOUNT 2 are used to store the energy saved in local currency. To find out the total saved energy in currency units, add the value of signal 0177 multiplied by 1000 to the value of signal 0176.

#### Example:

0176 SAVED AMOUNT 1 = 123.4 0177 SAVED AMOUNT 2 = 5

Total saved energy =  $5 \cdot 1000 + 123.4 = 5123.4$  currency units.

**Note:** The values of saved energy parameters 0174 SAVED KWH, 0175 SAVED MWH, 0176 SAVED AMOUNT 1, 0177 SAVED AMOUNT 2 and 0178 SAVED CO2 are derived from subtracting the drive's energy consumed from the direct-on-line (DOL) consumption calculated on the basis of parameter 4508 PUMP POWER. As such, the accuracy of the values is dependent on the accuracy of the power estimate entered in that parameter.

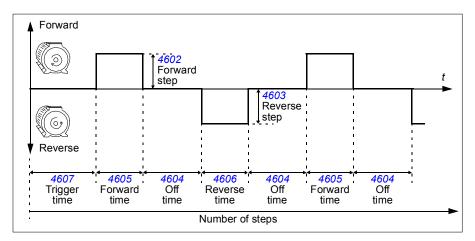
#### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
Group 45: Energy saving	Energy saving settings

Actual signal	Additional information
0174/0175	Energy saved in kWh/Mwh
0176/0177	Energy saved in local currency
0178	Reduction in CO <sub>2</sub> emission

# Pump cleaning

The Pump cleaning function can be used for preventing solids from building up on pump impellers. The function consists of a programmable sequence of forward and reverse runs of the pump (see the figure below), effectively shaking off any residue on the impeller. This is especially useful with booster and wastewater pumps.



The pump cleaning cycle can be activated at start-up, with a user-defined period, with a selectable digital input or by the Supervision function (for example triggered by the motor input current).

Parameter	Additional information
Group 46: Pump cleaning	Pump cleaning settings
2205/2206	Acceleration time 2 / Deceleration time 2

The load analyzer can be used for analyzing the customer's process and sizing the drive and the motor.

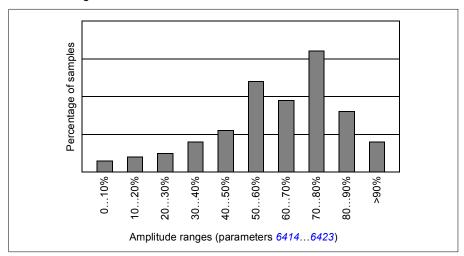
#### Peak value logger

The user can select a signal (*Group 01: Operating data*) to be monitored by the peak value logger (PVL). The signal is sampled at 2 ms intervals when the drive is running. The logger records the peak (maximum) value of the signal along with the time the peak occurred, as well as output current, DC voltage and output frequency at the time of the peak.

### Amplitude loggers

The drive has two amplitude loggers.

For amplitude logger 2 (AL2), the user can select a signal (*Group 01: Operating data*) to be sampled at 200 ms intervals when the drive is running, and specify a value that corresponds to 100%. The collected samples are sorted into 10 read-only parameters according to their amplitude. Each parameter represents an amplitude range 10 percentage points wide, and displays the percentage of the collected samples that fall within that range.



Amplitude logger 1 (AL1) is fixed to monitor output current, and it cannot be reset. With amplitude logger 1, 100% corresponds to the nominal output current of the drive  $(I_{2N})$ .

The peak value logger and amplitude logger 2 can be reset by a user-defined method. They are also reset if either of the signals or the peak value filter time is changed.

#### Settings

Parameter	Additional information
Group 64: Load analyzer,	Load analyzer settings
parameters 64016405	

### Diagnostics

Actual signal	Additional information
Group 64: Load analyzer,	Load analyzer results
parameters 64066433	

# PFA control (Requires use of MREL-01 option purchased separately)

#### PFA control

The pump and fan alternation (PFA) control switches auxiliary pumps on and off as required by capacity changes. The Autochange function alternates between pumps to keep the duty times of the pumps equal. Interlocks function enables the drive to detect if any of the pumps are unavailable (for example, switched off for maintenance), in which case the next available pump is started instead.

The drive controls the motor of pump 1, varying the motor speed to control the pump capacity. This motor is the speed regulated motor.

Direct line connections power the motor of pump 2 and pump 3, etc. The drive switches pump 2 (and then pump 3, etc.) on and off as needed. These motors are auxiliary motors.

The drive PID control uses two signals: a process reference and an actual value feedback. The PID controller adjusts the speed (frequency) of the first pump such that the actual value follows the process reference.

When demand (defined by the process reference) exceeds the first motor's capacity (user defined as a frequency limit), the PFA control automatically starts an auxiliary pump. The PFA control also reduces the speed of the first pump to account for the auxiliary pump's addition to total output. Then, as before, the PID controller adjusts the speed (frequency) of the first pump such that the actual value follows the process reference. If demand continues to increase, the PFA control adds additional auxiliary pumps, using the same process.

When demand drops, such that the first pump speed falls below a minimum limit (user defined by a frequency limit), the PFA control automatically stops an auxiliary pump. The PFA control also increases the speed of the first pump to account for the auxiliary pump's missing output.

An Interlock function (when enabled) identifies off-line (out of service) motors, and the PFA control skips to the next available motor in the sequence.

An Autochange function (when enabled and with the appropriate switchgear) equalizes duty time between the pump motors. Autochange periodically increments the position of each motor in the rotation – the speed regulated motor becomes the last auxiliary motor, the first auxiliary motor becomes the speed regulated motor, etc.

When the speed regulated motor reaches the full output, it is disconnected from the drive and switched to direct on-line connection, with a slight delay in between.

Auxiliary motor 2 is connected to drive output. After a slight delay the motor speed is increased to fulfill the pumping capacity needed.

Auxiliary motors 3 and 4 are started according to the same routine.

The motor stopping routine always follows the normal PFA routine.

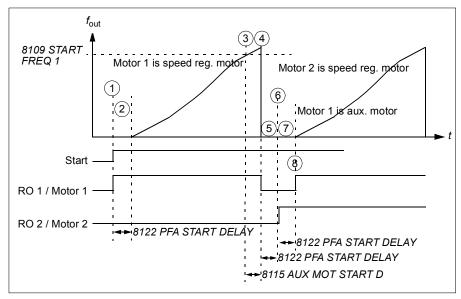
#### SPFC control

Soft pump and fan control (SPFC) is used for pump and fan alternation applications where lower pressure peaks are desirable when a new auxiliary motor is connected on-line. SPFC is an easy way to implement soft starting of direct on line (auxiliary) motors. The main difference between traditional PFC and SPFC is the way SPFC connects auxiliary motors on-line.

SPFC connects auxiliary motors online with a flying start, while the motor is still coasting. Thus, in some cases SPFC makes it possible to soften the start-up current while connecting auxiliary motors on-line. This is why lower pressure peaks on the pipelines and pumps may also be achieved. Connection sequence and powering routine of auxiliary motors in SPFC is explained more detailed in the diagram. The motor stopping routine follows always the normal PFC routine.

#### SPFC powering routine

The diagram below illustrates the SPFC powering routine.



- At start, relay RO 1 is closed and motor 1 is connected to the drive output.
- 2. The drive waits for the time specified by parameter 8122 PFA START DELAY to ensure that the contactor (RO 1) has stabilized and then starts modulating from zero speed. Motor 1 is the speed regulated motor.
- 3. When the drive output frequency  $f_{\text{out}}$  rises over the start frequency (8109 START FREQ 1), the start delay for the auxiliary motor (8115 AUX MOT START D) is set.
- 4. When delay 8115 has elapsed, the drive coasts to stop and relay RO 1 is opened (motor 1 is disconnected from the drive output).
- 5. The drive waits for 8122 PFA START DELAY to ensure that the contactor (RO 1) has stabilized.
- 6. After delay, 8122 RO 2 is closed and motor 2 is connected to the drive output as the new speed regulated motor.
- 7. The drive waits for 8122 PFA START DELAY to ensure that the contactor (RO 2) has stabilized.
- 8. After delay 8122, the drive starts modulating from zero speed regulating the speed of motor 2. RO 1 is closed and motor 1 is connected directly on-line as an auxiliary motor.

#### How to parameterize SPFC control

- 1. Set PFA reference steps (parameters 8103...8105) if needed.
- Set PFA start and stop frequencies (parameters 8109...8114).
- 3. Set PFA auxiliary motor start and stop delays (parameters 8115...8116).
- 4. Set the number of auxiliary motors (parameter 8117).
- 5. Enable Autochange (parameter *8118*). In SPFC control, the parameter only allows SPFC to use PFA's alternation switchgear box. It is not used as the operating time interval between the automatic motor changes as in normal PFA application.
- 6. Autochange level is ignored (parameter 8119).
- 7. Parameterize Interlocks (parameter 8120).
- 8. Set Bypass function if needed (parameter 8121).
- 9. Set PFA start delay (parameter 8122).
- 10. Enable SPFC. Depending on the application, set parameter 8123 PFA ENABLE to value 2 (SPFC ACTIVE SPFC) or value 3 (SPFC + AUTOCHANGE).
  - Value 1 (ACTIVE): enables normal PFA functionality.
  - Value 2 (SPFC ACTIVE SPFC): enables SPFC function with auxiliary motors running.
  - Value 3 (SPFC + AUTOCHANGE): enables SPFC function only when auxiliary motors are not running
- 11. Set PFA acceleration and deceleration times if needed (parameters 8124...8125).
- 12. Autochange enable with a timed function is ignored (parameter 8126).
- 13. Set relays in *Group 14: Relay outputs*. (Transistor output TO [parameter 1805 DO SIGNAL] can be used as an additional relay output, if needed.) Both PFA and SPFC use these relays. You must set at least as many relays as there are motors set for SPFC (= the number of auxiliary motors [parameter 8117] + 1 [speed regulated motor] when SPFC is used).
- 14. Set the number of PFA controlled motors in parameter 8127 (= number of PFC relays in *Group 14: Relay outputs*).
- 15. Also set other needed motor dependent parameters, eg 2007 MINIMUM FREQ, 2008 MAXIMUM FREQ and 2605 U/F RATIO.

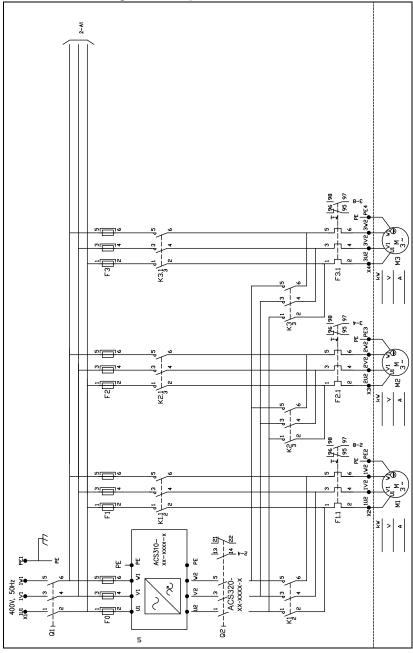
PFA control and SPFC control default settings have differences in acceleration time (2202), deceleration time (2203) and auxiliary motor stop delay (8116) parameters.

Parameter	Additional information
Group 14: Relay outputs	Selections of relay outputs for starting and stopping of motors
Group 18: Freq in & tran out	Selections of relay outputs for starting and stopping of motor (transistor output can be used as an additional relay)
Group 44: Pump protection	Pump protection (pressure monitoring) settings

Parameter	Additional information
Group 81: PFA control; 8123 PFA ENABLE	PFA control settings; Enables PFA/SPFC function.

Actual signal	Additional information
0116	Application block output signal
0162	RO 1 status
0163	TO status
0173	RO 24 status. With option MREL-01 only.
Alarm	
AUTOCHANGE	PFA autochange function active
PFC I LOCK	PFA interlocks active
INLET LOW, INLET VERY LOW	Pressure at pump/fan inlet too low
OUTLET HIGH, OUTLET VERY HIGH	Pressure at pump/fan outlet too high
Fault	Additional information
PAR PFC REF NEG	2007 < 0
PAR PFA IO 1	Not enough relays parameterized for the PFA control. Conflict between <i>Group 14: Relay outputs</i> , parameter <i>8117</i> and parameter <i>8118</i> .
PAR PFC IO 2	Parameter 8127 does not match the PFA motors in Group 14: Relay outputs and parameter 8118.
PAR PFC IO 3	. didinoto: VIII doco not matemate i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
	Group 14: Relay outputs and parameter 8118.  Allocation of a digital input (interlock) for each PFA

# Connection diagram example





# Actual signals and parameters

# Contents of this chapter

The chapter describes the actual signals and parameters and gives the fieldbus equivalent values for each signal/parameter. It also contains a table of the default values for the different macros.

**Note:** When the control panel is in the short parameter view, in other words, when parameter 1611 PARAMETER VIEW is set to 2 (SHORT VIEW), the control panel only shows a subset of all signals and parameters. The list of these signals and parameters starts on page 146.

To be able to view all actual signals and parameters, set parameter 1611 PARAMETER VIEW to 3 (LONG VIEW). The descriptions of parameters start on pages 150.

### Terms and abbreviations

Term	Definition
Actual signal	Signal measured or calculated by the drive. Can be monitored by the user.
	No user setting possible. <i>Group 01: Operating dataGroup 04: Fault history</i> contain actual signals.
Def	Parameter default value
E	Refers to types 03E- with European parametrization
FbEq	Fieldbus equivalent: The scaling between the value and the integer used in
	serial communication.
Parameter	A user-adjustable operation instruction of the drive. Group 10:
	Start/Stop/DirGroup 98: Options contain parameters.
	<b>Note:</b> Parameter selections are shown on the Basic Control Panel as integer values. For example, parameter 1001 EXT1 COMMANDS selection COMM is shown as value 10 (which is equal to the fieldbus equivalent FbEq).
U	Refers to types 03U- with US parametrization

# Fieldbus equivalent

Example: If parameter 2008 MAXIMUM FREQ (see page 193) is set from an external control system, an integer value of 1 corresponds to 0.1 Hz. All the read and sent values are limited to 16 bits (-32768...32767).

# Actual signals in the short parameter view

Actu	Actual signals in the short parameter view			
No.	No. Name/Value Description		FbEq	
04 F		Fault history (read-only). See <i>Group 04: Fault history</i> in the list of all parameters.		
0401	LAST FAULT	Code of the latest fault.	1 = 1	

# Parameters in the short parameter view

Paraı	meters in the sh	ort parameter view	
No.	Name/Value	Description	Default
11 RE SELE	EFERENCE ECT	Panel reference type, external control location selection and external reference sources and limits. See <i>Group</i> 11: Reference select in the list of all parameters.	
1105	REF1 MAX	Defines the maximum value for external reference REF1.	E: 50.0 Hz U: 60.0 Hz
12 CC SPEE	ONSTANT EDS	Constant speed (drive output frequency) selection and values. See <i>Group 12: Constant speeds</i> in the list of all parameters.	
1202	CONST SPEED 1	Defines constant drive output frequency 1.	E: 5.0 Hz U: 6.0 Hz
1203	CONST SPEED 2	Defines constant drive output frequency 2.	E: 10.0 Hz U: 12.0 Hz
1204	CONST SPEED 3	Defines constant drive output frequency 3.	E: 15.0 Hz U: 18.0 Hz
13 AI	NALOG INPUTS	Analog input signal processing. See <i>Group 13:</i> Analogue inputs in the list of all parameters.	
1301	MINIMUM AI1	Defines the minimum %-value that corresponds to minimum mA/(V) signal for analog input AI1.	1.0%
14 RI	ELAY OUTPUTS	Status information indicated through relay output, and relay operating delays. See <i>Group 14: Relay outputs</i> in the list of all parameters.	
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	Selects a drive status indicated through relay output RO 1.	FAULT(-1)
	/STEM TROLS	Parameter view, Run Enable, parameter lock etc. See Group 16: System controls in the list of all parameters.	
1611	PARAMETER VIEW	Selects the parameter view, in other words, which parameters are shown on the control panel.	SHORT VIEW
20 LI	MITS	Drive operation limits. See <i>Group 20: Limits</i> in the list of all parameters.	
2008	MAXIMUM FREQ	Defines the maximum limit for the drive output frequency.	E: 50.0 Hz U: 60.0 Hz
21 S1	TART/STOP	Start and stop modes of the motor. See <i>Group 21:</i> Start/Stop in the list of all parameters.	
2102	STOP FUNCTION	Selects the motor stop function.	COAST
22 A	CCEL/DECEL	Acceleration and deceleration times. See <i>Group 22:</i> Accel/Decel in the list of all parameters.	
	ACCELER TIME 1	Defines the acceleration time 1.	5.0 s
2203	DECELER TIME 1	Defines the deceleration time 1.	5.0 s

Para	meters in the sh	ort parameter view	
No.	Name/Value	Description	Default
53 EF	B PROTOCOL	Embedded fieldbus link settings. See chapter <i>Fieldbus control</i> on page <i>285</i> .	
5301	EFB PROTOCOL ID	Contains the identification and program version of the protocol.  Note: You can reset this parameter only with parameter 9802 COMM PROT SEL.	-
5302	EFB STATION ID	Defines the address of the device. Two units with the same address are not allowed on-line.	1
5303	EFB BAUD RATE	Defines the transfer rate of the link	9.6 kbit/s
5304	EFB PARITY	Defines the use of parity and stop bit(s) and the data length. The same setting must be used in all on-line stations.	8 NONE 1
5305	EFB CTRL PROFILE	Selects the communication profile. See section Communication profiles on page 339.	
5306	EFB OK MESSAGES	Number of valid messages received by the drive. During normal operation, this number increases constantly.	0
5307	EFB CRC ERRORS	Number of messages with an CRC (cyclic redundancy check) error received by the drive. If the number is high, check CRC calculation for possible errors.  Note: High electromagnetic noise levels generate	0
		errors.	
5308	EFB UART ERRORS	Number of messages with a character error received by the drive.	0
5309	EFB STATUS	Status of the EFB protocol.	IDLE
5310	EFB PAR 10	Selects an actual value to be mapped to Modbus register 40005.	0
5311	EFB PAR 11	Selects an actual value to be mapped to Modbus register 40006.	0
5312	EFB PAR 12	Selects an actual value to be mapped to Modbus register 40007.	0
5313	EFB PAR 13	Selects an actual value to be mapped to Modbus register 40008.	0
5314	EFB PAR 14	Selects an actual value to be mapped to Modbus register 40009.	0
5315	EFB PAR 15	Selects an actual value to be mapped to Modbus register 40010.	0
5316	EFB PAR 16	Selects an actual value to be mapped to Modbus register 40011.	0
5317	EFB PAR 17	Selects an actual value to be mapped to Modbus register 40012.	0
5318	EFB PAR 18	For Modbus: Sets an additional delay before the drive begins transmitting response to the master request.	0
5319	EFB PAR 19	ABB drives profile (ABB DRV LIM or ABB DRV FULL) Control word. Read only copy of the Fieldbus Control word.	0000 hex

Parar	neters in the sh	ort parameter view	
No.	Name/Value	Description	Default
5320	EFB PAR 20	ABB drives profile (ABB DRV LIM or ABB DRV FULL) Status word. Read only copy of the Fieldbus Status word.	0000 hex
98 OI	PTIONS	External serial communication activation.	
9802	COMM PROT SEL	Activates the external serial communication and selects the interface.	NOT SEL
99 ST	ART-UP DATA	Language selection. Definition of motor set-up data. See <i>Group 99: Start-up data</i> in the list of all parameters.	
9901	LANGUAGE	Selects the display language.	ENGLISH
9902	APPLIC MACRO	Selects the application macro.	HVAC DEFAULT
9905	MOTOR NOM VOLT	Defines the nominal motor voltage.	230 V (200 V units) 400 V (400 V E units) 460 V (400 V U units)
9906	MOTOR NOM CURR	Defines the nominal motor current.	I <sub>2N</sub>
9907	MOTOR NOM FREQ	Defines the nominal motor frequency.	E: 50.0 Hz U: 60.0 Hz
9908	MOTOR NOM SPEED	Defines the nominal motor speed.	Type dependent
9909	MOTOR NOM POWER	Defines the nominal motor power.	$P_{N}$

Parameter data is specific to ACS320 firmware version 4.01C.

#### Group 99: Start-up data

This group defines special Start-up data required to:

- · set up the drive
- · enter motor information.

**Note:** Parameters checked under the heading "S" can be modified only when the drive is stopped.

		Group 99: Start-u	ıp data	
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	n Default S
9901	LANGUAGE	025	1	0
	Selects the display lang	uage.		
	4= ESPAÑOL 5= 8= DANSK 9= 12= POLSKI 13=	PORTUGÜES 6 SUOMI 10 TÜRKCE 14	2= DEUTSCH 6= NEDERLANDS 0= SVENSKA 1= CZECH 8= KOREAN	3= ITALIANO 7= FRANCAIS 11= RUSSKI 15= MAGYAR 19= JAPANESE
9902	APPLIC MACRO	-321	1	1 🗸
	Selects an application m configure the ACS320 fo application macro descr	or a particular applicat	•	•
	9= INT TIMER CS 10=	BOOSTER PUMP 7	PUMP ALTERNA DUAL SETPPID 1:	4= CLNG TWR FAN 8= INT TIMER 2= DL SP PID CS 1= AC500 MODBUS
9905	MOTOR NOM VOLT	115 345 V (200 230 690 V (400 288 862 V (600	V, US) 1 V	230 V ✓ 460 V 575 V
	Defines the nominal mo	tor voltage.	Output voltage	
	<ul> <li>Must equal the value rating plate.</li> </ul>	on the motor	put voltage — -	- <i>j</i>
	<ul> <li>Sets the maximum dr voltage supplied to th</li> </ul>		9905	Output
	Drive cannot supply the voltage greater than the voltage.			frequency
9906	MOTOR NOM CURR	0.15*l <sub>2N</sub> 1.5*	I <sub>2N</sub> 0.1 A	1.5*l <sub>2N</sub> ✓
	Defines the nominal mo	tor current.		
	Must equal the value	on the motor rating pl	ate.	

	Gı	oup 99: Start-up da	ıta			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
9907	MOTOR NOM FREQ	10.0 500 Hz	0.1 Hz	60 Hz (US)	✓	
	Defines the nominal motor f	requency.				
	<ul> <li>Range: 10 500 Hz (typ</li> </ul>	oically 50 or 60 Hz)				
	Sets the frequency at white VOLT	ich output voltage equal	ls parameter 990	5 MOTOR NO	M	
	<ul> <li>Field weakening point = Norm freq * Supply Volt / Mot Nom Volt</li> </ul>					
9908	MOTOR NOM	50 30000 rpm	1 rpm	Size	✓	
	SPEED			dependent		
	Defines the nominal motor s	speed.				
	<ul> <li>Must equal the value on t</li> </ul>	he motor rating plate.				
9909	MOTOR NOM	0.15 1.5*P <sub>N</sub>	0.1 Hp	0.2 HP (US)	✓	
	POWER					
	Defines the nominal motor p	oower.				
	<ul> <li>Must equal the value on t</li> </ul>	he motor rating plate.				
9914	PHASE INVERSION			NO	✓	
	Inverts two phases in the motor cable. This changes the direction of the motor rotation without having to exchange the positions of two motor cable phase conductors at the drive output terminals or at the motor connection box.					
	<ul> <li>NO – Phases not inverted</li> <li>YES – Phases inverted.</li> </ul>	J.				

# Group 01: Operating data

This group contains drive operating data, including actual signals. The drive sets the values for actual signals, based on measurements or calculations. You cannot set these values.

	G	roup 01: Operating da	ta		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
0101	SPEED & DIR	-3000030000	1 rpm	-	
	The calculated speed of t	he motor (rpm) & motor dir	ection.		
0102	SPEED	0 30000 rpm	1 rpm	-	
	The calculated speed of t	he motor (rpm).			
0103	OUTPUT FREQ	0.0 500.0 Hz	1Hz	-	
	The frequency (Hz) applied to the motor. (Also shown by default in OUTPUT disp				
0104	CURRENT	0.0 1.5*I <sub>2N</sub>	0.1 A	-	
	The motor current, as me display.)	asured by the drive. (Also	shown by defaul	t in OUTPUT	
0105	TORQUE	-200% 200 <b>%</b>	0.1%	-	
	Output torque. Calculated	I value of torque on motor s	shaft in % of moto	or nominal tor	que.
0106	POWER	-1.5 1.5*P <sub>N</sub>	0.1 kW	-	
	The measured motor pow	er in kW.			
0107	DC BUS VOLTAGE	0 V 2.5*V <sub>dN</sub>	1 V	-	
	The DC bus voltage in VI	DC, as measured by the dri	ive.		
0109	OUTPUT VOLTAGE	0 V 2.0*V <sub>dN</sub>	1 V	-	
	The voltage applied to the	e motor.			
0110	DRIVE TEMP	0°C 150°C	1°C	-	
	The temperature of the dr	rive power transistors in Ce	elsius.		
0111	EXTERNAL REF 1	0 500 Hz	0.1 Hz	-	
	External reference, REF1	or Hz.			
0112	EXTERNAL REF 2	0% 100%	0.1%	-	
		(torque: 0% 600%)			
	External reference, REF2	*			
0113	CTRL LOCATION	0 2	1	-	
	Active control location. Al	ternatives are:			
	0 = HAND 1 = EXT1				
	2 = EXT2				
0114	RUN TIME (R)	0 10000 h	1 h	0 h	
	The drive's accumulated	running time in hours (h).			
		ng UP and DOWN buttons	simultaneously	when in	
	parameter set mode.				

	Gr	oup 01: Operating da	ta				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
0115	KWH COUNTER (R)	0 10000 h	1 h	-			
	The drive's accumulated p	ower consumption in kilov	watt hours.				
	Can be <b>reset</b> by pressire.	ng UP and DOWN buttons	simultaneously	when in			
	parameter set mode.						
0116	APPL BLK OUTPUT	0 100%	0.1%	-			
	Application block output of	(torque: 0 600%)					
	<ul><li>Application block output si</li><li>PFA control, if PFA Control</li></ul>	•					
	Parameter 0112 EXTER	,					
0120	Al1	-100 100%	0.1%				
0120			0.1 /6	-			
0121	Relative value of analog in	-100 100%	0.1%				
0121			0.1 /6	-			
0124	Relative value of analog in	0 20 mA	0.1 mA				
0124	1		U.I IIIA	-			
0126	The analog output 1 value PID 1 OUTPUT	0 100%	0.1%				
0120			0.1 /6	-			
0127	The PID Controller 1 outpu	0 100%	0.1%				
0121	The PID Controller 2 output		0.176	-			
0128	PID 1 SETPNT			_			
0120	The PID 1 controller setpo	int cianal					
	<ul> <li>Units and scale defined</li> </ul>	· ·	/4106 & 4007/41	77			
0129	PID 2 SETPNT	-	-	-			
0.20	The PID 2 controller setpo	int signal					
	<ul> <li>Units and scale defined</li> </ul>	· ·	& 4207				
0130	PID 1 FBK	-	-	_			
	The PID 1 controller feedb	ack signal					
	Units and scale defined	· ·	/4106 & <i>4007</i> /410	07			
0131	PID 2 FBK	-	-	•			
	The PID 2 controller feedb	ack signal.					
	Units and scale defined	•	& 4207.				
0132	PID 1 DEVIATION	-	-	-			
	The difference between the PID 1 controller reference value and actual value.						
	Units and scale defined	by PID parameters 4006/	/4106 & <del>4007</del> /410	07.			
0133	PID 2 DEVIATION	-	-	-			
	The difference between the	e PID 2 controller referen	ce value and act	ual value.			
	Units and scale defined						
		, ,					

	Group 01: Operating data	a		
Code	Description Range	Resolution	Default	S
0134	COMM RO WORD 065535	1	0	
	Free data location that can be written from serial link.			
	Used for relay output control.			
	See parameter 1401.			
0135	COMM VALUE 1 -32768 +32767	1	0	
	Free data location that can be written from serial link.			
0136	COMM VALUE 2 -32768 +32767	1	0	
	Free data location that can be written from serial link.			
0137	PROCESS VAR 1 -	1		
	Process variable 1			
	Defined by parameters in Group 34: Panel display.			
0138	PROCESS VAR 2 -	1		
	Process variable 2			
	Defined by parameters in Group 34: Panel display.			
0139	PROCESS VAR 3 -	1		
	Process variable 3			
	Defined by parameters in Group 34: Panel display.			
0140	RUN TIME 0 499.99 kh	0.01 kh	0 kh	
	The drive's accumulated running time in thousands o reset.	f hours (kh). Ca	nnot be	
0141	MWH COUNTER 0 65535 MWh	1 MWh	-	
	The drive's accumulated power consumption in mega	watt hours. Car	not be reset	
0142	REVOLUTION CNTR 0 65535 Mrev	1	0	
	The motor's accumulated revolutions in millions of repressing the UP and DOWN keys simultaneously who		,	
0143	DRIVE ON TIME HI 0 65535 days	1 day	0	
	The drive's accumulated power-on-time in days. Can	not be reset.		
0144	DRIVE ON TIME LO 00.00.00 23:59:58	2 s	0	
	The drive's accumulated power-on-time in 2 second t seconds).	cicks (30 ticks =	60	
	Shown in format hh.mm.ss.			
	Cannot be reset.			
0145	MOTOR TEMP -10200 °C/ 05000 Ohm /	1	0	
	01			
	Motor temperature in Celsius / PTC resistance in Ohr		2501	
	Applies only if motor temperature sensor is set up. SENSOR TYPE.	See parameter	3001	
0158	PID COMM VALUE 1			
	Data received from fieldbus for PID control (PID1 and	l PID2).		

	Group 01: Operatiı	ng data		
Code	Description Range	Resolution	Default	S
0159	PID COMM VALUE 2			
	Data received from fieldbus for PID control (P	ID1 and PID2).		
0160	DI 1-5 STATUS			
	Status of digital inputs. <b>Example:</b> 10000 = DI1 is on, DI2DI5 are of	f.		
0161	PULSE INPUT FREQ	1 = 1 Hz		
	Value of frequency input in Hz.			
0162	RO STATUS	1 = 1		
	Status of relay output 1.1 = RO is energized,	0 = RO is de-energized		
0163	TO STATUS 1 = 1			
	Status of transistor output when transistor out	put is used as a digital	output.	
0164	TO FREQUENCY 1 = 1 Hz			
	Transistor output frequency, when transistor of	output is used as a frequ	uency output	-
0173	RO 2-4 STATUS			
	Status of the relays in the Relay Output Exter Relay Output Extension Module User's Manu-			11
	Example: 100 = RO 2 is on, RO3 and RO 4 a	are off.		
0174	SAVED KWH 0.0 999.9 kV	Vh		
	Energy saved in kWh compared to the energy directly to the supply. See the note on page 2		connected	
	The counter value is accumulated till it reac over and starts again from 0.0.	ches 999.9 after which t	he counter r	olls
	• Can be reset with parameter 4509 ENERG at the same time).	Y RESET (resets all en	ergy calcula	tors
	See group Group 45: Energy saving.			
0175	SAVED MWH 0 65535 MV	Vh		
	Energy saved in MWh compared to the energ directly to the supply. See the note on page 2	•	s connected	
	The counter value is accumulated till it reac over and starts again from 0.	ches 65535 after which	the counter i	rolls
	Can be reset with parameter 4509 ENERG at the same time).	Y RESET (resets all en	ergy calcula	tors
	See group Group 45: Energy saving.			

	Gro	oup 01: Operating o	data			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
0176	SAVED AMOUNT 1	0.0 999.9				
	Energy saved in local curre 1000). See the note on pag	• `	the total saved ene	rgy is divided	l by	
	<ul> <li>To find out the total saved energy in currency units, add the value of parameter 0177 SAVED AMOUNT 2 multiplied by 1000 to the value of parameter 0176.</li> </ul>					
	Example:  0176 SAVED AMOUNT 1 = 123.4  0177 SAVED AMOUNT 2 = 5  Total saved energy = 5 * 1000 + 123.4 = 5123.4 currency units.  • The counter value is accumulated till it reaches 999.9 (the counter does not reaches 1000 to 1000).					
	over).					
	Can be reset with parameter 4509 ENERGY RESET (resets all energy calculators at the same time).					
	Local energy price is set with parameter 4502 ENERGY PRICE.					
	See group Group 45: Energy	ergy saving.				
0177	SAVED AMOUNT 2	065535				
	Energy saved in local curre means 5000 currency units	,	•	ple, value 5		
	The counter value is accuover).	umulated till it reaches	65535 (the counte	r does not ro	dl	
	See parameter 0176 SAV	/ED AMOUNT 1.				
0178	SAVED CO2	0 6553.5 tn				
	Reduction on carbon dioxid	e emissions in tn. See	the note on page	253.		
	The counter value is accurately over).	umulated till it reaches	6553.5 (the counte	er does not ro	oll	
	Can be reset with parame at the same time).	eter 4509 ENERGY R	ESET (resets all en	ergy calculat	tors	
	<ul> <li>CO2 conversion factor is</li> </ul>	set with parameter 45	507 CO2 CONV FA	CTOR.		
	See group Group 45: Energy	ergy saving.				

# Group 03: FB actual signals

This group monitors fieldbus communications.

		Group 03	: FB actual si	gnals		
Code	Descrip	otion	Range	Resolution	Default	S
0301	0301 <b>FB CMD WORD 1</b>				-	
	Read-o	nly copy of the Fieldbus of	command word 1	l.		
	• The f	ieldbus command is the	orincipal means	for controlling the dri	ive from a	
		ous controller. The communictions in the Command v				
	EXT2	ontrol the drive, using the 2) must be active and set 1 1002 EXT2 COMMANDS	to COMM. (See p		•	IDS
		control panel displays the ays as 0001. All zeros and		• •	and a 1 in Bi	t 0
	Bit#	0301 FB CMD WORD 1	0	302 FB CMD WORD 2		
	0	STOP	F	BLOCAL_CTL		
	1	START	F	BLOCAL_REF		
	2	REVERSE	S	TART_DISABLE1		
	3	LOCAL	S	TART_DISABLE2		
	4	RESET	R	teserved		
	5	EXT2	R	teserved		
	6	RUN_DISABLE	N	OTOR_HEAT		
	7	STPMODE_R	R	teserved		
	8	STPMODE_EM	R	teserved		
	9	STPMODE_C	R	teserved		
	10	RAMP_2	R	leserved		
	11	RAMP_OUT_0	R	EF_CONST		
	12	RAMP_HOLD	R	EF_AVE		
	13	RAMP_IN_0	L	INK_ON		
	14	REQ_LOCALLOC	R	EQ_STARTINH		
	15	Reserved	C	FF_INTERLOCK		
0302	FB CM	ID WORD 2			-	
		nly copy of the Fieldbus of	command word 2	<b>)</b>		
		parameter 0301 FB CMD		-		

Code	Descri	ption	Range	Resolution	Default	S
0305	FAULT WORD 1			1	0000 hex	
	Read-o	only copy of the Fault w	ord 1.			
		en a fault is active, the c		e active fault is	set in the Fau	ilt
	word	· ·	, ,			
	• Each	n fault has a dedicated	bit allocated within Fa	ult words.		
	• See	chapter Fault tracing of	n page 361 for a desc	ription of the fau	Its.	
		ntrol panel displays the s a 0001. All zeros and			nd a 1 in Bit 0	)
	Bit #	0305 FAULT WORD 1	0306 FAULT WORD	2 0307 FAU	LT WORD 3	
	0	OVERCURRENT	Reserved	EFB 1		
	1	DC OVERVOLT	THERM FAIL	EFB 2		
	2	DEV OVERTEMP	Reserved	EFB 3		
	3	SHORT CIRC	Reserved	INCOMPA	TIBLE SW	
	4 Reserved 5 DC UNDERVOLT		CURR MEAS	USER LOAD CURV		
			SUPPLY PHASE	UNKNOW	N EXTENSION	N
	6	Al1 LOSS	Reserved	INLET VE	RY LOW	
	7	AI2 LOSS	OVERSPEED	OUTLET \	/ERY HIGH	
	8	MOT OVERTEMP	Reserved	INLET LO	W	
	9	PANEL LOSS	DRIVE ID	OUTLET H	HIGH	
	10	Reserved	CONFIG FILE	System er	ror	
	11	MOTOR STALL	SERIAL 1 ERR	System er	ror	
	12	Reserved	EFB CON FILE	System er	ror	
	13	EXT FLT 1	FORCE TRIP	System er	ror	
	14	EXT FLT 2	MOTOR PHASE	System er	ror	
	15	EARTH FAULT	OUTP WIRING	Parameter	setting fault	
306	FAUL	T WORD 2	-	1	0000 hex	
	A16-bi	t data word. For the pos	ssible causes and rem	edies and fieldb	us equivalent	s,
	see ch	apter <i>Fault tracing</i> on p	age 361. See parame	ter 0305 FAULT	WORD 1.	

see chapter Fault tracing on page 361. See parameter 0305 FAULT WORD 1.

			Group 03: FB acti	ıal signals			
Code	Descri	ption	Range		Resolution	Default	S
0308		M WORD 1	-		1	0000 hex	
	Read-c	only copy of the	ne ALARM WORD 1.				
			tive, the corresponding	bit for the a	ctive fault is	set in the Fau	ult
	word		,	,			
	• Each	words.					
	• Bits	remain set ur	itil the whole alarm wor	d is reset. (F	Reset by writi	ing zero to the	Э
	word	,					
		•	displays the word in he				it 0
	corre	espona to uuc	1. All zeros and a 1 in	Bit 15 corres	spona to 800	00.	
	Bit#	0308 ALARN	I WORD 1	0309 AL	ARM WORD 2		
	0	OVERCURR	ENT	OFF BUT	ΓΤΟΝ		
	1	OVERVOLTA	AGE	PID SLEI	EP		
	2	UNDERVOL	TAGE	Reserved	d		
	3	DIRLOCK		OVERRII	DE		
	4	I/O COMM		START E	NABLE 1 MIS	SING	
	5	Al1 LOSS		START E	NABLE 2 MIS	SING	
	6	AI2 LOSS		EMERGE	ENCY STOP		
	7	PANEL LOSS	6	Reserved	d		
	8	DEVICE OVE	ERTEMP	FIRST S	TART		
	9	MOT OVERT	EMP	Reserved	b		
	10	UNDERLOA	D	USER LO	DAD CURVE		
	11	MOTOR STA	LL	START D	ELAY		
	12	AUTORESE	Γ	Reserved			
	13	PFA AUTOCI	_	INLET LO			
	14	PFA INTERL	OCK	INLET H			
	15	Reserved		PIPE FIL	L		
0309	AI AR	M WORD 2	-		1	0000 hex	
			ne ALARM WORD 3.		•		
			808 ALARM WORD 1.				
0310	+	M WORD 3	-		1	0000 hex	
			For the possible causes	s and remed	es and fieldr		ts
			acing on page 361.	ana romoa	ioo ana noias	ouo oquivaion	ιο,
		•	et by resetting the who	le alarm wor	rd: Write zero	to the word.	
	1		· •				
		<b>Bit #</b>	INLET VERY LOW				

OUTLET VERY HIGH

Reserved

2...15

# Group 04: Fault history

This group stores a recent history of the faults reported by the drive.

		Group 04: Fault history	,					
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S			
0401	LAST FAULT	Fault code text	1	0				
	0 = Clear the fault history	(on panel = NO RECORD	).					
	n = Fault code of the last	recorded fault.						
	the fault codes and nar	ayed as a name. See chapt mes. The fault name shown g name in the fault listing, wl lay.	for this paramete	er may be sh	orter			
0402	FAULT TIME 1	Date dd.mm.yy /	1	0				
		power-on days						
	1	t fault occurred. Either as:						
	A date – if real time clo	, ,						
		fter power on – if real time of			set.			
0403	FAULT TIME 2	Time hh:mm:ss	2 s	0				
		t fault occurred. Either as:						
	Real time, in format hh:mm:ss – if real time clock is operating.							
	The time since power on (less the whole days reported in parameter 0402 FAULT TIME 1), in format hh:mm:ss – if real time clock is not used, or was not set.							
	(minus the whole days st	rol panel: Time elapsed afte rated by signal <i>0402 FAULT</i> equals 17 minutes and 8 se	TIME 1). 30 tick	s = 60 secor				
0404	SPEED AT FLT	-	1 rpm	0				
	The motor speed (rpm) a	t the time the last fault occu	ırred.					
0405	FREQ AT FLT	-	0.1 Hz	0.0				
	The frequency (Hz) at the	e time the last fault occurred	d.					
0406	VOLTAGE AT FLT	-	0.1 V	0.0				
	The DC bus voltage (V) a	at the time the last fault occ	urred.					
0407	CURRENT AT FLT	-	0.1 A	0.0				
	The motor current (A) at	the time the last fault occur	red.					
0408	TORQUE AT FLT	-	0.1%	0.0				
	The motor torque (%) at	the time the last fault occur	red.					
0409	Reserved for future us	e						
0412	PREVIOUS FAULT 1	Fault code text	1	0				
	Fault code of the second	last fault. Read-only						
0413	PREVIOUS FAULT 2	Fault code text	1	0				
	Fault code of the third las	st fault. Read-only.						
0414	DI 1-5 AT FLT							
	Status of digital inputs DI <b>Example:</b> 10000 = DI1 is	15 at the time the latest for on, DI2DI5 are off.	ault occurred (bi	nary).				

# Group 10: Start/Stop/Dir

#### This group:

- Defines external sources (EXT1, and EXT2) for commands that enable start, stop and direction changes.
- Locks direction or enables direction control. To select between the two external locations use the next group, parameter 1102 EXT1/EXT2 SEL.

	Gro	up 10: Start/Stop	/Dir		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
1001	EXT1 COMMANDS	034	1	1	✓
	Defines external control local direction commands.	tion 1 (EXT1) – the c	configuration of start	, stop and	
	0 = NOT SEL - No external s 1 = DI1 - Two-wire Start/Stop • Start/Stop is through dig	p.			d =
	Stop). • Parameter 1003 DIREC is the same as 1003 = 1	TION defines the dir (fwd).	•		
	<ul><li>2 = DI1, 2 – Two-wire Start/S</li><li>Start/Stop is through dig Stop).</li></ul>		ctivated = Start; DI1	de-activate	d =
	Direction control (require DI2 (DI2 activated = Re-	verse; de-activated =	3 (request)) is thro Forward).	ugh digital ir	nput
	3 = DI1P, 2P – Three-wire St • Start/Stop commands a "pulse").	•	ry push-buttons (the	P stands fo	or
	Start is through a norma to start the drive, the dig     Connect multiple Start p	gital input 2 must be	activated prior the p	l input 1. In o ulse in 1.	order
	<ul><li>Stop is through a norma</li><li>Connect multiple Stop p</li></ul>	ally closed push-butto oush-buttons in series	on connected to digi s.	•	
	Parameter 1003 DIREC (REQUEST) is the same	e as 1003 = 1 (FWD)	).	003 = 3	
	<ul><li>4 = DI1P, 2P, 3 – Three-wire</li><li>Start/Stop commands at DI1P, 2P.</li></ul>			described fo	or
	Direction control (require input DI3 (DI3 activated)			hrough digit	al

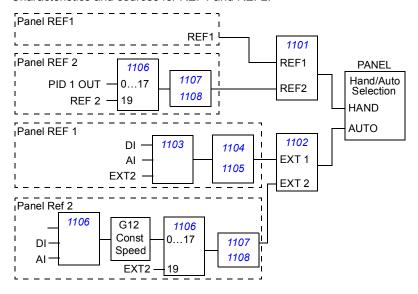
	Group	10: Start/Stop/Di	r		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
	5 = DI1P, 2P, 3P – Start Forwa	rd, Start Reverse, and	d Stop.		
	<ul> <li>Start and Direction comma momentary push-buttons</li> </ul>	the P stands for "puls	se").	•	
	<ul> <li>Start Forward command is digital input DI1. To start the the pulse in DI1.</li> </ul>	through a normally one drive, the digital inp	ppen push-button out DI3 must be a	connected to activated duri	ng
	<ul> <li>Start Reverse command is digital input DI2. To start the pulse in DI2.</li> </ul>				
	<ul><li>Connect multiple Start pus</li><li>Stop is through a normally</li></ul>		connected to digit	tal input DI3.	
	Connect multiple Stop pus				
	Requires parameter 1003				
	8 = KEYPAD – Control Panel.				
	<ul> <li>Start/Stop and Direction of active.</li> </ul>	Ü	·	el when EXT	l is
	Direction control requires				
	9 = DI1F, 2R - Start/Stop/Direct			combinations	
	<ul> <li>Start forward = DI1 activat</li> <li>Start reverse = DI1 de-act</li> </ul>				
	Stop = both DI1 and DI2 a				
	Requires parameter 1003	·	ouvatou.		
	10 = COMM – Assigns the field and direction commands.	,	as the source for	the start/stop	)
	<ul> <li>Bits 0,1, 2 of Command wo start/stop and direction co</li> </ul>		FB CMD WORD	1) activates	the
	<ul> <li>See Fieldbus user's manu</li> </ul>	al for detailed instruct	tions.		
	11 = TIMER 1 – Assigns Start/S Timer de-activated = STOF	). See <i>Group 36: Tim</i>	ed functions.	d = START;	
	1214 = TIMER 2 4 – Assig See Timer Function 1 abov	e.			
	20 = DI5 – Start and stop throug according to parameter 100	03 DĬRECTION (settir	ng RÉQUEST = F	FORWARD).	xed
	21 = DI5, 4 – Start and stop thr through digital input DI4. 0 1003 DIRECTION must be	= forward, 1 = reverse	. 0 = stop, 1 = sta e. To control dired	art. Direction ction, parame	eter
	27 = SUPRV1 OVER – Start wh supervision high limit. Stop parameter Group 32: Supe	when the value goes rvision.	below the low lin	nit. See	
	28 = SUPRV1 UNDER – Start below the supervision low I parameter <i>Group 32: Supe</i>	imit. Stop when the va	supervision para alue goes over th	meter 1 goe: e high limit. S	s See
	29 = SUPRV2 OVER - See se		R.		
	30 = SUPRV2 UNDER - See s	election SUPRV1 UN	DER.		
	31 = SUPRV3 OVER – See se	ection SUPRV1 OVE	R.		
	32 = SUPRV3 UNDER – See s				
	33 = SUP1OVER+DI2 - Start a digital input DI2. 0 = forwar DIRECTION setting must b	d. 1 = reverse. To cor	V1 OVER. Direct ntrol direction, par	ion through rameter 1003	3
	34 = SUP1 UDR+DI2 – Start and digital input DI2. 0 = forwar DIRECTION setting must be	nd stop as for SUPRV d, 1 = reverse. To cor	/1 UNDER. Director, particular direction, pa	tion through rameter 1003	3

	Grou	up 10: Start/Stop	/Dir			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
1002	EXT2 COMMANDS	034	1	1	<b>✓</b>	
	Defines external control location 2 (EXT2) – the configuration of start, stop and direction commands.					
	See parameter 1001 EXT1	COMMANDS abov	e.			
1003	DIRECTION	13	1	1	<b>✓</b>	
	Defines the control of motor r	otation direction.				
	1 = FORWARD – Rotation is	fixed in the forward	direction.			
	2 = REVERSE – Rotation is f	ixed in the reverse of	direction.			
	3 = REQUEST – Rotation dire	ection can be chang	ged on command.			

#### Group 11: Reference select

#### This group defines:

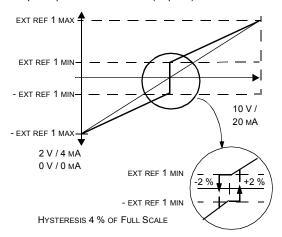
- · How the drive selects between command sources.
- · Characteristics and sources for REF1 and REF2.



	Grou	o 11: Reference se	lect		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
1101	KEYPAD REF SEL	1,2	1	1	
	Selects the reference control	led in local control mo	de.		
	1 = REF1 (Hz/rpm) – Freque 2 = REF2 (%) – %-reference				
1102	EXT1/EXT2 SEL	-512	1	0	✓
	Defines the source for select EXT2. Thus, defines the sour signals.  0 = EXT1 - Selects external • See parameter 1001 EX • See parameter 1103 RE 1 = DI1 - Assigns control to be (DI1 activated = EXT2; DI2DI5 - Assigns coselected digital input. Ser 7 = EXT2 - Selects external • See parameter 1002 EX • See parameter 1106 RE 8 = COMM - Assigns control based on the fieldbus corective external control based on the fieldbus corective external control locative external l	control location 1 (EXCT1 COMMANDS for EF1 SELECT for EXT1 EXT1 or EXT2 based on the location 2 (EXCT2 COMMANDS for EF2 SELECT for EXT2 on the location 2 (EXCT2 COMMANDS for EF2 SELECT for EXT2 of the drive via externitrol word.  In the location (EXT1 or EXT2 of the drive via externitrol word.  In the location (EXT1 or EXT2 of the drive via externitrol word.  In the location (EXT1 or EXT2 to extend the location (EXT1 or EXT2 to extend the location to EXT1 or EXT2 to extend the location to EXT1 or EXT2 to extend the extend the extend to extend the extend th	ction commands a T1). EXT1's Start/Stop/ 's reference definition the state of DI1 T1). T2 based on the state T2). EXT2's Start/Stop/ I's reference definitional control location and control location (EXT1). EXT2 based on the state of EXT1. See Group or EXT2 based on the state of EXT1 or EXT2 based in the state of EXT1 or EXT2 based in the state of EXT1 or EXT2 based in the state (EXT1).	Dir definition itions.  ate of the  Dir definition itions.  ate of the  Dir definition itions.  a EXT1 or EX  2.1) defines the  of the Timer of 36: Timed  the state of of DI1	ess.s.

Selects the signal source for external reference REF1.

- 0 = KEYPAD Defines the control panel as the reference source.
- 1 = Al1 Defines analog input 1 (Al1) as the reference source.
- 2 = Al2 Defines analog input 2 (Al2) as the reference source.
- 3 = AI1/JOYST Defines analog input 1 (AI1), configured for joystick operation, as the reference source.
  - The minimum input signal runs the drive at the maximum reference in the reverse direction. Define the minimum using parameter 1104 REF1 MIN.
  - The maximum input signal runs the drive at maximum reference in the forward direction. Define the maximum using parameter 1105 REF1 MAX.
  - Requires parameter 1103 = 3 (request).



WARNING! Because the low end of the reference range commands full reverse operation, do not use 0 V as the lower end of the reference range. Doing so means that if the control signal is lost (which is a 0 V input) the result is full reverse operation. Instead, use the following set-up so that loss of the analog input triggers a fault, stopping the drive:

- Set parameter 1301 MINIMUM Al1 (1304 MINIMUM Al2) at 20% (2 V or 4 mA).
- Set parameter 3021 AI1 FAULT LIMIT to a value 5% or higher.
- Set parameter 3001 AI<MIN FUNCTION to 1 (FAULT).

	Group	o 11: Reference s	elect		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
	4 = AI2/JOYST – Defines and reference source.	alog input 2 (AI2), co	nfigured for joystick	operation, as	s the
	<ul> <li>See above (AI1/JOYST)</li> </ul>	description.			
	5 = DI3U,4D(R) – Defines dig potentiometer control).			ce (motor	
	<ul> <li>Digital input DI3 increase</li> </ul>				
	Digital input DI4 decreas	. ,	,		
	<ul> <li>Stop command resets th</li> </ul>		•	,	
	<ul> <li>Parameter 2205 ACCEL change.</li> </ul>		Ŭ	il's rate of	
	6 = DI3U,4D - Same as above	ve (DI3U,4D(R)), ex	cept:		
	<ul> <li>A Stop command does r</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>When the drive restarts, the stored reference.</li> </ul>	the motor ramps up	(at the selected acc	celeration rat	e) to
	8 = COMM – Defines the field				
	9 = COMM+AI1 – Defines a f reference source. See Ar	nalog Input Referend	ce Correction below.		
	10 = COMM*AI1 – Defines a reference source. See Ar	fieldbus and analog nalog Input Referend	input 1 (AI1) combi ce Correction below.	nation as the	9
	11 = DI3U, 4D(RNC) – Same	. , ,			
	<ul> <li>Changing the control so does not copy the refere</li> </ul>	ence.`		LOC TO REI	M)
	12 = DI3U,4D(NC) – Same a:	s DI3U,4D above, e	xcept that:		
	<ul> <li>Changing the control so does not copy the refere</li> </ul>		2, EXT2 TO EXT1,	LOC TO REI	M)
	14 = Al1+Al2 – Defines an ar as the reference source.	See Analog Input R	eference Correction	below.	
	15 = AI1*AI2 – Defines an an as the reference source.				tion
	16 = AI1-AI2 – Defines an an as the reference source.				ion
	17 = AI1/AI2 – Defines an an as the reference source.				ion

		Group 11: Reference sele	ct		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S

#### **Analog Input Reference Correction**

Parameter values 9, 10, and 14...17 use the formula in the following table.

Value setting	Calculation of the AI reference
C + B	C value + (B value - 50% of reference value)
C * B	C value * (B value / 50% of reference value)
C - B	(C value + 50% of reference value) - B value
C/B	(C value * 50% of reference value) / B value

#### Where:

- C = Main Reference value (= COMM for values 9, 10 and = 1 for values 14...17).
- B = Correcting reference (= Al1 for values 9, 10 and = AI2 for values 14...17).

# 120 17 (/) 100 80 60 40 20 16 (-) 100%

#### Example:

The figure shows the reference source curves for value

settings 9, 10, and 14...17, where:

- C = 25%.
- Parameter 4012 SETPOINT MIN = 0.
- Parameter 4013 SETPOINT MAX = 0.
- · B varies along the horizontal axis.

#### RFF1 SFI FCT

- 20 = KEYPAD(RNC) Defines the control panel as the reference source. A Stop command resets the reference to zero (R stands for reset.). Changing the control source (EXT1 to EXT2, EXT2 to EXT1) does not copy the reference.
- 21 = KEYPAD(NC) Defines the control panel as the reference source. A Stop command does not reset the reference to zero. The reference is stored. Changing the control source (EXT1 to EXT2, EXT2 to EXT1) does not copy the reference.
- 30 = DI4U.5D See selection DI3U.4D.
- 31 = DI4U,5D(NC) See selection DI3U,4D(NC).
- 32 = FREQ INPUT Frequency input.

Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S
104	REF1 MIN	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	0.0 Hz
	Sets the minimum for ex	ternal reference 1.		
	The minimum analog corresponds to REF1	input signal (as a percent o MIN in Hz/rpm.	of the full signal in	volts or amps)
	<ul> <li>Parameter 1301 MINI input signal.</li> </ul>	MUM AI1 or 1304 MINIMU	MAI2 sets the mi	nimum analog
	These parameters (re offset adjustment for the content of the	ference and analog min. ar he reference.	nd max. settings) p	orovide scale ar
105	REF1 MAX	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	60.0 Hz (US)
				50.0 Hz (EU)
	Sets the maximum for ex	xternal reference 1.		
	The maximum analog corresponds to REF1	input signal (as a percent MAX in Hz/rpm.	of full the signal ir	volts or amps)
	Parameter 1302 MAX input signal.	IMUM AI1 or 1305 MAXIM	UM AI2 sets the n	naximum analog
	Ext ref  1105 (MAX)	1104 (MIN)	Ext ref	
	1104 (MIN)	I Analog 1105 I input signal (MAX)		
		02 or 805	1301 or 1302 1304 130	
106	REF2 SELECT	019	1	19
106	11212 022201	019 e for external reference RE	-	19 ,
106	Selects the signal source  017 – Same as for par		F2. C7.19 = PID1OUT	– The reference
106	Selects the signal source  017 – Same as for pa is taken from the PII	e for external reference RE rameter 1103 REF1 SELEC D1 output. See Group 40: F	F2. CT.19 = PID1OUT Process PID set 1	– The reference
1106	Selects the signal source  017 – Same as for pa is taken from the PII Process PID set 2.	e for external reference RE rameter 1103 REF1 SELECT O1 output. See Group 40: F	EF2. CT.19 = PID1OUT Process PID set 1	– The refere and <i>Group 4</i>

	Gro	oup 11: Reference sele	ect		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
1107	REF2 MIN	0.0 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	
		(torque: 0 600%)			
	Sets the minimum for exte	rnal reference 2.			
	<ul> <li>The minimum analog in</li> </ul>	put signal (in volts or amp	s) corresponds to	REF2 MIN	in %.
	<ul> <li>Parameter 1301 MINIM input signal.</li> </ul>	UM AI1 or 1304 MINIMUN	A AI2 sets the min	nimum analo	g
	<ul> <li>This parameter sets the</li> </ul>	minimum frequency refer	ence.		
	<ul> <li>The value is a percenta</li> </ul>	ge of the:			
	<ul> <li>maximum frequency</li> </ul>	or speed			
	<ul> <li>maximum process re</li> </ul>	ference			
	<ul> <li>nominal torque.</li> </ul>				
1108	REF2 MAX	0.0 100.0%	0.1%	100.0%	
		(torque: 0 600%)			
	Sets the maximum for exte	ernal reference 2.			
	<ul> <li>The maximum analog ir %.</li> </ul>	nput signal (in volts or amp	os) corresponds t	o REF2 MAX	K in
	<ul> <li>Parameter 1302 MAXIN input signal.</li> </ul>	MUM AI1 or 1305 MAXIMU	IM AI2 sets the m	naximum ana	alog
	<ul> <li>This parameter sets the</li> </ul>	maximum frequency refe	rence.		
	<ul> <li>The value is a percenta</li> </ul>	ge of the:			
	<ul> <li>maximum frequency</li> </ul>	or speed			
	<ul> <li>maximum process re</li> </ul>	ference			
	<ul> <li>nominal torque</li> </ul>				

### Group 12: Constant speeds

This group defines a set of constant speeds. In general:

- You can program up to 7 constant speeds, ranging from 0 ... 500 Hz.
- Values must be positive (No negative speed values for constant speeds).
- · Constant speed selections are ignored if:
  - the torque control is active, or
  - the process PID reference is followed, or
  - the drive is in local control mode, or
  - PFA (Pump and fan alternation) is active

**Note:** Parameter 1208 CONST SPEED 7 acts also as a so-called fault speed which may be activated if the control signal is lost. For example, see parameters 3001 AI<MIN FUNCTION, 3002 PANEL COMM ERR and 3018 COMM FAULT FUNC.

	Gro	up 12: Constant sp	eeds		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
1201	CONST SPEED SEL	-1319	1	3	✓

Defines the digital inputs used to select Constant speeds. See general comments in the introduction.

- 0 = NOT SEL Disables the constant speed function.
- 1 = DI1 Selects Constant speed 1 with digital input 1.
  - Digital input activated = Constant speed 1 activated.
- 2...5 = DI2...DI5 Selects Constant speed 1 with digital input DI2...DI5.
- 7 = DI1,2 Selects one of three Constant speeds (1...3) using DI1 and DI2.
  - Uses two digital inputs, as defined below (0 = DI de-activated, 1 = DI activated):

DI1	DI2	Function
0	0	No constant speed
1	0	Constant speed 1 (1202)
0	1	Constant speed 2 (1203)
1	1	Constant speed 3 (1204)

- Can be set up as a so-called fault speed, which is activated if the control signal is lost. Refer to parameter 3001 AI<MIN FUNCTION and parameter 3002 PANEL COMM ERR.
- 8 = DI2.3 Selects one of three Constant speeds (1...3) using DI2 and DI3.
  - · See DI1,2 for code.
- 9 = DI3,4 Selects one of three Constant speeds (1...3) using DI3 and DI4.
  - · See DI1.2 for code.
- 10 = DI4.5 Selects one of three Constant speeds (1...3) using 4 and 5.
  - · See DI1,2 for code.
- 12 = DI1,2,3 Selects one of seven Constant speeds (1...7) using DI1, DI2 and DI3.
  - Uses three digital inputs, as defined below (0 = DI de-activated, 1 = DI activated):

DI1	DI2	DI3	Function	
0	0	0	No constant speed	
1	0	0	Constant speed 1 (1202)	
0	1	0	Constant speed 2 (1203)	
1	1	0	Constant speed 3 (1204)	
0	0	1	Constant speed 4 (1205)	
1	0	1	Constant speed 5 (1206)	
0	1	1	Constant speed 6 (1207)	
1	1	1	Constant speed 7 (1208)	

13 = DI3,4,5 - Selects one of seven Constant speeds (1...7) using DI3, DI4 and DI5.

See DI1.2.3 for code.

	Group 12: Constant speeds									
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S					
	TIMER 1), timer 3 (if t	ts constant speed 1, con on the state of, eg, timer the parameter value is 1, rameter 1209 and Group	· 1 (if the parameter 7 = TIMER 3) etc, a	r value is 15 and the cons						

1201 =	15	16	17	18	Reference		
Timer:	1	2	3	4	1209 = 1	1209 = 2	
Timer	0				External reference	Constant speed 1	
State	1				Constant speed 1	Constant speed 2	

- 19 = TIMER 1 & 2 Selects a constant speed or the external reference depending on the state of timers 1 and 2 and the constant speed mode. See parameter 1209 and Group 36: Timed functions.
- -1 = DI1(INV) Selects Constant speed 1 with digital input DI1.
  - Inverse operation: Digital input de-activated = Constant speed 1 activated.
- -2 ... 5 = DI2(INV)...DI5(INV) Selects Constant speed 1 with digital input.
- -7 = DI1,2(INV) Selects one of three Constant speeds (1...3) using DI1 and DI2.
  - Inverse operation uses two digital inputs, as defined below (0 = DI de-activated, 1 = DI activated):

DI1	DI2	Function			
1	1	No constant speed			
0	1	Constant speed 1 (1202)			
1	0	Constant speed 2 (1203)			
0	0	Constant speed 3 (1204)			

- -8 = DI2,3(INV) Selects one of three Constant speeds (1...3) using DI2 and DI3.
  - See above (DI1,2(INV)) for code.
- -9 = DI3,4(INV) Selects one of three Constant speeds (1...3) using DI3 and DI4.
  - See above (DI1,2(INV)) for code.
- -10 = DI4,5(INV) Selects one of three Constant speeds (1...3) using DI4 and DI5.
  - See above (DI1,2(INV)) for code.

			Group	12: Constant spee	ds				
Code	Description	on		Range	Resolution	Default S			
	DI3. • Inver	, ,	on uses t	one of seven constant	. , ,				
	DI1	DI2	DI3	Function					
	1	1	1	No constant speed					
	0	1	1	Constant speed 1 (1202)					
	1	0	1	Constant speed 2 (1203)					
	0	0	1	Constant speed 3 (1204	)				
	1	1	1 0 Constant speed 4 (1205)						
	0 1 0 Constant speed 5 (1206)								
	1 0 0 Constant speed 6 (1207)								
	0	0	0	Constant speed 7 (1208)					
1202	DI5.	above (DI	1,2,3(INV	one of seven constant  (i)) for code.  0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	6.0 (US)			
	Defines co	onstant sp	eed 1 (dr	ive output frequency).					
1203	CONST	SPEED 2	2	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	12.0			
	Defines co	onstant sp	eed 2 (dr	ive output frequency).					
1204	CONST	SPEED 3	3	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	18.0			
	Defines co	onstant sp	eed 3 (dr	ive output frequency).					
1205	CONST	SPEED 4	ŀ	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	24.0			
	Defines co	onstant sp	eed 4 (dr	ive output frequency).					
1206	CONST	SPEED 5	5	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	30.0			
	Defines co	onstant sp	eed 5 (dr	ive output frequency).					
1207	CONST	SPEED 6	6	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	48.0			
	Defines co	onstant sp	eed 6 (dr	ive output frequency).					
1208	CONST	SPEED 7	,	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	60.0			
	Defines co	onstant sp	eed 7 (dr	ive output frequency).					

		Group 12: (	Constant s	peeds						
Code	Description		Range	Resolution	Default	S				
1209	TIMED MODE S	EL .	12	1	2	✓				
	Defines timer activated, constant speed mode. Timer can be used to change between external reference and a maximum of three constant speeds, or to change between a maximum of 4 selectable speeds, in other words, constant speeds 1,2,3 and 4.  1 = EXT/CS1/2/3 – Selects an external speed when no timer is active, selects Constant speed 1 when Timer 1 is active, selects Constant speed 2 when Timer 2 is active and selects Constant speed 3 when both Timers 1 and 2 are active.									
	TIMER1 TIMER2 Function									
	0	0	External refer	rence						
	1	0	Constant spe	ed 1 (1202)						
	0	1	Constant spe	ed 2 (1203)						
	1	1	Constant spe	ed 3 (1204)						
	speed 2 when		, selects Con	n no timer is active, se stant speed 3 when lare active.						
	TIMER1	TIMER2	Function							
	0	0	Constant spec	ed 1 (1202)						
	1	0	Constant spec	ed 2 (1203)						
	0	1	Constant spec	ed 3 (1204)						

Constant speed 4 (1205)

1

# ■ Group 13: Analogue inputs

This group defines the limits and the filtering for analog inputs.

	Gre	oup 13։ Analogue inբ	outs						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S					
1301	MINIMUM AI1	-100.0 100.0%	0.1%	20.0%					
	Defines the minimum valu	e of the analog input.							
	Define value as a percent of the full analog signal range. See example below.								
	<ul> <li>The minimum analog in 1107 REF2 MIN.</li> </ul>	put signal corresponds to	o parameter 1104	REF1 MIN or					
	<ul> <li>MINIMUM AI cannot be</li> </ul>	greater than MAXIMUM	AI.						
	<ul> <li>These parameters (refe offset adjustment for the</li> </ul>	· ·	nd max. settings)	provide scale and					
	See figure at parameter	1104 REF1 MIN.							
	Example: To set the minir	num analog input value	to 4 mA:						
	Configure the analog in	put for 0 20 mA curre	nt signal.						
	• Calculate the minimum (20 mA) = 4 mA / 20 mA		ull range						
1302	MAXIMUM AI1	-100.0 100.0%	0.1%	20.0%					
	Defines the maximum value	ue of the analog input.							
	Define value as a percent of the full analog signal range.								
	<ul> <li>The maximum analog in MAX.</li> </ul>	nput signal corresponds	to 1105 REF1 MA	X or 1108 REF2					
	See figure at parameter	1104 REF1 MIN.							
1303	FILTER AI1	0.0 10.0 s	0.1 s	0.1 s					
	Defines the filter time consinput 1 (Al1).	stant for analog %	<b>†</b>	Unfiltered signal					
	The filtered signal reach change within the time :	. 100	+ -						
		63	+	Filtered sinus					
			/¦	Filtered signal					
				t					
			Time constant	<b></b>					
1001	MINUMALINA A IO	400.0 400.00/		20.00/					
1304	MINIMUM AI2	100.0 100.0%	0.1%	20.0%					
	Defines the minimum valu	• .							
1305	• See parameter 1301 M	-100.0 100.0%	0.1%	100.0%					
1305	MAXIMUM AI2		0.176	100.0%					
	Defines the maximum value	<b>.</b>							
4000	• See parameter 1302 M.		0.4 -	0.4 =					
1306	FILTER AI2	0.0 10.0 s	0.1 s	0.1 s					
	<ul><li>Defines the filter time cons</li><li>See parameter 1303 FI</li></ul>		AIZ).						

# Group 14: Relay outputs

This group defines the condition that activates each of the relay outputs.

	G	roup 14: Relay out	puts							
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S					
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	069	1	1						
	Defines the event or cond	lition that activates rela	y 1 – what relay out	put 1 means.						
	0 = NOT SEL – Relay is r									
	1 = READY – Energize re		y to function. Require	es:						
	<ul><li>Run enable signal pr</li><li>No faults exist.</li></ul>	esent.								
	Supply voltage is wit	hin range.								
	Emergency Stop con	nmand is not on.								
	2 = RUN – Energize relay	when the drive is runr	ning.							
	3 = FAULT (-1) – Energize occurs.	e relay when power is a	applied. De-energize	s when a fau	ilt					
		4 = FAULT – Energize relay when a fault is active.								
		5 = ALARM – Energize relay when an alarm is active.								
	6 = REVERSED – Energi									
	7 = STARTED – Energize relay when drive receives a start command (even if Run Enable signal is not present). De-energized relay when drive receives a stop command or a fault occurs.									
	8 = SUPRV1 OVER – Energize relay when first supervised parameter (3201) exceeds the limit (3203).									
	See <i>Group 32: Supervision</i> starting on page 212.									
	9 = SUPRV1 UNDER – Energize relay when first supervised parameter (3201) drops below the limit (3202).									
	See Group 32: Supe									
	10 = SUPRV2 OVER – Energize relay when second supervised parameter (3204) exceeds the limit (3206).									
		<ul> <li>See Group 32: Supervision starting on page 212.</li> </ul>								
	11 = SUPRV2 UNDER – Energize relay when second supervised parameter (3204) drops below the limit (3205).									
	See Group 32: Supe									
	12 = SUPRV3 OVER – En exceeds the limit (320	79).		eter (3207)						
	See Group 32: Supe									
	13 = SUPRV3 UNDER – drops below the limit	( <b>3208</b> ).		neter (3207)						
	See Group 32: Supe									
	14 = AT SET POINT – En reference frequency.									
	15 = FAULT (RST) – Ener after the programmed	gize relay when the dri I auto-reset delay.	ive is in a fault condit	tion and will r	eset					
	See parameter 3103									
	16 = FLT/ALARM – Energ									
	17 = EXT CTRL – Energia									
	18 = REF 2 SEL – Energi 19 = CONST FREQ– Ene			tod						
	19 - CONST FREQ-ENG	ayıze relay wileli a cor	istant speed is selec	i <del>c</del> u.						

		(	Froup 14:	Relay ou	ıtputs					
Code	Description			Range	Re	solutio	n Defa	ult S		
	<ul> <li>20 = REF LOSS - Energize relay when reference or active control place is lost.</li> <li>21 = OVERCURRENT - Energize relay when an overcurrent alarm or fault occurs.</li> <li>22 = OVERVOLTAGE - Energize relay when an overvoltage alarm or fault occurs.</li> <li>23 = DRIVE TEMP - Energize relay when a drive overtemperature alarm or fault occurs.</li> <li>24 = UNDERVOLTAGE - Energize relay when an undervoltage alarm or fault occurs.</li> <li>25 = Al1 LOSS - Energize relay when Al1 signal is lost.</li> <li>26 = Al2 LOSS - Energize relay when Al2 signal is lost.</li> <li>27 = MOTOR TEMP - Energize relay when a motor overtemperature alarm or fault occurs.</li> <li>28 = STALL - Energize relay when a stall alarm or fault exists.</li> <li>30 = PID SLEEP - Energize relay when the PID sleep function is active.</li> <li>31 = PFA - Use relay to start/stop motor in PFA control (See <i>Group 81: PFA control</i>) • Use this option only when PFA control is used.</li> <li>• Selection activated / deactivated when drive is not running.</li> <li>32 = AUTOCHANGE - Energize relay when the PFA autochange operation is performed.</li> <li>• Use this option only when PFA control is used.</li> <li>33 = FLUX READY - Energize relay when the motor is magnetized and able to supp nominal torque (motor has reached nominal magnetizing).</li> <li>34 = USER MACRO S2 - Energize relay when User Parameter Set 2 is active.</li> <li>35 = COMM - Energize relay based on input from fieldbus communication.</li> <li>• Fieldbus writes binary code in parameter 0134 COMM RO WORD that can energizes relay 1relay 4 according to the following:</li> </ul>									
	Parameter 0134	Binary	RO4 (MREL)	RO3 (MREL)	RO2 (MREL)	DO	RO1			
	0	00000	0	0	0	0	0			
	1	00001	0	0	0	0	1			
	2									
	3									
	4	00100	0	0	1	0	0			
	530									
	31	11111	1	1	1	1	1	4		

• 0 = De-energize relay, 1 = Energize relay.

	C=	44. D	alay aytı	to			
Decemention	Gre	oup 14: R			14:	Defeult	
	1) – Energize						S
Fieldbus writes binary code in parameter 0134 that can energizes relay 1relay 4 according to the following:							
Parameter 0134	Binary	RO4 (MREL)	RO3 (MREL)	RO2 (MREL)	DO	RO1	
0	00000	1	1	1	1	1	
1	00001	1	1	1	1	0	
2	00010	1	1	1	0	1	
3	00011	1	1	1	0	0	
4	00100	1	1	0	1	1	
530							
31	11111	0	0	0	0	0	
<ul> <li>0 = De-energize relay, 1 = Energize relay.</li> <li>37 = TIMER 1 - Energize relay when timer 1 is activated. See <i>Group 36: Timed functions</i>.</li> <li>3840 = TIMER 24 - Energize relay when Timer 24 is active. See TIMER 1 above.</li> <li>41 = MNT TRIG FAN - Energize relay when cooling fan counter is triggered. See <i>Group 29: Maintenance trig</i>.</li> <li>42 = MNT TRIG REV - Energize relay when revolutions counter is triggered. See <i>Group 29: Maintenance trig</i>.</li> <li>43 = MNT TRIG RUN - Energize relay when run time counter is triggered. See <i>Group 29: Maintenance trig</i>.</li> <li>44 = MNT TRIG MWH - Energize relay when power consumption counter is triggered See <i>Group 29: Maintenance trig</i>.</li> <li>45 = OVERRIDE - Energize relay when override is activated.</li> <li>46 = START DELAY- Energize relay when a start delay is active.</li> <li>47 = USER LOAD C - Energize relay when a user load curve fault or alarm occurs.</li> <li>53 = PIPE FILL - Energize relay when pipe fill is active. See parameter <i>4421 PIPEFILL ENABLE</i>.</li> <li>54 = PROFILE HIGH - Energize relay when the internal status signal PROFILE HIGH is set to 1. See parameter <i>4418 APPL PROFILE CTL</i>.</li> <li>55 = INLET PROT - Energize relay when INLET PROT is triggered. See parameter <i>4401 INLET PROT CTRL</i>.</li> <li>56 = OUTLET PROT - Energize relay when OUTLET PROT is triggered. See parameter <i>4409 OUTLET PROT CTRL</i>.</li> <li>69 = MOT. HEATING - Energize relay when motor heating is triggered. See paramete <i>2104 DC HOLD CTL</i>.</li> <li>RELAY OUTPUT 2 069 1 2</li> <li>Defines the event or condition that activates relay 2 - what relay output 2 means.</li> </ul>							e e Group
55 = INLET PI 4401 INLE 56 = OUTLET parameter 69 = MOT. HE 2104 DC I	See parame ROT – Energi ET PROT CTI PROT – Ener 4409 OUTLI ATING – Ener HOLD CTL.  TPUT 2	ter 4418 ÅI tze relay when the relay when the relay when the relay rel	PPL PROF. nen INLET when OUT CTRL. when moto	ILE CTL. PROT is tri LET PROT r heating is	iggered.  is triggered triggered	I PROFILE I See parame ered. See d. See parar 2	HIGH eter meter
55 = INLET PI 4401 INLE 56 = OUTLET parameter 69 = MOT. HE 2104 DC I RELAY OUT Defines the ev	See parame ROT – Energi ET PROT CTI PROT – Ene 4409 OUTLI ATING – Ene HOLD CTL. PUT 2 vent or conditi eter 1401 RE	ter 4418 ÅI ize relay wh rRL. irgize relay eT PROT C rgize relay  0. ion that acti LAY OUTPI	when OUT CTRL. when moto 69 ivates relay	ILE CTL. PROT is tri LET PROT r heating is	iggered. is triggered triggered	I PROFILE H See parame ered. See d. See param  2 put 2 means n MREL-01).	HIGH eter meter
55 = INLET PI 4401 INLE 56 = OUTLET parameter 69 = MOT. HE 2104 DC I RELAY OUT Defines the ev	See parame ROT – Energiet PROT CT/ PROT – Energiet 4409 OUTLI ATING – Energiet POLD CTL. PUT 2 Vent or conditional PUT 3  PUT 3	ter 4418 ÅI ize relay where RL. irgize relay TROT or gize relay  0. ion that acti LAY OUTPO 0.	when OUT TRL. when moto 69 ivates relay UT 1 (Relay	ILE CTL. PROT is tri LET PROT r heating is  1 2 – what r y Output 2	is triggered.  triggered  triggered  telay out only with	I PROFILE H See parametered. See d. See parametered. See put 2 means in MREL-01).	HIGH eter meter
	• Fieldbus 4 accordi  Parameter 0134  0  1  2  3  4  530  31  • 0 = De-ei 37 = TIMER 1 functions. 3840 = TIM above. 41 = MNT TRI Group 29: 42 = MNT TRI Group 29: 43 = MNT TRI 29: Mainte 44 = MNT TRI See Grou, 45 = OVERRI 46 = START E 47 = USER LC 53 = PIPE FIL PIPEFILL	36 = COMM(-1) - Energize     Fieldbus writes binary     4 according to the folio    Parameter	36 = COMM(-1) – Energize relay base           Fieldbus writes binary code in part 4 according to the following:           Parameter 0134         Binary (MREL)           0         00000           1         00001           2         00010           3         00011           4         00100           530            31         11111           0         • 0 = De-energize relay, 1 = Energize relay when the functions.           3840 = TIMER 1 - Energize relay when the functions.           3840 = TIMER 24 - Energize relay Group 29: Maintenance trig.           41 = MNT TRIG FAN - Energize relay Group 29: Maintenance trig.           42 = MNT TRIG REV - Energize relay Group 29: Maintenance trig.           43 = MNT TRIG MUN - Energize relay See Group 29: Maintenance trig.           44 = MNT TRIG MWH - Energize relay See Group 29: Maintenance trig.           45 = OVERRIDE - Energize relay when the functions.           46 = START DELAY - Energize relay when the functions.           47 = USER LOAD C - Energize relay when the functions.           48 = PIME FILL - Energize relay when the functions.	36 = COMM(-1) - Energize relay based on input Fieldbus writes binary code in parameter 01: 4 according to the following:  RO4 RO3 (MREL)  0 0134 RO3 (MREL)  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	36 = COMM(-1) - Energize relay based on input from fieldby Fieldbus writes binary code in parameter 0134 that can 4 according to the following:    Parameter	36 = COMM(-1) - Energize relay based on input from fieldbus comm  Fieldbus writes binary code in parameter 0134 that can energize 4 according to the following:  Parameter Binary RO4 (MREL) (MREL) DO (MREL)  0 00000 1 1 1 1 1 1  1 00001 1 1 1 1 0  3 00011 1 1 1 0  4 00100 1 1 1 1 0  530  31 11111 0 0 0 0 0  • 0 = De-energize relay, 1 = Energize relay.  37 = TIMER 1 - Energize relay when timer 1 is activated. See Group functions.  3840 = TIMER 24 - Energize relay when Timer 24 is active. See above.  41 = MNT TRIG FAN - Energize relay when revolutions counter is treating Group 29: Maintenance trig.  42 = MNT TRIG REV - Energize relay when run time counter is treating Group 29: Maintenance trig.  43 = MNT TRIG RUN - Energize relay when power consumption counter See Group 29: Maintenance trig.  44 = MNT TRIG MWH - Energize relay when a start delay is active.  45 = OVERRIDE - Energize relay when a start delay is active.  47 = USER LOAD C - Energize relay when a user load curve fault of	36 = COMM(-1) – Energize relay based on input from fieldbus communication.  Fieldbus writes binary code in parameter 0134 that can energizes relay 1 4 according to the following:    Parameter

• See parameter 1401 RELAY OUTPUT 1 (Relay Output 3 only with MREL-01).

	Gr	oup 14: Relay output	ts				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S			
1404	RO 1 ON DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	0.1 s	0.0 s			
	Defines the switch-on delay	/ for					
	relay 1.	Control event -	<b>-</b>	<u> </u>			
	On / off delays are ignore		1	1			
	relay output of paramete  RELAY OUTPUT 1 is set	4-	;	<del>-                                    </del>			
	PFA.	Relay status -	<del></del>	<del>                                   </del>			
			1404	1405			
1405	RO 1 OFF DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	0.1 s	0.0 s			
	Defines the switch-off delay	for relay 1.					
	• On / off delays are ignored when relay output of parameter 1401 RELAY OUTPUT 1						
	is set to PFA.						
1406	RO 2 ON DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	0.1 s	0.0 s			
	Defines the switch-on delay for relay 2.						
	See parameter 1404 RO 1 ON DELAY.						
1407	RO 2 OFF DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	0.1 s	0.0 s			
	Defines the switch-on delay for relay 2.						
	See parameter 1405 RO						
1408	RO 3 ON DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	0.1 s	0.0 s			
	Defines the switch-on delay for relay 3.						
	See parameter 1404 RO						
1409	RO 3 OFF DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	0.1 s	0.0 s			
	Switch-off delay for relay 3.						
1110	See parameter 1405 RO						
1410	RELAY OUTPUT 4	069	1	0			
	Defines the event or condition that activates relay 4 – what relay output 4 means.  • See parameter 1401 RELAY OUTPUT 1. (Relay Output 2 only with MREL-01)						
	· ·	•					
1413	RO 4 ON DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	0.1 s	0.0 s			
	Defines the switch-on delay	•					
4444	See parameter 1404 RO		0.4 -	0.0 -			
1414	RO 4 OFF DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	0.1 s	0.0 s			
	Defines the switch-off delay	,					
	See parameter 1405 RO	1 OFF DELAY.					

#### Group 15: Analogue outputs

This group defines the drive's analog (current signal) outputs. The drive's analog outputs can be:

- · Any parameter of Group 01: Operating data.
- · Limited to programmable minimum and maximum values of output current.
- Scaled (and/or inverted) by defining the minimum and maximum values of the source parameter (or content). Defining an maximum value (parameter 1503 AO1 CONTENT MAX) that is less than the content minimum value (parameter 1502 AO1 CONTENT MIN) results in an inverted output.
- Filtered.

	Group 15: Analogue outputs						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
1501	AO1 CONTENT SEL	0178	1	103			
	Connects a drive signal to a	analog output AO.					
	• Parameter index in <i>Group 01: Operating data</i> . For example, 102 = <i>0102 SPEED</i> .						
1502	AO1 CONTENT MIN	Depends on selection	-	0.0			
	Sets the minimum content value.  • Content is the parameter selected by parameter 1501 AO1 CONTENT SEL.	AO (mA)		 			
	Minimum value refers to the minimum content value that will be converted to an analog output.	1504	2 15	I I AO CONT I 03	ENT		
	These parameters (content and current min. and max. settings) provide scale and offset adjustment for the output. See the figure.	1505 AO (mA					
		1504		AO CONT	ENT		
		150	3	1502			

	Gro	up 15: Analogue outp	uts			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
1503	AO1 CONTENT MAX	Depends on selection	-	60.0		
	Sets the maximum conten	t value				
	Content is the parameter selected by parameter 1501 AO1 CONTENT SEL.					
	Maximum value refers to the maximum content value that will be converted to an					
	analog output.					
1504	MINIMUM AO1	0.0 20.0 mA	0.1 mA	4.0 mA		
	Sets the minimum output	current.				
1505	MAXIMUM AO1	0.0 20.0 mA	0.1 mA	20.0 mA		
	Sets the maximum output	current.				
1506	FILTER AO1	0 10 s	0.1 s	0.1 s		
	Defines the filter time constant for AO1.					
	The filtered signal reaches 63% of a step change within the time specified.					
	See the figure in param	eter 1303 FILTER AI1.				

## ■ Group 16: System controls

This group defines a variety of system level locks, resets and enables.

	Grou	ıp 16: System con	trols		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
1601	RUN ENABLE	-57	1	0	<b>✓</b>
	Selects the source of the rule	n enable signal.			
	0 = NOT SEL – Allows the d 1 = DI1 – Defines digital inpu • This digital input must I • If the voltage drops and and not start until the ri 25 = DI2DI5 – Defines d • See DI1 above. 7 = COMM – Assigns the fiesignal. • Bit 6 of the Command or run disable signal. • See fieldbus user's ma -1 = DI1(INV) – Defines an i • This digital input must I • If this digital input activenable signal resumes25 = DI2(INV)DI5(INV enable signal. • See DI1(INV) above.	ut DI1 as the run ena be activated for run end de-activates this digun enable signal resudigital input DI2DI5 eldbus Command worword 1 (parameter 03 nual for detailed instruverted digital input 1 be de-activated for ruates, the drive will control of the activated for ruates, the drive will control of the activated for ruates, the drive will control of the activated for ruates, the drive will control of the activated for ruates, the drive will control of the activated for ruates.	ble signal. nable. pital input, the drive of mes. as the run enable s d as the source for the control of the co	will coast to signal. the run enable 1) activates signal.	ole the

	Group	o 16: System cont	rols				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
1602	PARAMETER LOCK	02	1	1			
	Determines if the control pan-	el can change param	eter values.				
	This lock does not limit par	ameter changes mad	le by macros.				
	This lock does not limit par	ameter changes writt	ten by fieldbus inpu	uts.			
	This parameter value can be parameter 1603 PASS CO.		e correct pass code	e is entered.	See		
	<ul><li>0 = LOCKED – You cannot us</li><li>The lock can be opened CODE.</li></ul>	•	• .		ASS		
	1 = OPEN – You can use the 2 = NOT SAVED – You can u they are not stored in per	se the control panel to manent memory.	to change paramet	er values, bu			
	Set parameter 1607 PAF values to memory.	,			r		
1603	PASS CODE	065535	1	0			
	Entering the correct pass code allows you to change the parameter lock.						
	See parameter 1602 PARAMETER LOCK above.						
	Code 358 allows you to ch	ange the value of the	parameter 1602 F	PARAMETER	?		
	LOCK once.						
1001	This entry reverts back to 0						
1604	FAULT RESET SEL	-57	1	0			
	Selects the source for the fault reset signal. The signal resets the drive after a fault trip if the cause of the fault no longer exists.						
	0 = KEYPAD – Defines the control panel as the only fault reset source.						
	<ul> <li>Fault reset is always possible with control panel.</li> <li>1 = DI1 – Defines digital input DI1 as a fault reset source.</li> </ul>						
	Activating the digital input		source.				
	25 = DI2DI5 – Defines digital input DI2DI5 as a fault reset source.						
	See DI1 above.						
	7 = START/STOP – Defines the Stop command as a fault reset source.						
	Do not use this option when fieldbus communication provides the start, stop and direction commands.						
	8 = COMM – Defines the fieldbus as a fault reset source.						
	The Command word is supplied through fieldbus communication.						
	The bit 4 of the Command word 1 (parameter 0301 FB CMD WORD 1) resets the drive.						
	-1 = DI1(INV) – Defines an in	0 1		ırce.			
	• De-activating the digital -25 = DI2(INV)DI5(INV)	•		.DI5 as a fa	ult		
	reset source. • See DI1(INV) above.						
	` ′						

	Group	16: System co	ntrols					
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S			
1605	USER PAR SET CHG	-55	1	0				
	Defines control for changing the	ne user parameter	set.					
	See parameter 9902 APPL	IC MACRO.						
	The drive must be stopped	to change User pa	rameter sets.					
	During a change, the drive	will not start.						
	<b>Note:</b> Always save the User p performing a motor identificati		changing any paran	neter settings	s, or			
	<ul> <li>Whenever the power is cycl drive loads the last settings are lost.</li> </ul>			•				
	<b>Note:</b> The value of this parameter (1605) is not included in the User parameter sets, and does not change if User parameter sets change.							
	<b>Note:</b> You can use a relay output to supervise the selection of User parameter set 2.							
	See parameter 1401.							
	0 = NOT SEL – Defines the control panel (using parameter 9902 APPLIC MACRO) as the only control for changing User parameter sets.							
	1 = DI1 – Defines digital input 1 as a control for changing User parameter sets.							
	<ul><li>The drive loads User part</li><li>The drive loads User part</li></ul>		0 0	•				
	The User parameter set of the User para		0 0					
	25 = DI2DI5 – Defines dig parameter sets.							
	See DI1 above.							
	-1 = DI1(INV) – Defines an inverted digital input 1 as a control for changing User parameter sets.							
	The drive loads User parameter set 1 on the rising edge of the digital input.							
	<ul><li>The drive loads User part</li><li>The User parameter set of</li></ul>							
	-25 = DI2(INV)DI5(INV) for changing User parame	- Defines an invert			ntrol			

• See DI1(INV) above.

1 = SAVE... - Saves altered parameters to permanent memory.

		Group 16: S	ystem contr	ols		
Code	Description	ı	Range	Resolution	Default	S
1608	START ENABLE 1		-57	1	4	
	Selects the source of	the start enabl	e 1 signal.			
	Note: Start enable fu	nctionality diffe	ers from the run	enable functiona	ality.	
	<ul> <li>0 = NOT SEL – Allows the drive to start without an external start enable signal.</li> <li>1 = DI1 – Defines digital input DI1 as the start enable 1 signal.</li> <li>This digital input must be activated for start enable 1 signal.</li> </ul>					
	If the voltage dro and show alarm will not start unti     5 = DI2DI5 – De	2021 START E I start enable 1	NABLE 1 MISS signal resumes	SING on panel dis 3.	splay. The dri	stop ive
	• See DI1 above.	ennes digital inp	วนเ มเรมเจ สะ	s the start enable	i signai.	
	7 = COMM – Assigns signal.	the fieldbus Co	ommand word a	as the source for t	the start enal	ole 1
	Bit 2 of the Com start disable 1 si	gnal. "			2) activates	the
	<ul> <li>See fieldbus user's manual for detailed instructions.</li> <li>-1 = DI1(INV) - Defines an inverted digital input DI1 as the start enable 1 signal.</li> </ul>					
	-25 = DI2(INV)D enable 1 signal. • See DI1(INV) ab	, ,	es an inverted	digital input DI2	DI5 as the s	start
		started				
				COMM	T/STOP IAND <i>10: Start/Stop</i> /	/Dir
	_				ENABLE	
				1608 8	1609	
	Relay	Relay energize	d	H START	ED	
	de-energized				′ STATUS <i>14: Relay outp</i>	outs
	i İ		Damper open			
	Damper I closed		_		AMPER	
	j.	Damper opening	l 	Damper	TATUS	

opening time

I closing
I time

1601

Deceleration

time

2203

Acceleration time

2202

RUN ENABLE SIGNAL from the damper end switch when the damper is fully opened.

MOTOR STATUS

	Grou	o 16: System con	trols			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
1609	START ENABLE 2	-57	1	0		
	Selects the source of the sta	rt enable 2 signal.				
	Note: Start enable functional	ity differs from the ru	n enable functional	ity.		
	0 = NOT SEL – Allows the dr			U		
	1 = DI1 – Defines digital inpu be activated for start ena digital input, the drive wil MISSING on the panel d resumes.	ble 2 signal. If the vo	oltage drops and de- now alarm 2022 ST	-activates th ART ENABL	is <i>E</i> 2	
	25 = DI2DI5 – Defines di above.	gital input DI2DI5	as the start enable 2	2 signal. See	DI1	
	7 = COMM – Assigns the fieldbus Command word as the source for the start enable 2 signal. Bit 3 of the Command word 2 (parameter 0302) activates the start disable 2 signal. See fieldbus user's manual for detailed instructions.					
	-1 = DI1(INV) – Defines an in	0 1		U	- 44	
	-25 = DI2(INV)DI5(INV) enable 2 signal. • See DI1(INV) above.	- Defines an inverte	d digitai input Di2	.DI5 as the s	start	
1610	DISPLAY ALARMS	0, 1	1	1		
	Controls the visibility of the fo	ollowing alarms:				
	• 2001 OVERCURRENT	· ·				
	• 2002 OVERVOLTAGE					
	<ul> <li>2003 UNDERVOLTAGE</li> </ul>					
	• 2009 DEVICE OVERTEMI	D <sub>.</sub>				
	For more information, see chapter Fault tracing.					
	0 = NO – The above alarms are suppressed.					
	1 = YES – All of the above al			_		
1611	PARAMETER VIEW	13	1	2		
	Selects the parameter view, i	•	•			
	Note: This parameter is visib device. The FlashDrop is des drives. It allows fast customiz parameters can be hidden. F Manual [3AFE68591074 (Eng	signed for fast copying ation of the paramet or more information,	ig of parameters to er list, for example,	unpowered selected		
	FlashDrop parameter values are activated by setting parameter 9902 APPLIC MACRO to 31 (LOAD FD SET.					
	1 = FLASHDROP – FlashDro parameter list. Paramete visible.	rs that are hidden by	the FlashDrop dev	ice are not		
	2 = SHORT VIEW – Shows of 3 = LONG VIEW – Shows all	,	•	ers		
1612	FAN CONTROL	0, 1	1	0		
	Selects the heat sink fan On/constantly On,	Off control for forcing	g the cooling fan of	the drive		
	0 = AUTO – Automatic fan co 1 = ON – Fan is always On.	ontrol.				

#### **Group 17: Override**

This group defines the source for the override activation signal, the override speed/ frequency and pass code and how the override is enabled and disabled.

When override DI is activated, the drive stops and then accelerates to the preset speed or frequency. When the DI is deactivated the drive stops and reboots. If the start command, run enable and start enables are active in the AUTO mode the drive starts automatically and continues normally after override mode. In the HAND mode the drive returns to OFF mode.

#### When override is active:

- Drive runs at preset speed.
- · Drive ignores all keypad commands.
- · Drive ignores all commands from communication links.
- · Drive ignores all digital inputs except override activation/deactivation, RUN ENABLE and START ENABLE.
- Drive displays alarm message 2020 OVERRIDE.

#### The following faults are ignored:

3	DEV OVERTEMP
5	OVERLOAD
6	DC UNDERVOLT
7	Al1 LOSS
8	AI2 LOSS
9	MOT OVERTEMP
10	PANEL LOSS
12	MOTOR STALL
14	EXT FAULT 1
15	EXT FAULT 2
17	UNDERLOAD
18	THERM FAIL
21	CURR MEAS
22	SUPPLY PHASE
24	OVERSPEED
28	SERIAL 1 ERR
29	EFB CON FILE
30	FORCE TRIP
31	EFB 1

32	EFB 2
33	EFB 3
34	MOTOR PHASE
1001	PAR PFA REF NEG
1002	PAR PFC IOCONF
1003	PAR AI SCALE
1004	PAR AO SCALE
1006	PAR EXT RO
1007	PAR FIELDBUS MISSING
1008	PAR PFA MODE

#### Commissioning the override mode

- 1. Enter the parameters in all groups as needed, except Group 17: Override.
- 2. Select the digital input that will activate the override mode (parameter 1701 OVERRIDE SEL).
- 3. Enter the frequency reference for the override mode with parameter 1702 OVERRIDE FREQ.
- Enter the pass code (358) at parameter 1704 OVERR PASS CODE.
- 5. Enable the override mode with parameter 1705 OVERRIDE.

#### Changing the override parameters

- 1. If override mode is already enabled, disable it:
  - Enter the pass code (358) at parameter 1704 OVERR PASS CODE.
  - Disable the override mode with parameter 1705 OVERRIDE.
- If needed, load the override parameter set with parameter 9902 APPLIC MACRO.
- 3. Change the parameters as needed, except Group 17: Override.
- 4. Select the digital input that will activate the override mode (parameter 1701 OVERRIDE SEL).
- 5. Enter the frequency reference for the override mode with parameter 1702 OVERRIDE FREQ.
- Enter the pass code (358) at parameter 1704 OVERR PASS CODE.
- 7. Enable the override mode with parameter 1705 OVERRIDE. The drive replaces the override parameter set with new values of all parameters.

		Group 17: Override			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
1701	OVERRIDE SEL	-55	1	0	
	Selects the source of the	override activation signal.			
	1 = DI1 – Defines digital ir	activation signal not select nput DI1 as the override ac st be activated for override s digital input DI2DI5 as n inverted digital input DI1	ctivation signal. activation signal the override act	ivation signa activation sig	
	<ul><li>override activation sig</li><li>See DI1(INV) above.</li></ul>				
1702	OVERRIDE FREQ	-500 500 Hz	0.1	0.0	
	Defines a preset frequenc	y for the override.			
1704	OVERR PASS CODE	065535	1	0	
	Entering the correct overrichange.	ide pass code unlocks par	ameter 1705 OV	ERRIDE for	one
	Enter the pass code alv	vays before changing the v	alue of the para	meter 1705.	
	The pass code is 358.				
	The entry reverts back	to zero automatically.			
1705	OVERRIDE	02	1	0	
	Selects whether the overr	ide is enabled or disabled.			
	<ul> <li>0 = OFF – Override disabled.</li> <li>1 = ON – Override enabled.</li> <li>• When enabled, the drive stores the values of all parameters into an override parameter set (see parameter 9902 APPLIC MACRO) and the parameters in Group 17: Override will be write protected (except parameter 1704 OVERR PASS CODE). To change the other parameters in Group 17: Override, override has to be disabled.</li> <li>2 = LOAD – Loads the saved override set into use (as an active parameter set).</li> </ul>				
1706	OVERRIDE DIR	•			
	Selects the source of the	override direction signal.			
	0 = FORWARD – Assigns forward as the override direction.  1 = DI1 – Defines digital input 1 as the override direction signal.  • Activating the digital input selects the forward direction.  • De-activating the digital input selects the reverse direction.  25 = DI2DI5 – Defines digital input DI2DI5 as the override direction signal.				
	See DI1 above.	J	C.	o.g.iai.	
	-1 = DI1(INV) – Defines ar • De-activating the digital • Activating the digital -25 = DI2(INV)DI5(IN	reverse as the override dir n inverted digital input DI1 ital input selects the forwar input selects the reverse d IV) – Defines an inverted o	as the override or rd direction. lirection.	· ·	nal.
	<ul><li>override direction sign</li><li>See DI1(INV) above.</li></ul>				

		Group 17: Override				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
1707	OVERRIDE REF					
	Selects the source of the	override reference.				
	1 = CONSTANT – Selects a preset frequency or speed for the override. The frequency value is defined by parameter 1702 OVERRIDE FREQ. 2 = PID – The reference is taken from the PID output, see group Group 40: Process PID set 1.					
	Note: The following conditions must be met when using PID in the override mode:					
		imeter 4010 SET POINT S rameter set 1 must be act			RAM	
	<ul> <li>Override direction ( or 7 = reverse.</li> </ul>	parameter 1706 OVERRI	DE DIR) can be eit	ther 0 = forwa	ard	

# Group 18: Freq in & tran out

This group defines the frequency input and transistor output signal processing.

	Gro	oup 18: Freq in & tran	out			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
1801	FREQ INPUT MIN	0 16000 Hz	1 =1 Hz	0 Hz		
	Defines the minimum inpufrequency input on page	ut value when DI5 is used 113.	as a frequency in	iput. See sed	ction	
1802	FREQ INPUT MAX	0 16000 Hz	1 =1 Hz	1000 Hz		
	Defines the maximum inp Frequency input on page	ut value when DI5 is used 113.	as a frequency ir	nput. See sed	ction	
1803	FILTER FREQ IN	0.0 10.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.1 s		
		stant for frequency input, ection <i>Frequency input</i> or		63% of a ste	p	
1804	TO MODE			DIGITAL		
	Selects the operation mode for the transistor output TO. See section <i>Transistor output</i> on page <i>113</i> .					
	0 = DIGITAL – Transistor output is used as a digital output DO. 1 = FREQUENCY – Transistor output is used as a frequency output FO.					
1805	DO SIGNAL			RUN		
	Selects a drive status indi	cated through digital outp	ut DO. See paran	neter 1401		
1806	DO ON DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.0 s		
	Defines the operation dela	ay for digital output DO.				
1807	DO OFF DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.0 s		
	Defines the release delay	for digital output DO.				
1808	FO CONTENT SEL	0178		104		
	j –	ne connected to frequency o, for example, 102 = 0102		meter index i	in	

	Grou	ıp 18: Freq in & traı	n out		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
1809	FO CONTENT MIN	-	-	-	
	Defines the minimum freque parameter 1808 FO CONTE	ENT SEL.	-		
	FO minimum and maximum FO settings as follows:			812 MAXIM	UM
	1812	1812	FO	<u>-</u>	
	1809	1810 FO content	1809 1810 FO con		
	Setting range depends on p	parameter 1808 FO CC	NTENT SEL settin	a.	
1810	FO CONTENT MAX	-	-	-	
	Defines the maximum freque parameter 1808 FO CONTESETTION Setting range depends on parameters.	ENT SEL. See parame	ter 1809 FO CON7	ENT MIN.	
1811	MINIMUM FO	10 16000 Hz	1 = 1 Hz	10 Hz	
	Defines the minimum value CONTENT MIN.	for frequency output F	O. See parameter	1809 FO	
1812	MAXIMUM FO	10 16000 Hz	1 = 1 Hz	1000 Hz	
	Defines the maximum value CONTENT MIN.	e for frequency output F	O. See parameter	1809 FO	
1813	FILTER FO	0.0 10.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.1 s	
	Defines the filter time const step change is reached.	ant for frequency outpu	ut FO, ie, the time v	vithin 63% o	fa
1814	DI 1 ON DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.0 s	
	Defines the delay from the sON state.	signal change to the ch	nange of the digital	input DI to tl	he
1815	DI 1 OFF DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.0 s	
	Defines the delay from the sOFF state.	signal change to the ch	nange of the digital	input DI to the	he
1816	DI 2 ON DELAY			0.0 s	
	See parameter 1814 DI 1 C	ON DELAY.			
1817	DI 2 OFF DELAY			0.0 s	
	See parameter 1815 DI 1 C	OFF DELAY.			
1818	DI 3 ON DELAY			0.0 s	
	See parameter 1814 DI 1 C	ON DELAY.			
1819	DI 3 OFF DELAY			0.0 s	
	See parameter 1815 DI 1 C	OFF DELAY.			

Group 18: Freq in & tran out							
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
1820	DI 4 ON DELAY			0.0 s			
	See parameter 1814 DI 1	ON DELAY.					
1821	DI 4 OFF DELAY			0.0 s			
	See parameter 1815 DI 1	OFF DELAY.					
1822	DI 5 ON DELAY			0.0 s			
	See parameter 1814 DI 1	ON DELAY.					
1823	DI 5 OFF DELAY			0.0 s			
	See parameter 1815 DI 1	OFF DELAY					

### Group 20: Limits

This group defines minimum and maximum limits to follow in driving the motor – speed, frequency, current, torque, etc.

	Gro	up 20: Limi	ts		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
2003	MAX CURRENT 0.	0 1.1 * I <sub>2N</sub>	0.1 A	1.1 * I <sub>2N</sub>	✓
	Defines the maximum output curr	ent (A) suppli	ed by the drive to the	motor.	
2006	UNDERVOLT CTRL	02	1	2	
	Sets the DC undervoltage control	ler on or off. \	When on:		
	If the DC bus voltage drops due decreases the motor speed in c limit.			•	
	<ul> <li>When the motor speed decreas into the drive, keeping the DC to</li> </ul>			•	
	The DC undervoltage controller a high inertia, such as a centrification		ower loss ride-through	on systems	with
	0 = DISABLE – Disables controlle 1 = ENABLE (TIME) – Enables co 2 = ENABLE – Enables controlled	ontroller with			
2007	MINIMUM FREQ -500	0.0 500.0 I	Hz 0.1 Hz	0.0 Hz	✓
	Defines the minimum limit for the drive output frequency.	Freq	2007 v	alue is < 0	
	A positive or zero minimum speed frequency defines two ranges, one positive and one negative.	0	Frequency range allo	owed	Time
	A negative minimum speed frequency defines one speed range. See figure.	2007			
	Note: Keep MINIMUM FREQ≤ MAXIMUM FREQ.	Freq 2008	2007 v	alue is ≥ 0	
		2007	Frequency range allo	owed	
		-(2007)		<b>-</b>	Time
		-(2008)	Frequency range allo	owed	
2008	MAXIMUM FREQ 0.0	0 500.0 Hz	z 0.1 Hz	60.0 Hz (US)	✓
	Defines the maximum limit for the	drive output	frequency.		

### ■ Group 21: Start/Stop

This group defines how the motor starts and stops. The drive supports several start and stop modes.

	Gro	oup 21: Start/Sto	р				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
2101	START FUNCTION	17	1	6			
	Selects the motor start metho	d.					
	1 = AUTO – The drive starts the required, use selection SC		om zero frequency.	If flying start	t is		
	2 = DC MAGN – The drive pre The pre-magnetizing time	is defined by parar	neter 2103 DC MAG	SN TIME.	tart.		
	Note: Starting to a rotating ma	achine is not possib	le when DC MAGN	is selected.			
	wARNING! The drive will even if the motor magnet where a full break-away torque enough to allow generation of	ization is not compl e is essential, that t	eted. Ensure always he constant magnet	s in applicati	ons		
	4 = TORQ BOOST – Torque boost should be selected if a high break-away torque is required.  The drive pre-magnetizes the motor with DC current before the start. The pre-magnetizing time is defined by parameter 2103 DC MAGN TIME.  Torque boost is applied at start. Torque boost is stopped when output frequency exceeds 20 Hz or when it is equal to the reference value. See parameter 2110						
	TORQ BOOST CURR.  Note: Starting to a rotating machine is not possible when TORQ BOOST is selected.						
	WARNING! The drive will start after the set pre-magnetizing time has passed although the motor magnetization is not completed. Ensure always in applications where a full break-away torque is essential, that the constant magnetizing time is long enough to allow generation of full magnetization and torque.						
	6 = SCAN START – Frequency scanning flying start (starting the drive connected to a rotating machine). Based on frequency scanning (interval 2008 MAXIMUM FREQ2007 MINIMUM FREQ) to identify the frequency. If frequency identification fails, DC magnetization is used (see selection DC MAGN).  7 = SCAN + BOOST – Combines scanning start (starting the drive connected to a rotating machine) and torque boost. See selections SCANSTART and TORQ BOOST. If frequency identification fails, torque boost is used.						
2102	STOP FUNCTION	1, 2	1	1			
	Selects the motor stop method	d.					
	1 = COAST – Selects cutting coasts to stop.		as the stop method	I. The motor			
	2 = RAMP – Selects using a d		<b></b>				
	Deceleration ramp is defined in the second sec		ELER TIME 1 or 220	6 DECELER			

		Group 21: Start/Stop						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S			
2103	DC MAGN TIME	0.00 10.00 s	0.01 s	0.30 s				
	Defines the pre-magnetiz	zing time for the DC Magne	tizing start mode					
	Use parameter 2101 S	START FUNCTION to select	t the start mode.					
	After the start commar here, and then starts the starts the starts the starts the starts the starts are starts.	nd, the drive pre-magnetize the motor.	s the motor for th	e time defin	ed			
	Set the pre-magnetizing long a time heats the results.	g time just long enough to a notor excessively.	allow full motor m	agnetization	. Too			
2104	DC HOLD CTL	03	1	0				
	low temperatures.	Notor heating function. The	·	ne motor war	m at			
		0 = NOT SEL – Disables the Motor heating function.						
	1 = MOT. HEATING – En parameter 2115 MOT. HE	ables the Motor heating fur EATING SEL.	nction. The function	on is activate	ed by			
2106	DC CURR REF	0 100%	1%	30%				
2106		0 100% ontrol reference as a perce			TOR			
2106 2107	Defines the DC current c				TOR			
	Defines the DC current control of the NOM CURR.	ontrol reference as a perce	ntage of paramet	ter 9906 MO	TOR			
	Defines the DC current con NOM CURR.  DC BRAKE TIME Defines the DC brake time	ontrol reference as a perce	entage of paramet	ter 9906 MO	TOR			
	Defines the DC current con NOM CURR.  DC BRAKE TIME Defines the DC brake time	ontrol reference as a perce	entage of paramet	ter 9906 MO	TOR			
2107	Defines the DC current of NOM CURR.  DC BRAKE TIME Defines the DC brake tim Note: DC brake is actival START INHIBIT Sets the Start inhibit fund	ontrol reference as a perce  0 250 s  ne.  ted when value is greater t  0, 1  tion on or off. If the drive is gnores a pending start con	ontage of paramet  0.1 s  han 0.  1 s not actively star	0 s  ted and runn	<b>✓</b>			
2107	Defines the DC current of NOM CURR.  DC BRAKE TIME Defines the DC brake tim Note: DC brake is activated START INHIBIT Sets the Start inhibit function is	ontrol reference as a perce  0 250 s  ne.  ted when value is greater t  0, 1  tion on or off. If the drive is gnores a pending start con	ontage of paramet  0.1 s  han 0.  1 s not actively star	0 s  ted and runn	<b>✓</b>			
2107	Defines the DC current of NOM CURR.  DC BRAKE TIME Defines the DC brake tim Note: DC brake is activated a structure of the Start inhibit function is situations and a new start.  Fault is reset.	ontrol reference as a perce  0 250 s  ne.  ted when value is greater t  0, 1  tion on or off. If the drive is gnores a pending start con	o.1 s han 0.  1 s not actively starnmand in any of t	0 s  ted and runn he following	<b>√</b> ning,			
2107	Defines the DC current of NOM CURR.  DC BRAKE TIME Defines the DC brake tim Note: DC brake is activated a strain section of the Start inhibit function is situations and a new start.  Fault is reset.  Run enable (paramete	ontrol reference as a perce  0 250 s  i.e.  ted when value is greater t  0, 1  ition on or off. If the drive is gnores a pending start con t command is required:  r 1601 RUN ENABLE) acti	o.1 s han 0.  1 s not actively starnmand in any of t	0 s  ted and runn he following	<b>√</b> ning,			
2107	Defines the DC current on NOM CURR.  DC BRAKE TIME Defines the DC brake time Note: DC brake is activated.  START INHIBIT Sets the Start inhibit function is situations and a new start.  Fault is reset.  Run enable (paramete active.)	ontrol reference as a perce  0 250 s  i.e.  ted when value is greater t  0, 1  ition on or off. If the drive is gnores a pending start con t command is required:  r 1601 RUN ENABLE) acti	ntage of paramet  0.1 s han 0.  1 s not actively star nmand in any of t	0 s  ted and runn he following  command is	<b>√</b> ning,			

	G	roup 21: Start/Sto	р				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
2109	EMERG STOP SEL	-55	1	0			
	Defines control of the Emerg	ency stop command.	When activated:				
	Emergency stop decelerate     2208 EMERG DEC TIME)	•	e emergency stop	ramp (paran	neter		
	Requires an external stop before drive can restart.	command and remov	al of the emergeno	cy stop comn	nand		
	0 = NOT SEL – Disables the Emergency stop function through digital inputs. 1 = DI1 – Defines digital input 1 as the control for Emergency stop command.  • Activating the digital input issues an Emergency stop command.  • De-activating the digital input removes the Emergency stop command.  25 = DI2DI5 – Defines digital input DI2DI5 as the control for Emergency stop command.						
	<ul> <li>See DI1 above.</li> <li>-1 = DI1(INV) – Defines an inverted digital input DI1 as the control for Emergency stop command.</li> </ul>						
	De-activating the digital input issues an Emergency stop command. Activating the digital input removes the Emergency stop command.  -25 = DI2(INV)DI5(INV) – Defines an inverted digital input DI2DI5 as the control for Emergency stop command.  See DI1(INV) above.						
2110	TORQ BOOST CURR	15 300%	1	100%			
	Sets the maximum supplied	current during torque	boost.				
	See parameter 2101 STAI	RT FUNCTION.					
2113	START DELAY						
	Defines the Start delay. After until the delay has elapsed a start modes.						
	If START DELAY = zero, the delay is disabled.						
	<ul> <li>During the Start delay, ala</li> </ul>	rm 2028 START DEL	AY is shown.				
2114	HEATING CURR REF	0.030.0%	0.1%	0.0%			
	[%]						
	Defines the amount of currer of the motor.	nt to use for motor he	ating relative to the	e nominal cur	rent		

	Group 21: Start/Stop						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
2115	MOT. HEATING SEL	-58	1	0			
	Selects the source for controlling motor heating.						
	-51 = DI1 (INV)DI5 (INV) – Inverted digital input DI. (0 = Motor heating is On, 1 = Motor heating is Off).						
	0 (default) = OFF – Motor heating is inactive. Can also be used to switch off the injection during heating.						
	15 = DI1DI5 – Digital input DI1DI5. (1 = Motor heating is On, 0 = Motor heating is Off).						
	7 = COMM - Serial commun	nication as the control	for motor heating.				
	8 = ON – Motor heating activ	ve (during stop).					
	When motor heating is activ <i>ACTIVE</i> .	e, drive shows the ala	rm 2038 MOTOR I	HEATING			

## Group 22: Accel/Decel

This group defines ramps that control the rate of acceleration and deceleration. You define these ramps as a pair, one for acceleration and one for deceleration. You can define two pairs of ramps and use a digital input to select one or the other pair.

	Group 22: Accel/Decel							
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S			
2201	ACC/DEC 1/2 SEL	-57	1	0				
	Defines control for selection	Defines control for selection of acceleration/deceleration ramps.						
	Ramps are defined in pairs, one each for acceleration and deceleration.							
	See below for the ramp definition parameters.							
	0 = NOT SEL – Disables selection, the first ramp pair is used.							
	1 = DI1 – Defines digital inp			١.				
	<ul><li>Activating the digital in</li><li>De-activating the digital</li></ul>							
	25 = DI2DI5 – Defines selection.			amp pair				
	See DI1 above.							
	7 = COMM – Defines serial -1 = DI1(INV) – Defines an selection.							
	De-activating the digital							
	Activating the digital in			DIE (1				
	-25 = DI2(INV)DI5(INV control for ramp pair se	/) – Defines an inverte lection.	ed digital input DI2	DI5 as the				
	See DI1(INV) above.							
2202	ACCELER TIME 1	0.0 1800.0 s	0.1 s	30.0 s				
	Sets the acceleration time f the figure with parameter 2		equency for ramp p	oair 1. See Ai	in			
	Actual acceleration time :	also depends on parar	meter 2204 RAMP	SHAPE 1.				
	See parameter 2008 MA.	XIMUM FREQ.						

		Group 22: Accel/Decel		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S
2203	DECELER TIME 1	0.0 1800.0 s	0.1 s	30.0 s
	Sets the deceleration time	e for maximum frequency to	o zero for ramp p	pair 1.
	<ul> <li>Actual deceleration tim</li> </ul>	e also depends on parame	ter 2204 RAMP	SHAPE 1.
	See parameter 2008 M	IAXIMUM FREQ.		
2204	RAMP SHAPE 1	0 1000.0 s	0.1 s	0.0
	becomes an s-curve.  Rule of thumb: 1/5 is a the ramp shape time at time.  D.0 = LINEAR – Specifies acceleration/decelera 0.11000.0 – Specifies s	e B in the figure.  ramp, unless additional o reach the maximum e provides a softer of the slope. The shape  suitable relation between nd the acceleration ramp s linear ation ramps for ramp pair 1.	MAX FREQ S-cu FREQ A = 220 B = 220	B (=0)
2205	ACCELER TIME 2	0.0 1800.0 s	0.1 s	60.0 s
	Sets the acceleration time parameter 2202 ACCELE	e (s) for zero to maximum fi ER TIME 1.	requency for ran	np pair 2. See
2206	DECELER TIME 2	0.0 1800.0 s	0.1 s	60.0 s
	Sets the deceleration time parameter 2203 DECELE	e for maximum frequency to ER TIME 1.	o zero for ramp p	oair 2. See
2207	RAMP SHAPE 2	0 1000.0 s	0.1 s	0.0
	Selects the shape of the aparameter 2204 RAMP S	acceleration/deceleration rather 1.	amp for ramp pa	ir 2. See
2208	EMERG DEC TIME	0.0 1800 s	0.1 s	1.0 s
	Sets the deceleration time	e for maximum frequency to	o zero for an em	ergency.
	See parameter 2109 E	MERG STOP SEL.		
	<ul> <li>Ramp is linear.</li> </ul>			

	G	Froup 22: Accel/Dec	el				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
2209	RAMP INPUT 0	-55	1	0			
	Defines control for forcing	the ramp input to 0.					
	0 = NOT SEL - Not selecte	ed.					
	1 = DI1 – Defines digital in	put 1 as the control for	forcing the ramp in	put to 0.			
	Activating the digital input forces ramp input to 0. Ramp output will ramp to 0 according to the currently used ramp time, after which it will stay at 0.						
	<ul> <li>De-activating the digit</li> </ul>		•				
	26 = DI2DI6 – Defines input to 0.	s digital input DI2DI6	as the control for fo	orcing the rar	np		
	<ul> <li>See DI1 above.</li> </ul>						
	7 = COMM – Defines bit 13 speed to 0.	3 of the Command word	d 1 as the control fo	or forcing the			
	Command word is support to the command word in the command word is support to the command word in the command word is support to the command word in the command word is support to the command word in the command word is support to the command word in the command word is support to the command word in the command word in the command word is support to the command word in the command word is support to the command word in the command word in the command word is support to the command word in the command word is support to the command word in the command word in the command word in the command word is support to the command word in the comm	pplied through fieldbus	communication.				
	Command word is part						
	-1 = DI1(INV) – Defines an input to 0.	inverted digital input DI	11 as the control for	forcing the r	amp		
	<ul> <li>De-activating the digit</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Activating the digital in</li> </ul>						
	•	<ul><li>V) – Defines an inverter ramp function generator</li></ul>		.DI5 as the			
	<ul> <li>See DI1(INV) above.</li> </ul>						

### Group 25: Critical speeds

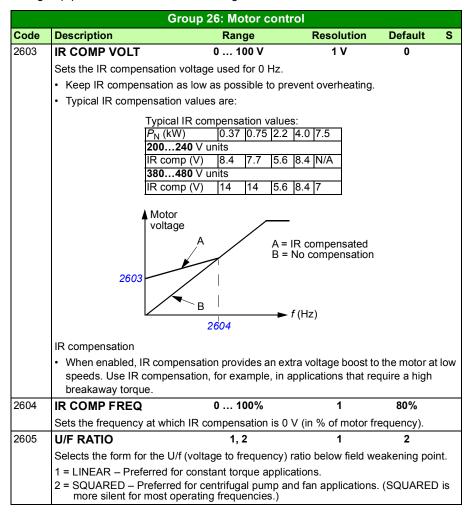
This group defines up to three critical speeds or ranges of speeds that are to be avoided due, for example, to mechanical resonance problems at certain speeds.

	Gr	oup 25: Critical spe	eds	
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S
2501	CRIT SPEED SEL	0, 1	1	0
	Sets the critical speeds further off. The critical speed fund specific speed ranges.  0 = OFF - Disables the critical speed function.  1 = ON - Enables the critical function.  Example: To avoid speeds fan system vibrates badly:  Determine problem speeds fan system vibrates badly:  Determine problem speeds fan system vibrates badly:  Set 2501 CRIT SPEED  Set 2502 CRIT SPEED  Hz.  Set 2503 CRIT SPEED  Set 2504 CRIT SPEED	itical speeds cal speeds at which a ed ranges. to be: Hz. SEL = 1. 1 LO = 18  1 HI = 23 Hz.	f1L f1H f2L 18 23 46	f <sub>REF</sub> (Hz)
	Set 2505 CRIT SPEED			
2502	CRIT SPEED 1 LO	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	0.0 Hz
	Sets the minimum limit for  Value must be less than  Units are rpm.		SPEED 1 HI.	
2503	CRIT SPEED 1 HI	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	0.0 Hz
	Sets the maximum limit fo	r critical speed range 1.		
	<ul> <li>Value must be greater t</li> </ul>	han or equal to 2502 CF	RIT SPEED 1 LO.	
	<ul> <li>Units are rpm.</li> </ul>			
2504	CRIT SPEED 2 LO	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	0.0 Hz
	Sets the minimum limit for • See parameter 2502 CF	, ,		
2505	CRIT SPEED 2 HI	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	0.0 Hz
	Sets the maximum limit fo	r critical speed range 2.		
	See parameter 2503 CF	RIT SPEED 1 HI		
2506	CRIT SPEED 3 LO	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	0.0 Hz
	Sets the minimum limit for	critical speed range 3.		
	See parameter 2502 CA			

	Group 25: Critical speeds						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
2507	CRIT SPEED 3 HI	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	0.0 Hz			
	Sets the maximum limit for	r critical speed range 3.					
	See parameter 2503 CF	RIT SPEED 1 HI.					

#### **Group 26: Motor control**

This group provides controls for fine-tuning the motor control.



Hz = 1 Hz. To compensate the error, the slip gain should be increased.

0 = No slip compensation. 1...200 = Slip gain.

	G	roup 26: Motor contro	ol			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
2609	NOISE SMOOTHING	0, 1	1	0		
	Enables the noise smoothing function. Noise smoothing distributes the acoustic motor noise over a range of frequencies instead of a single tonal frequency resulting in lower peak noise intensity. A random component with an average of 0 Hz is added to the switching frequency set by parameter 2206 SWITCHING FREQ.  Note: This parameter has no effect if parameter 2206 = 16kHz.					
	0 = DISABLE 1 = ENABLE					
2610	USER DEFINED U1	0 120% of <i>U</i> <sub>N</sub> V	1 = 1 V	19% of <i>U</i> <sub>N</sub>		
	Defines the first voltage poparameter 2611 USER DE		•	, ,	,	
2611	USER DEFINED F1	0.0 500.0 Hz	1 = 0.1 Hz	10.0 Hz		
	Defines the first frequency	point of the custom U/f cu	ırve.			
2612	USER DEFINED U2	0 120% of <i>U</i> <sub>N</sub> V	1 = 1 V	38% of <i>U</i> <sub>N</sub>		
	Defines the second voltage parameter 2613 USER DE				d by	
2613	USER DEFINED F2	0.0 500.0 Hz	1 = 0.1 Hz	20.0 Hz		
	Defines the second freque	ncy point of the custom U	/f curve.			
2614	USER DEFINED U3	0 120% of <i>U</i> <sub>N</sub> V	1 = 1 V	47.5% of <i>U</i> N		
	Defines the third voltage p parameter 2615 USER DE				у	
2615	USER DEFINED F3	0.0 500.0 Hz	1 = 0.1 Hz	25.0 Hz		
	Defines the third frequency	y point of the custom U/f o	urve.			
2616	USER DEFINED U4	0 120% of <i>U</i> <sub>N</sub> V	1 = 1 V	76% of <i>U</i> <sub>N</sub>		
	Defines the fourth voltage parameter 2617 USER DE	•	•	•	by	
2617	USER DEFINED F4	0.0 500.0 Hz	1 = 0.1 Hz	40.0 Hz		
	Defines the fourth frequen	cy point of the custom U/f	curve.			
2618	FW VOLTAGE	0 120% of <i>U</i> <sub>N</sub> V	1 = 1 V	95% of <i>U</i> <sub>N</sub>		
	Defines the voltage of the nominal frequency (9907 M					
2619	DC STABILISER					
	Enables or disables the Do control mode to prevent po motor load or weak supply frequency reference to state oscillation.	ossible voltage oscillations network. In case of voltag	in the drive DC ge variation the	bus caused drive tunes th	ne	
	0 = DISABLE - Disables D					

### Group 29: Maintenance trig

This group contains usage levels and trigger points. When usage reaches the set trigger point, a notice is displayed on the control panel signals that maintenance is due.

	Grou	up 29: Maintenance ti	rig		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S	
2901	COOLING FAN TRIG	0.0 6553.5 kh	0.1 kh	0.0	
	Defines the trigger point for the drive cooling fan run time counter. Value is come to parameter 2902 COOLING FAN ACT.				
	Time. If parameter value	is set to zero, the trigger	is disabled.		
	0.0 = NOT SEL				
2902	COOLING FAN ACT	0.0 6553.5 kh	0.1 kh	0.0	
	Defines the actual value for the cooling fan run time counter. When parameter 2901 COOLING FAN TRIG has been set to a non zero value, the counter starts. When the actual value of the counter exceeds the value defined by parameter 2901, a maintenance notice is displayed on the panel.				
2903	Time. Parameter is reset  REVOLUTION TRIG	0 65535 MRev	1 MRev	0	
2903				•	
	Defines the trigger point for parameter 2904 REVOLUT		nter. value is cor	npared to	
	Millions of revolutions. If	parameter value is set to	zero, the trigger	is disabled.	
	0.0 = NOT SEL				
2904	REVOLUTION ACT	0 65535 MRev	1 MRev	0	
	Defines the actual value for REVOLUTION TRIG has be actual value of the counter maintenance notice is displa	een set to a non zero value exceeds the value define	ue, the counter s	tarts. When the	
	Millions of revolutions. Pa	arameter is reset by settir	ng it to zero.		
2905	RUN TIME TRIG	0.0 6553.5 kh	0.1 kh	0.0	
	Defines the trigger point for of parameter 2906 RUN TIME		er. Value is comp	ared to the value	
	Time. If parameter value	is set to zero, the trigger	is disabled.		
	0.0 = NOT SEL				
2906	RUN TIME ACT	0.0 6553.5 kh	0.1 kh	0.0	
	Defines the actual value for the drive run time counter. When parameter 2905 RUN TIME TRIG has been set to a non zero value, the counter starts. When the actual value of the counter exceeds the value defined by parameter 2905, a maintenance notice is displayed on the panel.				
	Time. Parameter is reset	by setting it to zero.			

	Group 29: Maintenance trig					
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
2907	USER MWh TRIG	0.0 6553.5 MWh	0.1 MWh	0.0		
	Defines the trigger point for the drive power consumption counter. Value is compared to the value of parameter 2908 USER MWh ACT.					
	<ul> <li>Megawatt hours. If para</li> </ul>	meter value is set to zero	, the trigger is dis	abled.		
	0.0 = NOT SEL					
2908	USER MWh ACT	0.0 6553.5 MWh	0.1 MWh	0.0		
	Defines the actual value of the drive power consumption counter. When parameter 2907 USER MWh TRIG has been set to a non zero value, the counter starts. When the actual value of the counter exceeds the value defined by parameter 2907, a maintenance notice is displayed on the panel.					
	<ul> <li>Megawatt hours. Param</li> </ul>	eter is reset by setting it t	o zero.			

# ■ Group 30: Fault functions

This group defines situations that the drive should recognize as potential faults and defines how the drive should respond if the fault is detected.

	Group 30: Fault functions						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
3001	AI <min function<="" th=""><th>03</th><th>1</th><th>0</th><th></th></min>	03	1	0			
	Defines the drive response if the analog input (AI) signal drops below the fault limits and is used:						
	as the active reference so	ource ( <i>Group 11: Ref</i>	erence select)				
	as the Process or External PID controllers' feedback or setpoint source ( <i>Group 40: Process PID set 1</i> , <i>Group 41: Process PID set 2</i> or <i>Group 42: Ext / Trim PID</i> ) and the corresponding PID controller is active.						
	3021 Al1 FAULT LIMIT and 0 = NOT SEL – No respons		IIT set the minimum	limits.			
	1 = FAULT – Displays a faul to a stop.	t (0007 AI1 LOSS or	0008 AI2 LOSS) and	d the drive co	oasts		
	2 = CONST SP 7 – Displays speed using 1208 CON	s a warning (2006 AI <sup>r</sup> IST SPEED 7.	1 LOSS or 2007 AI2	LOSS) and	sets		
	3 = LAST SPEED – Displays a warning (2006 AI1 LOSS or 2007 AI2 LOSS) and s speed using the last operating level. This value is the average speed over the I 10 seconds.						
	warning! If you select operation is safe when		·	ıre that contii	nued		

Description			
	Range	Resolution	Default 5
MOT THERM TIME	256 9999 s	1	1050 s
Sets the motor thermal time constant for the motor temper model.	ature Motor load		
motor to reach 63% of the temperature with steady lo	final ad. Temp. rise 🛕		
according to UL requireme for NEMA class motors, us rule of thumb: MOTOR TH TIME equals 35 times t6, w t6 (in seconds) is specified	nts 63% - e the ERM /here by	3006 or can safely opera	ate at six times i
	•	0 s, for a Class 20	trip curve 700 s
MOT LOAD CURVE	50 150%	1	100%
load of the motor.  • With the default value 1000 overload protection is function when the constant current 127% of the parameter 990	%, motor tioning 15 exceeds 06		
same level as what motor manufacturer's typically all 30 °C (86 °F) ambient tem and 1000m (3300 ft) altitude the ambient temperature ex °C (86 °F) or the installation is over 1000m (3300 ft), de	ow in the perature de. When keeds 30 n altitude peramete		Frequency 3009
ZERO SPEED LOAD	25 150%	1	70%
BREAK POINT FREQ. 25%150% = Allowed contin	·		
	Sets the motor thermal time constant for the motor temper model.  • This is the time required for motor to reach 63% of the temperature with steady loter of the motor to reach 63% of the temperature with steady loter of NEMA class motors, us rule of thumb: MOTOR TH TIME equals 35 times to, with the equals 35 times to, with the motor manufacturer as rated current.  • The thermal time for a Class and for a Class 30 trip current and for a Class 30 trip current overload protection is function when the default value 100 overload protection is function when the constant current 127% of the parameter 99 MOTOR NOM CURR value.  • The default overloadability same level as what motor manufacturer's typically all 30 °C (86 °F) ambient tem and 1000m (3300 ft) altitude the ambient temperature of (86 °F) or the installation is over 1000m (3300 ft), demanufacturer's recommentexample: If the constant procurrent, set parameter 3007 overload protection is the constant procurrent, set parameter 3007 overload protection is sover 1000m (3300 ft), demanufacturer's recommentexample: If the constant procurrent, set parameter 3007 overload protection is the load curve togeth BREAK POINT FREQ.	Sets the motor thermal time constant for the motor temperature model.  • This is the time required for the motor to reach 63% of the final temperature with steady load.  • For thermal protection according to UL requirements for NEMA class motors, use the rule of thumb: MOTOR THERM TIME equals 35 times t6, where t6 (in seconds) is specified by the motor manufacturer as the time that the mot rated current.  • The thermal time for a Class 10 trip curve is 350 and for a Class 30 trip curve 1050 s.  MOT LOAD CURVE 50 150%  Sets the maximum allowable operating load of the motor.  • With the default value 100%, motor overload protection is functioning when the constant current exceeds 127% of the parameter 9906 MOTOR NOM CURR value.  • The default overloadability is at the same level as what motor 3008 generating and 1000m (3300 ft) altitude. When the ambient temperature exceeds 30 °C (86 °F) ambient temperature and 1000m (3300 ft) altitude. When the ambient temperature exceeds 30 °C (86 °F) or the installation altitude is over 1000m (3300 ft), decrease the parameter manufacturer's recommendation.  Example: If the constant protection level needs to current, set parameter 3007 MOT LOAD CURVE 22ERO SPEED LOAD 25 150%  Defines the load curve together with parameters 3 BREAK POINT FREQ.  25%150% = Allowed continuous motor load at 2	Sets the motor thermal time constant for the motor temperature model.  • This is the time required for the motor to reach 63% of the final temperature with steady load.  • For thermal protection according to UL requirements for NEMA class motors, use the rule of thumb: MOTOR THERM TIME equals 35 times 16, where 16 (in seconds) is specified by the motor manufacturer as the time that the motor can safely operarated current.  • The thermal time for a Class 10 trip curve is 350 s, for a Class 20 and for a Class 30 trip curve 1050 s.  MOT LOAD CURVE 50 150% 1  Sets the maximum allowable operating load of the motor.  • With the default value 100%, motor overload protection is functioning when the constant current exceeds 127% of the parameter 9906 MOTOR NOM CURR value.  • The default overloadability is at the same level as what motor manufacturer's typically allow in the 30 °C (86 °F) ambient temperature and 1000m (3300 ft), decrease the parameter 3007 value accormanufacturer's recommendation.  Example: If the constant protection level needs to be 115% of the mourrent, set parameter 3007 MOT LOAD CURVE value to 91% (=118) TERO SPEED LOAD 25 150% 1  Defines the load curve together with parameters 3007 MOT LOAD CURVE value to 91% (=118) TERO SPEED LOAD 25 150% 1

		Group 30: Fault function	is			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
3009	BREAK POINT FREQ	1 250 Hz	1	35 Hz		
	Defines the load curve t	ogether with parameters 300	07 MOT LOAD C	CURVE and 300	09	
		ection trip times when param /E and 3008 ZERO SPEED I			,	
	3.5 I <sub>O</sub> /I <sub>N</sub>	Â	I <sub>O</sub> = Output cu I <sub>N</sub> = Nominal n	notor current		
	3.0	60 s	f <sub>O</sub> = Output fre f <sub>BRK</sub> = Break p A = Trip time	equency point frequency		
	2.5	90 s				
	2.0	180 :	s			
	1.5	300	S			
	1.0	600	S			
	0.5	f <sub>O</sub> /f <sub>BR</sub>	IV.			
	0		K <b>►</b>			
	0 0.2 0.4	0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2				
3010		02 eacts to a motor stall conditionstall region (see the figure between the figure bet	•	•		
	parameter 3072 STALL					
	Current (A) ♠ Stall region					
	0	.95 · User defined limit				
		fined limit = AX CURRENT	[ [ ]	f		
			Par. 301	1		
	0 = NOT SEL – Protection is inactive. 1 = FAULT – Drive trips on fault 0012 MOTOR STALL and the motor coasts to stop. 2 = ALARM – Drive generates alarm 2012 MOTOR STALL.					
3011	STALL FREQUENCY		0.1 Hz	20.0 Hz		
	This parameter sets the above.	frequency value for the Stall	I function. Refer	to the figure		
3012	STALL TIME	10 400 s	1 s	20 s		
	This parameter sets the	time value for the Stall funct	ion.			

	Gro	oup 30: Fault functi	ions		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
3016	SUPPLY PHASE				
	Selects how the drive react	ts to a supply phase lo	ss, in other words,	when the DC	;
	voltage ripple is excessive.				
	0 = FAULT – Drive trips on the DC voltage ripple e	exceeds 14% of the nor	minal DC voltage.	·	
	1 = LIMIT/ALARM – Drive of generated when the DO There is a 10 s delay be limitation. The current is limit.	C voltage ripple exceed etween the activation of	ds 14% of the nominate of the alarm and the	nal DC voltage e output curre	ge. ent
	2 = ALARM – Drive genera exceeds 14% of the no	tes alarm <i>INPUT PHA</i> ominal DC voltage.	SE LOSS when the	DC ripple	
3017	EARTH FAULT	01	1	1	
	Defines the drive response cables. The drive monitors drive is not running. Also so 0 = DISABLE – No drive re 1 = ENABLE – Ground fau	for ground faults while see parameter 3023 W/ sponse to ground fault	the drive is running RING FAULT. ss.	g, and while t	the
	drive coasts to stop.	no aropiaj radit coro =	, , , , , , ,	(	
3018	COMM FAULT FUNC	03	1	0	
	Defines the drive response defined by parameter 3019			time delay is	S
	0 = NOT SEL - No respons 1 = FAULT - Displays fault 2 = CONST SP 7 - Display 1208 CONST SPEED writes a new reference	0028 SERIAL 1 ERR as s warning 2005 IO COI 7. This "alarm speed" r value.	MM and sets speed emains active until	using param the fieldbus	
	3 = LAST SPEED – Displation operating level. This value "alarm speed" remains	ilue is the average spe	ed over the last 10	seconds. Th	ast is
	WARNING! If you sele	ect CONST SP7, or LA	ST SPEED, make s	sure that	
	continued operation is		mmunication is lost	i.	
3019	COMM FAULT TIME	0.0 600.0 s	0.1 s	10.0 s	
	Sets the communication fa	•			
	<ul> <li>Brief interruptions in the less than the COMM FAI</li> </ul>		n are not treated as	faults if they	/ are
3021	AI1 FAULT LIMIT	0.0 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	
	Sets a fault level for analog	input 1. See paramet	er 3001 AI <min fu<="" td=""><td>INCTION.</td><td></td></min>	INCTION.	
	Do not set this limit below t	he level defined by pa	rameter 1301 MINII	MUM AI1.	
	Value in percent of the fu	ıll signal range.			
3022	AI2 FAULT LIMIT	0.0 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%	
	Sets a fault level for analog	input 2. See paramet	er 3001 AI <min fu<="" td=""><td>INCTION.</td><td></td></min>	INCTION.	
	Do not set this limit below t	he level defined by pa	rameter 1304 MINII	MUM AI2.	
	<ul> <li>Value in percent of the full</li> </ul>	.II aiamal nanan			

	Group 30: Fault functions						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
3023	WIRING FAULT	0, 1	1	1			
	Selects how the drive reacts when incorrect input power and motor cable connection is detected (ie, the input power cable is connected to the motor connection of the drive).						
	0 = DISABLE – No action. 1 = ENABLE – The drive trips on fault <i>0035 OUTP WIRING</i> .						
3027	OPTION COM LOSS	0, 1	1	1			
	Selects how the drive reacts when the MREL-01 output relay module is removed from the drive, and parameters 1402 RELAY OUTPUT 2, 1403 RELAY OUTPUT 3 or 1410 RELAY OUTPUT 4 have non-zero values.						
	0 = DISABLE – Prevents the fault 1006 PAR EXT RO even when MREL-01 is disconnected.						
	1 = ENABLE – MREL-01 is fault 1006 PAR EXT RC	constantly monitored f If external relay outpu	for disconnection. The street of the street	The drive trip: for use.	s on		

## Group 31: Automatic reset

This group defines conditions for automatic resets. An automatic reset occurs after a particular fault is detected. The drive holds for a set delay time, then automatically restarts. You can limit the number of resets in a specified time period, and you can set up automatic resets for a variety of faults.

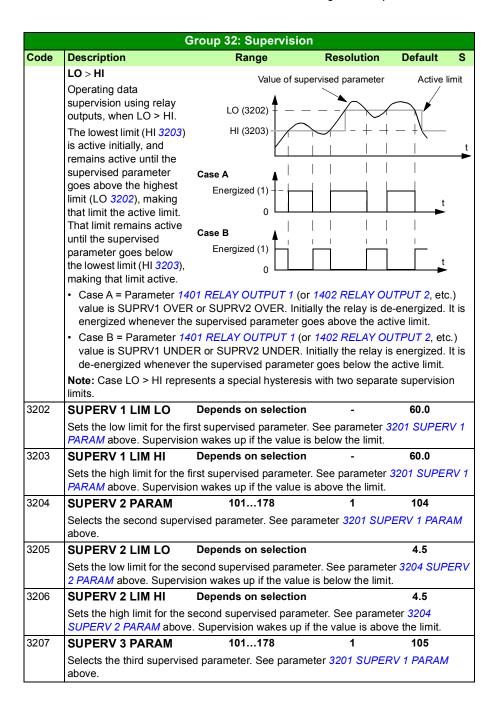
G	iroup 31: Automatic re	set			
Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
NUMBER OF TRIALS	05	1	5		
Sets the number of allowed automatic resets within a trial period defined by paramet 3102 TRIAL TIME.					
If the number of automatic resets     exceeds this limit (within the trial time), the drive prevents additional automatic resets and remains     stopped.      Trial time      X X X      Trial time      X X X X      Time					
Starting then requires a successful reset performed from the control panel or from a source selected by parameter 1604 FAULT RESET SEL.					
<b>Example:</b> Three faults have occurred in the trial time. The last is reset only if the value for parameter <i>3101 NUMBER OF TRIALS</i> is 3 or more.					
TRIAL TIME	1.0 600.0 s	0.1 s	30.0 s		
Sets the time period use	ed for counting and limiting	the number of res	ets.		
• See parameter 3101 I	NUMBER OF TRIALS.				
DELAY TIME	0.0 120.0 s	0.0 s	6.0 s		
Sets the delay time between a fault detection and attempted drive restart.					
If DELAY TIME = zero	, the drive resets immediat	tely.			
	NUMBER OF TRIALS Sets the number of allow 3102 TRIAL TIME.  If the number of autor exceeds this limit (with time), the drive prever automatic resets and stopped. Starting then requires reset performed from 1604 FAULT RESET. Example: Three faults h for parameter 3101 NUMTRIAL TIME Sets the time period use See parameter 3101 IDELAY TIME Sets the delay time between the summer sets the sets the time period use	NUMBER OF TRIALS  Sets the number of allowed automatic resets within 3102 TRIAL TIME.  If the number of automatic resets exceeds this limit (within the trial time), the drive prevents additional automatic resets and remains stopped.  Starting then requires a successful reset performed from the control panel or from a 1604 FAULT RESET SEL.  Example: Three faults have occurred in the trial time for parameter 3101 NUMBER OF TRIALS is 3 or more than 100.00 s  Sets the time period used for counting and limiting see parameter 3101 NUMBER OF TRIALS.  DELAY TIME  0.0 120.0 s  Sets the delay time between a fault detection and a second control panel or from a 1604 FAULT RESET SEL.	NUMBER OF TRIALS  Sets the number of allowed automatic resets within a trial period define 3102 TRIAL TIME.  • If the number of automatic resets exceeds this limit (within the trial time), the drive prevents additional automatic resets and remains stopped.  • Starting then requires a successful reset performed from the control panel or from a source selected to 1604 FAULT RESET SEL.  Example: Three faults have occurred in the trial time. The last is reset for parameter 3101 NUMBER OF TRIALS is 3 or more.  TRIAL TIME  1.0 600.0 s  0.1 s  Sets the time period used for counting and limiting the number of reset see parameter 3101 NUMBER OF TRIALS.  DELAY TIME  0.0 120.0 s  0.0 s	NUMBER OF 05 1 5  TRIALS  Sets the number of allowed automatic resets within a trial period defined by parar 3102 TRIAL TIME.  If the number of automatic resets exceeds this limit (within the trial time), the drive prevents additional automatic resets and remains stopped.  Starting then requires a successful reset performed from the control panel or from a source selected by paramete 1604 FAULT RESET SEL.  Example: Three faults have occurred in the trial time. The last is reset only if the for parameter 3101 NUMBER OF TRIALS is 3 or more.  TRIAL TIME 1.0 600.0 s 0.1 s 30.0 s  Sets the time period used for counting and limiting the number of resets.  See parameter 3101 NUMBER OF TRIALS.  DELAY TIME 0.0 120.0 s 0.0 s 6.0 s  Sets the delay time between a fault detection and attempted drive restart.	

	Grou	o 31: Automatic	reset			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
3104	AR OVERCURRENT	0, 1	1	0		
	Sets the automatic reset for the	ne overcurrent funct	tion on or off.			
	0 = DISABLE - Disables auto					
	1 = ENABLE – Enables autor		ENT officially and all and		4	
	<ul> <li>Automatically resets fault</li> <li>3103 DELAY TIME, and</li> </ul>			set by paran	neter	
3105	AR OVERVOLTAGE	0, 1	1	1		
	Sets the automatic reset for the	ne intermediate link	overvoltage function	n on or off.		
	0 = DISABLE - Disables auto					
	1 = ENABLE – Enables autor		O/ T - 6 4			
	<ul> <li>Automatically resets faul 3103 DELAY TIME, and</li> </ul>	the drive resumes r	ormal operation.	set by param	ieter	
3106	AR	0, 1	1	1		
	UNDERVOLTAGE					
	Sets the automatic reset for the intermediate link undervoltage function on or off.					
	0 = DISABLE – Disables automatic reset.					
	<ul> <li>1 = ENABLE – Enables automatic reset.</li> <li>Automatically resets the fault 0006 DC UNDERVOLT after the delay set by</li> </ul>					
	parameter 3103 DELAY	TIME, and the drive	resumes normal o	peration.		
3107	AR AI <min< th=""><th>0, 1</th><th>1</th><th>1</th><th></th></min<>	0, 1	1	1		
	Sets the automatic reset for the off.	ne analog input less	than minimum valu	ue function o	n or	
	0 = DISABLE - Disables auto					
	1 = ENABLE – Enables autor					
	<ul> <li>Automatically resets fault faults 0007 AI1 LOSS and 0008 AI2 LOSS after the delay set by parameter 3103 DELAY TIME, and the drive resumes normal operation.</li> </ul>					
	wARNING! When the analog input signal is restored, the drive may restart, even					
	after a long stop. Make sure that automatic, long delayed starts will not cause					
0400	physical injury and/or damage		1	1		
3108	AR EXTERNAL FLT	0, 1	•	1		
	Sets the automatic reset for e		on on or off.			
	0 = DISABLE – Disables autor 1 = ENABLE – Enables autor					
	<ul> <li>Automatically resets the</li> </ul>	fault (0014 EXT FA	<i>ULT 1</i> or <i>0015 EXT</i>	FAULT 2) af	ter	
	the delay set by paramet operation.	ter 3103 DELAY TIN	ME, and the drive re	sumes nórm	al	

### Group 32: Supervision

This group defines supervision for up to three signals from *Group 01: Operating data*. Supervision monitors a specified parameter and energizes a relay output if the parameter passes a defined limit. Use *Group 14: Relay outputs*, to define the relay and whether the relay activates when the signal is too low or too high.

	Gro	up 32: Supervision				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
3201	SUPERV 1 PARAM	101178	1	103		
	Selects the first supervised pa	arameter.				
	<ul> <li>Must be a parameter numb</li> </ul>	er from Group 01: Ope	rating data.			
	If the supervised parameter passes a limit, a relay output is energized.					
	The supervision limits are contact.	lefined in this group.				
The relay outputs are defined in <i>Group 14: Relay outputs</i> (definition also sp which supervision limit is monitored).						
	LO ≤ HI		Value of super	vised paramete	er	
	Operating data supervision using relay outputs, when LO ≤ HI.	HI (3203) LO (3202)			_	
	Case A = Parameter 1401     RELAY OUTPUT 1 (or     1402 RELAY OUTPUT 2,     etc.) value is SUPRV1     OVER or SUPRV 2 OVER.     Use for monitoring when/if     the supervised signal     exceeds a given limit. The     relay remains active until     the supervised value drops     below the low limit.     Case B = Parameter 1401     value is SUPRV 1 UNDER     supervised signal falls belo     supervised value rises abov  Note: Case LO ≤ HI represen	Case B Energized (1) 0  RELAY OUTPUT 1 (or or SUPRV 2 UNDER. I wa given limit. The relaye the high limit.	Use for monitorir ay remains activ	ng when/if the		



	Group 32: Supervision						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
3208	SUPERV 3 LIM LO	Depends on selection		100.0			
	Sets the low limit for the third supervised parameter. See parameter 3207 SUPERV 3 PARAM above. Supervision wakes up if the value is below the limit.						
3209	SUPERV 3 LIM HI	Depends on selection		100.0			
	Sets the high limit for the third supervised parameter. See parameter 3207 SUPERV 3  PARAM above. Supervision wakes up if the value is above the limit.						

# Group 33: Information

This group provides access to information about the drive's current programs: versions and test date.

	Group 33: Information					
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S	;	
3301	FIRMWARE	10000FFFF hex	1	Firmware ver.		
	Contains the version of the	drive's firmware.		VOI.		
3302	LOADING PACKAGE	0000FFFF hex	1	0		
	Contains the version of the	loading package.				
3303	TEST DATE	yy.ww	1	0		
	Contains the test date (yy.w	w).				
3304	DRIVE RATING	-	-	-		
	Indicates the drive's current	and voltage rating. The	format is XXXY	hex, where:		
	XXX =The nominal currer decimal point in the rating nominal current rating of	for the current. For exa			а	
	• Y = The voltage rating of the drive, where Y = :					
	<ul> <li>2 indicates a 200240 Volt rating.</li> <li>4 indicates a 380480 Volt rating.</li> <li>6 indicates a 500600 Volt rating.</li> </ul>					
3305	PARAMETER TABLE	0000FFFF hex			$\exists$	
	Contains the parameter tab	e version of the drive's f	firmware.			

### Group 34: Panel display

This group defines the content for control panel display (middle area), when the control panel is in the Output mode.

		Group 34: Panel	display			
Code	Description	Range		Resolution	Default	S
3401	SIGNAL1 PARAM	101178		1	103	
3401	Selects the first paramet displayed on the control  Definitions in this grou content when the cont Output mode.  Any Group 01: Operat parameter number can  Using the following padisplay value can be sto convenient units, ar  The figure identifies set 100 = not selected – First	er (by number) panel. p define display rol panel is in the  ing data n be selected. rameters, the caled, converted nd/or displayed as a elections made by party	arameter olayed.	AUTO 30  30  30  8  10  h. s in this group.	7 X 15. 7 A 8 MA 0:00 MEN	NU
3402	101199 = Displays par shows "n.a.". SIGNAL1 MIN	Depends on sel	•	neter does not	exist, the dis	splay
	Defines the minimum ex the first display parameter Use parameters 3402, 3 3407, for example to corparameter, such as 0102 to the speed of a convey motor (in ft/min). For such the source values in the fand max. motor speed, a values are the correspormax. conveyor speed. U 3405 to select the propedisplay.  Note: Selecting units do	er. 403, 3406, and evert a Group 01 2 SPEED (in rpm) or driven by the h a conversion, figure are the min. and the display eding min. and se parameter r units for the	Display value 3407 - 3406 -		3403	
3403	SIGNAL1 MAX	Depends on sel	ection	-	600.0	
	Defines the maximum ex <b>Note:</b> Parameter is not ex (DIRECT).	•				

		Gro	oup 34: Pane	l disp	lay						
Code	Description		Range		Res	olution	Default S				
3404	OUTPUT1 DSP 09 FORM					1	5				
	Defines the decimal point location for the first			st 3	404 value	Display	Range				
	display parameter.				0	<u>+</u> 3	-32768+32767				
	17 – Defines the decimal point location.				1	<u>+</u> 3.1	(Signed)				
	Enter the number of digits desired to the right of the decimal point.			ne	2	+ 3.14					
	See table for example using pi				3	<u>+</u> 3.142					
	(3.14159).  8 = RAP METER - Specifies a har meter				4	3	065535				
	8 = BAR METER – Specifies a bar meter display.				5	3.1	(Unsigned)				
	9 = DIRECT – Decimal point location and				6	3.14					
	units of measure are identical to the source signal. See <i>Group 01: Operating</i>			a –	7	3.142	†				
	data parameter listing for resolution (which indicates the decimal point location) and the units of measure.				Note: Parameters 3402, 3403 and 3405340 are not effective.						
3405	OUTPUT1 L	OUTPUT1 UNIT 0127 1				1	121				
	Selects the units used with the first display parameter.										
	<b>Note:</b> Parameter is not effective if parameter 3404 OUTPUT1 DSP FORM = 9 (DIRECT).										
	0 = NOT SEL	12 = mV	24 = GPM	36 = 1	/s 4	48 = gal/m	60 = ft wg				
	1 = A	13 = kW	25 = PSI	37 = 1	/min 4	19 = gal/h	61 = Ibsi				
	2 = V	14 = W	26 = CFM	38 = 1	/h 5	$50 = ft^3/s$	62 = ms				
	3 = Hz	15 = kWh	27 = ft	39 = 1	m <sup>3</sup> /s	$51 = ft^3/m$	63 = Mrev				
	4 = %	16 = °F	28 = MGD	40 = 1	m <sup>3</sup> /m - §	$52 = ft^3/h$	64 = d				
	5 = s	17 = hp	29 = inHg	41 = 1	kg/s	53 = Ib/s	65 = inWC				
	6 = h	18 = MWh	30 = FPM	42 = 1	kg/m - 5	54 = lb/m	66 = m/min				
	7 = rpm	19 = m/s	31 = kb/s	43 = 1	kg/h 5	55 = lb/h	67 = Nm				
	8 = kh	$20 = m^3/h$	32 = kHz	44 = 1	mbar 5	56 = FPS	$68 = \text{Km}^3/\text{h}$				
	9 = °C	$21 = dm^3/s$	33 = Ohm	45 = 1	Pa t	57 = ft/s	69 = min				
	10 = lb ft	22 = bar	34 = ppm	46 =	GPS 5	58 = inH <sub>2</sub> O	$70 = m^3$				
	11 = mA	23 = kPa	35 = pps	47 =	gal/s 5	59 = in wg	$71 = m^6$				
	72116 = RE 117 = %ref	SERVED (Value 119 = %dev	es can be selected 121 = % SP	d from th 123 =		125 = Fout	127 = Vdc				
	118 = %act	120 = % LD	122 = %FBK	124 =	· Vout	126 = Tout					
	The following units are useful for the bar display:										
	117 = %ref, 118 = %ac, 119 = %dev, 120 = % LD, 121 = % SP, 122 = %FBK, 123 = lout, 124 = Vout, 125 = Fout, 126 = Tout, 127 = Vdc.										
3406	OUTPUT1 MIN Depends on selection 1 -										
	Sets the minimum value displayed for the first display parameter.										
	<b>Note</b> : Parameter is not effective if parameter 3404 OUTPUT1 DSP FORM = 9 (DIRECT).										

		Group 34: Panel display	У	
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S
3407	OUTPUT1 MAX	Depends on selection	1	-
	Sets the maximum value	e displayed for the first displa	ay parameter.	
	<b>Note:</b> Parameter is not e (DIRECT).	effective if parameter 3404 C	OUTPUT1 DSP F	FORM = 9
3408	SIGNAL2 PARAM	100178	1	104
	Selects the second para parameter 3401 SIGNAL	meter (by number) displaye L1 PARAM.	d on the control	panel. See
3409	SIGNAL2 MIN	Depends on selection	1	-
	Defines the minimum ex parameter 3402 SIGNAL	pected value for the second L1 MIN.	display paramet	ter. See
3410	SIGNAL2 MAX	Depends on selection	1	-
	Defines the maximum exparameter 3403 SIGNAL	xpected value for the second L1 MAX.	d display parame	eter. See
3411	OUTPUT2 DSP FORM	09	1	-
	Defines the decimal poir 3404 OUTPUT1 DSP FO	nt location for the second dis ORM.	play parameter.	See parameter
3412	OUTPUT2 UNIT	0127	1	1
	Selects the units used w OUTPUT1 UNIT.	rith the second display parar	neter. See paran	neter 3405
3413	OUTPUT2 MIN	Depends on selection	1	-
	Sets the minimum value 3406 OUTPUT1 MIN.	displayed for the second dis	splay parameter.	See parameter
3414	<b>OUTPUT2 MAX</b>	Depends on selection	1	-
	Sets the maximum value 3407 OUTPUT1 MAX.	e displayed for the second di	splay parameter	. See parameter
3415	SIGNAL3 PARAM	100178	1	120
	Selects the third parameter 3401 SIGNAL	eter (by number) displayed o L1 PARAM.	n the control par	nel. See
3416	SIGNAL3 MIN	Depends on selection	1	-
	Defines the minimum ex 3402 SIGNAL1 MIN.	pected value for the third dis	splay parameter.	See parameter
3417	SIGNAL3 MAX	Depends on selection	1	-
	Defines the maximum ex 3403 SIGNAL1 MAX.	xpected value for the third di	splay parameter	. See parameter
3418	OUTPUT 3 DSP	09	1	5
	FORM			
	Defines the decimal poir OUTPUT1 DSP FORM.	nt location for the third display	y parameter. See	e parameter 3404

	Group 34: Panel display							
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S			
3419	OUTPUT3 UNIT	0127	1	11				
	Selects the units used with the third display parameter. See parameter 3405 OUTPUT1 UNIT.							
3420	OUTPUT3 MIN	Depends on selection	1	-				
	Sets the minimum valu 3406 OUTPUT1 MIN.	e displayed for the third displa	y parameter. Se	ee parameter				
3421	OUTPUT3 MAX	Depends on selection	1	-				
	Sets the maximum valuation of the sets of the maximum valuation of the sets of	ue displayed for the third displa	ay parameter. S	ee paramete	r			

# ■ Group 35: Motor temp meas

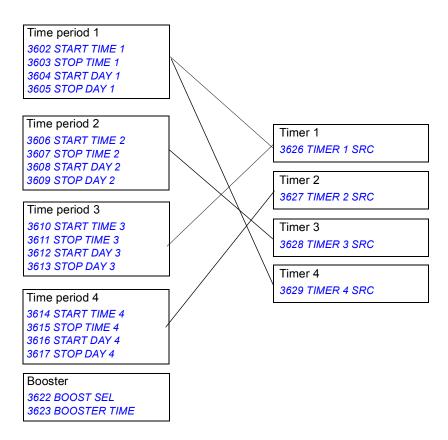
3501	Description SENSOR TYPE Activates the motor temp	Range 06		Resolution	Default	S
	Activates the motor temp	06				
	'			1	0	
		erature measureme	nt function	on and selects th	ne sensor typ	e.
	See also parameter Gro	up 15: Analogue outp	outs.			
	0 = NONE - Function is					
	<ul> <li>1 = 1 x PT100 – Function is active. The temperature is measured with one Pt's ensor. Analog output AO feeds constant current through the sensor. The resistance increases as the motor temperature rises, as does the voltage sensor. The temperature measurement function reads the voltage through input AI1/2 and converts it to degrees centigrade.</li> <li>2 = 2 x PT100 – Function is active. The temperature is measured using two P sensors. See selection 1 x PT100 above.</li> </ul>					
				a magazirad izair	na thron Dt10	20
	3 = 3 x PT100 – Function sensors. See selection			s measured usir	ig tillee Ptit	Ю
	4 = PTC – Function is ac					
	temperature is super PTC sensor. Analog constant current thro	output AO feeds ugh the sensor. The	Ohm		1 .	
	resistance of the sen sharply as the motor over the PTC referer (Tref), as does the vo	temperature rises ace temperature	4000	1 1 1		
	resistor. The tempera function reads the vo analog input AI1/2 ar	ature measurement oltage through	1330		1 1	
	ohms. The figure on shows typical PTC s values as a function	the right-hand side ensor resistance	550			
	operating temperature	e.	100	1		
	Temperature	Resistance			1 1 1 1	
	Normal	0 1.5 kohm			1 1 1 1	
	Excessive	≥ 4 kohm			1 1	Т
	5 = THERM (0) – Function sensor (see selection thermistor relay control of a THERM (1) – Function sensor (see selection thermistor relay control See the figures in section se	n PTC) connected to nected to a digital inp on is active. The mote n PTC) connected to nected to a digital inp	a drive to the desired a drive tempers a drive to the dri	through a norma notor overtempe trature is monito through a norma notor overtempe	illy closed rature. red using a F illy open rature.	PTC

## Group 36: Timed functions

This group defines the timed functions. The timed functions include:

- four daily start and stop times
- four weekly start, stop and boost times
- four timers for collecting selected periods together.

A timer can be connected to multiple time periods and a time period can be in multiple timers.



A parameter can be connected to only one timer.



	Group	36: Tim	ed fun	ctic	ons					
Code	Description	Rar	ige		Re	soluti	on	Defa	ult	S
3601	TIMERS ENABLE	-15	.17			1		0		
	Selects the source for the time	er enable	signal.							
	0 = NOT SEL - Timed functio	ns are dis	abled.							
	1 = DI1 - Defines digital input			func	tion e	nable	signal			
	<ul> <li>The digital input must be</li> </ul>									
	25 = DI2DI5 – Defines di	•		5 as	s the ti	med fu	unctio	n enab	le sigr	nal.
	7 = ACTIVE – Timed functions 1115 = DI1 CMODEDI5 (			ınct	ion on	ablad	on the	ricina	odao	of
	DI1. Timed function is in a different from the stop date	a continuo	us mode	e, in	which	the st	art da	te can	be	OI .
	17 = CONT MODE – Timed fu			a co	ontinu	ous m	ode, ir	n which	the s	tart
	date can be different from -1 = DI1(INV) – Defines an invisional.			DI1	as th	e time	d func	tion er	able	
	This digital input must be	de-activa	ted for t	ime	d func	tion er	able.			
	-25 = DI2(INV)DI5(INV) function enable signal.	– Defines	an inver	ted	digital	input	DI2	DI5 as	the tir	ned
	-1115 = DI1(INV) CMDI5 DI1. Timed function is in a different from the stop date	a continuo	– Timed us mode	fun e, in	ction e which	enable the st	d on th art da	ne fallir te can	ng edg be	e of
3602	·	0:00:00	23:59:	58		2 s		12:00	:00	
0002	Defines the daily start time.		. 20.00.	•						
	The time can be changed		I	J		l	I	1	l	I
	in steps of 2 seconds.	20:30:00	<del>   </del>			l	<del> </del>		<u> </u>	
	• If parameter value is 07:00:00, then the period	17:00:00								
	will be activated at 7 a.m.	15:00:00		l			<u> </u>	l		
	The figure shows multiple	13:00:00				ļ	ļ		<u> </u>	
	periods on different									
	weekdays.	12:00:00	1	l		ĺ	ĺ			1
	When editing parameters to set times:	10:30:00				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4	I	1
		10.00.00	! !	,		! !	! !		! !	! !
	<ul> <li>Use arrow keys to select desired hour setting.</li> </ul>	09:00:00						<u>.</u>	!	!
	Press NEXT to advance	00:00:00	ļ			l	ļ	ļ	l	l
	to minutes.	00.00.00	Mon Tu	ا ما	Wed	L Thu	L Fri	Sat	Sun	Щ.
	Use arrow keys to select		IVIOIT TO	J.C	weu	HIIU	1 11	Sat	Suii	
	desired minutes setting.									
	<ul> <li>Press NEXT to advance to</li> </ul>	minutes.								
	Use arrow keys to select de-	esired sec	onds set	ting						
	Press SAVE.									
3603	STOP TIME 1 0	0:00:00	. 23:59:	58		2 s		12:00	:00	
	Defines the daily stop time.									
	The time can be changed in	n steps of	2 secon	ds.						
	If the parameter value is 09	•			d will l	oe dea	ctivat	ed at 9	a.m.	

	Gr	oup 36: Timed functio	ns			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
3604	START DAY 1	17	1	1		
	Defines the weekly start d	ay.				
	1 = MONDAY7 = SUND	AY.				
	• If parameter value is (00:00:00).	1, then period 1 weekly is	active from Mon	day midnight		
3605	STOP DAY 1	17	1	1		
	Defines weekly stop day.					
	1 = MONDAY7 = SUND	AY.				
	• If parameter value is (23:59:58).	5, then timer 1 weekly will	be deactivated o	n Friday midr	night	
3606	START TIME 2	00:00:00 23:59:58	2 s	12:00:00		
	Defines timer 2 daily start	time.				
	See parameter 3602 ST	TART TIME 1				
3607	STOP TIME 2	00:00:00 23:59:58	2 s	12:00:00		
	Defines timer 2 daily stop	time.				
	See parameter 3603 ST	TOP TIME 1.				
3608	START DAY 2	17	1	1		
	Defines timer 2 weekly start day.					
	See parameter 3604 ST	TART DAY 1.				
3609	STOP DAY 2	17	1	1		
	Defines timer 2 weekly sto	op day.				
	See parameter 3605 ST					
3610	START TIME 3	00:00:00 23:59:58	2 s	12:00:00		
	Defines timer 3 daily start					
	See parameter 3602 ST					
3611	STOP TIME 3	00:00:00 23:59:58	2 s	12:00:00		
	Defines timer 3 daily stop					
	See parameter 3603 ST					
3612	START DAY 3	17	1	1		
	Defines timer 3 weekly sta	•				
	See parameter 3604 ST					
3613	STOP DAY 3	17	1	1		
	Defines timer 3 weekly sto					
	See parameter 3605 ST					
3614	START TIME 4	00:00:00 23:59:58	2 s	12:00:00		
	Defines timer 4 daily start					
	See parameter 3602 ST					
3615	STOP TIME 4	00:00:00 23:59:58	2 s	12:00:00		
	Defines timer 4 daily stop					
	• See parameter 3603 S	TOP TIME 1.				

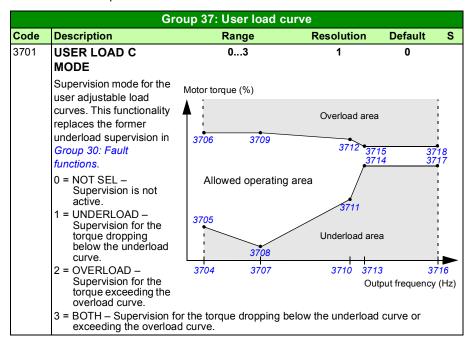
	Gr	oup 36: Timed function	ons		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
3616	START DAY 4	17	1	1	
	Defines timer 4 weekly sta	art day.			
	See parameter 3604 S	TART DAY 1.			
3617	STOP DAY 4	17	1	1	
	Defines timer 4 weekly sto	op day.			
	See parameter 3605 S	TOP DAY 1.			
3622	BOOST SEL	-55	1	0	
	Selects the source for the	booster signal.			
	0 = NOT SEL – Booster s	•			
	1 = DI1 – Defines DI1 as	•			
		es DI2DI5 as the booster		: = I	
		n inverted digital input DI1 NV) – Defines an inverted			
	booster signal.	vy – Delines an invented	aigitai iripat biz	.DIO do tric	
3623	BOOSTER TIME	00:00:00 23:59:58	2 s	12:00:00	
	Defines the booster ON	F			
	time. Time is started	Booster active		-	
	when booster sel signal		1	1	
	is released. If parameter range is 01:30:00, then	Activation DI		· i	
	booster is active for 1	Activation Bi	ļ	l 1	
	hour and 30 minutes		<b> </b>	<b></b>	
	after activation DI is		Booster tii	me I	
	released.				

	Gro	up 36: Timed functi	ons		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
3626	TIMER 1 SRC	048	1	0	
	Defines the time periods us	sed by the timer.			
	0 = NOT SEL- No timers ha	•			
	1 = P1 – Time Period 1 sele				
	2 = P2 – Time Period 2 sele				
	3 = P1+P2 - Time Periods	1 and 2 selected in the	timer.		
	4 = P3 – Time Period 3 sel	ected in the timer.			
	5 = P1+P3 - Time Periods				
	6 = P2+P3 – Time Periods				
	7 = P1+P2+P3 – Time Peri	,	in the timer.		
	8 = P4 – Time Period 4 sel		£!		
	9 = P1+P4 – Time Periods 10 = P2+P4 – Time Periods				
	11 = P1+P2+P4 – Time Periods				
	12 = P3+P4 – Time Periods				
	13 = P1+P3+P4 – Time Pe				
	14 = P2+P3+P4 - Time Pe				
	15 = P1+P2+P3+P4 - Time	e Periods 4, 3, 2 and 1 s	selected in the time	er.	
	16 = BOOST – Booster sel				
	17 = P1+B – Booster and T				
	18 = P2+B – Booster and T				
	19 = P1+P2 B – Booster ar 20 = P3+B – Booster and T				
	21 = P1+P3+B – Booster and 1				
	22 = P2+P3+B – Booster a				
	23 = P1+P2+P3+B – Boost				
	24 = P4+B - Booster and T	ime Periods 4 selected	in the timer.		
	25 = P1+P4+B - Booster a	nd Time Period 4 and T	imer 1 selected in	the timer.	
	26 = P2+P4+B - Booster a				
	27 = P1+P2+P4+B - Boost			n the timer.	
	28 = P3+P4+B – Booster a				
	29 = P1+P3+P4+B - Boost			n the timer.	
	30 = P2+P3+P4+B - Boost 31 = P1+2+3+4+B - Boost			d	
	32 = ALTERNATING – Alte				1
	P2, P1+P2 and P3 are	ignored (for the specific	timed function).	ne penous i	١,
	48 = ALT+BOOSTER - Alte			enabled	
	simultaneously.				
3627	TIMER 2 SRC	048	1	0	
2222	See parameter 3626.				
3628	TIMER 3 SRC	048	1	0	
	See parameter 3626.				
3629	TIMER 4 SRC	048	1	0	
	See parameter 3626.				

Group 36: Timed functions							
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
3630	ALTERNATING TIMER	0.01000.0 h	1	0.0 h			
	Defines the time interval for the timer to switch between On (1) and Off (0) states (starting from the On state), based on the selections ALTERNATING or ALT+BOOSTER in the timer source parameters 3626 3629.						
		rnating time period is enab ore for the specific timed f		ods P1, P2,			
	ALT+BOOSTER – Alte simultaneously.	ernating time period and be	ooster times are e	nabled			

### Group 37: User load curve

This new group defines supervision of user adjustable load curves (motor torque as a function of frequency). The curve is defined by five points. - The function replaces deleted underload parameters 3013...3015



	Gro	oup 37: User load c	urve		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
3702	USER LOAD C FUNC	1, 2	1	1	
	Action wanted during load	supervision.			
	1 = FAULT – A fault is gene MODE has been valid 2 = ALARM – An alarm is g C MODE has been valid	longer than the time se enerated when the con	t by 3703 <i>UŚER L</i> 0 Idition defined by 3	DAD C TIME. 701 USER LOA	4D
	C TIME.	u longer than hall of the	e time defined by 3	103 USER LUF	40
3703	USER LOAD C TIME	10 400 s		20 s	
	Defines the time limit for ge generating an alarm.	enerating a fault. Half o	f this time is used a	s the limit for	
3704	LOAD FREQ 1	0 500 Hz		5 Hz	
	Defines the frequency valu 3707 LOAD FREQ 2.	e of the first curve defir	nition point. Must be	e smaller than	
3705	LOAD TORQ LOW 1	0 600%		10%	
	Defines the torque value of than 3706 LOAD TORQ HI		ve definition point.	Must be smalle	er
3706	LOAD TORQ HIGH 1	0 600%		300%	
	Defines the torque value of	the first overload curve	e definition point.		
3707	LOAD FREQ 2	0 500 Hz		25%	
	Defines the frequency value 3710 LOAD FREQ 3.	e of the second curve of	definition point. Mus	st be smaller th	an
3708	LOAD TORQ LOW 2	0 600%		15%	
	Defines the torque value of smaller than 3709 LOAD T		curve definition po	int. Must be	
3709	LOAD TORQ HIGH 2	0 600%		300%	
	Defines the torque value of	the second overload c	urve definition poin	t.	
3710	LOAD FREQ 3	0 500 Hz		43 Hz	
	Defines the frequency valu	e of the third load curve	e definition point.		
3711	LOAD TORQ LOW 3	0 600%		25%	
	Defines the torque value of than 3712 LOAD TORQ HI		rve definition point.	Must be small	ler
3712	LOAD TORQ HIGH 3	0 600%		300%	
	Defines the torque value of	the third overload curv	e definition point.		
3713	LOAD FREQ 4	0 500 Hz		50 Hz	
	Defines the frequency valu		ve definition point.		
3714	LOAD TORQ LOW 4	0 600%		30%	
	Defines the torque value of than 3715 LOAD TORQ HI	GH 4.	urve definition point	. Must be smal	ller
3715	LOAD TORQ HIGH 4	0 600%		300%	
	Defines the torque overvalu	ue of the fourth load cu	rve definition point.		

	Group 37: User load curve							
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S			
3716	LOAD FREQ 5	0 500 Hz		500 Hz				
	Defines the frequency valu	e of fifth load curve def	inition point.					
3717	LOAD TORQ LOW 5	0 600%		30%				
	Defines the torque value o than 3718 LOAD TORQ H.		ve definition point.	Must be sma	ller			
3718	LOAD TORQ HIGH 5	0 600%		300%				
	Defines the torque value o	f the fifth overload curv	e definition point.					

#### Group 40: Process PID set 1

This group defines a set of parameters used with the Process PID (PID1) controller.

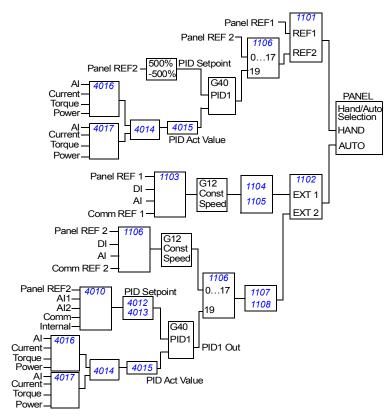
Typically only parameters in this group are needed.

#### PID controller - basic set-up

In PID control mode, the drive compares a reference signal (setpoint) to an actual signal (feedback), and automatically adjusts the speed of the drive to match the two signals. The difference between the two signals is the error value.

Typically PID control mode is used, when the speed of a fan or pump needs to be controlled based on pressure, flow or temperature. In most cases - when there is only 1 transducer signal wired to the drive – only parameter group 40 is needed.

A schematic of setpoint/feedback signal flow using parameter group 40 is presented below.



Note: To activate and use the PID controller, parameter 1106 REF2 SELECT must be set to value 19.

#### PID controller - advanced

ACS320 has 2 separate PID controllers:

- Process PID (PID1)
- External PID (PID2).

Process PID (PID1) has 2 separate sets of parameters:

- Process PID (PID1) SET1, defined in Group 40: Process PID set 1
- Process PID (PID1) SET2, defined in Group 41: Process PID set 2.

You can select between the 2 different sets by using parameter 4027 PID 1 PARAM SET.

Typically two different PID controller sets are used when the load of the motor changes considerably from one situation to another.

You can use External PID (PID2), defined in *Group 42: Ext / Trim PID*, in 2 different ways:

- Instead of using additional PID controller hardware, you can set outputs of the ACS320 to control a field instrument like a damper or a valve. In this case, set Parameter 4230 to value 0. (0 is the default value.)
- You can use External PID (PID2) as an additional PID controller to Process PID (PID1) to trim or fine-tune the speed of the ACS320.

An example of the trimming is a return fan that follows the speed of the supply fan. As the return fan needs to run faster or slower then the supply fan in order to create under- or overpressure, correction factors to the supply fan speed are needed. Use External PID (PID2) in the return fan drive to provide these corrections.

		Group 40: Process PID	set 1				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
1001	GAIN	0.1 100.0	0.1	2.5			
	Defines the PID controller's gain.						
	At 0.1, the PID contr	roller output changes one-te	enth as much as the	e error value.			
	At 100, the PID cont value.	troller output changes one h	undred times as m	nuch as the e	rror		
	Use the proportional gathe system.	ain and integration time valu	ues to adjust the re	sponsivenes	s of		
 		rtional gain and a high value des sluggish response.	e for integral time e	ensures stable	е		
	If the proportional gain become unstable.	value is too large or the inte	egral time too shor	t, the system	can		
	Procedure:						
	<ul><li>Initially, set:</li></ul>						
	• 4001 GAIN = 0.1.						
		ON TIME = 20 seconds.					
	operation. If not, inc	d see if it reaches the setpoi rease GAIN (4001) until the t. It may be necessary to sta	actual signal (or d	rive speed)			
	Reduce GAIN (4001)	) until the oscillation stops.					
	• Set GAIN (4001) to	0.4 to 0.6 times the above v	alue.				
		GRATION TIME (4002) until It may be necessary to sta	•		,		
	Increase INTEGRATION TIME (4002) until the oscillation stops.						
	• Set INTEGRATION	TIME (4002) to 1.15 to 1.5 t	imes the above va	lue.			
	If the feedback signs	al contains high frequency n	oise, increase the	value of			

Parameter 1303 FILTER AI1 or 1306 FILTER AI2 until the noise is filtered from the

signal.

	Group 40:	Process PID se	t 1		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
4002	INTEGRATION TIME 0.0	) 3600.0 s	0.1 s	3.0 s	
4003	Defines the PID controller's integration time. Integration time is, by definition, is the time required to increase the output by the error value: • Error value is constant and 100 • Gain = 1. • Integration time of 1 second denotes that a 100% change is achieved in 1 second.  0.0 = NOT SEL Disables integration (I-part of controller).  0.1 3600.0 = Integration time (seconds).  See parameter 4001 GAIN for adj	D (4001 = 10) %. C (4001 = 1) On A = Error B = Error value C = Controller o D = Controller o	utput with Gain = utput with Gain =	1	t -
4003	Defines the PID controller's derivative of the PID controller output. The difference of the error value's rate of change example, if the process error value's linearly, the derivative constant added to the PID controller.  • Error-derivative is filtered with a filter. The time constant of the fildefined by parameter 4004 PID FILTER.  0.0 = NOT SEL Disables the error part of the PID controller output.	ation time.  le error to erivative is For liue is a roller  1-pole lter is  DERIV  PID ou  derivative ut  Ga	Process e 00%  O%  D-part c sin 01	orror value	t tput tput t
4004	PID DERIV FILTER Defines the filter time constant for Before being added to the PID of 1-pole filter. Increasing the filter time smooth 0.0 = NOT SEL Disables the error 0.1 10.0 = Filter time constant of	controller output, the ns the error-derivati -derivative filter.	e error-derivative	e is filtered w	

	Group 40: Pro	cess PID	set 1				
Code	Description Ra	nge	Resolutio	n D	efault	S	
4005	ERROR VALUE INV 0	, 1	-		0		
	Selects either a normal or inverted reladrive speed.	tionship be	etween the feed	back sig	nal and t	the	
	0 = NO – Normal, a decrease in feedba	•					
	1 = YES – Inverted, a decrease in feed - Ref		l decreases driv	e speed		Fbk	
4006	UNITS 0	.31	-		4		
	Selects the unit for the PID controller at 0132).	ctual values	s. (PID1 parame	eters 012	28, 0130,	and	
	See parameter 3405 OUTPUT1 UNI	T for list of	available units	-			
4007	UNIT SCALE 0.	4	1		1		
	Defines the decimal point location in P	4007 value	Entry	Display	V		
	controller actual values.	0	0003	3			
	<ul> <li>Enter the decimal point location could from the right of the entry.</li> </ul>	1	0031	3.1			
	• See table for example using pi (3.14	2	0314	3.14			
	processing	.00).	3	3142	3.142		
4008	0 % VALUE -3276.8	3276.7	-		-		
	Defines (together with the next parameter) the scaling applied to the PID controller's actual values (PID1	Units (4 Scale (4	,		+1	000%	
	parameters 0128, 0130, and 0132).				, ,	. 1	
	Units and scale are defined by parameters 4006 UNITS and 4007 UNIT SCALE.	4009 –					
	, co	4008 –	/				
						<b>-</b>	
			0%		100%		
		-1000%		Interr	nal scale (	%)	
4009	100 % VALUE -3267.8	3276.7	-		-		
	Defines (together with the previous parameter) the scaling applied to the PID controller's actual values.						
	Units and scale are defined by parameters 4006 UNITS and 4007 UNIT SCALE.						

	Gro	oup 40: Process PID s	set 1				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
4010	SET POINT SEL	032	1	0	✓		
	Defines the reference sign	nal source for the PID cor	ntroller.				
	Parameter has no signi 8121 REG BYPASS CT	•	ulator is by-passe	d (see paran	neter		
	0 = KEYPAD - Control pa	nel provides reference.					
	1 = Al1 – Analog input 1 p						
	2 = Al2 – Analog input 2 p						
	8 = COMM – Fieldbus pro						
	9 = COMM+AI1 – Defines	s a fieldbus and analog inp Analog Input Reference	out 1 (AI1) combir Correction below	nation as the			
	reference source. See Analog Input Reference Correction below.  10 = COMM*AI1 – Defines a fieldbus and analog input 1 (AI1) combination as the						
reference source. See Analog Input Reference Correction below.					wida		
	<ul> <li>11 = DI3U, 4D(RNC) – Digital inputs, acting as a motor potentiometer control, prov reference.</li> <li>DI3 increases the speed (the U stands for "up")</li> <li>DI4 decreases the reference (the D stands for "down").</li> </ul>						
		CELER TIME 2 controls th	•	l's rate of ch	ange.		
	·	esets the reference to zer	ro.				
	NC = Reference value is not copied.						
	12 = DI3U, 4D(NC) – Same as DI3U, 4D(RNC) above, except:						
	<ul> <li>Stop command does not reset reference to zero. At restart the motor ramps up, at the selected acceleration rate, to the stored reference.</li> </ul>						
	14 = Al1+Al2 – Defines an analog input 1 (Al1) and analog input 2 (Al2) combination as the reference source. See Analog Input Reference Correction below.						
	15 = Al1*Al2 – Defines an analog input 1 (Al1) and analog input 2 (Al2) combination as the reference source. See Analog Input Reference Correction below.						
	16 = Al1-Al2 – Defines an analog input 1 (Al1) and analog input 2 (Al2) combination as the reference source. See Analog Input Reference Correction below.						
	17 = AI1/AI2 – Defines an the reference source.						
	19 = INTERNAL – A cons						

	G	roup 40: Process PID	set 1				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S			
	Analog input reference	nce correction					
	Parameter values 9, 10	, and 1417 use the form	ula in the following	table.			
	Value Setting	Al reference is calculated as	following:				
	C + B	C value + (B value - 50% of re	ference value)				
	C * B	C value * (B value / 50% of ref	ference value)				
	C - B	(C value + 50% of reference v	alue) - B value				
	C/B	(C value * 50% of reference va	alue) / B value				
	Where:						
	C = Main Reference	value (= COMM for values	9, 10 and = Al1 for	r values 1417).			
	B = Correcting reference	ence (= Al1 for values 9, 10	and = Al2 for value	es 1417).			
	Example:	120 春					
	The figure shows the reference source curve for value settings 9, 10, and 1417, where:  • C = 25%.	s 100 17 (/)	, 				
	• Parameter 4012 SETPOINT MIN = 0.	60		9, 14 (+)			
	• Parameter 4013 SETPOINT MAX = 0	40		10, 15 (*)			
	<ul> <li>B varies along the horizontal axis.</li> </ul>	20-		16 (-)			
	31 = DI4U, 5D(NC) - S selection DI3U,4D(NC). 32 = FREQ INPUT - Fr			100% B			
4011	INTERNAL SETPNT	<u> </u>	0.1%	40.0%			
	Selects a constant value	e as a process PID control is set to INTERNAL.	ler reference, wher	n parameter 4010			
	Unit and range depe	nd on the unit and scale de	fined by parameter	rs 4006 UNITS			

and 4007 UNIT SCALE.

S

- 4 = ACT1\*ACT ACT1 times ACT2 provides the feedback signal.
- 5 = ACT1/ACT2 ACT1 divided by ACT2 provides the feedback signal.
- 6 = MIN (ACT1, 2) The smaller of ACT1 or ACT2 provides the feedback signal.
- 7 = MAX (ACT1, 2) The greater of ACT1 or ACT2 provides the feedback signal.
- 8 = sqrt(ACT1-2) Square root of the value for ACT1 minus ACT2 provides the
- feedback signal. 9 = sqA1 + sqA2 - Square root of ACT1 plus the square root of ACT2 provides the feedback signal.
- 10 = sqrt(ACT1) Square root of ACT1 provides the feedback signal.
- 11 = COMM FBK 1 Signal 0158 PID COMM VALUE 1 provides the feedback signal.
- 12 = COMM FBK 2 Signal 0159 PID COMM VALUE 2 provides the feedback signal.
- 13 = AVE(ACT1,2) The average of ACT1 and ACT2 provides the feedback signal.

	Gr	oup 40: Process PID	set 1		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
4015	FBK MULTIPLIER	-32.76832.767	0.001	0	
	Defines an extra multiplie	r for the PID FBK value de	efined by paramete	er 4014 FBK	SEL.
	<ul> <li>Used mainly in applica</li> </ul>		• •		
	difference.				
	0 = NOT SELECTED.				
	-32.76832.767 = Multip	olier applied to the signal	defined by parame	eter 4014 FB	K
	Example: FBK = Multi	•			
4016	ACT1 INPUT	18	1	2	✓
	Defines the source for ac	tual value 1 (ACT1).			
	1 = Al 1 – Uses analog in	put 1 for ACT1.			
	2 = Al 2 – Uses analog in				
	3 = CURRENT – Uses cu	*	<b>)</b> :		
	Min ACT1 = 0 currer				
	• Max ACT1 = 2 x non				
	<ul><li>4 = TORQUE – Uses torce</li><li>Min ACT1= -2 x nome</li></ul>	•			
	Max ACT1 = 2 x non     Max ACT1 = 2 x non	•			
	5 = POWER – Uses power	•			
	• Min ACT1 = -2 x nor	· ·			
	<ul> <li>Max ACT1 = 2 x non</li> </ul>	•			
	6 = COMM ACT 1 - Uses	s value of signal <i>0158 PIL</i>	COMM VALUE 1	for ACT1.	
	7 = COMM ACT 2 – Uses	s value of signal 0159 PIL	COMM VALUE 2	for ACT1.	
	8 = FREQ INPUT				
4017	ACT2 INPUT	18	1	2	✓
	Defines the source for ac	tual value 2 (ACT2).			
	1 = Al 1 – Uses analog in	put 1 for ACT2.			
	2 = Al 2 - Uses analog in	put 2 for ACT2.			
	3 = CURRENT – Uses cu	irrent for ACT2, scaled so	<b>)</b> :		
	Min ACT2 = 0 currer				
	<ul> <li>Max ACT2 = 2 x non</li> </ul>				
	4 = TORQUE – Uses toro	•			
	• Min ACT2 = -2 x nomir	•			
	<ul> <li>Max ACT2 = 2 x nomir</li> </ul>	•			
	5 = POWER – Uses power	er for ACT2, scaled so:			
	• Min ACT2 = -2 x nomir	nal power			
	<ul> <li>Max ACT2 = 2 x nomin</li> </ul>	nal power			
	6 = COMM ACT 1 – Uses	s value of signal 0158 PIL	COMM VALUE 1	for ACT2.	
	7 = COMM ACT 2 – Uses				
	8 = FREQ INPUT – Frequ	uency input.			

Code     Description     Range     Resolution     Defaul       4018     ACT1 MINIMUM     -1000 1000%     1%     0%       • Sets the minimum value for ACT1.	er 4016							
Sets the minimum value for ACT1.								
Scales the source signal used as the actual value ACT1 (defined by paramet	nd 7							
ACT1 INPUT ACT1 INPUT). For parameter 4016 values 6 (COMM ACT 1) a	-							
(COMM ACT 2) scaling is not done.								
Par. 4016 Source Source min. Source max.								
1 Analog input 1 1301 MINIMUM AI1 1302 MAXIMUM A	l1							
2 Analog input 2 1304 MINIMUM AI2 1305 MAXIMUM A	12							
3 Current 0 2 · nominal curren	i							
4 Torque -2 · nominal torque 2 · nominal torque								
5 Power -2 · nominal power 2 · nominal power								
See the figure below: A= Normal; B = Inversion (ACT1 MINIMUM > ACT1	See the figure below: A= Normal: B = Inversion (ACT1 MINIMUM > ACT1							
MAXIMUM)								
ACT1 (%)								
A B								
4019 4018								
4019								
4018 Source	Source							
1301 1302 signal 1301 1302	signal							
Source min. Source max. Source min. Source n	ax.							
4019 ACT1 MAXIMUM -1000 1000% 1% 100%								
Sets the maximum value for ACT1.								
See 4018 ACT1 MINIMUM.								
4020 ACT2 MINIMUM -1000 1000% 1% 0%								
Sets the minimum value for ACT2.								
See 4018 ACT1 MINIMUM.								
4021 ACT2 MAXIMUM -1000 1000% 1% 1000%								
Sets the maximum value for ACT2.								
See 4018 ACT1 MINIMUM.								

	Group 40:	Process PID set	1		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
4022	SLEEP SELECTION	-1111	-	0	
	Defines the control for the PID sle	ep function.			
	0 = NOT SEL – Disables the PID s	sleep control functio	n.		
	1 = DI1 – Defines digital input 1 as		•	on.	
	Activating the digital input activating the digital input	•			
	<ul> <li>De-activating the digital input</li> <li>5 = DI2 DI5 - Defines digital</li> </ul>			PID sleen	
	25 = DI2DI5 – Defines digital input DI2DI5 as the control for the PID sleep function.				
	<ul> <li>See DI1 above.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>911 = SUPRV1 UNDERSUPRV3 UNDER – The function is activated when parameter 3201 SUPERV1 PARAM stays over the high limit defined by parameter 3203 SUPERV 1 LIM HI.  The internal sleep criteria set by parameters 4023 PID SLEEP LEVEL and 4025 WAKE-UP DEV are not effective. The sleep start and stop delay parameters 402 PID SLEEP DELAY and 4026 WAKE-UP DELAY are effective.</li> <li>7 = INTERNAL – Defines the output rpm/frequency, process reference, and process actual value as the control for the PID sleep function. Refer to parameters 4025 WAKE-UP DEV and 4023 PID SLEEP LEVEL.</li> <li>-1 = DI1(INV) – Defines an inverted digital input DI1 as the control for the PID sleep function.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>De-activating the digital input</li> </ul>	activates the sleep	function.		
	Activating the digital input res				
	-25 = DI2(INV)DI5(INV) – De for the PID sleep function.	ital input DI2D	ll5 as the cor	ntrol	
	See DI1(INV) above.				
	-911 = SUPRV1 UNDERSUF parameter 3201 SUPERV 1 P parameter 3202 SUPERV 1 L	ARAM stays below			
	The internal sleep criteria set WAKE-UP DEV are not effecti PID SLEEP DELAY and 4026	by parameters 4023 ve. The sleep start	and stop delay p	VEL and 402 arameters 4	25 024

	Group	o 40: Process PID se	t 1	
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S
4023	PID SLEEP LEVEL	0.0 120.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	0.0 Hz
4023	PID SLEEP LEVEL  Sets the motor speed / frequery below this level, tenables the PID sleep function.  Requires 4022 = 7 INTERION.  See figure: A = PID output Reference  Sleep boost step (4031)  Selected process actual value  Wake-up level deviation (4025)  Output frequency  t <sub>sd</sub> = Sleep delay (4024)  t < t <sub>sd</sub> . t <sub>sd</sub>	ency that enables the PI for at least the time perion (stopping the drive).  NAL.	D sleep function od 4024 PID SLE	– a motor speed
	Sleep level (4023)	Stop Start	<b>→</b> t	
4024	PID SLEEP DELAY	0.0 3600.0 s	0.1 s	60.0 s
	Defines the delay for the slee When the motor speed falls is speed exceeds the sleep lev • See 4023 PID SLEEP LEV	ep start function. See par below the sleep level, the el, the counter is reset.	ameter 4023 PIL	O SLEEP LEVEL.

	Grou	up 40: Process PID	set 1				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S			
4025	WAKE-UP DEV	0.0 3276.7	0.1	0.0			
	Defines the wake-up deviate for at least the time period		, ,	,			
	<ul> <li>Parameters 4006 UNITS 4007 UNIT SCALE define units and scale.</li> </ul>		<b>♦ F</b>				
	Parameter 4005 ERROR VALUE INV = 0, Wake-up level = Setpoin Wake-up deviation.	4025	<b>→</b>	— — – C – 4026			
	Parameter 4005 ERROR VALUE INV = 1, Wake-up level = Setpoin Wake-up deviation.	-		- D t 4026			
	<ul> <li>Wake-up level can be ab below setpoint.</li> </ul>	ove or		F			
	See the figure:						
	C = Wake-up level when parameter 4005 ERROR VALUE INV = 1						
	D = Wake-up level when parameter 4005 ERROR VALUE INV = 0						
	<ul> <li>E = Feedback is above w</li> <li>PID function wakes up.</li> </ul>	•	longer than 4026 V	VAKE-UP DELAY			
	<ul> <li>F = Feedback is below w</li> <li>PID function wakes up.</li> </ul>	•	onger than 4026 V	VAKE-UP DELAY			
4026	WAKE-UP DELAY	0.00 60.00 s	0.01 s	0.50 s			
	Defines the wake-up delay	_					
	a deviation from the setpoint greater than 4025 WAKE-UP DEV, for at least this time period re-starts the PID controller.						
	See 4023 PID SLEEP LE	EVEL above.					
	•						

	Gro	oup 40: Process PID se	et 1	
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S
4027	PID 1 PARAM SET	-511	1	0
	Defines how selections ar	e made between PID set 1	and PID set 2.	
	PID parameter set selection	on. When set 1 is selected,	, parameters 400	014026 are
	used.			
	When set 2 is selected, pa	arameters 40014026 are	used.	
	**	rameters 40014026) is a		
	<ul><li>1 = DI1 – Defines digital ir</li><li>Activating the digital ir</li></ul>	nput 1 as the control for PII	D set selection.	
	0 0	tal input selects PID set 1.		
		s digital input DI2DI5 as		ID set selection.
	<ul> <li>See DI1 above.</li> </ul>			
		rameters 41014126) is a fines the Timer as the conti		t coloction (Timor
		t 1; Timer activated = PID s		it selection (Timel
	See parameter Group 36:	Timed functions.		
		n inverted digital input 1 as	the control for F	PID set selection.
	Activating the digital in the d	input selects PID set 1. tal input selects PID set 2.		
		lV) – Defines an inverted di		DI5 as the control
	for PID set selection.	,	g.ta:pat = . <b>=</b>	210 00 010 001100
	See DI1(INV) above.			
4028	PID OUT MIN	-1000.0 1000.0%	1 = 0.1%	-100.0%
4000	Defines the minimum valu		4 0 40/	100.00/
4029	PID OUT MAX	-1000.0 1000.0%	1 = 0.1%	-100.0%
4020	Defines the maximum value	0.0 3600.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.0 s
4030	SLEEP BOOST TIME			0.00
	STEP.	the sleep boost step. See	parameter 4031	SLEEP BOOST
	Referenc			
	<b>A</b>	4030 SLEEP		
	4031 SLEEP	BOOST TIME		
	BOOST STEP	<u> </u>		
4031	SLEEP BOOST STEP	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%
			- (DIDtit)	to to one or all box
	_	g sleep mode, the reference te defined by parameter 40	,	,
4032	PID REF ACC TIME	0.0 1800.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.0 s
		ference (PID setpoint) incr		
		4036 are active even if the		
	Process PID set 2) is used		, p. 500000 1 1D 30	2 (Stoup 11.
<u> </u>				

	Gro	up 40: Process PID s	set 1		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
4033	PID REF DEC TIME	0.0 1800.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.0 s	
	Defines the time for the ref	ference (PID setpoint) de	ecrease from 100	to 0%.	
4034	PID REF FREEZE			NOT SEL	
	Freezes the input (referen	ce, PID setpoint) of the p	process PID contro	oller.	
	0 = NOT SEL - Not selected 1 = DI1 - Reference is from 2 = DI2 - See selection DI 3 = DI3 - See selection DI 4 = DI4 - See selection DI 5 = DI5 - See selection DI -1 = DI1(INV) - Reference -2 = DI2(INV) - See selection -3 = DI3(INV) - See selecti	ed zen on the rising edge of 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. is frozen on the falling e ion DI1(INV). ion DI1(INV).	f digital input DI1.		
	-4 = DI4(INV) – See select -5 = DI5(INV) – See select	` '			
4035	` '	ion Dir(iiv).		NOT SEL	
4036	Freezes the output of the process PID controller.  0 = NOT SEL - Not selected  1 = DI1 - Output is frozen on the rising edge of digital input DI1  2 = DI2 - See selection DI1.  3 = DI3 - See selection DI1.  4 = DI4 - See selection DI1.  5 = DI5 - See selection DI1.  -1 = DI1(INV) - Output is frozen on the falling edge of digital input DI1.  -2 = DI2(INV) - See selection DI1(INV).  -3 = DI3(INV) - See selection DI1(INV).  -4 = DI4(INV) - See selection DI1(INV).  -5 = DI5(INV) - See selection DI1(INV).  INTERNAL SETPNT2  -3276.8 3276.7  Selects a constant value as the process PID controller reference, which becomes active when parameter 4010 SET POINT SEL value is set to INTERNAL and setpoint 2 is selected with the input defined by parameter 4039 INT SETPNT SEL. Value in				
4037	percent.  INTERNAL SETPNT3	-3276.8 3276.7			
<del>-1</del> 031	Selects a constant value a active when parameter 40 3 is selected with the input percent.	s the process PID contro 10 SET POINT SEL valu	ie is set to INTERI	NAL and setp	oint
4038	INTERNAL SETPNT4	-3276.8 3276.7	-	-	
	Selects a constant value a active when parameter 40 4 is selected with the input percent.	<i>10 SET POINT SEL</i> valu	ie is set to INTERI	NAL and setp	oint

			Group 40: F	Process PID s	set 1		
e [	Descripti	on		Range	Resolution	Default	S
I	NT SET	PNT SE	L			NOT SEL	
					setpoint used as the INT SEL value is	•	
E	Example:						
4	1039 INT Digital inp	SETPNT ut DI2 =	SEL = INTERNA SEL = DI2 1 T MIN is used as				
					as the reference		
2 3 4	= NOT SEL – 4011 INTERNAL SETPNT is used as the reference.  = DI1 0 = 4011 INTERNAL SETPNT is used. 1 = 4036 INTERNAL SETPNT2 is used. = DI2 – See selection DI1. = DI3 – See selection DI1. = DI4 – See selection DI1.						
5	5 = DI5 -	See sele	ction DI1.				
7	' = DI1,2 the re	<ul><li>Selects ference.</li></ul>	with digital inpu 1 = DI active, 0 =	ts DI1 and DI2 v DI inactive.	which internal setp	point is used	as
	DI1	DI2	Internal setpoin	t selected			
	0	0	4011 INTERNAL	SETPNT			
	1	0	4036 INTERNAL	SETPNT2			
	0	1	4037 INTERNAL	SETPNT3			
	1	1	4038 INTERNAL SETPNT4				
1	0 = DI3,4 10 = DI4,5 15 = TIME 0 = 40 1 = 40 16 = TIME	– See se 5 – See s 5D FUNC 011 INTE 036 INTE 5D FUNC	RNAL SETPNT i RNAL SETPNT2 2 – See selectio 3 – See selectio	is used. on TIMED FUNC n TIMED FUNC	1.		
1			4 – See selectio			NC 2 which	
1	9 = TIME interna	D FUN1	&2 – Selects with	TIMED FUNC	1. 1 and TIMED FUI med function activ		
1	9 = TIME interna	ED FUN1al setpoir	&2 – Selects with	TIMED FUNC	1 and TIMED FUI		

TIMED FUNC 1	TIMED FUNC 2	Internal setpoint selected
0	0	4011 INTERNAL SETPNT
1	0	4036 INTERNAL SETPNT2
0	1	4037 INTERNAL SETPNT3
1	1	4038 INTERNAL SETPNT4

## Group 41: Process PID set 2

This group defines second set of parameters used with the Process PID (PID1) controller.

The operation of parameters 4101 ... 4139 is analogous with Process PID set 1 (PID1) parameters 4001...4039.

PID parameter set 2 can be selected by parameter 4027 PID 1 PARAM SET.

	Group 41: Process PID set 2							
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S			
4101								
 4139	See parameters 40014039.							

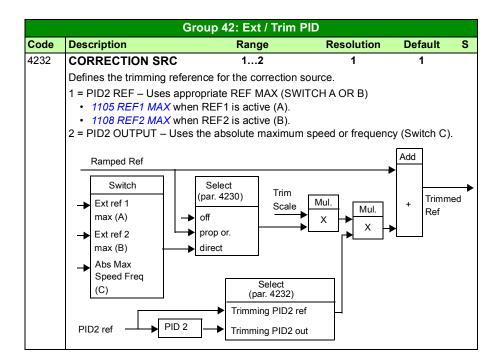
#### **Group 42: Ext / Trim PID**

This group defines the parameters used for the second PID controller (PID2) of ACS320.

The operation of parameters 4201 ... 4221 is analogous with Process PID set 1 (PID1) parameters 4001...4039.

	Group 42: Ext / Trim PID						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
4201							
 4221	See parameters 4001402	21.					

	Group 42: Ext / Trim PID					
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
4228	ACTIVATE	-512	-	1		
	Defines the source for e	nabling the external PID fun	iction.			
	<ul> <li>Requires parameter 4</li> </ul>	230 TRIM MODE = 0 NOT	SEL.			
	0 = NOT SEL – Disables					
		input 1 as the control for er	•	PID control.		
	<ul> <li>Activating the digital input enables external PID control.</li> <li>De-activating the digital input disables external PID control.</li> </ul>					
	De-activating the digital input disables external PID control.  25 = DI2DI5 – Defines digital input DI2DI5 as the control for enabling external PID control.					
	See DI1 above.					
	control.	es the start command as the			PID	
		mmand (drive is running) er				
		wer-on as the control for en	•	ID control.		
	Activating power to the drive enables external PID control.  912 = TIMER 14 – Defines the Timer as the control for enabling external PID control (Timer active enables external PID control).					
	`	up 36: Timed functions.	- /			
	<ul> <li>-1 = DI1(INV) – Defines an inverted digital input DI1 as the control for enabling external PID control.</li> <li>Activating the digital input disables external PID control.</li> </ul>					
	_	gital input enables external INV) – Defines an inverted d		DIE as the co	ntrol	
	for enabling external		ilgitai iliput Dizi	DIS as life co	111101	
	See DI1(INV) above.					
4229	OFFSET	0.0 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%		
	Defines the offset for the	PID output.				
	<ul> <li>When PID is activated</li> </ul>	l, output starts from this valu	ue.			
		ted, output resets to this val				
	<ul> <li>Parameter is not active when parameter 4230 TRIM MODE not = 0 (trim mode is not active).</li> </ul>					
4230	TRIM MODE	02	1	0		
	Selects the type of trim, if any. Using the trim it is possible to combine a corrective factor to the drive reference.					
	0 = NOT SEL - Disables					
		Adds a trim factor that is pro m factor based on the contr	•	•	ence.	
4231	TRIM SCALE	-100.0 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%		
	Defines the multiplier (as	s a percent, plus or minus) ι	used in the trim m	node.		



# ■ Group 44: Pump protection

This group defines the parameters used for the set-up of pump protection.

	Grou	p 44: Pump protect	ion		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
4401	INLET PROT CTRL			NOT SEL	
	Enables, and selects the mo	de of, the primary supe	rvision of pump/fa	an inlet pressur	e.
	Note: Inlet protection is activ	e only when the active	reference is PID.		
	0 = NOT SEL - Primary inlet				
	1 = ALARM – Detection of lo display.	w inlet pressure genera	ites an alarm on t	the control pane	el
	2 = PROTECT – Detection of low inlet pressure	▲ Measured inlet			
	generates an alarm on	pressure			
	the control panel display. The output of		1407 ←→		
	the PI controller is	4403	<u> </u>		
	ramped down (according to	4405		/	
	parameter 4417 PID		<u>;</u> ;	<del>                                     </del>	·t
	OUT DEC TIME) to the forced reference (set	▲ PFA reference		1 1 1 1	
	by parameter 4008	(EXT 2)	4417	1 1	
	INLET FORCED REF). The drive will revert to	4408		: —	
	the original reference if	7700			
	the pressure subsequently exceeds			-	ι
	the supervision level.		data a finantia a		
	The diagram describes to 3 = FAULT – Detection of low				
4402	AI MEASURE INLET	· ····ot processo surpe sure		NOT SEL	
	Selects the analog input for p	oump/fan inlet pressure	supervision.		
	0 = NOT SEL – No analog in	put selected.	·		
	1 = Al1 – Pump/fan inlet pres	ssure monitored through	n analog input Al	1.	
	2 = Al2 – See selection Al1.				
4403	AI IN LOW LEVEL	0.00 100.00%	1 = 0.01%	0.00%	
	Sets the supervision limit for				
	the selected input falls below PROT CTRL is taken after th				
	The range corresponds to 0.				
	input, the absolute input valu		aro arialog iripat.	Trial a Dipolai	
4404	VERY LOW CTRL			NOT SEL	
	Enables, and selects the mo	de of, the secondary inl	et pressure supe	rvision function	١.
	The function uses the analog	input selected by para	meter 4402 Al M	EASURE INLE	<i>T</i> .
	0 = NOT SEL - Secondary in				
	1 = STOP – Detection of very again if the pressure exc			drive will start	
	2 = FAULT – Detection of ver	•		fault.	
		, p. 0000110 tilp			

	Group 44: Pump protection						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
4405	AI IN VERY LOW	0.00 100.00%	1 = 0.01%	0.00%			
	Supervision level for the se 4401 INLET PROT CTRL.	, ,	nonitoring function	ı. See param	neter		
4406	DI STATUS INLET			NOT SEL			
	Selects the digital input for "normal" state is 1 (active). defined by parameter 4407 parameter 4407 INLET CT 0 = NOT SEL – No digital i 1 = DI1 – Pump/fan inlet pi 2 = DI2 – See selection DI 3 = DI3 – See selection DI 4 = DI4 – See selection DI 5 = DI5 – See selection DI	. If the selected input swint INLET PROT CTRL is earlier. In the INLET PROT CTRL is earlier. Input selected. In the Incention of the Incention	tches to 0 (inactive executed after the	e), the actior delay set by	ı		
4407	INLET CTRL DLY	0.1 1800.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	60.0 s			
	Sets the delay after which the action defined by parameter 4401 INLET PROT CTRL is taken on detection of low inlet pressure.						
4408	INLET FORCED REF	-100.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%			
	This reference is used after PROT CTRL.	r detection of low inlet pre	essure. See param	neter 4401 IN	ILET		
	WARNING! Make sur	e that it is safe to continu	e operation using	this referen	ce.		

	Gro	up 44: Pump protect	tion	
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S
4409	OUTLET PROT CTRL			NOT SEL
	Enables, and selects the m	ode of, the primary supe	rvision of pump/fa	an outlet pressure.
	Note: Outlet protection is a	•		D.
	0 = NOT SEL – Primary ou 1 = ALARM – Detection of I display. 2 = PROTECT – Detection of high outlet pressure produces an alarm on the control panel display. The output of the PI controller is ramped down (according to parameter 4417 PID OUT DEC TIME) to the forced reference (set by parameter 4416 OUTLET FORCED REF). The drive will revert to the original reference if the pressure subsequently falls below the supervision I	Measured outlet pressure product pressure  4413 4411  EXT2 reference (from PID1OUT)  4416  evel.	duces an alarm on	t
	3 = FAULT – Detection of h	describes the outlet pres ligh outlet pressure trips	•	
4410	AI MEAS OUTLET			NOT SEL
	Selects the analog input fo 0 = NOT SEL – No analog 1 = Al1 – Pump/fan outlet p 2 = Al2 – See selection Al1	input selected. pressure monitored throu	•	AI1.
4411	AI OUT HI LEVEL	0.00 100.00%	1 = 0.01%	100.00%
	Sets the supervision limit for the selected analog input ending the selected analog input ending the selected analog input ending the selected analog in the sel	exceeds this limit, the act	ion defined by pa	rameter 4409
4412	VERY HIGH CTRL			NOT SEL
	Enables, and selects the m The function uses the analogous			
	0 = NOT SEL – Secondary 1 = STOP – Detection of very again if the pressure fa 2 = FAULT – Detection of very	ery high outlet pressure s Ils below the supervision	stops the drive. To n level.	
4413	AI OUT VERY HIGH	0.00 100.00%	1 = 0.01%	100.00%
	Supervision level for secon 4409 OUTLET PROT CTR		nitoring function.	See parameter

	Group 44: Pump protection					
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S		
4414	DI STATUS OUTLET			NOT SEL		
	Selects the digital input for connection of a pressure switch at the pump/fan outlet. The "normal" state is 1 (active). If the selected input switches to 0 (inactive), the action defined by parameter 4409 OUTLET PROT CTRL is taken after a delay set by parameter 4415 OUTLET CTRL DLY expires.  0 = NOT SEL - No digital input selected.  1 = DI1 - Pump/fan outlet pressure monitored through digital input DI1.  2 = DI2 - See selection DI1.  3 = DI3 - See selection DI1.  4 = DI4 - See selection DI1.  5 = DI5 - See selection DI1.					
4415	OUTLET CTRL DLY	0.1 3600.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	60.0 s		
	Sets the delay after which the is taken on detection of high	, ,	neter 4409 OUT	LET PROT CTRL		
4416	OUTLET FORCED REF	-100.0 100.0%	1 = 0.01%	0.0%		
	This reference is used after of OUTLET PROT CTRL.	letection of high outlet p	ressure. See pa	rameter 4409		
	WARNING! Make sure t	hat it is safe to continue	operation using	this reference.		
4417	PID OUT DEC TIME	0.0 3800.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	60.0 s		
	PI controller ramp-down time PROT CTRL and 4409 OUTL		CT for paramete	rs 4401 INLET		
4418	APPL PROFILE CTL			NOT SEL		
	This parameter and parameter DLY provide the Application profit of an internal status signal. If supervision limit for a longer to DLY), the internal status signate a relay output (see parametor NOT SEL – Not selected. 1 = CONTROL DEV1 – Signar parameter 4419 PROFIL reference and the actual pump, piping and valves. 2 = CONTROL DEV2 – Signar parameter 4419 PROFIL	orofile protection feature the selected signal exc time than the set delay ( al "PROFILE HIGH" is si eter <i>Group 14: Relay ou</i> al 0126 PID 1 OUTPUT E OUTP LIM. Monitoring value gives an indicatio	e, based on long- eeds (and remai parameter 4420 et to 1. The signat tputs). is monitored and g the deviation b n of the general	term monitoring ns above) the PROF LIMIT ON all can be directed discompared to etween the condition of the		
	reference and the actual pump, piping and valves.  3 = APPL OUTPUT – Signal parameter 4419 PROFIL may indicate a leak in the	value gives an indication  0116 APPL BLK OUTPU  E OUTP LIM. The signa	n of the general  UT is monitored	condition of the and compared to		
4419	PROFILE OUTP LIM	-500.0 500.0%	1 = 0.1%	100.0%		
	Supervision limit for the Appli parameter 4418 APPL PROF		. See also descr	iption in		

	Group 44: Pump protection					
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S		
4420	PROF LIMIT ON DLY	0.00 100.00 h	1 = 0.01 h	0.00 h		
	Delay time for the Applicatio	n profile protection. Se	ee also description	in parameter		
	4418 APPL PROFILE CTL.					
4421	PIPEFILL ENABLE			NOT SEL		
	Enables the Precharge func	tion, which calculates i	reference steps.			
	0 = NOT SEL - Not enabled					
	1 = DI1 – When DI1 is active started. If DI1 becomes normal PID control is en	inactive (0) before the	nction is active wh Precharge function	en the drive is n is finished,		
	2 = DI2 – See selection DI1.					
	3 = DI3 – See selection DI1.					
	4 = DI4 – See selection DI1. 5 = DI5 – See selection DI1.					
	7 = ACTIVE – The Precharg		every start-up			
	-1 = DI1(INV) – When DI1 is drive is started. If DI1 be normal PID control is en	inactive (0), the Prech comes active (1) befor	narge function is a			
	-2 = DI2(INV) – See selectio					
	-3 = DI3(INV) – See selectio	n DI1(INV).				
	-4 = DI4(INV) – See selectio					
	-5 = DI5(INV) – See selectio					
4422	PIPEFILL STEP	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%		
	Defines the speed step used is specified by parameter 40			rence ramp time		
	The speed step is added to a ACT CHANGE DELAY has a 4423 REQ ACT CHANGE has	elapsed and the chang				
	<ul> <li>Speed step in percent of t</li> </ul>	he maximum speed or	utput			
4423	REQ ACT CHANGE	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%		
	Defines the requested chang parameter 4424 ACT CHAN	•	k during the time th	nat is set by		
	If the requested change in th to the speed reference.	e feedback is not reac	hed, 4422 PIPEFIL	L STEP is added		
	<ul> <li>Value in percent of the ma</li> </ul>	aximum speed.				
4424	ACT CHANGE	0.1 6000.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.0 s		
	DELAY					
	Defines the time that is waite feedback value.	ed after the feedback v	alue is compared	with the old		
	If parameter 4423 REQ ACT					
	reference stays as it is. If RE value of parameter 4422 PIF					

	Group 44: Pump protection						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S			
4425	PID ENABLE DEV	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.1%			
	Defines the level when the Precharge function is disabled and PID is enabled. When the level is reached, PID is enabled. PID is executed as parameterized. If reference ramp times are set, they are used.						
	<ul> <li>Value in percent of the ma</li> </ul>	aximum feedback.					
4426	PIPEFILL TIMEOUT	1 60000 s	1 = 1 s	NOT SEL			
	Defines the maximum time t elapses, PID is preset and P reference ramps.	•	•				
	0 = NOT SEL - 160000 s:	Max. Precharge opera	iting time				

#### Group 45: Energy saving

This group defines the set-up for calculation and optimization of energy savings.

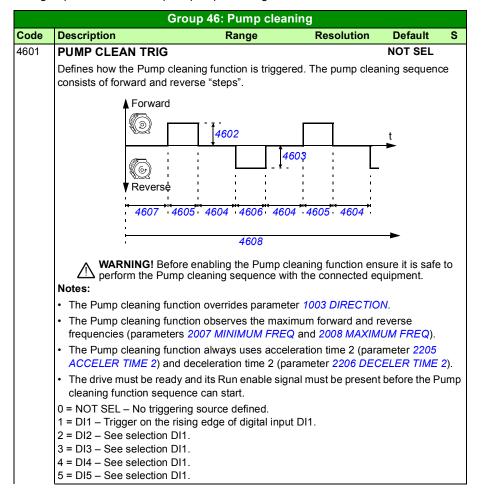
Note: The values of saved energy parameters 0174 SAVED KWH, 0175 SAVED MWH, 0176 SAVED AMOUNT 1, 0177 SAVED AMOUNT 2 and 0178 SAVED CO2 are derived from subtracting the drive's energy consumed from the direct-on-line (DOL) consumption calculated on the basis of parameter 4508 PUMP POWER. As such, the accuracy of the values is dependent on the accuracy of the power estimate entered in that parameter.

	Gr	oup 45: Energy savir	ng		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
4501	ENERGY			OFF	
	OPTIMIZER				
	Enables or disables the en- energy consumption and m the nominal load. The total depending on load torque a	otor noise level are reduce efficiency (motor and dri	ced when the driv	ve operates be	elow
	0 = OFF - Disabled.				
	1 = ON – Enabled.				
4502	ENERGY PRICE	0.00 655.35	1 = 0.1	0.00	
			(Currency)	(Currency)	
	Price of energy per kWh. U parameters 0174 SAVED N	(WH, 0175 SAVED MWH	H, 0176 SAVED A	MOUNT 1, 0	177
	SAVED AMOUNT 2 and 01 tn).	178 SAVED CO2 (reducti	ion in carbon dio	xide emission	s in
4507	CO2 CONV FACTOR	0.0 10.0 tn/MWh	1 = 0.1	0.5 tn/MWh	
			tn/MWh		
	Conversion factor for conve Used for multiplying the sa 0178 SAVED CO2 (reduction	ved energy in MWh to ca	lculate the value	,	

	Group 45: Energy saving						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
4508	PUMP POWER	0.0 1000.0%	1 = 0.1%	100.0%			
	energy savings are calcul	cted directly to supply (DC lated. See parameters 017 OUNT 1, 0177 SAVED AM	74 SAVED KWH,	0175 SAVED			
	·	arameter as the reference be power can also be som on-line.	•		ons		
4509	ENERGY RESET			DONE			
	0,	s 0174 SAVED KWH, 017 D AMOUNT 2 and 0178 S	,	0176 SAVED			
		quested (normal operatior gy counters. The value rev	,	y to DONE.			

#### Group 46: Pump cleaning

This group defines the set-up for pump cleaning.



Tender Power Powe			Group 46: Pump cleani	ing	
SUPRV1 OVER, not both at the same time. See parameter <i>Group 32: Supervisite</i> 8 = DI2/SUP10VR - See selection DI1/SUP10VR. 9 = DI3/SUP10VR - See selection DI1/SUP10VR. 10 = DI4/SUP10VR - See selection DI1/SUP10VR. 11 = DI5/SUP10VR - See selection DI1/SUP10VR. 11 = DI5/SUP10VR - See selection DI1/SUP10VR. 12 = SUPRV1 OVER - Trigger on SUPRV1 OVER (parameter <i>1401 RELAY OUTPL 1)</i> . See parameter <i>Group 32: Supervision</i> . 13 = DRIVE START - Trigger when the drive receives a start command. 14 = TIMER TRIG - Pump cleaning sequence is started periodically at intervals defined by parameter <i>4607 TRIG TIME</i> 1 = D11(INV) - Trigger on the falling edge of digital input D112 = D12(INV) - See selection D11(INV)3 = D13(INV) - See selection D11(INV)4 = D14(INV) - See selection D11(INV)5 = D15(INV) - See selection D11(INV)7 = D11(INV)S10 - Enable on the falling edge of digital input D11, trigger on SUPRV OVER (parameter <i>1401 RELAY OUTPUT 1)</i> . See parameter <i>Group 32: Supervision</i> 8 = D12(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S109 = D13(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1010 = D14(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1011 = D15(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1012 = D15(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1013 = D15(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1014 = D15(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1015 = D15(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1016 = D14(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1017 = D15(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1018 = D15(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1019 = D13(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1010 = D14(INV)S10 - See selection D11(INV)S1011 = D15(INV)S10	Code	· ·	•		
FWD STEP  0.0 100.0%  Defines the forward step frequency for the pump cleaning sequence in percent of the nominal motor frequency (parameter 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ).  4603  REV STEP  0.0 100.0%  Defines the reverse step frequency for the pump cleaning sequence in percent of the nominal motor frequency (parameter 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ).  4604  OFF TIME  0.0 1000.0 s  Defines the length of the interval between forward and reverse steps in the pump cleaning sequence in seconds.  4605  FWD TIME  0.0 1000.0 s  Defines the duration of each forward step in the pump cleaning sequence in second  4606  REV TIME  0.0 1000.0 s  Defines the duration of each reverse step in the pump cleaning sequence in second  4607  TRIG TIME  0.0 200.0 h  Defines the time for setting TIMER TRIG of parameter 4601 PUMP CLEAN TRIG.		SUPRV1 OVER, n 8 = DI2/SUP1OVR - S 9 = DI3/SUP1OVR - S 10 = DI4/SUP1OVR - 1 11 = DI5/SUP1OVR - 1 12 = SUPRV1 OVER - 1). See parameter 13 = DRIVE START - 1 14 = TIMER TRIG - Prodefined by parameter 15 = DI2(INV) - See See See See See See See See See S	oot both at the same time. See selection DI1/SUP10VR. Trigger on SUPRV1 OVER Group 32: Supervision.  Trigger when the drive receivant cleaning sequence is steen 4607 TRIG TIME. Trigger when the falling edge of digital election DI1(INV). Selection DI1(INV). See selection DI1(INV)S10. See selection DI1(INV)S10. See selection DI1(INV)S10.	e parameter <i>Group</i> R. R. (parameter <i>1401 F</i> ves a start commanarted periodically a l input DI1.	a 32: Supervision.  RELAY OUTPUT  nd.  at intervals
nominal motor frequency (parameter 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ).  4603 REV STEP 0.0 100.0% 1 = 0.1% 0.0% Defines the reverse step frequency for the pump cleaning sequence in percent of the nominal motor frequency (parameter 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ).  4604 OFF TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the length of the interval between forward and reverse steps in the pump cleaning sequence in seconds.  4605 FWD TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the duration of each forward step in the pump cleaning sequence in second 4606 REV TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the duration of each reverse step in the pump cleaning sequence in second 4607 TRIG TIME 0.0 200.0 h 1 = 0.1 h 0.0 h Defines the time for setting TIMER TRIG of parameter 4601 PUMP CLEAN TRIG. 4608 COUNT 0100 1 = 1 0	4602			1 = 0.1%	0.0%
Defines the reverse step frequency for the pump cleaning sequence in percent of the nominal motor frequency (parameter 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ).  4604 OFF TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the length of the interval between forward and reverse steps in the pump cleaning sequence in seconds.  4605 FWD TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the duration of each forward step in the pump cleaning sequence in second 4606 REV TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the duration of each reverse step in the pump cleaning sequence in second 4607 TRIG TIME 0.0 200.0 h 1 = 0.1 h 0.0 h Defines the time for setting TIMER TRIG of parameter 4601 PUMP CLEAN TRIG. 4608 COUNT 0100 1 = 1 0					n percent of the
nominal motor frequency (parameter 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ).  4604 OFF TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the length of the interval between forward and reverse steps in the pump cleaning sequence in seconds.  4605 FWD TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the duration of each forward step in the pump cleaning sequence in second  4606 REV TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the duration of each reverse step in the pump cleaning sequence in second  4607 TRIG TIME 0.0 200.0 h 1 = 0.1 h 0.0 h Defines the time for setting TIMER TRIG of parameter 4601 PUMP CLEAN TRIG.  4608 COUNT 0100 1 = 1 0	4603	REV STEP	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%
Defines the length of the interval between forward and reverse steps in the pump cleaning sequence in seconds.  4605 FWD TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the duration of each forward step in the pump cleaning sequence in second  4606 REV TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the duration of each reverse step in the pump cleaning sequence in second  4607 TRIG TIME 0.0 200.0 h 1 = 0.1 h 0.0 h Defines the time for setting TIMER TRIG of parameter 4601 PUMP CLEAN TRIG.  4608 COUNT 0100 1 = 1 0					n percent of the
cleaning sequence in seconds.  4605 FWD TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the duration of each forward step in the pump cleaning sequence in second  4606 REV TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the duration of each reverse step in the pump cleaning sequence in second  4607 TRIG TIME 0.0 200.0 h 1 = 0.1 h 0.0 h Defines the time for setting TIMER TRIG of parameter 4601 PUMP CLEAN TRIG.  4608 COUNT 0100 1 = 1 0	4604	OFF TIME	0.0 1000.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.0 s
Defines the duration of each forward step in the pump cleaning sequence in second  4606  REV TIME  0.0 1000.0 s  Defines the duration of each reverse step in the pump cleaning sequence in second  TRIG TIME  0.0 200.0 h  Defines the time for setting TIMER TRIG of parameter 4601 PUMP CLEAN TRIG.  4608  COUNT  0100  1 = 1  0		•		and reverse steps	in the pump
4606 REV TIME 0.0 1000.0 s 1 = 0.1 s 0.0 s Defines the duration of each reverse step in the pump cleaning sequence in second 4607 TRIG TIME 0.0 200.0 h 1 = 0.1 h 0.0 h Defines the time for setting TIMER TRIG of parameter 4601 PUMP CLEAN TRIG. 4608 COUNT 0100 1 = 1 0	4605	FWD TIME	0.0 1000.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.0 s
Defines the duration of each reverse step in the pump cleaning sequence in second  TRIG TIME 0.0 200.0 h 1 = 0.1 h 0.0 h  Defines the time for setting TIMER TRIG of parameter 4601 PUMP CLEAN TRIG.  COUNT 0100 1 = 1 0		Defines the duration of	f each forward step in the pu	mp cleaning seque	ence in seconds.
4607         TRIG TIME         0.0 200.0 h         1 = 0.1 h         0.0 h           Defines the time for setting TIMER TRIG of parameter 4601 PUMP CLEAN TRIG.           4608         COUNT         0100         1 = 1         0	4606	REV TIME	0.0 1000.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.0 s
Defines the time for setting TIMER TRIG of parameter 4601 PUMP CLEAN TRIG.  4608 COUNT 0100 1 = 1 0		Defines the duration of	f each reverse step in the pu	mp cleaning seque	ence in seconds.
4608 <b>COUNT</b> 0100 1 = 1 0	4607	TRIG TIME	0.0 200.0 h	1 = 0.1 h	0.0 h
		Defines the time for se	etting TIMER TRIG of parame	eter 4601 PUMP C	LEAN TRIG.
Number of steps to be performed in the pump cleaning sequence.	4608	COUNT	0100	1 = 1	0
<u> </u>		Number of steps to be	performed in the pump clear	ning sequence.	

#### Group 52: Panel comm

This group defines the communication settings for the control panel port on the drive. Normally, when using the supplied control panel, there is no need to change settings in this group.

In this group, parameter modifications take effect on the next power-up.

	(	Group 52: Panel comr	n		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
5201	STATION ID	1247	1	1	
	Defines the address of the line.	e drive. Two units with the	same address a	re not allowed	-no b
	• Range: 1247				
5202	BAUD RATE	9.6 115.2 kbits/s	-	9.6 kbits/s	
	Defines the transfer rate of	of the link.			
	9.6				
	19.2				
	38.4				
	57.6				
	115.2				
5203	PARITY	03	1	0	
	Defines the use of parity a stations.	and stop bit(s). The same	setting must be u	used in all on-	line
	0 = 8N1 – 8 data bits, no				
	1 = 8N2 – 8 data bits, no				
	2 = 8E1 - 8 data bits, eve $3 = 8O1 - 8$ data bits, odd				
5204	OK MESSAGES	065535	1		
	Number of valid messages increases constantly.	s received by the drive. Du	uring normal oper	ation, this nur	nber
5205	PARITY ERRORS	065535	1	-	
	Number of characters with is high, check that the par same.				
	Note: High electromagnet	tic noise levels generate e	errors.		
5206	FRAME ERRORS	065535	1	-	
	Number of characters with is high, check that the corbus are the same.				
	Note: High electromagnet	tic noise levels generate e	errors.		
5207	BUFFER OVERRUNS	065535	1	-	
	Number of characters whi which exceed the maximu	·	·	ber of charac	ters

	Group 52: Panel comm							
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S			
5208	CRC ERRORS	065535	1	-				
	Number of messages with a CRC (cyclic redundancy check) error received by the drive. If the number is high, check CRC calculation for possible errors.							
	Note: High electromagne	tic noise levels generate e	errors.					

# **Group 53: EFB protocol**

This group defines set-up variables used for an embedded fieldbus (EFB) communication protocol. Refer to communication protocol documentation for more information on these parameters.

	G	roup 53: EFB protoco	ol		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
5301	EFB PROTOCOL ID	0000 FFFF hex	1	0000 hex	
	Contains the identification	and program revision of t	he protocol.		
	Note: You can reset this pa	arameter only with param	eter 9802 COMM	A PROT SEL.	
	<ul> <li>Format XXYY hex, wher protocol.</li> </ul>	e XX = protocol ID and Y	Y = program revi	sion of the	
5302	EFB STATION ID	065535	1	1	✓
	Defines the address of the on-line.	device. Two units with the	e same address	are not allow	ed
5303	EFB BAUD RATE	1.2 76.8 kbits/s	-	9.6 kbits/s	
	Defines the transfer rate of	the link.			
	1.2 kbits/s				
	2.4 kbits/s				
	4.8 kbits/s				
	9.6 kbits/s				
	19.2 kbits/s				
	38.4 kbits/s				
	57.6 kbits/s				
	76.8 kbits/s				
5304	EFB PARITY	03		0	
	Defines the use of parity ar used in all on-line stations.		length. The sam	ne setting mus	st be
	0 = 8 NONE 1 – 8 data bits				
	1 = 8 NONE 2 – 8 data bits				
	2 = 8  EVEN  1 - 8  data bits 3 = 8  ODD  1 - 8  data bits	, , ,,	I.		
	0 - 0 ODD 1 - 0 data bits,	oud painty, one stop bit.			

	Gr	oup 53: EFB proto	COI		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
5305	EFB CTRL PROFILE	02	1	0	
1	Selects the communication	profile. See section Co	ommunication profi	les on page 3	339.
1	0 = ABB DRV LIM – Operat	ion of Control/Status w	ords conforms to A	BB Drives Pr	ofile.
Ì	1 = DCU PROFILE – Opera Profile.	ation of Control/Status	words conforms to	32-bit DCU	
Ī	2 = ABB DRV FULL – Oper Profile.	ation of Control/Status	words conforms to	ABB Drives	
5306	EFB OK MESSAGES	065535	1	0	
İ	Number of valid messages increases constantly.	received by the drive. D	ouring normal opera	ation, this nur	mber
5307	EFB CRC ERRORS	065535	1	0	
İ	Number of messages with a drive. If the number is high,	check CRC calculation	n for possible error	•	•
	Note: High electromagnetic		errors.		
5308	EFB UART ERRORS	065535	1	0	
	Number of messages with a				
5309	EFB STATUS	07	1	0	
	Status of the EFB protocol.				
	TO IDEE ELD PIOLOGONIO	configured, but not rec	civiliy aliy ilicəsay	Co.	
	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pro 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config	mmunication betw uration error.	een the netw	
	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pro 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protocol drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocol	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving messag ol is receiving message	mmunication betwuration error. The ses that are NOT aresthat are address	een the netw	his
	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pro 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protocol drive.	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving messag ol is receiving a hardwa	mmunication betw uration error. les that are NOT ares that are address re reset.	een the netw	his
5310	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pro 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protocodrive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocodor 6 = RESET - EFB protocodor 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving messag ol is receiving a hardwa	mmunication betw uration error. les that are NOT ares that are address re reset.	een the netw	his
5310 5320	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pro 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protocodrive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocolog 6 = RESET - EFB protocolog 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving message of is receiving message s performing a hardwa rotocol is in listen-only	mmunication betw uration error. les that are NOT ares that are address re reset. mode.	een the netw ddressed to t ed to this driv	his
	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pro 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protoco drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocol 6 = RESET - EFB protocol 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving message of is receiving message s performing a hardwa rotocol is in listen-only	mmunication betw uration error. les that are NOT ares that are address re reset. mode.	een the netw ddressed to t ed to this driv	his
5320	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pr 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protoc drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocol 6 = RESET- EFB protocol 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p  EFB PAR 10 EFB PAR 20	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving message of is receiving message s performing a hardwa rotocol is in listen-only 09999	mmunication betw uration error. tes that are NOT are tes that are address re reset. mode.  1	een the netw ddressed to t ed to this driv	his
5320	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pro 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protoco drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocol 6 = RESET- EFB protocol 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p  EFB PAR 10 EFB PAR 20  MDB DATA IN 1	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving message of is receiving message s performing a hardwa rotocol is in listen-only 09999	mmunication betw uration error. tes that are NOT are tes that are address re reset. mode.  1	een the netw ddressed to t ed to this driv	his
5320 5321	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pr 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protoco drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protoco 6 = RESET- EFB protocol 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p  EFB PAR 10 EFB PAR 20  MDB DATA IN 1  Modbus register 40013 - Re	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving message is performing a hardwa rotocol is in listen-only 09999 ead only. Supported by 09999	mmunication betwuration error. les that are NOT acts that are address re reset. mode.  1  STD Modbus only	een the netw ddressed to t ed to this driv  Protocol dep. 0	his
5320 5321	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pr 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protoco drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocol 6 = RESET - EFB protocol 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p  EFB PAR 10 EFB PAR 20  MDB DATA IN 1  Modbus register 40013 - Re MDB DATA IN 2	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving message is performing a hardwa rotocol is in listen-only 09999 ead only. Supported by 09999	mmunication betwuration error. les that are NOT acts that are address re reset. mode.  1  STD Modbus only	een the netw ddressed to t ed to this driv  Protocol dep. 0	his
5320 5321 5322	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pr 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protoco drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocol 6 = RESET - EFB protocol 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p  EFB PAR 10 EFB PAR 20  MDB DATA IN 1  Modbus register 40013 - Re MDB DATA IN 2  Modbus register 40014 - Re	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the colotocol. B protocol has a configicol is receiving message is performing a hardwa rotocol is in listen-only  09999 ead only. Supported by 09999 ead only. Supported by 09999	mmunication betwuration error. les that are NOT arest that are address re reset. mode.  1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1	een the netw ddressed to t ed to this driv  Protocol dep. 0 . 0	his
5320 5321 5322	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pr 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protoco drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocol 6 = RESET- EFB protocol 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p  EFB PAR 10 EFB PAR 20  MDB DATA IN 1  Modbus register 40013 - Re MDB DATA IN 2  Modbus register 40014 - Re MDB DATA OUT 1	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the colotocol. B protocol has a configicol is receiving message is performing a hardwa rotocol is in listen-only  09999 ead only. Supported by 09999 ead only. Supported by 09999	mmunication betwuration error. les that are NOT arest that are address re reset. mode.  1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1	een the netw ddressed to t ed to this driv  Protocol dep. 0 . 0	his
<ul><li>5320</li><li>5321</li><li>5322</li><li>5323</li></ul>	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pr 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protoco drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protoco 6 = RESET- EFB protocol 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p  EFB PAR 10 EFB PAR 20  MDB DATA IN 1  Modbus register 40013 - Re MDB DATA IN 2  Modbus register 40014 - Re MDB DATA OUT 1  Modbus register 40080 - W	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving message is performing a hardwa rotocol is in listen-only  09999 ead only. Supported by  09999 rite only. Supported by  09999	mmunication betw uration error. les that are NOT acts that are address re reset. mode.  1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1	een the netw ddressed to t ed to this driv  Protocol dep. 0 . 0 .	his
5320 5321 5322 5323	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pr 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protoco drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocol 6 = RESET - EFB protocol 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p  EFB PAR 10 EFB PAR 20  MDB DATA IN 1  Modbus register 40013 - Re MDB DATA IN 2  Modbus register 40014 - Re MDB DATA OUT 1  Modbus register 40080 - W  MDB DATA OUT 2	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving message is performing a hardwa rotocol is in listen-only  09999 ead only. Supported by  09999 rite only. Supported by  09999	mmunication betw uration error. les that are NOT acts that are address re reset. mode.  1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1	een the netw ddressed to t ed to this driv  Protocol dep. 0 . 0 .	his
5320 5321 5322 5323 5324	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pr 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protoco drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocol 6 = RESET - EFB protocol 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p  EFB PAR 10 EFB PAR 20  MDB DATA IN 1  Modbus register 40013 - Re MDB DATA IN 2  Modbus register 40014 - Re MDB DATA OUT 1  Modbus register 40080 - W  MDB DATA OUT 2  Modbus register 40081 - W	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving message of is receiving messag	mmunication betwuration error. les that are NOT are sthat are address re reset. mode.  1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1	Protocol dep.  0 . 0 . 0	his
5320 5321 5322 5323 5324	1 = EXECUT INIT - EFB pr 2 = TIME OUT - A time-out master and the EFB pr 3 = CONFIG ERROR - EFI 4 = OFF-LINE - EFB protoco drive. 5 = ON-LINE - EFB protocol 6 = RESET- EFB protocol 7 = LISTEN ONLY - EFB p  EFB PAR 10 EFB PAR 20  MDB DATA IN 1  Modbus register 40013 - Re MDB DATA IN 2  Modbus register 40014 - Re MDB DATA OUT 1  Modbus register 40080 - W  MDB DATA OUT 2  Modbus register 40081 - W  MDB DATA OUT 13	otocol is initializing. has occurred in the co otocol. B protocol has a config col is receiving message of is receiving messag	mmunication betwuration error. les that are NOT are sthat are address re reset. mode.  1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1  STD Modbus only 1	Protocol dep.  0 . 0 . 0	his

	Group 53: EFB protocol						
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
5327	MDB DATA OUT 5	09999	1	0			
	Modbus register 40084 - Write only. Supported by STD Modbus only.						
5328	MDB DATA OUT 6	09999	1	0			
	Modbus register 40085 - \	Write only. Supported by	STD Modbus only.				
5329	MDB DATA OUT 7	09999	1	0			
	Modbus register 40086 - \	Write only. Supported by	STD Modbus only.				
5330	MDB DATA OUT 8	09999	1	0			
	Modbus register 40087 - \	Write only. Supported by	STD Modbus only.				
5331	MDB DATA OUT 9	09999	1	0			
	Modbus register 40088 - \	Write only. Supported by	STD Modbus only.				
5332	MDB DATA OUT 10	09999	1	0			
	Modbus register 40089 - \	Write only. Supported by	STD Modbus only.				

# Group 64: Load analyzer

This group defines the settings for the load analyzing function for peak value and amplitude. See section *Load analyzer* on page *138*.

	Gı	oup 64: Load analy:	zer		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
6401	PVL SIGNAL	101178		103	
	Defines the signal logged to Group 01: Operating data.	•			
6402	PVL FILTER TIME	0.0 120.0 s	1 = 0.1 s	0.1 s	
	Defines the filter time for p	eak value logging. Filter	time		
6403	LOGGERS RESET			NOT SEL	
	Defines the source for the				
	0 = NOT SEL - No reset so 1 = DI1 - Reset loggers or 2 = DI2 - See selection DI 3 = DI3 - See selection DI 4 = DI4 - See selection DI 5 = DI5 - See selection DI 7 = RESET - Reset logger -1 = DI1(INV) - Reset logger -2 = DI2(INV) - See select -3 = DI3(INV) - See select -4 = DI4(INV) - See select -5 = DI5(INV) - See select	n the rising edge of DI1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  I.  I.  I.			
6404	AL2 SIGNAL	101178		103	
	Defines the signal logged to Operating data. For example,			Group 01:	

	G	roup 64: Load analyze	er		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
6405	AL2 SIGNAL BASE	-		-	
	Defines the base value fro Representation and default AL2 SIGNAL.				5404
6406	PEAK VALUE	-		-	
	Detected peak value of the	e signal selected with para	meter 6401 PVL	SIGNAL.	
6407	PEAK TIME 1	0 65535 d	1 = 1 d	0 d	
	Date of the peak value det	ection. Day on which the	peak value was	detected.	
	Format: Date if the real time power-on if the real time c		•	elapsed afte	r the
6408	PEAK TIME 2	00:00:00 23:59:58		00:00:00	
	Time of the peak value de	tection.			
6409	CURRENT AT PEAK	0.0 6553.5 A	1 = 0.1 A	0.0 A	
	Current at the moment of t	the peak value			
6410	UDC AT PEAK	0 65535 V	1 = 1 V	0 V	
	DC voltage at the moment	of the peak value			
6411	FREQ AT PEAK	0.0 6553.5 Hz	1 = 0.1 Hz	0.0 Hz	
	Output frequency at the m	oment of the peak value			
6412	TIME OF RESET 1	0 65535 d	1 = 1 d	0 d	
	Last reset date of the peak	k logger and amplitude log	ger 2. Day of the	e last reset.	
	Format: Date if the real time power-on if the real time c		•	psed after the	е
6413	TIME OF RESET 2	00:00:00 23:59:58		00:00:00	
	Last reset time of the peak	clogger and amplitude log	ger 2.		
6414	AL1RANGE0TO10	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 1 (currer	nt in percent of nominal cu	rrent) 010% di	stribution	
6415	AL1RANGE10TO20	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 1 (currer	nt in percent of nominal cu	rrent) 1020%	distribution	
6416	AL1RANGE20TO30	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 1 (currer	nt in percent of nominal cu	rrent) 2030%	distribution	
6417	AL1RANGE30TO40	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 1 (currer	nt in percent of nominal cu	rrent) 3040%	distribution	
6418	AL1RANGE40TO50	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 1 (currer	nt in percent of nominal cu	rrent) 4050%	distribution	
6419	AL1RANGE50TO60	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 1 (currer	nt in percent of nominal cu	rrent) 4050%	distribution	
6420	AL1RANGE60TO70	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 1 (currer	nt in percent of nominal cu	rrent) 4050%	distribution	
	1 11 11 100 1 (000000)		-,		

	Gro	oup 64: Load analyz	zer		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
6421	AL1RANGE70TO80	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 1 (current	in percent of nominal of	urrent) 4050% o	distribution	
6422	AL1RANGE80TO90	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 1 (current	in percent of nominal of	urrent) 4050% o	distribution	
6423	AL1RANGE90TO	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 1 (current	in percent of nominal of	urrent) 4050% o	distribution	
6424	AL2RANGE0TO10	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 2 (selection	on with parameter 6404	) 010% distribut	ion	
6425	AL2RANGE10TO20	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 2 (selection	on with parameter 6404	) 10…20% distribu	ıtion	
6426	AL2RANGE20TO30	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 2 (selection	on with parameter 6404	) 2030% distribu	ıtion	
6427	AL2RANGE30TO40	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 2 (selection	n with parameter 6404	) 30…40% distribu	ıtion	
6428	AL2RANGE40TO50	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 2 (selection	on with parameter 6404	) 40…50% distribu	ıtion	
6429	AL2RANGE50TO60	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 2 (selection	n with parameter 6404	) 50…60% distribu	ıtion	
6430	AL2RANGE60TO70	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 2 (selection	n with parameter 6404	) 60…70% distribu	ıtion	
6431	AL2RANGE70TO80	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 2 (selection	n with parameter 6404	) 70…80% distribu	ıtion	
6432	AL2RANGE80TO90	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 2 (selection	·	,	ıtion	
6433	AL2RANGE90TO	0.0 100.0%	1 = 0.1%	0.0%	
	Amplitude logger 2 (selection	on with parameter 6404	) 90100% distrib	oution	

#### Group 81: PFA control

This group defines a Pump and Fan Alternation (PFA) mode of operation. The major features of PFA are:

- The ACS320 controls the motor of pump no. 1, varying the motor speed to control the pump capacity. This motor is the speed regulated motor.
- Direct line connections power the motor of pump no. 2 and pump no. 3, etc. The ACS320 switches pump no. 2 (and then pump no. 3, etc.) on and off as needed. These motors are auxiliary motors. Use of the MREL-01 relay output module is required for control of pump no. 2 and no. 3.
- The ACS320 PID control uses two signals: a process reference and an actual value feedback. The PID controller adjusts the speed (frequency) of the first pump such that the actual value follows the process reference.
- When demand (defined by the process reference) exceeds the first motor's capacity (user defined as a frequency limit), the PFA automatically starts an auxiliary pump. The PFA also reduces the speed of the first pump to account for the auxiliary pump's addition to total output. Then, as before, the PID controller adjusts the speed (frequency) of the first pump such that the actual value follows the process reference. If demand continues to increase, PFA adds additional auxiliary pumps, using the same process.
- When demand drops, such that the first pump speed falls below a minimum limit (user defined by a frequency limit), the PFA automatically stops an auxiliary pump. The PFA also increases the speed of the first pump to account for the auxiliary pump's missing output.
- An Interlock function (when enabled) identifies off-line (out of service) motors, and the PFA skips to the next available motor in the sequence.

An Autochange function (when enabled and with the appropriate switchgear) equalizes duty time between the pump motors. Autochange periodically increments the position of each motor in the rotation - the speed regulated motor becomes the last auxiliary motor, the first auxiliary motor becomes the speed regulated motor, etc.

	G	roup 81: PFA contro	ol				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
8103	REFERENCE STEP	0.0 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%			
	1						
	Sets a percentage value that	at is added to the proces	ss reference.				
	<ul> <li>Applies only when at least</li> </ul>	<u>st one</u> auxiliary (constan	it speed) motor is	running.			
	<ul> <li>Default value is 0%.</li> </ul>						
	Example: An ACS320 operapipe.	ates three parallel pump	os that maintain wa	ater pressure	e in a		
	<ul> <li>Parameter 4011 INTERN. trols the pressure in the p</li> </ul>		stant pressure refe	erence that o	con-		
	<ul> <li>The speed regulated pure</li> </ul>	np operates alone at low	v water consumpti	on levels.			
	<ul> <li>As water consumption inconsecond.</li> </ul>						
	pressure measured at the	As flow increases, the pressure at the output end of the pipe drops relative to the pressure measured at the input end. As auxiliary motors step in to increase the flow, the adjustments below correct the reference to more closely match the output pres-					
	When the first auxiliary pu REFERENCE STEP 1.	ump operates, increase	the reference with	parameter	8103		
	When both auxiliary pump REFERENCE STEP 1 + p			arameter 810	03		
	When three auxiliary pur REFERENCE STEP 1 +   REFERENCE STEP 3.		•				
8104	REFERENCE STEP	0.0 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%			
	2						
	Sets a percentage value that	at is added to the proces	ss reference.				
	<ul> <li>Applies only when <u>at leas</u></li> </ul>	<u>st two</u> auxiliary (constan	t speed) motors a	re running.			
	<ul> <li>See parameter 8103 REF</li> </ul>	FERENCE STEP 1.					
8105	REFERENCE STEP 3	0.0 100.0%	0.1%	0.0%			
	Sets a percentage value that	at is added to the proces	ss reference.				
	Applies only when at least	•		are running.	. ]		
	See parameter 8103 REF	• •	. ,	· ·			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

	Gro	up 81: PFA contro	ol	
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default S
8109	START FREQ 1	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	60.0
	Sets the frequency limit used starts if:	to start the first auxilia	ary motor. The firs	t auxiliary motor
	No auxiliary motors are run ning.	1 (112)	8115 →	<b>-</b>
	ACS320 output frequency exceeds the limit: 8109 START FREQ 1 + 1 H	f <sub>MAX</sub> − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − − −		
	Output frequency stays above a relaxed limit (8109 START FREQ 1 - 1 H for at least the time: 8115 AUX MOT START D.	z) 8112		
	After the first auxiliary motor starts:	C A		1
	Output frequency decrease by the value = (8109 START FREQ 1) - (8112 LOW FREQ 1).	s 1 0		t
	In effect, the output of the s from the auxiliary motor.	peed regulated motor	drops to compen	sate for the input
	See the figure, where:			
	A = (8109 START FREQ 1) - (	(8112 LOW FREQ 1)		
	B = Output frequency increase	e during the start dela	y.	
	C = Diagram showing auxiliar	,	, ,	ases (1 = On).
	Note: 8109 START FREQ 1 v	alue must be betweer	n:	
	• 8112 LOW FREQ 1			
	• (2008 MAXIMUM FREQ) -1	l <u>.</u>		
8110	START FREQ 2	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	60.0
	Sets the frequency limit used	to start the second au	xiliary motor.	
	See parameter 8109 STAR	T FREQ 1 for a comp	lete description of	the operation.
	The second auxiliary motor st	arts if:		
	One auxiliary motor is runn	ing.		
	ACS320 output frequency 6	exceeds the limit: 8110	START FREQ 2	+ 1.
	Output frequency stays about least the time: 8115 AUX M		3110 START FRE	Q 2 - 1 Hz) for at

	G	Froup 81: PFA contro	ol					
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S			
8111	START FREQ 3	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	60.0				
	Sets the frequency limit use	ed to start the third auxili	ary motor.					
	See parameter 8109 ST/	ART FREQ 1 1for a com	plete description	of the operat	tion.			
	The third auxiliary motor sta	arts if:						
	<ul> <li>Two auxiliary motors are</li> </ul>	running.						
	<ul> <li>ACS320 output frequence</li> </ul>	by exceeds the limit: 8111	1 START FREQ 3	+ 1 Hz.				
		<ul> <li>Output frequency stays above the relaxed limit (8111 START FREQ 3 - 1 Hz) for at least the time: 8115 AUX MOT START D.</li> </ul>						
8112	LOW FREQ 1	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	25.0				
	Sets the frequency limit use stops if:		ary motor. The firs	t auxiliary m	otor			
	<ul> <li>First auxiliary motor is rur alone.</li> </ul>	[						
	<ul> <li>ACS320 output frequence drops below the limit: 8112 LOW FREQ 1 - 1.</li> </ul>	8109 -			<b>T</b>			
	Output frequency stays be the relaxed limit (8112 LOW FREQ 1 + 1 for at least the time: 8110 AUX MOT STOP D.	Hz) (8112) 1 + +			† t			
	After the first auxiliary moto stops:	or	8116 →	<b>—</b>				
	Output frequency increase by the value = (8109 START FREQ 1)- (8112 LOW FREQ 1).	1			t •			
	In effect, the output of the loss of the auxiliary motor		increases to con	npensate for	the			
	See the figure, where:							
	• A = (8109 START FREQ	1) - (8112 LOW FREQ 1	1)					
	B = Output frequency de	crease during the stop d	lelay.					
	C = Diagram showing au	uxiliary motor's run status	s as frequency de	creases (1 =	On).			
	<ul> <li>Grey path = Shows hyste same. For details on the</li> </ul>							
	Note: Low Frequency 1 va	lue must be between:						
	• (2007 MINIMUM FREQ)	J.						
	<ul> <li>8109 START FREQ 1</li> </ul>							

	(	Group 81: PFA contro	l .				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
8113	LOW FREQ 2	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	25.0			
	Sets the frequency limit us	sed to stop the second au	xiliary motor.				
	• See 8112 LOW FREQ 1	for a complete description	on of the operation	٦.			
	The second auxiliary motor	or stops if:					
	<ul> <li>Two auxiliary motors are</li> </ul>	Two auxiliary motors are running.					
	Drive output frequency drops below the limit: 8113 LOW FREQ 2 - 1.						
	<ul> <li>Output frequency stays least the time: 8116 AU.</li> </ul>		113 LOW FREQ 2	2 + 1 Hz) for	at		
8114	LOW FREQ 3	0.0 500.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	25.0			
	Sets the frequency limit us	sed to stop the third auxilia	ary motor.				
	• See 8112 LOW FREQ 1	for a complete description	on of the operation	٦.			
	The third auxiliary motor s	tops if:					
	<ul> <li>Three auxiliary motors a</li> </ul>	· ·					
	<ul> <li>ACS320 output frequen</li> </ul>	cy drops below the limit: 8	3114 LOW FREQ	3 - 1.			
	<ul> <li>Output frequency stays least the time: 8116 AU.</li> </ul>	•	114 LOW FREQ :	3 + 1 Hz) for	at		
8115	AUX MOT START D	0.0 3600.0 s	0.1 s; 1 s	5.0 s			
	Sets the Start delay for the	e auxiliary motors.					
	The output frequency m 8110, or 8111) for this till	lust remain above the star me period before the auxi	' '	\ I	3109,		
	See 8109 START FREC	2 1 for a complete descrip	tion of the operat	ion.			
8116	AUX MOT STOP D	0.0 3600.0 s	0.1 s; 1 s	3.0 s			
	Sets the Stop delay for the	e auxiliary motors.					
	• The output frequency m 8113, or 8114) for this ti	nust remain below the low me period before the aux	' '		112,		
	• See 8112 LOW FREQ 1	for a complete description	on of the operation	า			

		Group 81: PFA contro			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
8117	NR OF AUX MOT	04 (5 with TO)	1 = 1	1	✓
	Sets the number of auxilia which the drive uses to se		motor requires a	relay output	,
	The Autochange function, ulated motor.	if used, requires an addition	onal relay output f	for the speed	d reg-
	The following describes th	e set-up of the required re	elay outputs.		
	Relay outputs				
	As noted above, each aux send start/stop signals. The and relays.				
	The drive provides one rel added to provide relay out		al relay output mo	odule can be	÷
	Note: If five auxiliary moto in addition to relay outputs				
	Parameters 14011403 a used – the parameter valu				re
	The drive assigns auxiliary function is disabled, the fir a parameter setting = 31 (	st auxiliary motor is the or			
	If the Autochange function lated motor is the one conthe first auxiliary motor is ting = 31 (PFA), and so on low frequency and start freiary motors.	is used, the assignments nected to the first relay wi the one connected to the the fourth auxiliary motors.	th a parameter se second relay with or uses the same	etting = 31 (F a paramete reference s	PFA), r set- tep,
	ACS320  Standard	ACS320 PFC mode	Relay logic		
			PFC with A	utochange m	ode

#### **Group 81: PFA control** Code Description Range Resolution Default

The table below shows the PFA motor assignments for some typical settings in the relay output parameters (1401...1403 and 1410), where the settings are either = 31 (), or =X (anything but 31), and where the Autochange function is disabled (8118  $AUTOCHNG\ INTERV = 0$ ).

	Parameter setting					Relay as	signment	
1401	1402	1403	1410	8117	Autochange disabled			
					RO1	RO2	RO3	RO4
31	Х	Х	Х	1	Aux.	Х	Х	Х
31	31	Х	Х	2	Aux.	Aux.	Х	Х
31	31	31	Х	3	Aux.	Aux.	Aux.	Х
Х	31	31	Х	2	Х	Aux.	Aux.	Х
31	31	Х	Х	1*	Aux.	Aux.	Х	Х

<sup>\* =</sup> One additional relay output for the PFC that is in use. One motor is in "sleep" when the other is rotating.

The table below shows the PFA motor assignments for some typical settings in the relay output parameters (1401...1403 and 1410), where the settings are either = 31 (), or =X (anything but 31), and where the Autochange function is enabled (8118 AUTOCHNG INTERV > 0).

Parameter setting						Relay as	signment	
1401	1402	1403	1410	8117	Autochange enabled			
					RO1	RO2	RO3	RO4
31	31	Х	Х	1	PFA	PFA	Х	Х
31	31	31	Х	2	PFA	PFA	PFA	Х
Х	31	31	Х	1	Х	PFA	PFA	Х
31	31	Х	Х	0**	PFA	PFA	Х	Х

<sup>\*\* =</sup> No auxiliary motors, but the Autochange function is in use. Working as a standard PID-

motor changes.

	G	roup 81: PFA contro	ol				
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
8118	AUTOCHNG INTERV	0.1 336.0 h	1 = 0.1 h	NOT SEL			
	Controls operation of the Au	tochange function and	sets the interval b	etween char	nges.		
	The Autochange time intervisis running.	al only applies to the tin	ne when the spee	d regulated r	notor		
	See parameter 8119 AUTO	CHNG LEVEL for an ov	erview of the Auto	ochange fund	ction.		
	The drive always coasts to salutochange enabled selections	•	•		!		
	WARNING! When enabled, the Autochange function requires the interlocks (812 INTERLOCKS > 0) enabled. During the Autochange function the power output is interrupted and the drive coasts to stop, preventing damage to the contacts.						
	ACS	Relay logic	in the state of th				
	-0.1 = TEST MODE - Force						
	0.0 = NOT SEL – Disables t The operating time interval	•		voon automo	ntio		

	G	roup 81: PFA contr	ol		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
8119	AUTOCHNG LEVEL	0.0 100.0%	0.1%	50.0%	
	Sets an upper limit, as a pe output from the PID/PFA coprevented. For example, us Pump-Fan system is opera	ontrol block exceeds this se this parameter to den	s limit, the Autocha y the Autochange t	ange functior	n is
	Autochange overview				
	The purpose of the autochamotors used in a system. A			tween multip	ole
			ACS320 output – th		

lated motor.

The starting order of the other motors rotates.

The Autochange function requires:

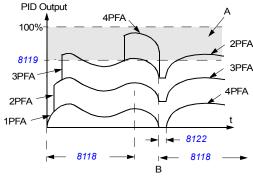
- External switchgear for changing the drive's output power connections.
- Parameter 8120 INTERLOCKS = value > 0.

The Autochange function is performed when:

- The running time since the previous autochange operation reaches the time set by 8118 AUTOCHNG INTERV.
- The PFA input is below the level set by this parameter, 8119 AUTOCHNG LEVEL.

Note: The ACS320 always coasts to stop when autochange operation is performed. In an autochange operation, the Autochange function does all of the following (see the figure below):

- Initiates a change when the running time, since the last autochange operation, reaches 8118 AUTOCHNG INTERV, and PFA input is below limit 8119 AUTOCHNG LEVEL.
- Stops the speed regulated motor.
- Switches off the contactor of the speed regulated motor.
- Increments the starting order counter, to change the starting order for the motors



A = Area above 8119 AUTOCHNG LEVEL - autochange operation not allowed. B = Autochange operation occurs.

- 1PFA, etc. = PID output associated with each motor.
- · Identifies the next motor in line to be the speed regulated motor.
- Switches off the above motor's contactor, if the motor was running. Any other running motors are not interrupted.
- Switches on the contactor of the new speed regulated motor. The autochange switchgear connects this motor to the ACS320 power output.
- Delays motor start for the time 8122 PFA START DELAY.

	Group 8	1: PFA control			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
Code		Range  d motor in the rotate tonly if the new stor) – This step kinge operation.  Output frequency  fMAX	Resolution  ation. speed regulated eeps an equal n	motor had bee umber of motors     2 aux     motors   	en
	shifts the sequence to: 2PFA = sp , 1PFA = last auxiliary motor.	peed regulated m	otor, 3PFA = 1st	auxiliary moto	or,
	The next autochange operation s	hifts the sequenc	e again, and so	on.	
	If the autochange operation cannot are interlocked, the drive displays			all inactive mot	tors
	When the ACS320 power supply autochange rotation positions in autochange rotation starts at the	permanent memo position stored in	ry. When power memory.	is restored, th	ne
	If the PFA relay configuration is cl rotation is reset. (See the first but		PFA enable value	e is changed),	the

		Group 81: PFA control			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
8120	INTERLOCKS	05	1	4	

Defines operation of the Interlock function. When the Interlock function is enabled:

- · An interlock is active when its command signal is absent.
- An interlock is inactive when its command signal is present.

The drive will not start if a start command occurs when the speed regulated motor's interlock is active – the control panel displays alarm 2015 PFC I LOCK.

Wire each Interlock circuit as follows:

- Wire a contact of the motor's On/Off switch to the Interlock circuit the drive's PFA logic can then recognize that the motor is switched off, and start the next available
- · Wire a contact of the motor thermal relay (or other protective device in the motor circuit) to the Interlock input – the drive's PFA logic can then recognize that a motor fault is activated and stop the motor.
- 0 = NOT SEL Disables the Interlock function. All digital inputs are available for other purposes.
  - Requires parameter 8118 AUTOCHNG INTERV = 0 (The Autochange function must be disabled if the Interlock function is disabled.)
- 1 = DI1 Enables the Interlock function, and assigns a digital input (starting with DI1) to the interlock signal for each PFA relay. These assignments are defined in the following table and depend on:

The number of PFA relays (number of parameters 1401...1403 and 1410) with value = 31 (PFA)

The Autochange function status (disabled if 8118 AUTOCHNG INTERV = 0, and otherwise enabled).

No. PFA relays	Autochange disabled (8118)	Autochange enabled (8118)	
0	DI1: Speed Reg Motor DI2DI5: Free	Not allowed	
1	DI1: Speed Reg Motor DI2: First PFA Relay DI3DI5: Free	DI1: First PFA Relay DI2DI5: Free	
2	DI1: Speed Reg Motor DI2: First PFA Relay DI3: Second PFA Relay DI4DI5: Free	DI1: First PFA Relay DI2: Second PFA Relay DI3DI5: Free	
3	DI1: Speed Reg Motor DI2: First PFA Relay DI3: Second PFA Relay DI4: Third PFA Relay DI5DI5: Free	DI1: First PFA Relay DI2: Second PFA Relay DI3: Third PFA Relay DI4DI5: Free	
4 DI1: Speed Reg Motor DI2: First PFA Relay DI3: Second PFA Relay DI4: Third PFA Relay DI5: Fourth PFA Relay		DI1: First PFA Relay DI2: Second PFA Relay DI3: Third PFA Relay DI4: Fourth PFA Relay DI5DI5: Free	

Note: MREL-01 required for PFA relays 2, 3 and 4.

		Group 81: PFA contro	ı
Code	Description	Range	Resolution Default S
	to the interloc following table • The number value = 31 (F	ck signal for each PFA relay. These e and depend on: of PFA relays (number of paramet PFA). Inge function status (disabled if <i>81</i>	_
	No. PFA relays	Autochange disabled (8118)	Autochange enabled (8118)
	0	DI1: Free DI2: Speed Reg Motor DI3DI5: Free	Not allowed
	1	DI1: Free DI2: Speed Reg Motor DI3: First PFA Relay DI4DI5: Free	DI1: Free DI2: First PFA Relay DI3DI5: Free
	2	DI1: Free DI2: Speed Reg Motor DI3: First PFA Relay DI4: Second PFA Relay DI5DI5: Free	DI1: Free DI2: First PFA Relay DI3: Second PFA Relay DI4DI5: Free
	3	DI1: Free DI2: Speed Reg Motor DI3: First PFA Relay DI4: Second PFA Relay DI5: Third PFA Relay	DI1: Free DI2: First PFA Relay DI3: Second PFA Relay DI4: Third PFA Relay DI5DI5: Free
	4	DI1: Free DI2: Speed Reg Motor DI3: First PFA Relay	DI1: Free DI2: First PFA Relay DI3: Second PFA Relay

Note: MREL-01 required for PFA relays 2, 3 and 4.

DI4: Second PFA Relay

DI5: Third PFA Relay

3 = DI3 – Enables the Interlocks function, and assigns a digital input (starting with DI3) to the interlock signal for each PFA relay. These assignments are defined in the following table and depend on:

DI4: Third PFA Relay

DI5: Fourth PFA Relay

- The number of PFA relays (number of parameters 1401...1403 and 1410) with value = 31 (PFA).
- The Autochange function status (disabled if 8118 AUTOCHNG INTERV = 0, and otherwise enabled).

		Group 81: PFA contro	ol		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
	No. PFA relays	Autochange disabled (8118)	Autochange enabl	led (8118)	
	0	DI1DI2: Free DI3: Speed Reg Motor DI4DI5: Free	Not allowed		
DI3: Speed		DI1DI2: Free DI3: Speed Reg Motor DI4: First PFA Relay DI5DI5: Free	DI1DI2: Free DI3: First PFA Relay DI4DI5: Free	у	
	2	DI1DI2: Free DI3: Speed Reg Motor DI4: First PFA Relay DI5: Second PFA Relay	DI1DI2: Free DI3: First PFA Relay DI4: Second PFA R DI5DI5: Free		
	3	DI1DI2: Free DI3: Speed Reg Motor DI4: First PFA Relay DI5: Second PFA Relay	DI1DI2: Free DI3: First PFA Relay DI4: Second PFA R DI5: Third PFA Rela	elay	
	4	Not allowed	DI1DI2: Free DI3: First PFA Relay DI4: Second PFA R DI5: Third PFA Rela	elay	

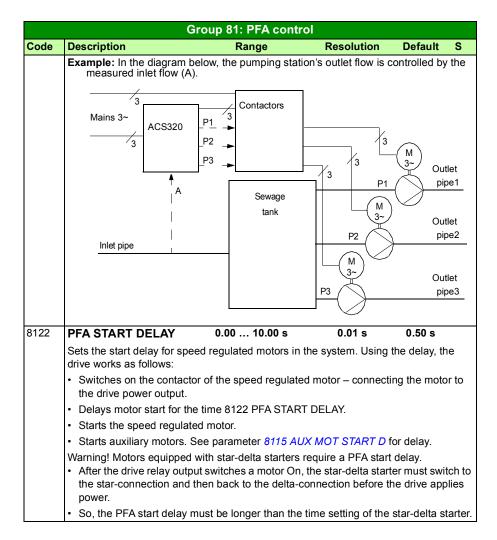
Note: MREL-01 required for PFA relays 2, 3 and 4.

- 4 = DI4 Enables the Interlock function, and assigns a digital input (starting with DI4) to the interlock signal for each PFA relay. These assignments are defined in the following table and depend on:
  - The number of PFA relays (number of parameters 1401...1403 and 1410) with value = 31 (PFA).
  - The Autochange function status (disabled if 8118 AUTOCHNG INTERV = 0)

No. PFA relays	Autochange disabled (8118)	Autochange enabled (8118)
0	DI1DI3: Free DI4: Speed Reg Motor DI5DI5: Free	Not allowed
1	DI1DI3: Free DI4: Speed Reg Motor DI5: First PFA Relay	DI1DI3: Free DI4: First PFA Relay DI5DI5: Free
2	DI1DI3: Free DI4: Speed Reg Motor DI5: First PFA Relay	DI1DI3: Free DI4: First PFA Relay DI5: Second PFA Relay
3 Not allowed		DI1DI3: Free DI4: First PFA Relay DI5: Second PFA Relay
4	Not allowed	Not allowed

		Group 81: PF	A contro	N.	
Code	Description	Rang		Resolution	Default S
	5 = DI5 – Enables to the interloc following table • The number of = 31 (PFA).	the Interlock function, and k signal for each PFA rese and depend on: PFA relays (number of performed for the function status (disabled).	elay. These	e assignments are	e defined in the
	No. PFA relays	Autochange disabled (8	118)	Autochange enal	bled (8118)
	0	DI1DI4: Free DI5: Speed Reg Motor		Not allowed	
	1	DI1DI4: Free DI5: Speed Reg Motor		DI1DI4: Free DI5: First PFA Rela	ay
	2	Not allowed		DI1DI4: Free DI5: First PFA Rela	ay
	35	Not allowed		Not allowed	
	used as the • The drive us PFA frequen	en ulator f <sub>MAX</sub> — rovides necha-D regu- 8110 — 8109 — etor by-ly in tions. 8113 s the pass rive nal PFA of the pass B = 0 C = Ti	ne auxiliary vo auxiliary FA referentiel	motors running motor running motors	or 4114) for the

 The figure shows the relation between the control signal 4014 FBK SEL (or 4114) and the speed regulated motor's frequency in a three-motor system.



		Group 81: PFA contr	rol			
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S	
8123	PFA ENABLE	03	-	0	<b>✓</b>	
	Sets the start delay for s drive works as follows:	peed regulated motors in	the system. Using	the delay, th	e	
	Switches on the contactor of the speed regulated motor – connecting the motor to the drive power output.					
	<ul> <li>Delays motor start for</li> </ul>	the time 8122 PFA STAR	T DELAY.			
	<ul> <li>Starts the speed regul</li> </ul>	lated motor.				
	<ul> <li>Starts auxiliary motors</li> </ul>	s. See parameter 8115 AU	<i>JX MOT START D</i> f	or delay.		
	MARNING! Motors equipped with star-delta starters require a PFA start delay.					
	•After the drive relay output switches a motor On, the star-delta starter must switch to the star-connection and then back to the delta-connection before the drive applies power.					
	<ul> <li>So, the PFA start dela</li> </ul>	y must be longer than the	time setting of the	star-delta st	arter.	
	1 = ACTIVE - PFA contr	ol enabled.				
		FC control enabled. The sons where lower pressure arted.				
	soft pump and fan ce	SPFC control with autocl ontrol (SPFC) is active on regulated motor is alterna	ly when auxiliary m	otors are no	ot	

		Group 81: PFA contro					
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S		
8124	ACC IN AUX STOP	0.0 1800.0 s	0.1 s	0.0			
	Sets the PFA acceleration	time for a zero-to-maximu	ım frequency ran	np. This PFA	A		
	acceleration ramp:						
	<ul> <li>Applies to the speed re</li> </ul>	gulated motor, when an au	ıxiliary motor is s	witched off.			
	·	ion ramp defined in Group					
		Itput of the regulated moto ed off auxiliary motor. The lapplies.					
	0 = NOT SEL						
	0.11800 = Activates this	s function using the value	entered as the ac	celeration ti	me.		
	f <sub>OUT</sub> ▲						
	Aux. Motor 1	8125	8124 t				
	(2202 or 2205).	otor accelerating using Gro					
	(2203 or 2206).	otor decelerating using Gro					
		eed regulated motor decele motor stop, speed regulate STOP.					
8125	DEC IN AUX START	0.0 1800.0 s	0.1 s	0.0			
	Sets the PFA deceleration time for a maximum-to-zero frequency ramp. This PFA deceleration ramp:						
	Applies to the speed regulated motor, when an auxiliary motor is switched on.						
	Replaces the decelerat	ion ramp defined in Group	22: Accel/Decel				
	Applies only until the out	itput of the regulated motor iry motor. Then the deceler	decreases by ar	n amount eq			
	1						

0.1...1800 = Activates this function using the value entered as the acceleration time.

0 = NOT SEL

#### Group 98: Options

This group configures for options, in particular, enabling serial communication with the drive.

2 = RELAY ORDER - The start order is fixed to be the order of the relays.

		Group 98: Options	S		
Code	Description	Range	Resolution	Default	S
9802	COMM PROT SEL	010	1	1	
	Selects the communication	protocol.			
	0 = NOT SEL - No commur 1 = STD MODBUS - The dr channel (X1-communica • See also Group 53: EF 2 = N2 - Enables fieldbus c through the EIA-485 seri 3 = FLN - Enables fieldbus the EIA-485 serial link (; 5 = BACNET - Enables field through the EIA-485 seri 10 = MODBUS RS232	rive communicates with ations, terminal).  Example protocol.  Sommunication with the rial link (X1-communication with the communication with the X1-communications to be sommunications to the total with the communications to the communications to the total with the communication with the communications to the communications to the communications to the communications with the communications with the communications with the communications with the communications with the communications with the communications with the communications with the communications with the communication with the comm	th Modbus through e drive using Metas cations terminal). he drive using FLN erminal). with the drive using	ys N2 protoc protocol thro	ugh

#### Default values with different macros

When application macro is changed (9902 APPLIC MACRO), the software updates the parameter values to their default values. The table below shows the parameter default values for different macros. For other parameters, the default values are the same for all macros. See the parameter list starting on page 150.

Index	Name/ Selection	HVACDEFAULT	SUPPLY FAN	RETURN FAN	CLNG TWR FAN	CONDENSER
9902	APPLIC MACRO	1 = HVAC DEFAULT	2 = SUPPLY FAN	3 = RETURN FAN	4 = CLNG TWR FAN	5 = CONDENSER
1001	EXT1 COMMANDS	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	1 = DI1
1002	EXT2 COMMANDS	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	1 = DI1
1102	EXT1/EXT2 SEL	0 = EXT1	0 = EXT1	0 = EXT1	0 = EXT1	0 = EXT1
1103	REF1 SELECT	1 = AI1	1 = Al1	1 = AI1	1 = AI1	1 = Al1
1106	REF2 SELECT	19 = PID1OUT	19 = PID10UT	19 = PID1OUT	19 = PID1OUT	19 = PID1OUT
1201	CONST SPEED SEL	3 = DI3	3 = DI3	3 = DI3	3 = DI3	3 = DI3
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	1 = READY	7 = STARTED	7 = STARTED	1 = READY	1 = READY
1601	RUN ENABLE	0 = NOT SEL	2 = DI2	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL
1604	FAULT RESET SEL	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD
1608	START ENABLE 1	4 = DI4	4 = DI4	4 = DI4	4 = DI4	4 = DI4
1609	START ENABLE 2	0 = NOT SEL	5 = DI5	5 = DI5	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL
2007	MINIMUM FREQ	0.0 Hz	0.0 Hz	0.0 Hz	20.0 Hz	0.0 Hz
2101	START FUNCTION	6 = SCAN START	6 = SCAN START	6 = SCAN START	6 = SCAN START	6 = SCAN START
2108	START INHIBIT	0 = OFF	0 = OFF	0 = OFF	0 = OFF	0 = OFF
2202	ACCELER TIME 1	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s
2203	DECELER TIME 1	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s
3018	COMM FAULT FUNC	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL
3415	SIGNAL3 PARAM	120	120	120	120	120
3418	OUTPUT 3 DSP FORM	5	5	5	5	5
3419	OUTPUT3 UNIT	11 = mA	11 = mA	11 = mA	11 = mA	11 = mA
3420	OUTPUT3 MIN	0 mA	0 mA	0 mA	0 mA	0 mA
3421	OUTPUT3 MAX	20.0 mA	20.0 mA	20.0 mA	20.0 mA	20.0 mA
3601	TIMERS ENABLE	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL
3622	BOOST SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL
3626	TIMER 1 SRC	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL
4001	GAIN	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
4002	INTEGRATION TIME	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
4005	ERROR VALUE INV	0 = NO	0 = NO	0 = NO	1=YES	1 = YES
4010	SET POINT SEL	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD
4011	INTERNAL SETPNT	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%
4027	PID 1 PARAM SET	0 = SET 1	0 = SET1	0 = SET 1	0 = SET 1	0 = SET 1
4110	SET POINT SEL	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD
4111	INTERNAL SETPNT	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%
5302	EFB STATION ID	1	1	1	1	1
5303	EFB BAUD RATE	9.6kbits/s	9.6kbits/s	9.6kbits/s	9.6kbits/s	9.6kbits/s
5304	EFB PARITY	0 = 8NONE1	0 = 8NONE1	0 = 8NONE1	0 = 8NONE1	0 = 8NONE1
5305	EFB CTRL PROFILE	0 = ABB DRV LIM	0 = ABB DRV LIM	0 = ABB DRV LIM	0 = ABB DRV LIM	0 = ABB DRV LIM
8123	PFA ENABLE	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL

Index	Name/ Selection	BOOSTER PUMP	PUMP ALTERNA	INT TIMER	INTTIMERCS	FLOATING PNT
9902	APPLIC MACRO	6 = BOOSTER PUMP	7 = PUMP ALTERNA	8 = INTTIMER	9 = INT TIMER CS	10 = FLOATING PNT
1001	EXT1 COMMANDS	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	11 = TIMER 1	1 = DI1	1 = DI1
1002	EXT2 COMMANDS	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	11 = TIMER 1	0 = NOT SEL	1 = DI1
1102	EXT1/EXT2 SEL	0 = EXT1	0 = EXT1	0 = EXT1	0 = EXT1	0 = EXT1
1103	REF1 SELECT	1 = AI1	1 = AI1	1 = AI1	0 = KEYPAD	30 = DI4U,5D
1106	REF2 SELECT	19 = PID1OUT	19 = PID1OUT	19 = PID1OUT	2 = AI2	19 = PID1OUT
1201	CONST SPEED SEL	3 = DI3	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	15 = TIMER 1	3 = DI3
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	1 = READY	31 = PFA	7 = STARTED	7 = STARTED	7 = STARTED
1601	RUN ENABLE	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	2 = DI2	2 = DI2	2 = DI2
1604	FAULT RESET SEL	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD
1608	START ENABLE 1	4 = DI4	0 = NOT SEL	4 = DI4	4 = DI4	4 = DI4
1609	START ENABLE 2	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	5 = DI5	5 = DI5	0 = NOT SEL
2007	MINIMUM FREQ	0.0 Hz	0.0 Hz	0.0 Hz	0.0 Hz	0.0 Hz
2101	START FUNCTION	1 = AUTO	1 = AUTO	6 = SCAN START	6 = SCAN START	6 = SCAN START
2108	START INHIBIT	0 = OFF	0 = OFF	0 = OFF	0 = OFF	0 = OFF
2202	ACCELER TIME 1	10.0 s	10.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s
2203	DECELER TIME 1	10.0 s	10.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s
3018	COMM FAULT FUNC	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL
3415	SIGNAL3 PARAM	120	120	120	105	105
3418	OUTPUT 3 DSP FORM	5	5	5	1	1
3419	OUTPUT3 UNIT	11 = mA	11 = mA	11 = mA	4 = %	4 = %
3420	OUTPUT3 MIN	0 mA	0 mA	0 mA	-200.0 %	-200.0%
3421	OUTPUT3 MAX	20.0 mA	20.0 mA	20.0 mA	200.0 %	200.0%
3601	TIMERS ENABLE	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	0 = NOT SEL
3622	BOOST SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	3 = DI3	3 = DI3	0 = NOT SEL
3626	TIMER 1 SRC	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	31 = P1+2+3+4+B	31 = P1+2+3+4+B	0 = NOT SEL
4001	GAIN	2.5	2.5	2.5	1.0	2.5
4002	INTEGRATION TIME	3.0	3.0	3.0	60.0	3.0
4005	ERROR VALUE INV	0 = NO	0 = NO	0 = NO	0 = NO	0 = NO
4010	SET POINT SEL	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	1 = Al1	0 = KEYPAD
4011	INTERNAL SETPNT	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%
4027	PID 1 PARAM SET	0 = SET 1	0 = SET 1	0 = SET 1	0 = SET 1	0 = SET 1
4110	SET POINT SEL	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD
4111	INTERNAL SETPNT	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%
5302	EFB STATION ID	1	1	1	1	1
5303	EFB BAUD RATE	9.6kbits/s	9.6kbits/s	9.6kbits/s	9.6kbits/s	9.6kbits/s
5304	EFB PARITY	0 = 8NONE1	0 = 8NONE1	0 = 8NONE1	0 = 8NONE1	0 = 8NONE1
5305	EFB CTRL PROFILE	0 = ABB DRV LIM	0 = ABB DRV LIM	0 = ABB DRV LIM	0 = ABB DRV LIM	0 = ABB DRV LIM
8123	PFA ENABLE	0 = NOT SEL	1 = ACTIVE	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL

Index	Name/ Selection	DUAL SETPPID	DL SP PID CS	E-BYPASS	HAND CONTROL	E-CLIPSE	AC500 MODBUS
9902	APPLIC MACRO	11 = DUAL SETPPID	12 = DL SP PID CS	13 = BYPASS	14 = HAND CONTROL	15 = ECLIPSE	21 = AC500 MODBUS
1001	EXT1 COMMANDS	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	0 = NOT SEL	10 = COMM	10 = COMM
1002	EXT2 COMMANDS	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	1 = DI1	0 = NOT SEL	10 = COMM	0 = NOT SEL
1102	EXT1/EXT2 SEL	0 = EXT1	2 = DI2	0 = EXT1	0 = EXT1	0 = EXT1	8 = COMM
1103	REF1 SELECT	1 = AI1	1 = Al1	1 = AI1	1 = AI1	1 = AI1	8 = COMM
1106	REF2 SELECT	19 = PID1OUT	19 = PID1OUT	19 = PID1OUT	2 = AI2	19 = PID1OUT	19 = PID1OUT
1201	SEL	0 = NOT SEL	10 = DI4,5	0 = NOT SEL		0 = NOT SEL	3 = DI3
1401		7 = STARTED	1 = READY	7 = STARTED	1 = READY	1 = READY	1 = READY
1601	RUN ENABLE	2 = DI2	0 = NOT SEL	2 = DI2	0 = NOT SEL	7 = COMM	0 = NOT SEL
1604	FAULT RESET SEL	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	8 = COMM
1608	START ENABLE 1	4 = DI4	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	7 = COMM	4 = DI4
1609	START ENABLE 2	5 = DI5		0 = NOT SEL		0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL
2007	MINIMUM FREQ	0.0 Hz	0.0 Hz	0.0 Hz	0.0 Hz	0.0 Hz	0.0 Hz
2101	START FUNCTION	6 = SCAN START	6 = SCAN START	6 = SCAN START	6 = SCAN START	6 = SCAN START	6 = SCAN START
2108	START INHIBIT	0 = OFF	1 = ON	0 = OFF	0 = OFF	0 = OFF	0 = OFF
2202	ACCELER TIME 1	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s
2203	DECELER TIME 1	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s
3018	COMM FAULT FUNC	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	1 = FAULT
3415	SIGNAL3 PARAM	120	120	120	120	120	120
3418	OUTPUT 3 DSP FORM	5	5	5	5	5	5
3419	OUTPUT3 UNIT	11 = mA	11 = mA	11 = mA	0 = NOT SEL	11 = mA	11 = mA
3420	OUTPUT3 MIN						
3421	OUTPUT3 MAX						
3601	TIMERS ENABLE	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL
3622	BOOST SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL
3626	TIMER 1 SRC	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL
4001	GAIN	2.5	2.5	2.5	1.0	2.5	2.5
4002	INTEGRATION TIME	3.0	3.0	3.0	60.0	3.0	3.0
4005	ERROR VALUE INV	0 = NO	0 = NO	0 = NO	0 = NO	0 = NO	0 = NO
4010	SET POINT SEL	19 = INTERNAL	19 = INTERNAL	0 = KEYPAD	1 = AI1	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD
4011	INTERNAL SETPNT	50.0%	50.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%
4027	PID 1 PARAM SET	3 = DI3	3 = DI3	0 = SET 1	0 = SET 1	0 = SET 1	0 = SET 1
4110	SET POINT SEL	19 = INTERNAL	19 = INTERNAL	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD	0 = KEYPAD
4111	INTERNAL SETPNT	100.0%	100.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%	40.0%
5302	EFB STATION ID	1	1	1	1	1	2
5303	EFB BAUD RATE	9.6kbits/s	9.6kbits/s	9.6kbits/s	9.6kbits/s	76.8kbits/s	19.2kbits/s
5304	EFB PARITY	0 = 8NONE1	0 = 8NONE1	0 = 8NONE1	0 = 8NONE1	2 = 8 EVEN 1	0 = 8NONE1
5305	EFB CTRL PROFILE	0 = ABB DRV LIM	0 = ABB DRV LIM	0 = ABB DRV LIM	0 = ABB DRV LIM	1 = DCU PROFILE	2 = ABB DRV FULL
8123	PFA ENABLE	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL	0 = NOT SEL





# Fieldbus control

## Contents of this chapter

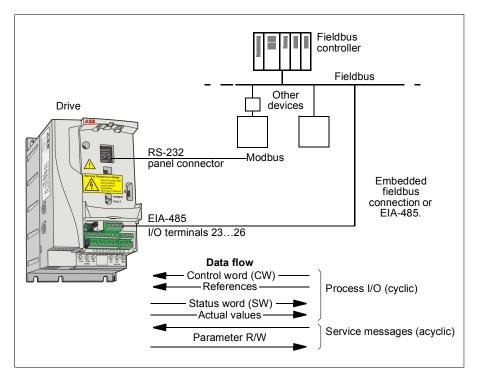
The chapter describes how the drive can be controlled by external devices over a communication network using embedded fieldbus.

#### System overview

The drive can be connected to an external control system via embedded fieldbus. The embedded fieldbus supports Modbus RTU, BACnet<sup>®</sup>, Metasys<sup>®</sup> N2 and APOGEE® FLN protocols.

Embedded fieldbus connection is either RS-232 (control panel connector X2) or EIA-485 (I/O terminals 23...26). The maximum length of the communication cable with RS-232 is restricted to 3 meters.

- RS-232 is designed for a point-to-point application (a single master controlling one slave).
- EIA-485 is designed for a multipoint application (a single master controlling one or more slaves).



The drive can be set to receive all of its control information through the fieldbus interface, or the control can be distributed between the fieldbus interface and other available sources, for example, digital and analog inputs.

#### Control interface

In general, the basic control interface between the fieldbus system and the drive consists of:

Protocol	Control Interface	Reference for more information
Modbus	Output Words     Control word     Reference1     Reference2     Input Words     Status word     Actual value 1     Actual value 2     Actual value 3     Actual value 4     Actual value 5     Actual value 6     Actual value 7     Actual value 8	The content of these words is defined by profiles. For details on the profiles used, see Modbus protocol technical data on page 338.
N2	<ul><li>Binary output objects</li><li>Analog output objects</li><li>Binary input objects</li><li>Analog input objects</li></ul>	N2 protocol technical data
FLN	<ul><li>Binary output points</li><li>Analog output points</li><li>Binary input points</li><li>Analog input points</li></ul>	FLN protocol technical data
BACnet	<ul> <li>Device management</li> <li>Binary output objects</li> <li>Analog output objects</li> <li>Binary input objects</li> <li>Analog input objects</li> </ul>	BACnet protocol technical data

Note: The words "output" and "input" are used as seen from the fieldbus controller point of view. For example an output describes data flow from the fieldbus controller to the drive and appears as an input from the drive point of view.

### **Planning**

Network planning should address the following questions:

- What types and quantities of devices must be connected to the network?
- What control information must be sent down to the drives?
- · What feedback information must be sent from the drives to the controlling system?

#### Mechanical and electrical installation - EFB

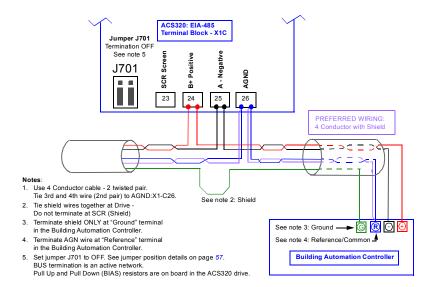


**WARNING!** Connections should be made only while the drive is disconnected from the power source.

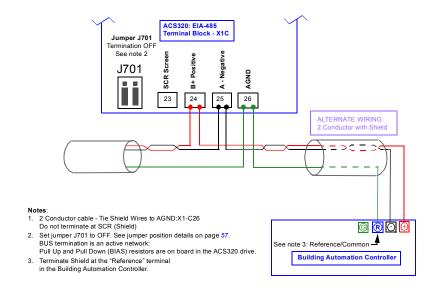
Drive terminals 23...26 are for EIA-485 communications.

- Use Belden 9842 or equivalent. Belden 9842 is a dual twisted, shielded pair cable with a wave impedance of 120  $\Omega$ .
- Use one of these twisted shielded pairs for the EIA-485 link. Use this pair to connect all A (-) terminals together and all B (+) terminals together.
- Use one of the wires in the other pair for the logical ground (terminal 26), leaving one wire unused.
- Do not directly ground the EIA-485 network at any point. Ground all devices on the network using their corresponding grounding terminals.
- As always, the grounding wires should not form any closed loops, and all the devices should be grounded to a common ground.
- Connect the EIA-485 link in a daisy-chained bus, without dropout lines.
- To reduce noise on the network, terminate the EIA-485 network using 120  $\Omega$  resistors at both ends of the network. Use jumper J701 to connect or disconnect the termination resistors. See below wiring diagram. This circuit provides pull-up active termination resistors.
- · For configuration information see the following:
  - below.
  - Activate drive control functions EFB on page 294.
  - The appropriate EFB protocol specific technical data. For example, Modbus protocol technical data on page 338.

### **Preferred Wiring Diagram**



## **Alternate Wiring Diagram**



# Communication set-up - EFB

#### Serial communication selection

To activate the serial communication, set parameter 9802 COMM PROT SEL =

- 1 (STD MODBUS)
- 2 (N2)
- 3 (FLN)
- 5 (BACNET).

**Note:** If you cannot see the desired selection on the panel, your drive does not have that protocol software in the application memory.

## Serial communication configuration

Setting parameter 9802 COMM PROT SEL automatically sets the appropriate default values in parameters that define the communication process. These parameters and descriptions are defined below. In particular, note that the station Id may require adjustment.

Code	Description	EFB Protoco	l Referen	ice			
		Modbus	N2	FLN	BACnet		
5301	EFB PROTOCOL ID  Contains the identification and program revision of the protocol.	format is: XXYY, where xx = protocol ID, and YY = program revision.					
5302	EFB STATION ID  Defines the node address of the EIA-485 link.	Set each driv with a unique parameter. When this pro the default va parameter is:	value for otocol is so alue for this	Sets MS/TP MAC ID. A temporary value of 0 places the protocol channel in reset.			
		Note: For a n affect, the dri cycled OR 53 to 0 before so address. Lea places the El reset, disablii	ve power 1 02 must fi electing a ving 5302 A-485 cha				

Code	Description	EFB Protoco	ol Referer	ıce			
		Modbus	N2	FLN	BACnet		
5303	EFB BAUD RATE Defines the communication speed of	When this protocol is selected, the default value for this parameter is			When this protocol is selected, the default value for this parameter is:		
	the EIA-485 link in kbits per second (kbits/s).	9.6	9.6	4.8	38400.		
	1.2 kbits/s						
	2.4 kbits/s						
	4.8 kbits/s						
	9.6 kbits/s						
	19.2 kbits/s						
	38.4 kbits/s						
	57.6 kbits/s						
	76.8 kbits/s						
5304	EFB PARITY	When this	When this protocol is selected, the default				
	Defines the data length,	protocol is	value for this parameter is: 0				
	parity and stop bits to be used with the EIA-485 link	selected, the default value for			Sets MS/TP character format.		
	communication.	this					
	The same settings must be used in all on-line stations.	parameter is: 1					
	0 = 8N1 – 8 data bits, No parity, one stop bit.						
	1 = 8N2 – 8 data bits, No						
	parity, two stop bits.						
	2 = 8E1 - 8 data bits,						
	Even parity, one stop bit.						
	3 = 8O1 - 8 data bits, Odd parity, one stop bit.						

Code	Description	EFB Protoco	ol Referen	ıce	
		Modbus	N2	FLN	BACnet
5305	EFB CTRL PROFILE  Selects the communication profile used by the EFB protocol.  0 = ABB DRV LIM — Operation of Control/Status Words conform to ABB Drives Profile, as used in ACH400.  1 = DCU PROFILE — Operation of Control/Status Words conform to 32-bit DCU Profile.  2 = ABB DRV FULL — Operation of Control/Status Words conform to ABB Drives Profile, as used in ACH600/800.	When this protocol is selected, the default value for this parameter is: 0	N/A. When this protocol is selected, the devalue for this parameter is: 0.  Changing the value for this parameter has affect on this protocol's behavior.		
5310	EFB PAR10	Not used for Comm setup.	millisecor	nds. When It value is:	e turnaround time in this protocol is selected, : :   5 msec.
5311	EFB PAR11	Not used for			This parameter, together with parameter 5317, sets BACnet Device Object Instance IDs: For the range 1 to 65,535: This parameter sets the ID directly (5317 must be 0). For example, the following values set the ID to 49134: 5311 = 49134 and 5317 = 0. For IDs > 65,335: The ID equals 5311's value plus 10,000 times 5317's value. For example, the following values set the ID to 71234: 5311 = 1234 and 5317 = 7.
5312	EFB PAR12	Not used for	Comm set	tup.	This parameter sets the BACnet Device Object Max Info Frames Property.

Code	Description	EFB Protoco	I Referen	се				
		Modbus	N2	FLN	BACnet			
5313	EFB PAR13	Not used for Comm setup.			This parameter sets the BACnet Device Object Max Master Property.			
5314	EFB PAR14	Not used for	Comm set	up.				
5315	EFB PAR15	Not used for Comm setup.						
5316	EFB PAR 16	Not used for	Comm set	up.	This parameter indicates the count of MS/TP tokens passed to this drive.			
5317	EFB PAR17							This parameter works with parameter 5311 to set BACnet Device Object Instance IDs. See parameter 5311.

Note: After any changes to the communication settings, protocol must be reactivated by either cycling the drive power, or by clearing and then restoring the station ld (5302) or use Reinitialize Device Service.

# Activate drive control functions - EFB

### Controlling the drive

Fieldbus control of various drive functions requires configuration to:

- · Tell the drive to accept fieldbus control of the function.
- · Define as a fieldbus input, any drive data required for control.
- · Define as a fieldbus output, any control data required by the drive.

The following sections describe, at a general level, the configuration required for each control function. For the protocol-specific details, see the document supplied with the FBA module.

### Start/Stop direction control

Using the fieldbus for start/stop/direction control of the drive requires:

- Drive parameter values set as defined below.
- Fieldbus controller supplied command(s) in the appropriate location. (The location is defined by the Protocol Reference, which is protocol dependent.)

Drive	Parameter	Value	Description	Protocol Reference						
				Modbus <sup>1</sup>		N2	FLN	BACnet		
				abb drv	dcu profile					
1001	EXT1 COMMANDS	10 (COMM)	Start/Stop by fieldbus with Ext1 selected.	40001 bits 03	40031 bits 0, 1	BO1	24	BV10		
1002	EXT2 COMMANDS	10 (COMM)	Start/Stop by fieldbus with Ext2 selected.	40001 bits 03	40031 bits 0, 1	BO1	24	BV10		
1003	DIRECTION	3 (REQUEST)	Direction by fieldbus.	40002/ 40003 <sup>2</sup>	40031 bit 2	BO2	22	BV11		

<sup>1.</sup>For Modbus, the protocol reference can depend on the profile used, hence two columns in these tables. One column refers to the ABB Drives profile, selected when parameter 5305 = 0 (ABB DRV LIM) or 5305 = 2 (ABB DRV FULL). The other column refers to the DCU profile selected when parameter 5305 = 1 (DCU PROFILE). See section ABB control profiles technical data.

<sup>2.</sup>The reference provides direction control – a negative reference provides reverse rotation.

# Input reference select

Using the fieldbus to provide input references to the drive requires:

- · Drive parameter values set as defined below.
- Fieldbus controller supplied reference word(s) in the appropriate location. (The location is defined by the Protocol Reference, which is protocol dependent.)

				Protocol Reference						
Drive	Parameter	Value	Setting	Mod						
		10.00		abb drv	dcu profile	N2	FLN	BACnet		
1102	EXT1/ EXT2 SEL	8 (COMM)	Reference set selection by fieldbus.	40001 bit 11	40031 bit 5	BO5	26	BV13		
1103	REF1 SEL	8 (COMM)	Input reference 1 by fieldbus.	40002		AO1	60	AV16		
1106	REF2 SEL	8 (COMM)	Input reference 2 by fieldbus.	400	03	AO2	61	AV17		

### Reference scaling

Where required, REFERENCES can be scaled. See the following, as appropriate:

- Modbus Register 40002 in the Modbus protocol technical data section.
- Reference scaling in the ABB control profiles technical data section.
- N2 analog output objects in the N2 protocol technical data section.
- The slope of points 60 and 61 in the FLN protocol technical data section.

#### Miscellaneous drive control

**Note:** The user should change only the parameters for the functions you wish to control vial fieldbus. All other parameters should typically remain at factory default. For simple start/stop and speed reference fieldbus control, only parameters 1001 EXT1 COMMANDS and 1103 REF1 SELECT need to be changed to COMM.

Using the fieldbus for miscellaneous drive control requires:

- Drive parameter values set as defined below.
- Fieldbus controller supplied reference word(s) in the appropriate location. (The location is defined by the Protocol Reference, which is protocol dependent.)

					Protocol	Refere	nce	
Drive	Parameter	Value	Setting	Mod	lbus			
				abb drv	dcu profile	N2	FLN	BACnet
1601	RUN ENABLE	7 (COMM)	Run enable by fieldbus. (Not recommended <sup>1</sup> )	40001 bit 3	40031 bit 6 (inverted)	BO4	35	BV12
1604	FAULT RESET SEL	8 (COMM)	Fault reset by fieldbus.	40001 bit 7	40031 bit 4	BO6	94	BV14
1606	LOCAL LOCK	8 (COMM)	Source for local lock selection is the fieldbus.	Does not apply	40031 bit 14			
1607	PARAM SAVE	1 (SAVE)	Saves altered parameters to memory (then value returns to 0).	41607	41607	BO18	N/A <sup>1</sup>	
1608	START ENABLE 1	7 (COMM)	Source for start enable 1 is the fieldbus Command word. (Not recommended) <sup>1</sup>	Does not apply.	40032 bit 2			BV20
1609	START ENABLE 2	7 (COMM)	Source for start enable 2 is the fieldbus Command word. (Not recommended) <sup>1</sup>		40032 bit 3			BV21
2201	ACC/DEC 1/2 SEL	7 (COMM)	Source for ramp pair selection is the fieldbus.		40031 bit 10			

<sup>1.</sup>ABB recommends hard wiring run permissive and safeties.

## Relay output control

Using the fieldbus for relay output control requires:

- Drive parameter values set as defined below.
- Fieldbus controller supplied reference word(s) in the appropriate location. (The location is defined by the Protocol Reference, which is protocol dependent.)

					Protoco	l Refer	ence	
Drive	Parameter	Value	Setting	Mod	bus			
				abb drv	dcu profile	N2	FLN	BACnet
1401	RELAY OUTPUT 1	35 (COMM)	Relay Output 1 controlled by fieldbus.	40134 bit 00033	0 or	BO7	40	BO0
1402 <sup>1</sup>	RELAY OUTPUT 2	35 (COMM)	Relay Output 2 40134 bit 2 or controlled by fieldbus.		BO8	41	BO1	
1403 <sup>1</sup>	RELAY OUTPUT 3	35 (COMM)	Relay Output 3 controlled by fieldbus.	40134 bit 00035	3 or	BO9	42	BO2
1410 <sup>1</sup>	RELAY OUTPUT 4	35 (COMM)	Relay Output 4 controlled by fieldbus.	40134 bit 00036	4 or	BO10	43	BO3

<sup>1.</sup> More than 1 relay requires the addition of a relay extension module.

For example: To control relays 1 and 2 using serial communication: Set parameters 1401 RELAY OUTPUT 1 and 1402 RELAY OUTPUT 2 = 35 (COMM).

Then, for example using N2:

- To turn Relay 1 On: Force object B07 to On.
- To turn Relay 2 On: Force object B08 to On.
- To turn both Relay 1 and 2 On: Force objects B07 and B08 On.

Note: Relay status feedback occurs without configuration as defined below.

				Protocol Reference							
_	Orive ameter	Value	Setting	Mo	N2	FLN	BACnet				
				abb drv dcu profile		FLIN					
0162	RO STATUS	Relay status.	40122	0122		BI4 BI6	76 78	BI0 BI2			
0173	RO 2-4 STATUS	Relay 2-4 status.	40123	0123		BI7	79	BI3			

# Analog output control

Using the fieldbus for analog output control requires:

- Drive parameter values set as defined below.
- Fieldbus controller supplied reference word(s) in the appropriate location. (The location is defined by the Protocol Reference, which is protocol dependent.)

				Protocol Reference					
Dri	ve Parameter	Value	Setting	Modbus					
		3		abb drv	dcu profile	N2	FLN	BACnet	
1501	AO1 CONTENT SEL		writing to	-		-	_	_	
0135	COMM VALUE 1	_	parameter 0135.	40135		AO14	46	AO0	

## PID control setpoint source

Use the following settings to select the fieldbus as the setpoint source for PID loops:

					Protoc	ol Re	ferenc	e
Drive	Parameter	Value	Setting	Мо	Modbus			
2		raido	Journal	abb drv	dcu profile	N2	FLN	BACnet
4010	SET POINT SEL (Set 1)	8 (COMM VALUE 1) 9 (COMM +	Setpoint is either: Input Reference 2 (+/-/* AI1). Control	40003	3	AO2	61	AV17
4110	SET POINT	AI1) 10	requires parameter 1106 value = comm. Process PID setpoint.					
4210	SET POINT SEL (Ext/Trim)	,	Control requires parameter 1106 value = pid1 out and parameter 4010 value = comm.					

## Communication fault

When using fieldbus control, specify the drive's action if serial communication is lost.

	Prive Parameter	Value	Description				
3018	COMM FAULT FUNC	0 (NOT SEL)) 1 (FAULT) 2 (CONST SP7) 3 (LAST SPEED)	Set for appropriate drive response.				
3019	COMM FAULT TIME	Set time delay before acting on a communication loss.					

# Feedback from the drive - EFB

#### Pre-defined feedback

Inputs to the controller (drive outputs) have pre-defined meanings established by the protocol. This feedback does not require drive configuration. The following table lists a sample of feedback data. For a complete listing, see input word/point/object listings in the technical data for the appropriate protocol starting on 304.

	Drive Parameter -		Protocol Reference			
			N2	FLN	BACnet	
0102	SPEED	40102	AI3	5	AV0	
0103	FREQ OUTPUT	40103	Al1	2	AV1	
0104	CURRENT	40104	Al4	6	AV4	
0105	TORQUE	40105	AI5	7	AV5	
0106	POWER	40106	Al6	8	AV6	
0107	DC BUS VOLT	40107	Al11	13	AV2	
0109	OUTPUT VOLTAGE	40109	Al12	14	AV3	
0115	KWH COUNTER	40115	Al8	10	AV8	

Note: With Modbus, any parameter can be accessed using the format: 4 followed by the parameter number.

## Mailbox Read/Write

The ACS320 provides a "Mailbox" function to access parameters that have not been pre-defined by the protocol. Using mailbox, any drive parameter can be identified and read. Mailbox can also be used to adjust parameter settings by writing a value to any parameter identified. The following table describes the use of this function.

Name	Name Description		rotocol F	Reference	е
Name	Description	Modbus <sup>1</sup>	N2	FLN	BACnet
Mailbox Parameter	Enter the number of the drive parameter to access.	Does not apply.	AO19	95	AV25
Mailbox Data	Contains the parameter value after a read, or enter the desired parameter value for a write.		AO20	96	AV26
Mailbox Read	A binary value triggers a read – the value of the "Mailbox Parameter" appears in "Mailbox data".		BO19	97	BV15
Mailbox Write	A binary value triggers a write – the drive value for the "Mailbox Parameter" changes to the value in "Mailbox data".		BO20	98	BV16

<sup>1.</sup>As noted above, Modbus provides direct access to all parameters using the format: 4 followed by the parameter number.

# Actual value scaling

The scaling of actual values can be protocol dependent. In general, for Actual values, scale the feedback integer using the parameter's resolution. (See section *Parameter listing* for parameter resolutions.) For example:

Feedback Integer	Parameter Resolution	(Feedback Integer) * (Parameter Resolution) = Scaled Value	
1	0.1 mA	1 * 0.1 mA = 0.1 mA	
10	0.1%	10 * 0.1% = 1%	

Where parameters are in percent, section *Parameter listing* specifies what parameter corresponds to 100%. In such cases, to convert from percent to engineering units, multiply by the value of the parameter that defines 100% and divide by 100%. For example:

Feedback Integer	Parameter Resolution	Value of the Parameter that defines 100%	(Feedback Integer) * (Parameter Resolution) * (Value of 100% Ref.) / 100% = Scaled Value
10	0.1%	1800 rpm <sup>1</sup>	10 * 0.1% * 1800 RPM / 100% = 18 rpm
100	0.1%	600 Hz <sup>2</sup>	100 * 0.1% * 600 Hz / 100% = 60 Hz

<sup>1.</sup> Assuming, for the sake of this example, that the Actual value uses parameter 9908 MOTOR NOM SPEED as the 100% reference, and that 9908 = 1800 rpm.

Although Actual value scaling could differ from the above for the N2 and FLN protocols, it currently does not. To confirm, see the following sections, as appropriate:

- N2 analog input objects in the N2 protocol technical data section.
- Scaling drive feedback values in the FLN protocol technical data section.

Scaling does not apply for the BACnet protocol.

<sup>2.</sup> Assuming, for the sake of this example, that the Actual value uses parameter 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ as the 100% reference, and that 9907 = 6.00 Hz.

# **Diagnostics – EFB**

# Fault queue for drive diagnostics

For general ACS320 diagnostics information, see section LEDs. The three most recent ACS320 faults are reported to the fieldbus as defined below.

	Drive Parameter	Protocol Reference			
	Drive Farameter	Modbus	N2	FLN	BACnet
0401	Last Fault	40401	17	90	AV18
0412	Previous Fault 1	40402	18	91	AV19
0413	Previous Fault 2	40403	19	92	AV20

## Serial communication diagnostics

Network problems can be caused by multiple sources. Some of these sources are:

- Loose connections
- Incorrect wiring (including swapped wires)
- Bad grounding
- Duplicate station numbers
- Incorrect setup of drives or other devices on the network

The major diagnostic features for fault tracing on an EFB network include Group 53: EFB protocol parameters 5306...5309. Section Parameter listing describes these parameters in detail.

# Diagnostic situations

The sub-sections below describe various diagnostic situations – the problem symptoms and corrective actions.

#### Normal operation

During normal network operation, 5306...5309 parameter values act as follows at each drive:

- 5306 EFB OK MESSAGES advances (advances for each application message properly received and addressed to this drive).
- 5307 EFB CRC ERRORS does not advance at all (advances when an invalid message CRC is received).
- 5308 EFB UART ERRORS does not advance at all (advances when character format errors are detected, such as parity or framing errors).
- 5309 EFB STATUS value varies depending on network traffic.
- BACnet protocol: 5316 EFB PAR 16 (MS/TP token counter) advances for each token passed to this drive. (Does not apply for other protocols.)

#### Loss of communication

The AC320 behavior, if communication is lost, was configured in *Communication fault*. The parameters are 3018 COMM FAULT FUNC and 3019 COMM FAULT TIME. Section Parameter listing describes these parameter.

#### No master station on line

If no master station is on line: Neither the *EFB OK MESSAGES* nor the errors (5307 *EFB CRC ERRORS*) and 5308 *EFB UART ERRORS*) increase on any of the stations.

#### To correct:

- Check that a network master is connected and properly programmed on the network.
- Verify that the cable is connected, and is not cut or short circuited.

### Duplicate stations

If two or more stations have duplicate numbers:

- Two or more drives cannot be addressed.
- Every time there is a read or write to one particular station, the value for 5307 EFB CRC ERRORS or 5308 EFB UART ERRORS advances.

To correct: Check all station numbers and edit conflicting values.

#### Swapped wires

If the communication wires are swapped (terminal A on one drive is connected to terminal B on another):

- The value of 5306 EFB OK MESSAGES does not advance.
- The values of 5307 EFB CRC ERRORS and 5308 EFB UART ERRORS are advancing.

To correct: Check that the EIA-485 lines are not swapped.

#### Fault 28 - Serial 1 Err

If the drive's control panel shows fault 0028 SERIAL 1 ERR, check for either of the following:

- The master system is down. To correct, resolve problem with master system.
- The communication connection is bad. To correct, check communication connection at the drive.
- The time-out selection for the drive is too short for the given installation. The
  master is not polling the drive within the specified time-out delay. To correct,
  increase the time set by parameter 3019 COMM FAULT TIME.

#### Fault 31 - EFB1

For BACnet: If the drive's control panel shows fault 0031 EFB 1, the drive has an invalid Device Object Instance ID. To correct, use parameters 5311 and 5317 and establish a unique drive ID that is in the range 1 to 4,194,303.

Faults 31...33 – EFB1...EFB3

Except as noted above, these three EFB fault codes (0031 EFB 1...0033 EFB 3) are not used.

#### Intermittent off-line occurrences

The problems described above are the most common problems encountered with ACS320 serial communication. Intermittent problems might also be caused by:

- Marginally loose connections,
- · Wear on wires caused by equipment vibrations,
- · Insufficient grounding and shielding on both the devices and on the communication cables.

# N2 protocol technical data

#### Overview

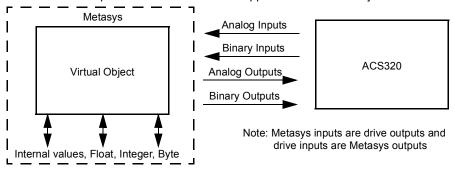
The N2 fieldbus connection to the ACS320 drives is based on an industry standard RS-485 physical interface. The N2 fieldbus protocol is a master-slave type, serial communication protocol, used by the Johnson Controls Metasys® system. In the Metasys architecture the N2 fieldbus connects object interfaces and remote controllers to Network Control Units (NCUs).

The N2 fieldbus can also be used to connect ACS320 drives to the Metasys Companion product line.

This section describes the use of the N2 fieldbus with the ACS320 drives' connection and does not describe the protocol in detail.

### Supported features

In the N2 fieldbus protocol the ACS320 drive appears as a "virtual object".



A virtual object is made up of:

- Analog Inputs
- Binary Inputs
- Analog Outputs
- Binary Outputs
- Internal values for Floating point, Integer, and Byte values.

The ACS320 drive does not support N2 fieldbus communication "internal values".

All of the Analog and Binary I/O objects are listed below, starting with N2 analog input objects below.

### **Analog input** – The analog input objects support the following features:

- Analog Input actual value in engineering units
- I ow Alarm limit
- · Low Warning limit
- · High Warning limit
- · High Alarm limit
- · Differential value for the hysteresis of the Alarms and Warnings
- Change of State (COS) enabled
- Alarm Enabled
- Warning Enabled
- Override value is received, but there is no action taken.

# **Binary input** – The binary input objects support the following features:

- Binary Input actual value
- Normal / Alarm state specification
- Alarm Enabled
- Change of State (COS) enabled
- Override value is received, but there is no action taken.

### **Analog output** – The analog output objects support the following features:

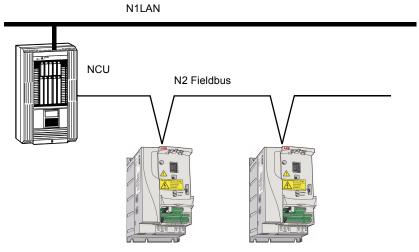
- Analog Output value in engineering units
- · Override value is used to change the Analog Output value. It is not possible to return to the previous value by removing the override. The override feature is used only to change the value.

### **Binary output** – The binary output objects support the following features:

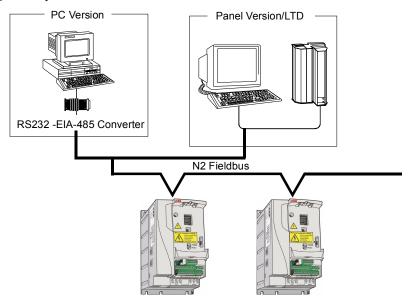
- Binary Output value
- Override value is used to change the Binary Output value. It is not possible to return to the previous value by removing the override. The override feature is used only to change the value.

## Metasys integration

The following diagram shows the drives' integration to the Johnson Controls Metasys system.



The following diagram shows the drives' integration to the Johnson Controls Metasys Companion system.



On the N2 fieldbus each ACS320 drive can be accessed by the full complement of Metasys FMS features, including Change-of-State (COS) monitoring, alarm notification, scheduling, trend, and totalization.

On one N2 fieldbus segment there can be up to 32 nodes while integrating ACS320 drives with Johnson Controls Metasys.

### Drive device type

For the Metasys and Metasys Companion products, the device type for the ACS320 drive is VND.

# N2 analog input objects

The following table lists the N2 analog Input objects defined for the ACS320 drive.

	N2 Analog Inputs:					
Number	Object	Drive Parameter	Scale Factor	Units	Range	
Al1	OUTPUT FREQUENCY	0103	10	Hz	0250	
Al2	RATED SPEED	Note 1	10	%	0100	
AI3	SPEED	0102	1	rpm	09999	
Al4	CURRENT	0104	10	Α	09999	
AI5	TORQUE	0105	10	%	-200200	
Al6	POWER	0106	10	kW	09999	
AI7	DRIVE TEMPERATURE	0110	10	°C	0125	
Al8	KILOWATT HOURS	0115	1	kWh	065535	
AI9	MEGAWATT HOURS	0141	1	MWh	065535	
Al10	RUN TIME	0114	1	Н	065535	
Al11	DC BUS VOLTAGE	0107	1	V	0999	
Al12	OUTPUT VOLTAGE	0109	1	V	0999	
Al13	PRC PID FEEDBACK	0130	10	%	0100	
Al14	PRC PID DEVIATION	0132	10	%	0100	
Al15	EXT PID FEEDBACK	0131	10	%	0100	
Al16	EXT PID DEVIATION	0133	10	%	0100	
Al17	LAST FAULT	0401	1		fault code	
Al18	PREV FAULT	0402	1		fault code	
Al19	OLDEST FAULT	0403	1		fault code	
Al20	AI 1 ACTUAL	0120	10	%	0100	
Al21	AI 2 ACTUAL	0121	10	%	0100	
Al22	AO 1 ACTUAL	0124	10	mA	020	
Al24	MOTOR TEMP	0145	1	°C	0200	
Al25	REVOLUTION CNT	0142	1	MREV	032767	

<sup>1.</sup>RATED SPEED is a percent of maximum frequency (parameter 2008) if the drive is in scalar mode, and is a percent of maximum speed (parameter 2002) in speed mode.

# N2 binary input objects

The following table lists the N2 binary input objects defined for the ACS320 drive.

	N2 Binary Inputs:				
Number	Object	Drive Parameter	Range		
BI1	STOP/RUN	Status Word	0 = Stop, 1 = Drive Running		
BI2	FORWARD/REVERSE	Status Word	0 = Forward, 1 = Reverse		
BI3	FAULT STATUS	Status Word	0 = OK, 1 = Drive Fault		
BI16	EXTERNAL 2 SELECT	Status Word	0 = EXT1 = EXT2		
BI17	HAND/AUTO	Status Word	0 = AUTO, 1 = HAND		
BI18	ALARM	Status Word	0 = OK, 1 = ALARM		
BI19	MAINTENANCE REQ	Status Word	0 = OK, 1 = MAINT REQ		
BI20	DRIVE READY	Status Word	0 = Not Ready, 1 = Ready		
BI21	AT SETPOINT	Status Word	0 = No, 1 = At Setpoint		
BI22	RUN ENABLED	Status Word	0 = Not Enabled, 1 = Enabled		
BI23	N2 LOCAL MODE	Status Word	0 = Auto, 1 = N2 Local		
BI24	N2 CONTROL SRC	Status Word	0 = No, 1 = Yes		
BI25	N2 REF1 SRC	Status Word	0 = No, 1 = Yes		
BI26	N2 REF2 SRC	Status Word	0 = No, 1 = Yes		

<sup>1.</sup>Require optional MREL relay output card.

# N2 analog output objects

The following table lists the N2 analog output objects defined for the ACS320 drive.

	N2 Analog Outputs:				
Number	Object	Drive Parameter	Scale Factor	Units	Range
AO1	REFERENCE 1	Reference 1	10	%	0100
AO2	REFERENCE 2	Reference 2	10	%	0100
AO3	ACCEL TIME 1	2202	10	s	0.11800
AO4	DECEL TIME 1	2203	10	s	0.11800
AO5	CURRENT LIMIT	2003	10	Α	01.3*I <sub>2N</sub>
A06	PID1-CONT GAIN	4001	10	%	0.1100
AO7	PID1-CONT I-TIME	4002	10	s	0.1600
AO8	PID1-CONT D-TIME	4003	10	s	010
AO9	PID1-CONT D FILTER	4004	10	s	010
AO10	PID2-CONT GAIN	4101	10	%	0.1100
AO11	PID2-CONT I-TIME	4102	10	s	0.1600
AO12	PID2-CONT D-TIME	4103	10	s	010
AO13	PID2-CONT D FILTER	4104	10	s	010

	N2 Analog Outputs:				
Number	Object	Drive Parameter	Scale Factor	Units	Range
AO14	COMMAND AO 1	135	10	%	0100
AO16	EXT PID SETPOINT	4211	10	%	0100
A019	MAILBOX PARAMETER		1		065535
A020	MAILBOX DATA		1		065535

# N2 binary output objects

The following table lists the N2 binary output objects defined for the ACS320 drive.

	N2 Binary Outputs:				
Number	Object	Drive Parameter	Range		
BO1	STOP/START	Command word	0 = Stop, 1 = Start to Speed		
BO2	FORWARD/REVERSE	Command word	0 = Forward, 1 = Reverse		
ВО3	PANEL LOCK	Command word	0 = Open, 1 = Locked		
BO4	RUN ENABLE	Command word	0 = Enable, 1 = Disable		
BO5	REF1/REF2 SELECT	Command word	0 = Ref1, 1 = Ref2		
BO6	FAULT RESET	Command word	Change 0 -> 1 Resets		
BO7	COMMAND RO 1	134 (bit mask 01)	0 = Off, 1 = On		
BO8	COMMAND RO 2	134 (bit mask 04)	$0 = Off, 1 = On^{1}$		
ВО9	COMMAND RO 3	134 (bit mask 08)	$0 = Off, 1 = On^{1}$		
BO10	COMMAND RO 4	134 (bit mask 16)	$0 = Off, 1 = On^{1}$		
BO13	RESET RUN TIME	114 (indirectly)	0 = N/A, 1 = On (Reset Run Time)		
BO14	RESET KWH COUNT	115 (indirectly)	0 = N/A, 1 = On (Reset kWh Count)		
BO15	PRC PID SELECT	4027 (indirectly)	0 = SET2, 1 = SET2		
BO16	N2 LOCAL CTL <sup>2</sup>	Command word	0 = Auto, 1 = N2		
BO17	N2 LOCAL REF <sup>2</sup>	Command word	0 = Auto, 1 = N2		
BO18	SAVE PARAMETERS	1607 (indirectly)	0 = N/A, 1 = On (Save Parameters)		
B019	READ MAILBOX		0 = No, 1 = Yes		
B020	WRITE MAILBOX		0 = No, 1 = Yes		

<sup>1.</sup>Requires optional MREL relay output card.

<sup>2.</sup>N2 LOCAL CTL and N2 LOCAL REF have priority over drive input terminals. Use these binary outputs for temporary N2 control of the drive when COMM is not the selected control source.

#### DDL file for NCU

The listing below is the Data Definition Language (DDL) file for ACS320 drives used with the Network Control Units.

This listing is useful when defining drive I/O objects to the Network Controller Units.

```
Below is the ACS320.DDL file listing.
```

```
************
   ABB Drives, ACS 320 Variable Frequency Drive
************
CSMODEL "ACS 320", "VND"
AITITLE "Analog Inputs"
BITITLE "Binary Inputs"
AOTITLE "Analog Outputs"
BOTITLE "Binary Outputs"
CSAI "AI1", N, N, "FREQ ACT", "Hz"
CSAI "AI2", N, N, "PCT ACT", "%"
CSAI "AI3", N, N, "SPEED", "RPM"
CSAI "AI4", N, N, "CURRENT", "A"
CSAI "AI5", N, N, "TORQUE", "%"
CSAI "AI6", N, N, "POWER", "kW"
CSAI "AI7", N, N, "DRV TEMP", "°C"
CSAI "AI8", N, N, "ENERGY k", "kWh"
CSAI "AI9", N, N, "ENERGY M", "MWh"
CSAI "AI10", N, N, "RUN TIME", "H"
CSAI "AI11", N, N, "DC VOLT", "V"
CSAI "AI12", N, N, "VOLT ACT", "V"
CSAI "AI13", N, N, "PID1 ACT", "%"
CSAI "AI14", N, N, "PID2 DEV", "%"
CSAI "AI15", N, N, "PID2 ACT", "%"
CSAI "AI16", N, N, "PID2 DEV", "%"
CSAI "AI17", N, N, "LAST FLT", "Code"
CSAI "AI18", N, N, "PREV FLT", "Code"
CSAI "AI19", N, N, "1ST FLT", "Code"
CSAI "AI20", N, N, "AI 1 ACT", "%"
CSAI "AI21", N, N, "AI 2 ACT", "%"
CSAI "AI22", N, N, "AO 1 ACT", "mA"
CSAI "AI24", N, N, "MTR TEMP", "°C"
CSAI "AI25", N, N, "REVL CNT", ""
CSBI "BI1", N, N, "STOP/RUN", "STOP", "RUN"
CSBI "BI2", N, N, "FWD/REV", "FWD", "REV"
CSBI "BI3", N, N, "FAULT", "OK", "FLT"
CSBI "BI4", N, N, "RELAY 1", "OFF", "ON"
CSBI "BI5", N, N, "RELAY 2", "OFF", "ON"
```

```
CSBI "BI6", N, N, "RELAY 3", "OFF", "ON"
CSBI "BI7", N, N, "RELAY 4", "OFF", "ON"
CSBI "BI10", N, N, "INPUT 1", "OFF", "ON"
CSBI "BI11", N, N, "INPUT 2", "OFF", "ON"
CSBI "BI12", N, N, "INPUT 3", "OFF", "ON"
CSBI "BI13", N, N, "INPUT 4", "OFF", "ON"
CSBI "BI14", N, N, "INPUT 5", "OFF", "ON"
CSBI "BI16", N, N, "EXT1/2", "EXT1", "EXT2"
CSBI "BI17", N, N, "HND/AUTO", "HAND", "AUTO"
CSBI "BI18", N, N, "ALARM", "OFF", "ON"
CSBI "BI19", N, N, "MNTNCE R", "OFF", "ON"
CSBI "BI20", N, N, "DRV REDY", "NO", "YES"
CSBI "BI21", N, N, "AT SETPT", "NO", "YES"
CSBI "BI22", N, N, "RUN ENAB", "NO", "YES"
CSBI "BI23", N, N, "N2 LOC M", "AUTO", "N2 L"
CSBI "BI24", N, N, "N2 CTRL", "NO", "YES"
CSBI "BI25", N, N, "N2 R1SRC", "NO", "YES"
CSBI "BI26", N, N, "N2 R2SRC", "NO", "YES"
CSAO "AO1", Y, Y, "REF 1", "%"
CSAO "AO2", Y, Y, "REF 2", "%"
CSAO "AO3", Y, Y, "ACCEL 1", "s"
CSAO "AO4", Y, Y, "DECEL 1", "s"
CSAO "AO5", Y, Y, "CURR LIM", "A"
CSAO "AO6", Y, Y, "PID1 GN", "%"
CSAO "AO7", Y, Y, "PID1 I", "s"
CSAO "AO8", Y, Y, "PID1 D", "s"
CSAO "AO9", Y, Y, "PID1 FLT", "s"
CSAO "AO10", Y, Y, PID2 GN", "%"
CSAO "A011", Y, Y, "PID2 I", "s"
CSAO "A012", Y, Y, "PID2 D", "s"
CSAO "AO13", Y, Y, "PID2 FLT", "s"
CSAO "A014", Y, Y, "CMD A0 1", "%"
CSAO "A016", Y, Y, "PI2 STPT", "%"
CSAO "AO17", Y, Y, "MIN SPD", "%"
CSAO "AO18", Y, Y, "MAX SPD", "%"
CSAO "A019", Y, Y, "MB PARAM", ""
CSAO "AO20", Y, Y, "MB DATA", ""
CSBO "BO1", Y, Y, "START", "STOP", "START"
CSBO "BO2", Y, Y, "REVERSE", "FWD", "REV"
CSBO "BO3", Y, Y, "PAN LOCK", "OPEN", "LOCKED"
CSBO "BO4", Y, Y, "RUN ENAB", "DISABLE", "ENABLE"
CSBO "BO5", Y, Y, "R1/\overline{2} SEL", "EXT 1", "EXT 2"
CSBO "BO6", Y, Y, "FLT RSET", "-", "RESET"
CSBO "BO7", Y, Y, "CMD_RO 1", "OFF", "ON"
CSBO "BO8", Y, Y, "CMD RO 2", "OFF", "ON"
CSBO "BO9", Y, Y, "CMD_RO_3", "OFF", "ON"
CSBO "B010", Y, Y, "CMD RO 4", "OFF", "ON"
CSBO "BO13", Y, Y, "RST RTIM", "OFF", "RESET"
```

#### 312 Fieldbus control

```
CSBO "B014",Y,Y,"RST_KWH","OFF","RESET"
CSBO "B015",Y,Y,"PID_SEL","SET1","SET2"
CSBO "B016",Y,Y,"N2_LOC_C","AUTO","N2"
CSBO "B017",Y,Y,"N2_LOC_R","EUTO","N2"
CSBO "B018",Y,Y,"SAV_PRMS","OFF","SAVE"
CSBO "B019",Y,Y,"READ_MB","NO","READ"
CSBO "B020",Y,Y,"WRITE MB","NO","WRITE"
```

# FLN protocol technical data

#### Overview

The FLN fieldbus connection to the ACS320 drives is based on an industry standard RS-485 physical interface. The FLN (Floor Level Network) fieldbus protocol is a serial communication protocol, used by the Siemens APOGEE® system. The ACS320 interface is specified in Siemens application xxxx.

#### Supported features

The ACS320 supports all required FLN features.

### Reports

The ACS320 provides seven pre-defined reports. Using a report request generated from the FLN fieldbus controller, select one of the following sets of points. By providing views of selected points, these reports are often easier to work with than views of the full point database.

#### ABB ACS320

	FLN ABB drive report						
Point Submaint name		Subpoint name	Data				
#	Type	Subpoint name	Data				
01	LAO	CTLR ADDRESS	Each host FLN application (for example, CIS or				
02	LAO	APPLICATION	Insight) controls both the particular data reported for each point, and the report format.				
20	LAO	OVRD TIME	odon pomi, and the report formati				
29	LDO	DAY.NIGHT					

## Startup

	FLN start-up report					
Po	oint	Subpoint name	Data			
#	Type	Subpoint name	Data			
21	LDI	FWD.REV	Each host FLN application (for example, CIS or			
22	LDO	CMD FWD.REV	Insight) controls both the particular data reported for each point, and the report format.			
23	LDI	STOP.RUN	odon pomi, and ano roport formati			
24	LDO	CMD STP.STRT				
25	LDI	EXT1.2 ACT				
26	LDO	EXT1.2 CMD				
34	LDI	ENA.DIS ACT				
35	LDO	ENA.DIS CMD				
36	LDI	FLN LOC ACT				
60	LAO	INPUT REF1				

	FLN start-up report							
Po	oint	Subpoint name	Data					
#	Type	Subpoint name	Data					
61	LAO	INPUT REF2						
68	LDO	FLN LOC CTL						
69	LDO	FLN LOC REF						
94	LDO	RESET FAULT						

# Overview

	FLN overview report							
P	Point Subpoint name		Data					
#	Type	Subpoint name	Data					
03	LAI	FREQ OUTPUT	Each host FLN application (for example, CIS or					
04	LAI	PCT OUTPUT	Insight) controls both the particular data reported for each point, and the report format.					
05	LAI	SPEED						
06	LAI	CURRENT						
07	LAI	TORQUE						
80	LAI	POWER						
09	LAI	DRIVE TEMP						
10	LAI	DRIVE KWH						
11	LAI	DRIVE MWH						
12	LAI	RUN TIME						
13	LAI	DC BUS VOLT						
14	LAI	OUTPUT VOLT						
17	LAI	MOTOR TEMP						
18	LAI	MREV COUNTER						
21	LDI	FWD.REV						
23	LDI	STOP.RUN						
25	LDI	EXT1.2 ACT						
27	LDI	DRIVE READY						
28	LDI	AT SETPOINT						
33	LDI	HANDAUTO ACT						
34	LDI	ENA.DIS ACT						
36	LDI	FLN LOC ACT						

# Drive I/O

	FLN drive I/O report							
P	oint	Subpoint name	Data					
#	Type	Subpoint name	Data					
40	LDO	RO 1 COMMAND	Each host FLN application (for example, CIS or					
41	LDO	RO 2 COMMAND	Insight) controls both the particular data reported for each point, and the report format.					
42	LDO	RO 3 COMMAND						
43	LDO	RO 4 COMMAND						
46	LAO	AO 1 COMMAND						
70	LDI	DI 1 ACTUAL						
71	LDI	DI 2 ACTUAL						
72	LDI	DI 3 ACTUAL						
73	LDI	DI 4 ACTUAL						
74	LDI	DI 5 ACTUAL						
76	LDI	RO 1 ACTUAL						
77	LDI	RO 2 ACTUAL						
78	LDI	RO 3 ACTUAL						
79	LDI	RO 4 ACTUAL						

# Drive Config

	FLN drive config. report								
Po	oint	Subpoint name	Data						
#	Type	Subpoint name	Data						
30	LAO	CURRENT LIM	Each host FLN application (for example, CIS or						
31	LAO	ACCEL TIME 1	Insight) controls both the particular data reported for each point, and the report format.						
32	LAO	DECEL TIME 1	odon pomit, and the report format.						
48	LDO	RST RUN TIME							
49	LDO	RESET KWH							
59	LDO	LOCK PANEL							
66	LDO	SPD OUT MIN							
67	LDO	SPD OUT MAX							
95	LAO	MBOX PARAM							
96	LAO	MBOX DATA							
97	LDO	MBOX READ							
98	LDO	MBOX WRITE							

# Process PID

	FLN process PID report							
Po	oint	Subpoint name	Data					
#	Type	Subpoint name	Data					
15	LAI	PRC PID FBCK	Each host FLN application (for example, CIS or					
16	LAI	PRC PID DEV	Insight) controls both the particular data reported for each point, and the report format.					
50	LAO	PRC PID GAIN	sacripeini, and are report formati					
51	LAO	PRC PID ITIM						
52	LAO	PRC PID DTIM						
53	LAO	PRC PID DFIL						
54	LDO	PRC PID SEL						
60	LAO	INPUT REF1						
61	LAO	INPUT REF2						
82	LAI	AI 1 ACTUAL						
83	LAI	AI 2 ACTUAL						
84	LAI	AO 1 ACTUAL						

# External PID

	FLN external PID report								
Po	oint	Subpoint name	Data						
#	Type	Subpoint name	Data						
55	LAO	EXT PID GAIN	Each host FLN application (for example, CIS or						
56	LAO	EXT PID ITIM	Insight) controls both the particular data reported for each point, and the report format.						
57	LAO	EXT PID DTIM	out point, and the report format.						
58	LAO	EXT PID DFIL							
62	LAO	EXT PID STPT							
63	LAI	EXT PID FBCK							
64	LAI	EXT PID DEV							
82	LAI	AI 1 ACTUAL							
83	LAI	AI 2 ACTUAL							
84	LAI	AO 1 ACTUAL							

## Scaling drive feedback values

Feedback values are provided with units of percent, where 0% and 100% correspond to the range of the sensor being used to measure the control variable. These points have default units in Hz. If other units are required:

- Unbundle these points with appropriate slopes and intercepts.
- The new intercept equals the lowest value of the desired range.
- · Calculate the new slope as follows:

Example – You are controlling water temperature from a cooling tower using the ACS320 to control a fan. The temperature sensor has a range of 30 to 250 degrees Fahrenheit.

To unbundle the setpoint (INPUT REF 2), for commanding in degrees Fahrenheit, where 0...60 Hz is equal to 30...250° F:

New Intercept = 30 (the temperature that corresponds to 0%)

New Slope = 
$$\frac{\text{(Desired Range) x (Slope of Existing Point)}}{\text{Range of Existing Point}}$$
$$= \frac{(250^{\circ} \text{ F} - 30^{\circ} \text{ F}) \text{ x (0.1)}}{100\% - 0\%} = 0.22$$

To unbundle the feedback (PRC PID FBCK) for monitoring in degrees Fahrenheit:

New Slope = 
$$\frac{\text{(Desired Range) x (Slope of Existing Point)}}{\text{Range of Existing Point}}$$
$$= \frac{(250^{\circ} \text{ F} - 30^{\circ} \text{ F}) \text{ x (0.01)}}{100\% - 0\%} = 0.022$$

## Loop gains

PRC PID GAIN (Point 50) and PRC PID ITIM (Point 51) are PID parameters similar to the P and I gains in the APOGEE TECs. Because the ABB PI loop and the Siemens loop are structured differently, there is no a one-to-one correspondence between the gains. The following formulas allow translation from ABB gains to Siemens gains and vice versa:

· To convert from ABB PI gains to Siemens P and I gains:

P GAIN<sub>Siemens</sub> = PI GAIN<sub>ABB</sub> x 0.0015

I GAIN<sub>Siemens</sub> = 
$$\frac{\text{PI GAIN}_{ABB}}{\text{PI GAIN}_{ABB}}$$
 x 0.0015

To convert from Siemens P and I gains to ABB PI gains:

P GAIN<sub>ABB</sub> = PI GAIN<sub>Siemens</sub> x 667

I GAIN<sub>ABB</sub> = 
$$\frac{\text{PI GAIN}_{\text{Siemens}}}{\text{PI GAIN}_{\text{Siemens}}} \times 667$$

### Point database

The following table lists the point database for FLN / ACS320 (Application 2762).

	FLN Point Database								
Po	oint	Subpoint Name	Factory Engr. Slope Intercept		Intercept	On Text	Off Text		
#	Type			(SI L	Jnits)				
01	LAO	CTLR ADDRESS	99	-	1	0	-	-	
02	LAO	APPLICATION	2734	-	1		-	-	
{03}	LAI	FREQ OUTPUT	0	Hz	0.1	0	-	-	
{04}	LAI	PCT OUTPUT	0	PCT	0.1	0	-	-	
{05}	LAI	SPEED	0	RPM	1	0	-	-	
{06}	LAI	CURRENT	0	Α	0.1		-	-	
{07}	LAI	TORQUE	0	PCT	0.1	-200	-	-	
{80}	LAI	POWER	0 (0)	HP (KW)	0.134 0.1	0	-	-	
{09}	LAI	DRIVE TEMP	77 (25)	° F (° C)	0.18 (0.1)	32 0	-	-	
{10}	LAI	DRIVE KWH	0	KWH	1		-	-	
{11}	LAI	DRIVE MWH	0	MWH	1		-	-	
{12}	LAI	RUN TIME	0	HRS	1		-	-	
{13}	LAI	DC BUS VOLT	0	V	1		-	-	

	FLN Point Database								
Po	oint	Subpoint Name	Factory Default	Engr. Units	Slope	Intercept	On Text	Off Text	
#	Туре			(SI U	Inits)				
{14}	LAI	OUTPUT VOLT	0	V	1		-	-	
{15}	LAI	PRC PID FBCK	0	PCT	0.1		-	-	
{16}	LAI	PRC PID DEV	0	PCT	0.1		-	-	
{17}	LAI	MOTOR TEMP	77(25)	° F (° C)	1.8 (1)	32 0	-	-	
{18}	LAI	MREV COUNTER	0	MREV	1	0	-	-	
20	LAO	OVRD TIME	1	hrs	1	0	-	-	
{21}	LDI	FWD.REV	FWD	-	1	0	REV	FWD	
{22}	LDO	CMD FWD.REV	FWD	-	1	0	REV	FWD	
{23}	LDI	STOP.RUN	STOP	-	1	0	RUN	STOP	
{24}	LDO	CMD STP.STRT	STOP	-	1	0	RUN	STOP	
{25}	LDI	EXT1.2 ACT	EXT1	-	1	0	EXT2	EXT1	
{26}	LDO	EXT1.2 CMD	EXT1	-	1	0	EXT2	EXT1	
{27}	LDI	DRIVE READY	NOTRDY	-	1	0	READY	NOTRDY	
{28}	LDI	AT SETPOINT	NO	-	1	0	YES	NO	
{29}	LDO	DAY.NIGHT	DAY	-	1	0	NIGHT	DAY	
30	LAO	CURRENT LIM	0	A	0.1	0	-	-	
31	LAO	ACCEL TIME 1	300	sec	0.1	0	-	-	
32	LAO	DECEL TIME 1	300	sec	0.1	0	-	-	
{33}	LDI	HANDAUTO ACT	AUTO	-	1	0	HAND	AUTO	
{34}	LDI	ENA.DIS ACT	DISABL	-	1	0	ENABLE	DISABL	
{35}	LDO	ENA.DIS CMD	DISABL	-	1	0	ENABLE	DISABL	
{36}	LDI	FLN LOC ACT	AUTO	-	1	0	FLN	AUTO	
{37}	LDI	CTL SRC	NO	-	1	0	YES	NO	
{38}	LDI	FLN REF1 SRC	NO	-	1	0	YES	NO	
{39}	LDI	FLN REF2 SRC	NO	-	1	0	YES	NO	
{40}	LDO	RO 1 COMMAND	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF	
{41}	LDO	RO 2 COMMAND	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF	
{42}	LDO	RO 3 COMMAND	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF	
{43}	LDO	RO 4 COMMAND	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF	
{46}	LAO	AO 1 COMMAND	PCT	PCT	0.1	0	-	-	
48	LDO	RST RUN TIME	NO	-	1	0	RESET	NO	
49	LDO	RESET KWH	NO	-	1	0	RESET	NO	
50	LAO	PRC PID GAIN	10	PCT	0.1	0	-	-	
51	LAO	PRC PID ITIM	600	SEC	0.1	0	-	-	

	FLN Point Database							
Po	oint	Subpoint Name	Factory Default	Engr. Units	Slope	Intercept	On Text	Off Text
#	Туре			(SI L	Jnits)	•		
52	LAO	PRC PID DTIM	0	SEC	0.1	0	-	-
53	LAO	PRC PID DFIL	10	SEC	0.1	0	-	-
54	LDO	PRC PID SEL	SET1	-	1	0	SET2	SET1
55	LAO	EXT PID GAIN	10	PCT	0.1	0	-	-
56	LAO	EXT PID ITIM	600	SEC	0.1	0	-	-
57	LAO	EXT PID DTIM	0	SEC	0.1	0	-	-
58	LAO	EXT PID DFIL	10	SEC	0.1	0	-	-
59	LDO	LOCK PANEL	UNLOCK	-	1	0	LOCK	UNLOCK
{60}	LAO	INPUT REF1	0	PCT	0.1	0	-	-
{61}	LAO	INPUT REF2	0	PCT	0.1	0	-	-
{62}	LAO	EXT PID STPT	0	PCT	0.1	0	-	-
{63}	LAI	EXT PID FBCK	0	PCT	0.1	0	-	-
{64}	LAI	EXT PID DEV	0	PCT	0.1	0	-	-
66	LDO	SPD OUT MIN	0	PCT	0.1	0	-	-
67	LDO	SPD OUT MAX	1000	PCT	0.1	0	-	-
{68}	LDO	FLN LOC CTL	AUTO	-	1	0	FLN	AUTO
{69}	LDO	FLN LOC REF	AUTO	-	1	0	FLN	AUTO
{70}	LDI	DI 1 ACTUAL	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF
{71}	LDI	DI 2 ACTUAL	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF
{72}	LDI	DI 3 ACTUAL	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF
{73}	LDI	DI 4 ACTUAL	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF
{74}	LDI	DI 5 ACTUAL	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF
{76}	LDI	RO 1 ACTUAL	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF
{77}	LDI	RO 2 ACTUAL	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF
{78}	LDI	RO 3 ACTUAL	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF
{79}	LDI	RO 4 ACTUAL	OFF	-	1	0	ON	OFF
{82}	LAI	AI 1 ACTUAL	0	PCT	0.1	0	-	-
{83}	LAI	AI 2 ACTUAL	0	PCT	0.1	0	-	-
{84}	LAI	AO 1 ACTUAL	0	MA	0.1	0	-	-
{86}	LDI	OK.ALARM	OK	-	1	0	ALARM	OK
{87}	LDI	OK.MAINT	OK	-	1	0	MAINT	OK
{88}	LAI	ALARM WORD 1	-	-	1	0	-	-
{89}	LAI	ALARM WORD 2	-	-	1	0	-	-
{90}	LAI	LAST FAULT	-	-	1	0	-	-
{91}	LAI	PREV FAULT 1	-	-	1	0	-	-
{92}	LAI	PREV FAULT 2	-	-	1	0	-	-
{93}	LDI	OK.FAULT	OK	-	1	0	FAULT	OK

	FLN Point Database								
Point		Subpoint Name	Factory Default	Engr. Units	Slope	Intercept	On Text	Off Text	
#	Type		(SI Units)						
{94}	LDO	RESET FAULT	NO	-	1	0	RESET	NO	
{95}	LAO	MBOX PARAM	-	-	1	0	-	-	
{96}	LAO	MBOX DATA	-	-	1	0	-	-	
{97}	LDO	MBOX READ	DONE	-	1	0	READ	DONE	
{98}	LDO	MBOX WRITE	DONE	-	1	0	WRITE	DONE	
{99}	LAO	ERROR STATUS	-	-	1	0	-	-	

a. Points not listed are not used in this application.

# Detailed point descriptions

	FLN Detailed Point Descriptions							
	Point	Description	Drive Parameter					
1	CTRL ADDRESS	The FLN address of the drive. It can be set by FLN and by the panel.	5302					
2	APPLICATION	The Application ID for FLN on the ACS320. This ID is assigned by Siemens for each unique application. It correlates directly to a particular point list approved at the time of release. Therefore, this point list shall remain fixed once approval is granted. Any changes to the point list shall require a new Application ID and re-approval by Siemens. The Application ID assigned to ACS320 is 2934.						
3	FREQ OUTPUT	The output frequency applied to the motor, in Hertz.	0103					
4	PCT OUTPUT	The ratio of output frequency or speed to the corresponding maximum rating, depending on control mode.  For scalar mode, it is the ratio of Output Frequency (parameter 0103) to Maximum Frequency (parameter 2008).	None. This ratio is calculated by the FLN application.					
5	SPEED	The calculated speed of the motor, in RPM.	0102					
6	CURRENT	The measured output current.	0104					
7	TORQUE	The calculated output torque of the motor as a percentage of nominal torque.	0105					
8	POWER	The measured output power in KW. The FLN point definition also supports horsepower by selecting English units.	0106					
9	DRIVE TEMP	The measured heatsink temperature, in ° C. The FLN point definition also supports ° F by selecting English units.	0110					
10	DRIVE KWH	The drive's cumulative power consumption in kilowatt-hours. This value may be reset by commanding FLN point 49, RESET KWH.	0115					

b.A single value in a column means that the value is the same in English units and in SI units.

c.Point numbers that appear in brackets { } may be unbundled at the field panel.

	FLN Detailed Point Descriptions							
	Point	Description	Drive Parameter					
11	DRIVE MWH	The drive's cumulative power consumption in megawatt hours. This value cannot be reset.	0141					
12	RUN TIME	The drive's cumulative run time in hours. This value may be reset by commanding FLN point 48, RESET RUN TIME.	0114					
13	DC BUS VOLT	The DC bus voltage level of the drive.	0107					
14	OUTPUT VOLT	The AC output voltage applied to the motor.	0109					
15	PRC PID FBCK	The Process PID feedback signal.	0130					
16	PRC PID DEV	The deviation of the Process PID output signal from its setpoint.	0132					
17	MOTOR TEMP	The measured motor temperature as set up in Group 35.	0145					
18	ROTATION CNT	The motor's cumulative revolution count, in megarevolutions.	0142					
19	N/A							
20	OVRD TIME	1 of the 5 mandatory FLN points required for compatibility with Siemens control systems. It has no functionality in the drive application.	None					
21	FWD.REV ACT	Indicates the rotational direction of the motor, regardless of control source (1 = REV, 0 = FWD).						
22	FWD.REV CMD	Commanded by FLN to change the rotational direction of the drive.						
		Parameter 1001 must be set to COMM for FLN to control the direction of the motor by EXT1.						
		Parameter 1002 must be set to COMM for FLN to control the direction of the motor by EXT2.						
23	RUN.STOP ACT	Indicates the drive's run status, regardless of control source (1 = RUN, 0 = STOP).						
24	RUN.STOP CMD	Commanded by FLN to start the drive. Parameter 1001 must be set to COMM for FLN to						
		control the run state of the drive by EXT1.						
		Parameter 1002 must be set to COMM for FLN to have this control.						
25	EXT1.2 ACT	Indicates whether External 1 or External 2 is the active control source (1 = EXT2, 0 = EXT1).						
26	EXT1.2 CMD	Commanded by FLN to select External 1 or External 2 as the active control source (1 = EXT2, 0 = EXT1).						
		Parameter 1102 must be set to COMM for FLN to have this control.						
27	DRIVE READY	Indicates the drive is ready to accept a run command (1 = READY, 0 = NOTRDY).						
28	AT SETPOINT	Indicates the drive has reached its commanded setpoint (1 = YES, 0 = NO)						
29	DAY.NIGHT	of the 5 mandatory FLN points required for compatibility with Siemens control systems. It has no functionality in the drive application.	None					
30	CURRENT LIM	Sets the output current limit of the drive.	2003					
31	ACCEL TIME 1	Sets the acceleration time for Ramp 1.	2202					

FLN Detailed Point Descriptions					
	Point	Description	Drive Parameter		
32	DECEL TIME 1	Sets the deceleration time for Ramp 1.	2203		
33	HANDAUTO ACT	Indicates whether the drive is in Hand or Auto control (1 = HAND, 0 = AUTO).			
34	ENA.DIS ACT	Indicates the status of the Run Enable command, regardless of its source (1 = ENABLE, 0 = DISABL).			
35	ENA.DIS CMD	Commanded by FLN to assert the Run Enable command (1 = ENABLE, 0 = DISABL).  Parameter 1601 must be set to COMM for FLN to have this control.			
36	FLN LOC ACT	Indicates if the drive has been placed in "FLN LOCAL" mode by commanding either point 68 (FLN LOC CTL) or point 69 (FLN LOC REF). Commanding either of these points to FLN (1) "steals" control from its normal source and places in under FLN control.  Note that the HAND mode of the panel has priority over FLN local control.			
37	FLN CTL SRC	Indicates if FLN is a source for control inputs (1 = YES, 0 = NO).  Note that this status point is true if any of the following control inputs are from FLN: Run/Stop, Ext1/2 Select or Run Enable.			
38	FLN REF1 SRC	Indicates if FLN is the source for speed reference 1 (1 = YES, 0 = NO).			
39	FLN REF2 SRC	Indicates if FLN is the source for speed reference 2 (1 = YES, 0 = NO).			
40	RO1 COMMAND	Controls the output state of Relay 1. Parameter 1401 must be set to COMM for FLN to have this control (1 = ON, 0 = OFF).	0134, bit 0		
41	RO2 COMMAND	Controls the output state of Relay 2. Access to relay 2 requires ACS320 option MREL.  Parameter 1402 must be set to COMM for FLN to have this control (1 = ON, 0 = OFF).	0134, bit 2		
42	RO3 COMMAND	Controls the output state of Relay 3. Access to relay 3 requires ACS320 option MREL.  Parameter 1403 must be set to COMM for FLN to have this control (1 = ON, 0 = OFF).	0134, bit 3		
43	RO4 COMMAND	Controls the output state of Relay 4. Access to relay 4 require ACS320 option MREL.  Parameter 1410 must be set to COMM for FLN to have this control (1 = ON, 0 = OFF).	0134, bit 4		
44, 45	N/A				
46	AO1 COMMAND	Controls Analog Output 1. Parameter 1501 must be set to this value for FLN to have this control.	0135 (COMM VALUE 1)		
47	N/A				

	FLN Detailed Point Descriptions				
	Point	Description	Drive Parameter		
48	RESET RUN TIME	Commanded by FLN to reset the cumulative run timer (1 = RESET, 0 = NO).  The control input is rising-edge sensitive, so, once the command is issued, this point automatically returns to its inactive state. This "momentary" operation avoids any need for an explicit command to clear the point before a subsequent reset can be issued.			
49	RESET KWH	Commanded by FLN to reset the cumulative kilowatt-hour counter (1 = RESET, 0 = NO).  The control input is rising-edge sensitive, so, once the command is issued, this point automatically returns to its inactive state. This "momentary" operation avoids any need for an explicit command to clear the point before a subsequent reset can be issued.			
50	PRC PID GAIN	Sets the proportional gain of the active Process PID set, as selected by Point 54, PRC PID SEL (1 = SET2, 0 = SET1).	4001 (SET1) 4101 (SET2)		
51	PRC PID ITIM	Sets the integration time of the active Process PID set, as selected by Point 54, PRC PID SEL (1 = SET2, 0 = SET1).	4002 (SET1) 4102 (SET2)		
52	PRC PID DTIM	Sets the derivation time of the active Process PID set, as selected by Point 54, PRC PID SEL (1 = SET2, 0 = SET1).	4001 (SET1) 4101 (SET2)		
53	PRC PID DFIL	Sets the time constant for the error-derivative of the active Process PID set, as selected by Point 54, PRC PID SEL (1 = SET2, 0 = SET1).	4004 (SET1) 4104 (SET2)		
54	PRC PID SEL	Selects the active Process PID set (1 = SET2, 0 = SET1).	4027		
55	EXT PID GAIN	Sets the proportional gain of the External PID controller.	4201		
56	EXT PID ITIM	Sets the integration time of the External PID controller.	4202		
57	EXT PID DTIM	Sets the derivation time of the External PID controller.	4203		
58	EXT PID DFIL	Sets the time constant for the error-derivative of the External PID controller.	4204		
59	LOCK PANEL	Command by FLN to lock the panel and prevent parameter changes (1 = LOCK, 0 = UNLOCK).	1602		
60	INPUT REF 1	Sets Input Reference 1. Parameter 1102 must be set to COMM for FLN to control this value.			
61	INPUT REF 2	Sets Input Reference 2. Parameter 1106 must be set to COMM for FLN to control this value.			
62	EXT PID STPT	The setpoint for the External PID controller. The function of this point requires parameter 4210, PID Setpoint Select, to be set to 19 (Internal).	4211		
63	EXT PID FBCK	The External PID feedback signal.	0131		
64	EXT PID DEV	The deviation of the External PID output signal from its setpoint.	0133		

	FLN Detailed Point Descriptions			
	Point	Description	Drive Parameter	
65 67	N/A			
68	FLN LOC CTL	Commanded by FLN to temporarily "steal" start/stop control of the drive from its normal source and place it under FLN control. This functionality is analogous to placing the drive in HAND mode at the panel, with the control being taken by FLN instead. HAND mode at the panel has priority over this point. Thus, this point is only effective in temporarily taking control from the digital inputs or some other internal control functionality.		
69	FLN LOC REF	Commanded by FLN to temporarily "steal" input reference control of the drive from its normal source and place it under FLN control. This functionality is analogous to placing the drive in HAND mode at the panel, with the reference control being taken by FLN instead. HAND mode at the panel has priority over this point. Thus, this point is only effective in temporarily taking control from the analog inputs or some other internal control functionality.		
70 81	N/A			
82	AI 1 ACTUAL	Indicates the input level of Analog Input 1.	0120	
83	AI 2 ACTUAL	Indicates the input level of Analog Input 2.	0121	
84	AO 1 ACTUAL	Indicates the output level of Analog Output 1.	0124	
85	N/A			
86	OK.ALARM	Indicates the current alarm state of the drive (1 = ALARM, 0 = OK).		
87	OK.MAINT	Indicates the current maintenance state of the drive (1 = MAINT, 0 = OK).  Maintenance triggers are configured in drive parameter Group 29.		
88	ALARM WORD1	This point is a bit-field indicating active alarms in the drive.	0308	
89	ALARM WORD2	This point is a bit-field indicating active alarms in the drive.	0309	
90	LAST FAULT	This point is first in the drive's fault log and indicates the most recent fault declared.	0401	
91	PREV FAULT 1	This point is second in the drive's fault log and indicates the previous fault declared.	0412	
92	PREV FAULT 2	This point is last in the drive's fault log and indicates the oldest fault in the log.	0413	
93	OK.FAULT	Indicates the current fault state of the drive (1 = FAULT, 0 = OK).		

	FLN Detailed Point Descriptions			
	Point	Description	Drive Parameter	
94	RESET FAULT	Command by FLN to reset a faulted drive (1 = RESET, 0 = NO). Parameter 1604 must be set to COMM for FLN to control this state. The control input is rising-edge sensitive, so, once the command is issued, this point automatically returns to its inactive state. This "momentary" operation avoids any need for an explicit command to clear the point before a subsequent reset can be issued.		
95	MBOX PARAM	Sets the parameter to be used by the mailbox function.		
96	MBOX DATA	Sets or indicates the data value of the mailbox function.		
97	MBOX READ	Command by FLN to read the parameter value specified by Point 95, MBOX PARAM. The parameter value is returned in Point 96, MBOX DATA.  The control input is rising-edge sensitive, so, once the command is issued, this point automatically returns to its inactive state. This "momentary" operation avoids any need for an explicit command to clear the point before a subsequent reset can be issued.		
98	MBOX WRITE	Command by FLN to write the data value specified by Point 96, MBOX DATA, to the parameter value specified by Point 95, MBOX PARAM.  The control input is rising-edge sensitive, so, once the command is issued, this point automatically returns to its inactive state. This "momentary" operation avoids any need for an explicit command to clear the point before a subsequent reset can be issued.		
99	ERROR STATUS	1 of the 5 mandatory FLN points required for compatibility with Siemens control systems. It has no functionality in the drive application.	None	

# **BACnet protocol technical data**

# Binary input object instance summary

The following table summarizes the Binary input objects supported:

Instance ID	Object Name	Description	Active/ Inactive Text	Present Value Access Type
BI0	RO 1 ACT	Indicates status of Relay Output 1.	ON/OFF	R
BI1	RO 2 ACT	Indicates status of Relay Output 2 (requires OREL-xx option).	ON/OFF	R
BI2	RO 3 ACT	Indicates status of Relay Output 3 (requires OREL-xx option).	ON/OFF	R
BI3	RO 4 ACT	Indicates status of Relay Output 4 (requires OREL-xx option).	ON/OFF	R
BI6	DI 1 ACT	Indicates status of Digital Input 1.	ON/OFF	R
BI7	DI 2 ACT	Indicates status of Digital Input 2.	ON/OFF	R
BI8	DI 3 ACT	Indicates status of Digital Input 3.	ON/OFF	R
BI9	DI 4 ACT	Indicates status of Digital Input 4.	ON/OFF	R
BI10	DI 5 ACT	Indicates status of Digital Input 5.	ON/OFF	R
BI12	TO ACT	Indicates status of Transistor Output.	ON/OFF	R

Note: For Present Value Access Types, R = Read-only, W = Writeable, C = Commandable. Commandable values support priority arrays & relinquish defaults.

# Binary output object instance summary

The following table summarizes the Binary output objects supported:

Instance ID	Object Name	Description	Active/Inactive Text	Present Value Access Type
BO0	RO1 CMD	Controls output state of Relay 1.	ON/OFF	С
BO1	RO2 CMD	Controls output state of Relay 2. (requires OREL-xx option).	ON/OFF	С
BO2	RO3 CMD	Controls output state of Relay 3. (requires OREL-xx option).	ON/OFF	С
ВО3	RO4 CMD	Controls output state of Relay 4. (requires OREL-xx option).	ON/OFF	С
BO6	TO CMD	Controls output state of Transistor	ON/OFF	С

Note: For Present Value Access Types, R = Read-only, W = Writeable, C = Commandable. Commandable values support priority arrays & relinquish defaults.

# Binary value object instance summary

The following table summarizes the Binary value objects supported:

Instance ID	Object Name	Description	Active/Inactive Text	Present Value Access Type
BV0	RUN/STOP ACT	Indicates the Run status of the drive, regardless of the control source.	RUN/STOP	R
BV1	FWD/REV ACT	Indicates the rotation direction of the motor, regardless of control source.	REV/FWD	R
BV2	FAULT ACT	Indicates the fault status of the drive.	FAULT/OK	R
BV3	EXT 1/2 ACT	Indicates which control source is active: External 1 or External 2.	EXT2/EXT1	R
BV4	HAND/AUTO ACT	Indicates which control mode the drive is in: Hand or Auto.	HAND/AUTO	R
BV5	ALARM ACT	Indicates the alarm status of the drive.	ALARM/OK	R
BV6	MAINT REQ	Indicates the maintenance status of the drive.	MAINT/OK	R
BV7	DRIVE READY	Indicates whether the drive is ready to accept a run command.	READY/NOT READY	R
BV8	AT SETPOINT	Indicates whether the drive is at the commanded setpoint.	YES/NO	R
BV9	RUN ENA ACT	Indicates the Run Enable command status, regardless of the control source.	ENABLE/DISABLE	R
BV10	RUN/STOP CMD	Command to start the drive (drive must be configured for BACnet control).	RUN/STOP	С
BV11	FWD/REV CMD	Command to change the rotational direction of motor (drive must be configured for BACnet control).	REV/FWD	С
BV12	RUN ENA CMD	Command to assert Run Enable (drive must be configured for BACnet control).	ENABLE/DISABLE	С
BV13	EXT 1/2 CMD	Command to select External 1 or External 2 as the active control source (drive must be configured for BACnet control).	EXT2/EXT1	С

Instance ID	Object Name	Description	Active/Inactive Text	Present Value Access Type
BV14	FAULT RESET	Command to reset a fault (drive must be configured for BACnet control).	RESET/NO	С
BV15	MBOX READ	Command to read parameter specified by AV25, MBOX PARAM. The parameter value is returned in AV26, MBOX DATA.	READ/RESET	W
BV16	MBOX WRITE	Command to write data value specified by AV26, MBOX DATA, to the parameter value specified by AV25, MBOX PARAM.	WRITE/RESET	W
BV17	LOCK PANEL	Command to lock the panel and prevent parameter changes.	LOCK/UNLOCK	W
BV18	CTL OVERRIDE CMD	Commands the drive into BACnet Control Override. In this mode, BACnet acquires drive control from its normal source. Note that the HAND mode of the panel has priority over BACnet Control Override.	ON/OFF	С
BV19	CTL OVERRIDE ACT	Indicates if drive is placed in BACnet Control Override by commanding BV18. In this mode, BACnet acquires drive control from its normal source. Note that HAND mode of the panel has priority over BACnet control Override.	ON/OFF	R
BV20	START ENABLE 1	Command to assert Start Enable1 (drive must be configured for BACnet control).	ENABLE/DISABLE	С
BV21	START ENABLE 2	Command to assert Start Enable 2 (drive must be configured for BACnet control).	ENABLE/DISABLE	С

Instance ID	Object Name	Description	Active/Inactive Text	Present Value Access Type
BV22*	HEATING CMD	Command to automatically assert Motor Heating DC current injection, when drive is stopped (drive must be configured for BACnet control). In this mode, "DISABLE" turns off the ongoing Motor Heating operation immediately (after the drive has received the command).	ENABLE/DISABLE	0
BV23*	HEATING STS	Indicates the status of Motor Heating DC current injection (drive must be configured for BACnet control). "ON" means there is actual heating current flowing in the motor circuit.	ON/OFF	R

<sup>\*</sup>Object instance applies for US regional variant only.

**Note:** For Present Value Access Types, R = Read-only, W = Writeable, C = Commandable. Commandable values support priority arrays & relinquish defaults

## Analog input object instance summary

The following table summarizes the Analog input objects supported:

Instance ID	Object Name	Description	Units	Present Value Access Type
AI0	ANALOG INPUT 1	Indicates the input level of Analog Input 1.	Percent	R
Al1	ANALOG INPUT 2	Indicates the input level of Analog Input 2.	Percent	R

**Note:** For Present Value Access Types, R = Read-only, W = Writeable, C = Commandable. Commandable values support priority arrays & relinquish defaults.

## Analog output object instance summary

The following table summarizes the Analog output objects supported:

Instance ID	Object Name	Description	Units	Present Value Access Type
AO0		Controls Analog Output 1 (drive must be configured for BACnet control).	Percent	С

**Note:** For Present Value Access Types, R = Read-only, W = Writeable, C = Commandable. Commandable values support priority arrays & relinquish defaults.

# Analog value object instance summary

The following table summarizes the Analog value objects supported:

Instance ID	Object Name	Description	Units	Present Value Access Type
AV0	OUTPUT SPEED	Indicates motor speed.	RPM	R
AV1	OUTPUT FREQ	Indicates output frequency.	Hertz	R
AV2	DC BUS VOLT	Indicates DC bus voltage.	Volts	R
AV3	OUTPUT VOLT	Indicates AC output voltage.	Volts	R
AV4	CURRENT	Indicates output current of the drive.	Amps	R
AV5	TORQUE	Indicates output torque of the motor as a percentage of nominal torque.	Percent	R
AV6	POWER	Indicates output power in kW.	Kilowatts	R
AV7	DRIVE TEMP	Indicates heatsink temperature.	°C	R
AV8	KWH (R)	Indicates the resettable energy usage of the drive (reset by writing zero).	kWh	W
AV9	KWH (NR)	Indicates the cumulative energy usage of the drive. The value cannot be reset.	kWh	R
AV10	PRC PID FBCK	Process PID feedback signal.	Percent	R
AV11	PRC PID DEV	Deviation of the Process PID output signal from its setpoint.	Percent	R
AV12	EXT PID FBCK	External PID feedback signal.	Percent	R
AV13	EXT PID DEV	Deviation of External PID output signal from its setpoint.	Percent	R
AV14	RUN TIME (R)	Indicates the resettable run time of the drive (reset by writing zero).	Hours	W
AV15	MOTOR TEMP	Indicates the motor temperature as set up in <i>Group 35: Motor temp meas</i> .	°C	R
AV16	INPUT REF 1	Sets the input Reference 1 (drive must be configured for BACnet control).	Percent	С
AV17	INPUT REF 2	Sets the input Reference 2 (drive must be configured for BACnet control).	Percent	С
AV18	LAST FLT	Indicates most recent fault in the fault log.	None	R
AV19	PREV FLT 1	Indicates previous fault in the fault log.	None	R
AV20	PREV FLT 2	Indicates the oldest fault in the fault log.	None	R
AV21	AO 1 ACT	Indicates output level of Analog Output 1.	Milliamps	R
AV23	ACCEL1 TIME	Sets Ramp1 acceleration time.	Seconds	W
AV24	DECEL1 TIME	Sets Ramp1 deceleration time.	Seconds	W
AV25	MBOX PARAM	Sets the parameter to be used by the mailbox function. See BV15 and BV16.	None	W
AV26	MBOX DATA	Sets (W) or indicates (R) as the data value of mailbox function (see BV15 and BV16).	None	W

Instance ID	Object Name	Description	Units	Present Value Access Type
AV27	EXT PID STPT	Setpoint for external PID controller (drive must be configured for BACnet control).	Percent	О
AV28*	HEATING CURRENT	Sets motor heating DC current reference (percent of motor nominal current).	Percent	W

<sup>\*</sup>Object instance applies for US regional variant only.

**Note:** For Present Value Access Types, R = Read-only, W = Writeable, C = Commandable. Commandable values support priority arrays & relinquish defaults.

## **BACnet quick-start sequence**

The following steps summarize the process for enabling and configuring BACnet on the ACS320:

 Enable BACnet protocol: Set drive parameter 9802 COMM PROT SEL = BACNET (5).

**Note:** If you cannot see the desired selection on the panel, your drive does not have that protocol software in the application memory.

- To confirm this selection, read drive parameter 5301 EFB PROTOCOL ID. It should read x5xx (where "x" is any value).
- 2. Place the BACnet channel in "reset": Set drive parameter 5302 EFB STATION ID
  - This setting holds the BACnet communication channel in reset while remaining settings are completed.
- Define the MS/TP baud rate.
  - Set drive parameter 5303 EFB BAUD RATE = appropriate value.
- 4. Define the Device Object Instance ID.
  - To define a specific device object instance value, use drive parameters 5311 and 5317 (object instance values must be unique and in the range 1 to 4,194,303).
  - · To use the drive's MS/TP MAC ID as the device object instance value, set drive parameter 5311 and 5317 = 0.
- 5. Define a unique MS/TP MAC ID. Set drive parameter 5302 EFB STATION ID = appropriate value.
  - Once this parameter is set to a non-zero value, current BACnet settings are "latched" and used for communication until the channel is reset.
  - In order to participate in MS/TP token passing, the MAC ID used must be within the limits defined by other masters' "Max Master" property.
- 6. Confirm proper BACnet communication.
  - When BACnet communication is operating properly, drive parameter 5316 EFB PAR 16 (the MS/TP token counter), should be continually increasing.
  - Drive parameter 5306 EFB UART ERRORS, should be stable.

# BACnet protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS)

#### BACnet Standard Device Profile

This version of ACS320 BACnet fully conforms to the 'Application-Specific Controller' standard device profile (B-ASC).

## Services Supported

The following services are supported by the ACS320:

- I-Am (Response to Who-Is, also broadcast on power-up & other reset)
- I-Have (Response to Who-Has)
- ReadProperty
- WriteProperty
- DeviceCommunicationControl
- ReinitializeDevice

#### Data Link Layer options

The ACS320 implements:

- MS/TP (Master), baud rate(s): 9600, 19200, 38400, 76800
- MS/TP (Slave), baud rate(s): 9600, 19200, 38400, 76800

#### MAC ID / Device Object Instance

The ACS320 supports separate MAC ID and Device Object Instance parameters:

- Set the MAC ID using drive parameter 5302 EFB STATION ID. Default: 5302 = 1.
- Set the Device Object Instance ID using drive parameters 5311 and 5317.
   Default: Both 5311 and 5317 = 0, which causes the MAC ID to "double" as the Device Object Instance. For Device Object Instance values not linked to the MAC ID, set ID values using 5311 and 5317:
  - For IDs in the range 1 to 65,535: Parameter 5311sets the ID directly (5317 must be 0). For example, the following values set the ID to 49,134:
     5311 = 49134 and 5317 = 0.
  - For IDs > 65,335: The ID equals 5311's value plus 10,000 times 5317's value.
     For example, the following values set the ID to 71,234:
     5311 = 1234 and 5317 = 7.

## Max Info Frames Property

Configure the Device Object Max Info Frames property using drive parameter 5312. Default: 5312 = 1.

## Max Master Property

Configure the Device Object Max Master property using drive parameter 5313. Default: 5313 = 127.

#### MS/TP Token Counter

Parameter 5316 stores the count of MS/TP tokens passed to the associated node.

# **BACnet protocol implementation conformance statement**

This statement is part of this standard and is required for its use.

Date:	December 2015
Vendor Name:	ABB, Inc
Product Name:	Low Voltage AC Motor Drive
Product Model Number:	ACS320-xxE (European regional variant)
	ACS320-xxU (USA regional variant)
Applications Software Version:	403C (European regional variant)
	4050 (USA regional variant)
Firmware Revision:	0528
BACnet Protocol Revision:	7
Product Description:	The ACS320 is a high-performance adjustable frequency drive specifically designed for commercial automation applications. This product supports native BACnet, connecting directly to the MS/TP LAN. All standard MS/TP baud rates are supported, as well as master mode functionality. Over BACnet, the drive can be fully controlled as a standard adjustable frequency drive. In addition, up to 13 configurable I/O ports are available over BACnet for user application.
BACnet Standardized Device Profile (Annex L):	□ BACnet Operator Workstation (B-OWS) □ BACnet Building Controller (B-BC) □ BACnet Advanced Application Controller (B-AAC) □ BACnet Application Specific Controller (B-ASC) □ BACnet Smart Sensor (B-SS) □ BACnet Smart Actuator (B-SA)
List all BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks Supported (Annex K):	DS-RP-B, DS-WP-B, DM-DDB-B, DM-DCC-B, DM-RD-B.
Segmentation Capability:	☐ Segmented requests supported. Window Size
	☐ Segmented responses supported. Window Size

Standard Object Types Supported:	Object instantiation is static, that is objects cannot be created or deleted.  See Object/Property support matrix tables from page 337.
Data Link Layer Options:	☐ BACnet IP, (Annex J)
	☐ BACnet IP, (Annex J), Foreign Device
	☐ ISO 8802-3, Ethernet (Clause 7)
	☐ ANSI/ATA 878.1, 2.5 Mb. ARCNET (Clause 8)
	☐ ANSI/ATA 878.1, EIA-485 ARCNET (Clause 8), baud rate(s)
	☑ MS/TP master (Clause 9), baud rate(s): 9600, 19200, 38400, 76800
	☑ MS/TP slave (Clause 9), baud rate(s): 9600, 19200, 38400, 76800
	☐ Point-To-Point, EIA 232 (Clause 10), baud rate(s):
	☐ Point-To-Point, modem, (Clause 10), baud rate(s):
	☐ LonTalk, (Clause 11), medium:
	☐ Other:
Device Address Binding:	□Yes
Is static device binding	⊠ No
supported? (This is currently	
necessary for two-way	
slaves and certain other devices.)	
Networking Options:	☐ Router, Clause 6 - List all routing configurations, eg, ARCNET-Ethernet, Ethernet-MS/TP, etc.
	☐ Annex H, BACnet Tunneling Router over IP
	☐ BACnet/IP Broadcast Management Device (BBMD)
	Does the BBMD support registrations by Foreign Devices? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Character Sets Supported:	⊠ ANSI X3.4
Indicating support for multiple	☐ IBM™/Microsoft™ DBCS
character sets does not imply	□ ISO 8859-1
that they can all be supported simultaneously.	□ ISO 10646 (UCS-2)
omataneousiy.	□ ISO 10646 (UCS-4)
	□ JIS C 6226
If this product is a communication gateway, describe the types of non-BACnet equipment/network(s) that the gateway supports:	
that the gateway supports:	

# **BACnet object definitions**

## Object/Property support matrix

The following table summarizes the object types/properties supported:

			C	bject Typ	е		
Property	Device	Binary Input	Binary Output	Binary Value	Analog Input	Analog Output	Analog Value
Object Identifier	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Object Name	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Object Type	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
System Status	✓						
Vendor Name	✓						
Vendor Identifier	✓						
Model Name	✓						
Firmware Revision	✓						
Appl Software Revision	✓						
Protocol Version	✓						
Protocol Revision	✓						
Services Supported	✓						
Object Types Supported	✓						
Object List	✓						
Max APDU Length	✓						
Segmentation Support	✓						
APDU Timeout	✓						
Number APDU Retries	✓						
Max Master	✓						
Max Info Frames	✓						
Device Address Binding	✓						
Database Revision	✓						
Present Value		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Status Flags		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Event State		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Out-of-Service		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Units					✓	✓	✓
Priority Array			✓	<b>√</b> *		✓	<b>√</b> *
Relinquish Default			✓	<b>√</b> *		✓	<b>√</b> *
Polarity		✓	✓				
Active Text		✓	✓	✓			
Inactive Text		✓	✓	✓			

<sup>\*</sup> For commandable values only.

# Modbus protocol technical data

#### Overview

The Modbus® protocol was introduced by Modicon, Inc. for use in control environments featuring Modicon programmable controllers. Due to its ease of use and implementation, this common PLC language was quickly adopted as a de-facto standard for integration of a wide variety of master controllers and slave devices.

Modbus is a serial, asynchronous protocol. Transactions are half-duplex, featuring a single Master controlling one or more Slaves. While RS232 can be used for point-to-point communication between a single Master and a single Slave, a more common implementation features a multi-drop EIA-485 network with a single Master controlling multiple Slaves. The ACS320 features EIA-485 for its Modbus physical interface.

#### RTU

The Modbus specification defines two distinct transmission modes: ASCII and RTU. The ACS320 supports RTU only.

#### Feature summary

The following Modbus function codes are supported by the ACS320.

Function	Code (Hex)	Description
Read Coil Status	0x01	Read discrete output status. For the ACS320, the individual bits of the control word are mapped to Coils 116. Relay outputs are mapped sequentially beginning with Coil 33 (eg, RO1=Coil 33).
Read Discrete Input Status	0x02	Read discrete inputs status. For the ACS320, the individual bits of the status word are mapped to Inputs 116 or 132, depending on the active profile. Terminal inputs are mapped sequentially beginning with Input 33 (eg, DI1=Input 33).
Read Multiple Holding Registers	0x03	Read multiple holding registers. For the ACS320, the entire parameter set is mapped as holding registers, as well as command, status and reference values.
Read Multiple Input Registers	0x04	Read multiple input registers. For the ACS320, the 2 analog input channels are mapped as input registers 1 & 2.
Force Single Coil	0x05	Write a single discrete output. For the ACS320, the individual bits of the control word are mapped to Coils 116. Relay outputs are mapped sequentially beginning with Coil 33 (eg, RO1=Coil 33).
Write Single Holding Register	0x06	Write single holding register. For the ACS320, the entire parameter set is mapped as holding registers, as well as command, status and reference values.
Diagnostics	0x08	Perform Modbus diagnostics. Subcodes for Query (0x00), Restart (0x01) & Listen Only (0x04) are supported.
Force Multiple Coils	0x0F	Write multiple discrete outputs. For the ACS320, the individual bits of the control word are mapped to Coils 116. Relay outputs are mapped sequentially beginning with Coil 33 (eg, RO1=Coil 33).

Function	Code (Hex)	Description
Write Multiple Holding Registers	0x10	Write multiple holding registers. For the ACS320, the entire parameter set is mapped as holding registers, as well as command, status and reference values.
Read/Write Multiple Holding Registers	0x17	This function combines functions 0x03 and 0x10 into a single command.

## Mapping summary

The following table summarizes the mapping between the ACS320 (parameters and I/0) and Modbus reference space. For details, see section *Modbus addressing* below.

ACS320	Modbus Reference	Supported Function Codes
<ul> <li>Control Bits</li> </ul>	Coils(0xxxx)	01 – Read Coil Status
<ul> <li>Relay Outputs</li> </ul>		05 – Force Single Coil
		15 – Force Multiple Coils
<ul> <li>Status Bits</li> </ul>	Discrete Inputs(1xxxx)	02 – Read Input Status
<ul> <li>Discrete Inputs</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Analog Inputs</li> </ul>	Input Registers(3xxxxx)	04 – Read Input Registers
<ul> <li>Parameters</li> </ul>	Holding Registers(4xxxx)	03 – Read 4X Registers
<ul> <li>Control/Status</li> </ul>		06 – Preset Single 4X Register
Words		16 – Preset Multiple 4X Registers
<ul> <li>References</li> </ul>		23 – Read/Write 4X Registers

## Communication profiles

When communicating by Modbus, the ACS320 supports multiple profiles for control and status information. Parameter 5305 EFB CTRL PROFILE selects the profile used.

- ABB DRV LIM This profile is based on the PROFIBUS interface, and is discussed in detail in the following sections.
- DCU PROFILE Another profile is called the DCU PROFILE profile. It extends the control and status interface to 32 bits, and is the internal interface between the main drive application and the embedded fieldbus environment.
- ABB DRV FULL This profile is also based on the PROFIBUS interface, and supports two control word bits not supported by the ABB DRV LIM profile.

## Modbus addressing

With Modbus, each function code implies access to a specific Modbus reference set. Thus, the leading digit is not included in the address field of a Modbus message.

**Note:** The drive supports the zero-based addressing of the Modbus specification. Holding register 40002 is addressed as 0001 in a Modbus message. Similarly, coil 33 is addressed as 0032 in a Modbus message.

Refer again to section *Mapping summary* above. The following sections describe, in detail, the mapping to each Modbus reference set.

**0xxxx Mapping – Modbus Coils.** The drive maps the following information to the 0xxxx Modbus set called Modbus Coils:

- Bit-wise map of the CONTROL WORD (selected using parameter 5305 EFB CTRL PROFILE). The first 32 coils are reserved for this purpose.
- Relay output states, numbered sequentially beginning with coil 00033.

The following table summarizes the 0xxxx reference set:

Modbus Ref.	Internal Location (All Profiles)	(5305 = 0)	(5305 = 1)	(5305 = 2)
<b>0</b> 0001	– Bit 0	OFF1*	STOP	OFF1*
<b>0</b> 0002	– Bit 1	OFF2*	START	OFF2*
<b>0</b> 0003	– Bit 2	OFF3*	REVERSE	OFF3*
<b>0</b> 0004	– Bit 3	START	LOCAL	START
<b>0</b> 0005	– Bit 4	N/A	RESET	RAMP_OUT_ZERO*
<b>0</b> 0006	– Bit 5	RAMP_HOLD*	EXT2	RAMP_HOLD*
<b>0</b> 0007	– Bit 6	RAMP_IN_ZERO*	RUN_DISABLE	RAMP_IN_ZERO*
<b>0</b> 0008	– Bit 7	RESET	STPMODE_R	RESET
<b>0</b> 0009	– Bit 8	N/A	STPMODE_EM	N/A
<b>0</b> 0010	– Bit 9	N/A	STPMODE_C	N/A
<b>0</b> 0011	– Bit 10	N/A	RAMP_2	REMOTE_CMD*
<b>0</b> 0012	– Bit 11	EXT2	RAMP_OUT_0	EXT2
<b>0</b> 0013	– Bit 12	N/A	RAMP_HOLD	N/A
<b>0</b> 0014	– Bit 13	N/A	RAMP_IN_0	N/A
<b>0</b> 0015	– Bit 14	N/A	REQ_LOCALLOCK	N/A
<b>0</b> 0016	– Bit 15	N/A	Reserved	N/A
<b>0</b> 0017	– Bit 16	Does not apply	FBLOCAL_CTL	Does not apply
<b>0</b> 0018	– Bit 17		FBLOCAL_REF	
<b>0</b> 0019	– Bit 18		START_DISABLE1	
<b>0</b> 0020	– Bit 19		START_DISABLE2	
<b>0</b> 0021 <b>0</b> 0032	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved

Modbus Ref.	Internal Location (All Profiles)	(5305 = 0)	(5305 = 1)	(5305 = 2)
<b>0</b> 0033	relay output 1	Relay Output 1	Relay Output 1	Relay Output 1
<b>0</b> 0034	relay output 2	Relay Output 2	Relay Output 2	Relay Output 2
<b>0</b> 0035	relay output 3	Relay Output 3	Relay Output 3	Relay Output 3
<b>0</b> 0036	relay output 4	Relay Output 4	Relay Output 4	Relay Output 4

<sup>\* =</sup> Active low

#### For the 0xxxx registers:

- Status is always readable.
- · Forcing is allowed by user configuration of the drive for fieldbus control.
- · Additional relay outputs are added sequentially.

The drive supports the following Modbus function codes for coils:

Function Code	Description
01	Read coil status
05	Force single coil
15 (0x0F Hex)	Force multiple coils

1xxxx Mapping - Modbus Discrete Inputs. The drive maps the following information to the 1xxxx Modbus set called Modbus Discrete Inputs:

- Bit-wise map of the STATUS WORD (selected using parameter 5305 EFB CTRL PROFILE). The first 32 inputs are reserved for this purpose.
- Discrete hardware inputs, numbered sequentially beginning with input 33.

The following table summarizes the 1xxxx reference set:

Modbus Ref.	Internal Location (All Profiles)	(5305 = 0 or 2)	(5305 = 1)
<b>1</b> 0001	– Bit 0	RDY_ON	READY
10002	– Bit 1	RDY_RUN	ENABLED
10003	– Bit 2	RDY_REF	STARTED
10004	– Bit 3	TRIPPED	RUNNING
10005	– Bit 4	OFF_2_STA*	ZERO_SPEED
10006	– Bit 5	OFF_3_STA*	ACCELERATE
10007	– Bit 6	SWC_ON_INHIB	DECELERATE
10008	– Bit 7	ALARM	AT_SETPOINT
10009	– Bit 8	AT_SETPOINT	LIMIT
<b>1</b> 0010	– Bit 9	REMOTE	SUPERVISION
<b>1</b> 0011	– Bit 10	ABOVE_LIMIT	REV_REF
<b>1</b> 0012	– Bit 11	EXT2	REV_ACT
<b>1</b> 0013	– Bit 12	RUN_ENABLE	PANEL_LOCAL
<b>1</b> 0014	– Bit 13	N/A	FIELDBUS_LOCAL
<b>1</b> 0015	– Bit 14	N/A	EXT2_ACT

Modbus Ref.	Internal Location (All Profiles)	(5305 = 0 or 2)	(5305 = 1)
<b>1</b> 0016	– Bit 15	N/A	FAULT
<b>1</b> 0017	– Bit 16	Reserved	ALARM
<b>1</b> 0018	– Bit 17	Reserved	REQ_MAINT
<b>1</b> 0019	– Bit 18	Reserved	DIRLOCK
10020	– Bit 19	Reserved	LOCALLOCK
<b>1</b> 0021	– Bit 20	Reserved	CTL_MODE
10022	– Bit 21	Reserved	Reserved
10023	– Bit 22	Reserved	Reserved
<b>1</b> 0024	– Bit 23	Reserved	Reserved
<b>1</b> 0025	– Bit 24	Reserved	Reserved
10026	– Bit 25	Reserved	Reserved
10027	– Bit 26	Reserved	REQ_CTL
10028	– Bit 27	Reserved	REQ_REF1
10029	– Bit 28	Reserved	REQ_REF2
10030	– Bit 29	Reserved	REQ_REF2EXT
<b>1</b> 0031	– Bit 30	Reserved	ACK_STARTINH
10032	– Bit 31	Reserved	ACK_OFF_ILCK
10033		DI1	DI1
10034		DI2	DI2
10035		DI3	DI3
<b>1</b> 0036		DI4	DI4
10037		DI5	DI5

<sup>\* =</sup> Active low

## For the 1xxxx registers:

· Additional discrete inputs are added sequentially.

The drive supports the following Modbus function codes for discrete inputs:

Function Code	Description
02	Read input status

**3xxxx Mapping – Modbus Inputs.** The drive maps the following information to the 3xxxx Modbus addresses called Modbus input registers:

· Any user defined analog inputs.

The following ta	able summarizes	the	input	registers:
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Modbus Reference	Internal Location (All Profiles)	Remarks	
<b>3</b> 0001	ai1	This register shall report the level of Analog Input 1 (0100%).	
<b>3</b> 0002	ai2	This register shall report the level of Analog Input 2 (0100%).	

The drive supports the following Modbus function codes for 3xxxx registers:

Function Code	Description	
04	Read 3xxxx input status	

4xxxx Register Mapping. The drive maps its parameters and other data to the 4xxxx holding registers as follows:

- 40001...40099 map to drive control and actual values. These registers are described in the table below.
- 40101...49999 map to drive parameters 0101...9999. Register addresses that do not correspond to drive parameters are invalid. If there is an attempt to read or write outside the parameter addresses, the Modbus interface returns an exception code to the controller.

The following table summarizes the 4xxxx drive control registers 40001...40099 (for 4xxxx registers above 40099, see the drive parameter list, for example, 40102 is parameter 0102):

Мо	dbus Register	Access	Remarks
40001		R/W	Maps directly to the profile. Supported only if 5305 = 0 or 2 (ABB Drives profile). Parameter 5319 holds a copy in hex format.
<b>4</b> 0002	Reference 1	R/W	Range = 0+20000 (scaled to 01105 REF1 MAX, or -200000 (scaled to 1105 REF1 MAX0).
40003	Reference 2	R/W	Range = 0+10000 (scaled to 01108 REF2 MAX, or -100000 (scaled to 1108 REF2 MAX0).
<b>4</b> 0004		R	Maps directly to the profile. Supported only if 5305 = 0 or 2 (ABB Drives profile). Parameter 5320 holds a copy in hex format.
<b>4</b> 0005	Actual 1 (select using 5310)	R	By default, stores a copy of 0103 OUTPUT FREQ. Use parameter 5310 to select a different actual value for this register.
<b>4</b> 0006	Actual 2 (select using 5311)	R	By default, stores a copy of 0104 CURRENT. Use parameter 5311 to select a different actual value for this register.
<b>4</b> 0007	Actual 3 (select using 5312)	R	By default, stores nothing. Use parameter 5312 to select an actual value for this register.
<b>4</b> 0008	Actual 4 (select by 5313)	R	By default, stores nothing. Use parameter 5313 to select an actual value for this register.
<b>4</b> 0009	Actual 5 (select using 5314)	R	By default, stores nothing. Use parameter 5314 to select an actual value for this register.

Modbus Register		Access	Remarks
<b>4</b> 0010	Actual 6 (select using 5315)	R	By default, stores nothing. Use parameter 5315 to select an actual value for this register.
<b>4</b> 0011	Actual 7 (select using 5316)	R	By default, stores nothing. Use parameter 5316 to select an actual value for this register.
<b>4</b> 0012	Actual 8 (select using 5317)	R	By default, stores nothing. Use parameter 5317 to select an actual value for this register.
<b>4</b> 0013	Actual 9 (select using 5321)	R	By default, stores nothing. Use parameter 5321 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.
<b>4</b> 0014	Actual 10 (select using 5322)	R	By default, stores nothing. Use parameter 5322 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.
<b>4</b> 0031	LSW	R/W	Maps directly to the Least Significant Word of the DCU profile's CONTROL WORD. Supported only if 5305 = 1. See parameter 0301.
<b>4</b> 0032	MSW	R/W	Maps directly to the Most Significant Word of the DCU profile's CONTROL WORD. Supported only if 5305 = 1. See parameter 0302.
40033	LSW	R	Maps directly to the Least Significant Word of the DCU profile's STATUS WORD. Supported only if 5305 = 1. See parameter 0303.
<b>4</b> 0034	MSW	R	Maps directly to the Most Significant Word of the DCU profile's STATUS WORD. Supported only if 5305 = 1. See parameter 0304.
<b>4</b> 0080	Actual 11 (select using 5323)	R/W	Use parameter 5323 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.
<b>4</b> 0081	Actual 12 (select using 5324)	R/W	Use parameter 5324 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.
<b>4</b> 0082	Actual 13 (select using 5325)	R/W	Use parameter 5325 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.
<b>4</b> 0083	Actual 14 (select using 5326)	R/W	Use parameter 5326 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.
<b>4</b> 0084	Actual 15 (select using 5327)	R/W	Use parameter 5327 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.
<b>4</b> 0085	Actual 16 (select using 5328)	R/W	Use parameter 5328 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.
<b>4</b> 0086	Actual 17 (select using 5329)	R/W	Use parameter 5329 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.
<b>4</b> 0087	Actual 18 (select using 5330)	R/W	Use parameter 5330 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.
40088	Actual 19 (select using 5331)	R/W	Use parameter 5331 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.
<b>4</b> 0089	Actual 20 (select using 5332)	R/W	Use parameter 5332 to select an actual value for this register. Supported by STD Modbus only.

For the Modbus protocol, drive parameters in group 53 report the parameter mapping to 4xxxx Registers.

Code	Description
5310	EFB PAR 10
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40005.
5311	EFB PAR 11
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40006.
5312	EFB PAR 12
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40007.
5313	EFB PAR 13
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40008.
5314	EFB PAR 14
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40009.
5315	EFB PAR 15
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40010.
5316	EFB PAR 16
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40011.
5317	EFB PAR 17
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40012.
5318	Reserved.
5319	EFB PAR 19
	Holds a copy (in hex) of the CONTROL WORD, Modbus register 40001.
5320	EFB PAR 20
	Holds a copy (in hex) of the STATUS WORD, Modbus register 40004.
5321	MDB DATA IN 1
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40013.
5322	MDB DATA IN 2
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40014.
5323	MDB DATA OUT 1
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40080.
5324	MDB DATA OUT 2
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40081.
5325	MDB DATA OUT 3
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40082.
5326	MDB DATA OUT 4
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40083.
5327	MDB DATA OUT 5  Specifies the parameter manned to Medicus register 40094
5000	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40084.
5328	MDB DATA OUT 6 Specifies the parameter manned to Medicus register 40095
5000	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40085.
5329	MDB DATA OUT 7  Specifies the parameter manned to Medbus register 40086
5000	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40086.
5330	MDB DATA OUT 8 Specifies the parameter manned to Medbus register 40087
	Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40087.

Code	Description					
5331	MDB DATA OUT 9 Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40088.					
5332	MDB DATA OUT 10 Specifies the parameter mapped to Modbus register 40089.					

Except where restricted by the drive, all parameters are available for both reading and writing. The parameter writes are verified for the correct value, and for a valid register addresses.

**Note:** Parameter writes through standard Modbus are always volatile, in other words, modified values are not automatically stored to permanent memory. Use parameter 1607 PARAM. SAVE to save all altered values.

The drive supports the following Modbus function codes for 4xxxx registers:

Function Code	Description
03	Read holding 4xxxx registers
06	Preset single 4xxxx register
16 (0x10 Hex)	Preset multiple 4xxxx registers
23 (0x17 Hex)	Read/write 4xxxx registers

#### Actual values

The contents of the register addresses 40005...40012 are actual values and are:

- Specified using parameters 5310...5317.
- Read-only values containing information on the operation of the drive.
- 16-bit words containing a sign bit and a 15-bit integer.
- When negative values, written as the two's complement of the corresponding positive value.
- Scaled as described earlier in Actual value scaling.

#### Exception codes

Exception codes are serial communication responses from the drive. The drive supports the standard Modbus exception codes defined below.

Exception Code	Meaning					
01	Unsupported command					
02	The data address received in the query is not allowable. It is not a defined parameter/group.					
03	A value contained in the query data field is not an allowable value for the drive, because it is one of the following: Outside min. or max. limits. Parameter is read-only. Message is too long. Parameter write not allowed when start is active. Parameter write not allowed when factory macro is selected.					

# ABB control profiles technical data

#### Overview

#### ABB Drives profile

The ABB Drives profile provides a standard profile that can be used on multiple protocols, including Modbus and the protocols available on the FBA module. Two implementations of the ABB Drives profile are available:

- ABB DRV FULL This implementation standardizes the control interface with ACS600 and ACS800 drives.
- ABB DRV LIM This implementation standardizes the control interface with ACH400 drives. This implementation does not support two control word bits supported by ABB DRV FULL.

Except as noted, the following "ABB Drives profile" descriptions apply to both implementations.

#### DCU profile

The DCU profile extends the control and status interface to 32 bits, and is the internal interface between the main drive application and the embedded fieldbus environment.

#### Control word

The CONTROL WORD is the principal means for controlling the drive from a fieldbus system. The fieldbus master station sends the CONTROL WORD to the drive. The drive switches between states according to the bit-coded instructions in the CONTROL WORD. Using the CONTROL WORD (ABB Drives profile version) requires that:

- The drive is in remote (REM) control.
- The serial communication channel is defined as the source for controlling commands (set using parameters 1001 EXT1 COMMANDS, 1002 EXT2 COMMANDS and 1102 EXT1/EXT2 SEL).
- The serial communication channel used is configured to use an ABB control profile. For example, to use the control profile ABB DRV FULL, requires both parameter 9802 COMM PROT SEL = 1 (STD MODBUS), and parameter 5305 EFB CTRL PROFILE = 2 (ABB DRV FULL).

## ABB Drives profile

The following table and the state diagram later in this sub-section describe the CONTROL WORD content for the ABB Drives profile.

	ABB Drives Profile (EFB) CONTROL WORD							
Bit	Name	Value	Commanded State	Comments				
0	OFF1 CONTROL	1	READY TO OPERATE	Enter READY TO OPERATE.				
		0	EMERGENCY OFF	Drive ramps to stop according to currently active deceleration ramp (2203 or 2205)				
				Normal command sequence: • Enter OFF1 ACTIVE.				
				Proceed to READY TO SWITCH ON, unless other interlocks (OFF2, OFF3) are active.				
1	OFF2	1	OPERATING	Continue operation (OFF2 inactive)				
	CONTROL	0	EMERGENCY	Drive coasts to stop.				
			OFF	Normal command sequence:				
				Enter OFF2 ACTIVE.     Proceed to SWITCHON INHIBITED.				
2	OFF3	1	OPERATING	Continue operation (OFF3 inactive)				
	CONTROL	0	EMERGENCY STOP	Drive stops within in time specified by parameter 2208.				
				Normal command sequence:  • Enter OFF3 active.				
				Proceed to switch on inhibited.				
				MARNING! Be sure motor and driven equipment can be stopped using this mode.				
3	INHIBIT OPERATION	1	OPERATION ENABLED	Enter OPERATION ENABLED (Note the Run enable signal must be active. See parameter 1601. If parameter 1601 is set to COMM, this bit also actives the Run Enable signal.)				
		0	OPERATION INHIBITED	Inhibit operation. Enter OPERATION INHIBITED.				
4	Unused (ABB DF	RV LIM)						
	RAMP_OUT_ ZERO (ABB DRV FULL)	1	NORMAL OPERATION	Enter RAMP FUNCTION GENERATOR: ACCELERATION ENABLED.				
		0	RFG OUT ZERO	Force ramp function generator output to Zero. Drive ramps to stop (current and DC voltage limits in force).				
5	RAMP_HOLD	1	RFG OUT ENABLED	Enable ramp function. Enter RAMP FUNCTION GENERATOR: ACCELERATION ENABLED.				
		0	RFG OUT HOLD	Halt ramping (Ramp Function Generator output held)				

ABB Drives Profile (EFB) CONTROL WORD							
Bit	Name	Value	Commanded State	Comments			
6	RAMP_IN_ ZERO	1	RFG INPUT ENABLED	Normal operation. Enter OPERATING.			
		0	RFG INPUT ZERO	Force Ramp Function Generator input to zero.			
7	RESET		RESET	Fault reset if an active fault exists (Enter SWITCH-ON INHIBITED). Effective if 1604 = COMM.			
		0	OPERATING	Continue normal operation			
89	Unused						
10	Unused (ABB DF	RV LIM)					
	REMOTE_CMD (ABB DRV FULL)	1		Fieldbus control enabled.			
		0		CW ≠ 0 or Ref ≠ 0: Retain last CW and Ref.			
				• CW = 0 and Ref = 0: Fieldbus control enabled.			
				<ul> <li>Ref and deceleration/acceleration ramp are locked.</li> </ul>			
11	EXT CTRL LOC	1	EXT2 SELECT	Select external control location 2 (EXT2). Effective if 1102 = COMM.			
		0	EXT1 SELECT	Select external control location 1 (EXT1). Effective if 1102 = COMM.			
1215	Unused						

# DCU profile

The following tables describe the CONTROL WORD content for the DCU profile.

	DCU Profile CONTROL WORD (See Parameter 0301)						
Bit	Name	Value	Command/Req.	Comments			
0	STOP	1	Stop	Stops according to either			
		0	(no op)	the stop mode parameter or the stop mode requests			
1	START	1	Start	(bits 7 and 8).			
		0	(no op)	Simultaneous STOP and START commands result in a stop command.			
2	REVERSE	1	Reverse direction	This bit XOR'd with the sign of the reference defines direction.			
		0	Forward direction				
3	LOCAL	1	Local mode	When the fieldbus sets this bit, it steals control and the drive moves to fieldbus local control mode.			
		0	External mode				
4	RESET	-> 1	Reset	Edge sensitive.			
		other	(no op)				
5	EXT2	1	Switch to EXT2				
		0	Switch to EXT1				

	DCU Profile CONTROL WORD (See Parameter 0301)					
Bit	Name	Value	Command/Req.	Comments		
6	RUN_DISABLE		Run disable	Inverted run enable.		
		0	Run enable on			
7	STPMODE_R	1	Normal ramp stop mode			
		0	(no op)			
8	STPMODE_EM	1	Emergency ramp stop mode			
		0	(no op)			
9	STPMODE_C	1	Coast stop mode			
		0	(no op)			
10	RAMP_2	1	Ramp pair 2			
		0	Ramp pair 1			
11	RAMP_OUT_0	1	Ramp output to 0			
		0	(no op)			
12	RAMP_HOLD	1	Ramp freeze			
		0	(no op)			
13	RAMP_IN_0	1	Ramp input to 0			
		0	(no op)			
14	RREQ_LOCALLOC	1	Local mode lock	In lock, the drive will not		
		0	(no op)	switch to local mode.		
15	Reserved	•		•		
	·					

	DCU Profile CONTROL WORD (See Parameter 0302)					
Bit	Name	Value	Function	Comments		
16	FBLOCAL_CTL	1	Fieldbus local mode for control word requested. Example: If the drive is in remote control and the start/stop direction command source is DI for external control location 1 (EXT1): by setting bit 16 to value 1, the start/stop/direction is controlled by the fieldbus command word.			
		0	No fieldbus local mode			
17	FBLOCAL_REF	1	Fieldbus local mode Control word for reference requested.	See example in bit 16 FBLOCAL_CTL.		
		0	No fieldbus local mode.			
18	START_DISABLE1	1	No Start enable.			
		0	Enable Start.	Effective if parameter 1608 setting is COMM.		

	DCU Profile CONTROL WORD (See Parameter 0302)						
Bit	Name	Value	Function	Comments			
19	START_DISABLE2	1	No Start enable.				
		0	Enable Start.	Effective if parameter 1609 setting is COMM.			
2021	Reserved						
22	MOTOR_HEAT	1	Start motor heating.				
		0	Stop motor heating.	See parameter 2115 option COMM.			
2326	Reserved						
27	REF_CONST	1	Constant speed ref.	These bits are only for			
		0	(no op)	supervision purposes.			
28	REF_AVE	1	Average speed ref.				
		0	(no op)				
29	LINK_ON	1	Master is detected in link				
		0	Link is down				
30	REQ_STARTINH	1	Start inhibit request is pending	Not supported by STD Modbus.			
		0	Start inhibit request is OFF				
31	OFF_INTERLOCK	1	Panel OFF button pressed	For the control panel (or PC tool) this is the OFF button interlock.			
		0	(no op)				

#### Status word

The contents of the STATUS WORD is status information, sent by the drive to the master station.

## ABB Drives profile

The following table and the state diagram later in this sub-section describe the status word content for the ABB Drives profile.

ABB Drives Profile (EFB) STATUS WORD					
Bit	Name	Value	Description e (Correspond to states/boxes in the state diagram)		
0	RDY_ON	1	READY TO SWITCH ON		
			NOT READY TO SWITCH ON		
1	1 RDY_RUN		READY TO OPERATE		
			OFF1 ACTIVE		
2	RDY_REF		OPERATION ENABLED		
		0	OPERATION INHIBITED		
3	TRIPPED 0		FAULT		
		0	No fault		

ABB Drives Profile (EFB) STATUS WORD					
Bit	Name	Value	Description (Correspond to states/boxes in the state diagram)		
4	OFF_2_STA		OFF2 INACTIVE		
		0	OFF2 ACTIVE		
5	OFF_3_STA	1	OFF3 INACTIVE		
		0	OFF3 ACTIVE		
6	SWC_ON_INHIB	1	SWITCH-ON INHIBIT ACTIVE		
		0	SWITCH-ON INHIBIT NOT ACTIVE		
7	ALARM	1	Warning/alarm (See chapter <i>Fault tracing</i> section for details on alarms.)		
		0	No warning/alarm		
8	8 AT_SETPOINT		OPERATING. Actual value equals (within tolerance limits) the reference value.		
		0	Actual value is outside tolerance limits (not equal to reference value).		
9	REMOTE	1	Drive control location: REMOTE (EXT1 or EXT2)		
		0	Drive control location: LOCAL		
10	ABOVE_LIMIT		Supervised parameter's value ≥ supervision high limit.  Bit remains "1" until supervised parameter's value < supervision low limit.  See <i>Group 32: Supervision</i> .		
		0	Supervised parameter's value < supervision low limit.  Bit remains "0" until supervised parameter's value > supervision high limit.  See <i>Group 32: Supervision</i> .		
11	EXT CTRL LOC	1	External control location 2 (EXT2) selected		
		0	External control location 1 (EXT1) selected		
12	EXT RUN ENABLE	1	External Run Enable signal received		
		0	No External Run Enable signal received		
13 15	Unused				

# DCU profile

The following tables describe the STATUS WORD content for the DCU profile.

DCU Profile STATUS WORD (See Parameter 0303)					
Bit	Name	Value	Status		
0	READY	1	Drive is ready to receive start command.		
		0	Drive is not ready.		
1	ENABLED	1	External run enable signal received.		
		0	No external run enable signal received.		
2	STARTED	1	Drive has received start command.		
		0	Drive has not received start command.		
3	RUNNING	1	Drive is modulating.		
		0	Drive is not modulating.		
4	ZERO_SPEED	1	Drive is at zero speed.		
		0	Drive has not reached zero speed.		
5	ACCELERATE	1	Drive is accelerating.		
		0	Drive is not accelerating.		
6	DECELERATE	1	Drive is decelerating.		
		0	Drive is not decelerating.		
7	AT_SETPOINT	1	Drive is at setpoint.		
		0	Drive has not reached setpoint.		
8	LIMIT	1	Operation is limited by Group 20 settings.		
		0	Operation is within Group 20 settings.		
9	SUPERVISION	1	A supervised parameter (Group 32) is outside its limits.		
		0	All supervised parameters are within limits.		
10	REV_REF	1	Drive reference is in reverse direction.		
		0	Drive reference is in forward direction.		
11	REV_ACT	1	Drive is running in reverse direction.		
		0	Drive is running in forward direction.		
12	PANEL_LOCAL	1	Control is in control panel (or PC tool) local mode.		
		0	Control is not in control panel local mode.		
13	FIELDBUS_LOCAL	1	Control is in fieldbus local mode (steals control panel local).		
		0	Control is not in fieldbus local mode.		
14	EXT2_ACT	1	Control is in the EXT2 mode.		
		0	Control is in the EXT1 mode.		
15	FAULT	1	Drive is in a fault state.		
		0	Drive is not in a fault state.		

DCU Profile STATUS WORD (See Parameter 0304)					
Bit	Name	Value	Status		
16	6 ALARM		An alarm is on.		
		0	No alarms are on.		
17	REQ_MAINT	1	A maintenance request is pending.		
		0	No maintenance request is pending.		
18	DIRLOCK	1	Direction lock is ON. (Direction change is locked out.)		
		0	Direction lock is OFF.		
19	LOCALLOCK	1	Local mode lock is ON. (Local mode is locked out.)		
		0	Local mode lock is OFF.		
20	CTL_MODE	1	Drive is in vector control mode.		
		0	Drive is in scalar control mode.		
2125	Reserved				
26	REQ_CTL	1	Control word requested in this channel.		
		0	(no op)		
27	REQ_REF1	1	Reference 1 requested in this channel.		
		0	Reference 1 is not requested in this channel.		
28	REQ_REF2	1	Reference 2 requested in this channel.		
		0	Reference 2 is not requested in this channel.		
29	REQ_REF2EXT	1	External PID reference 2 requested in this channel.		
		0	External PID reference 2 is not requested in this channel.		
30	ACK_STARTINH	1	A start inhibit from this channel is granted.		
		0	A start inhibit from this channel is not granted.		
31	ACK_OFF_ILCK	1	Start inhibit due to OFF button		
		0	Normal operation		

## State diagram

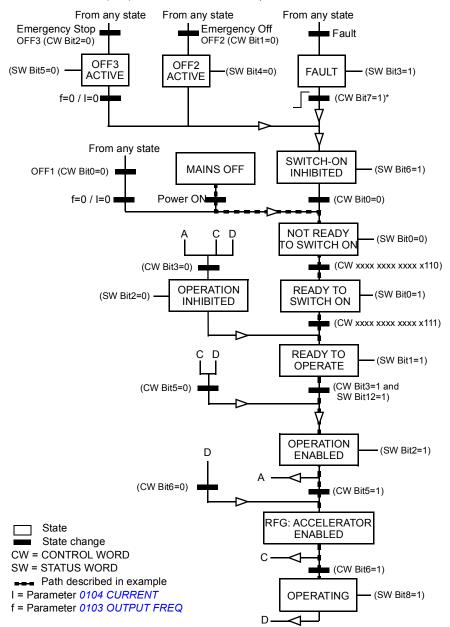
#### ABB Drives profile

To illustrate the operation of the state diagram, the following example (ABB DRV LIM implementation of the ABB Drives profile) uses the control word to start the drive:

- First, the requirements for using the CONTROL WORD must be met. See above.
- When the power is first connected, the state of the drive is not ready to switch on. See dotted lined path ( === ) in the state diagram below.
- Use the CONTROL WORD to step through the state machine states until the OPERATING state is reached, meaning that the drive is running and follows the given reference. See table below.

Step	CONTROL WORD Value	Description
1	CW = 0000 0000 0000 0110 	This CW value changes the drive state to READY TO SWITCH ON.
2		Wait at least 100 ms before proceeding.
3	CW = 0000 0000 0000 0111	This CW value changes the drive state to READY TO OPERATE.
4	CW = 0000 0000 0000 1111	This CW value changes the drive state to OPERATION ENABLED. The drive starts, but will not accelerate.
5	CW = 0000 0000 0010 1111	This CW value releases the ramp function generator (RFG) output, and changes the drive state to RFG: ACCELERATOR ENABLED.
6	CW = 0000 0000 0110 1111	This CW value releases the ramp function generator (RFG) output, and changes the drive state to OPERATING. The drive accelerates to the given reference and follows the reference.

The state diagram below describes the start-stop function of CONTROL WORD (CW) and STATUS WORD (SW) bits for the ABB Drives profile.



<sup>\*</sup>This state transition also occurs if the fault is reset from any other source (eg, digital input).

## Reference scaling

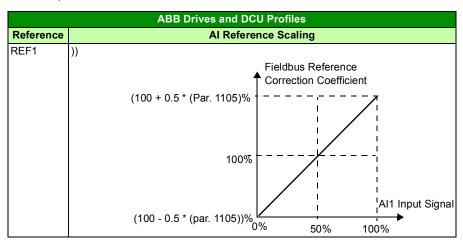
## ABB Drives and DCU profiles

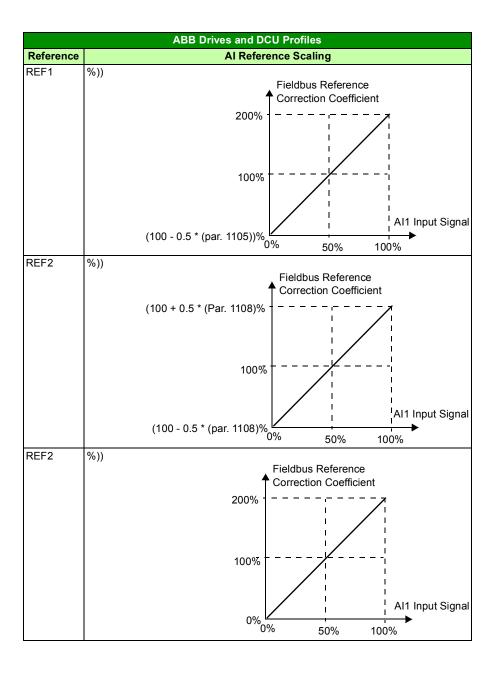
The following table describes REFERENCE scaling for the ABB Drives profile.

ABB Drives and DCU Profiles					
Reference	Range	Reference Type	Scaling	Remarks	
REF1	-32767  +32767	Frequency	-20000 = -(par. 1105) 0 = 0 +20000 = (par. 1105) (20000 corresponds to 100%)	Final reference limited by 1104/1105. Actual motor speed limited by 2007/2008 (frequency).	
REF2	-32767  +32767	Frequency	-10000 = -(par. 1108) 0 = 0 +10000 = (par. 1108) (10000 corresponds to 100%)	Final reference limited by 1107/1108. Actual motor speed limited by 2007/2008 (frequency).	
		PID Reference	-10000 = -(par. 1108) 0 = 0 +10000 = (par. 1108) (10000 corresponds to 100%)	Final reference limited by 4012/4013 (PID set1) or 4112/4113 (PID set2).	

Note: The setting of parameter 1104 REF1 MIN and 1107 REF2 MIN has no effect on the scaling of references.

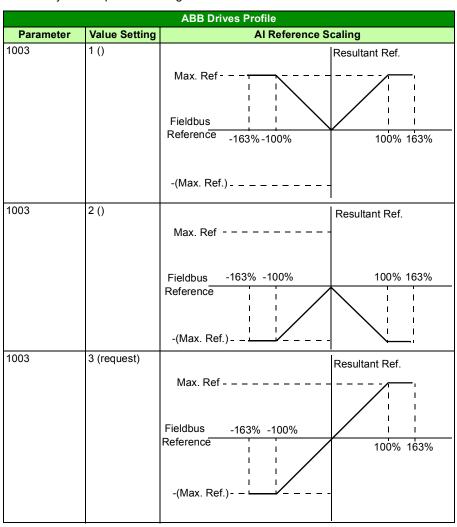
When parameter 1103 REF1 SELECT or 1106 REF2 SELECT is set to COMM+AI1 or COMM\*AI1, the reference is scaled as follows:





#### Reference handling

Use Group 10: Start/Stop/Dir parameters to configure for control of rotation direction for each control location (EXT1 and EXT2). The following diagrams illustrate how Group 10: Start/Stop/Dir parameters and the sign of the fieldbus reference interact to produce REFERENCE values (REF1 and REF2). Note, fieldbus references are bipolar, that is they can be positive or negative.





# Fault tracing

## Contents of this chapter

The chapter tells how to reset faults and view fault history. It also lists all alarm and fault messages including the possible cause and corrective actions.

## Safety



WARNING! Only qualified electricians are allowed to maintain the drive. Read the safety instructions in chapter Safety on page 15 before you work on the drive.

## Alarm and fault indications

Fault is indicated with a red LED. See section *LEDs* on page 383.

An alarm or fault message on the panel display indicates abnormal drive status. Using the information given in this chapter most alarm and fault causes can be identified and corrected. If not, contact an ABB representative.

The four digit code number in parenthesis after the fault is for the fieldbus communication. (See chapter Fieldbus control on page 285.)

#### How to reset

The drive can be reset either by pressing the keypad key (Basic Control Panel) or (Assistant Control Panel), through digital input or fieldbus, or by switching the supply voltage off for a while. The source for the fault reset signal is selected by parameter 1604 FAULT RESET SEL. When the fault has been removed, the motor can be restarted.

## **Fault history**

When a fault is detected, it is stored in the Fault history. The latest faults are stored together with the time stamp.

Parameters 0401 LAST FAULT, 0412 PREVIOUS FAULT 1 and 0413 PREVIOUS FAULT 2 store the most recent faults. Parameters 0404...0409 show drive operation data at the time the latest fault occurred. The Assistant control panel provides additional information about the fault history. See section Fault logger mode on page 72 for more information.

## Alarm messages generated by the drive

CODE	ALARM	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
2001	OVERCURRENT 0308 bit 0 (programmable fault function 1610)	Output current limit controller is active.	Check motor load. Check acceleration time (2202 and 2205). Check motor and motor cable (including phasing). Check ambient conditions. Load capacity decreases if installation site ambient temperature exceeds 40 °C. See section <i>Derating</i> on page 388.
2002	OVERVOLTAGE 0308 bit 1 (programmable fault function 1610)	DC overvoltage controller is active.	Check deceleration time (2203 and 2206). Check input power line for static or transient overvoltage.
2003	UNDERVOLTAGE 0308 bit 2 (programmable fault function 1610)	DC undervoltage controller is active.	Check input power supply.
2004	DIR LOCK 0308 bit 3	Change of direction is not allowed.	Check the settings of parameter 1003 DIRECTION.
2005	IO COMM 0308 bit 4 (programmable fault function 3018, 3019)	Fieldbus communication break	Check status of fieldbus communication. See chapter Fieldbus control on page 285. Check fault function parameter settings. Check connections. Check if master can communicate.
2006	Al1 LOSS 0308 bit 5 (programmable fault function 3001, 3021)	Analog input Al1 signal has fallen below limit defined by parameter 3021 Al1 FAULT LIMIT.	Check fault function parameter settings. Check for proper analog control signal levels. Check connections.
2007	Al2 LOSS 0308 bit 6 (programmable fault function 3001, 3021)	Analog input Al2 signal has fallen below limit defined by parameter 3022 Al2 FAULT LIMIT.	Check fault function parameter settings. Check for proper analog control signal levels. Check connections.
2008	PANEL LOSS 0308 bit 7 (programmable fault function 3002)	Control panel selected as active control location for drive has ceased communicating.	Check panel connection. Check fault function parameters. Check control panel connector. Refit control panel in mounting platform. If drive is in external control mode (REM) and is set to accept start/stop, direction commands or references via control panel: Check Group 10: Start/Stop/Dir and Group 11: Reference select settings.

CODE	ALARM	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
2009	DEVICE OVERTEMP 0308 bit 8	Drive IGBT temperature is excessive. Alarm limit is 120 °C.	Check ambient conditions. See also section <i>Derating</i> on page 388. Check air flow and fan operation. Check motor power against unit power.
2010	MOTOR TEMP 0305 bit 9 (programmable fault function 30053009 / 3503)	Motor temperature is too high (or appears to be too high) due to excessive load, insufficient motor power, inadequate cooling or incorrect start-up data.	Check motor ratings, load and cooling. Check start-up data. Check fault function parameters.
		Measured motor temperature has exceeded alarm limit set by parameter 3503 ALARM LIMIT.	Check value of alarm limit.  Check that actual number of sensors corresponds to value set by parameter (2501 SENSOR TYPE).  Let motor cool down. Ensure proper motor cooling: Check cooling fan, clean cooling surfaces, etc.
2012	MOTOR STALL 0308 bit 11 (programmable fault function 30103012)	Motor is operating in stall region due to, eg, excessive load or insufficient motor power.	Check motor load and drive ratings. Check fault function parameters.
2013 <sup>1)</sup>	AUTORESET 0308 bit 12	Automatic reset alarm	Check parameter <i>Group 31:</i> Automatic reset settings.
2014 <sup>1)</sup>	AUTOCHANGE 0308 bit 13	PFA autochange function is active.	See parameter Group 81: PFA control. See also section SPFC control on page 140.
2015	PFC I LOCK 0308 bit 14	PFA interlocks are active.	Drive cannot start  any motor (when Autochange is used)  the speed regulated motor (when Autochange is not used).  See parameter group Group 81: PFA control.
2018 <sup>1)</sup>	PID SLEEP 3009 bit 1	Sleep function has entered sleeping mode.	See parameter Group 40: Process PID set 1Group 41: Process PID set 2.
2020	OVERRIDE	Override mode is activated. See <i>Group</i> 17: Override.	See sections Commissioning the override mode and Changing the override parameters.
2021	START ENABLE 1 MISSING 3009 bit 4	No Start Enable 1 signal received	Check parameter 1608 START ENABLE 1settings. Check digital input connections. Check fieldbus communication settings.

CODE	ALARM	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
2022	START ENABLE 2 MISSING 3009 bit 5	No Start Enable 2 signal received	Check parameter 1609 START ENABLE 2 settings. Check digital input connections. Check fieldbus communication settings.
2023	EMERGENCY STOP 3009 bit 6	Drive has received emergency stop command and ramps to stop according to ramp time defined by parameter 2208 EMERG DEC TIME.	Check that it is safe to continue operation. Return emergency stop push button to normal position.
2025	FIRST START 3009 bit 8	Motor identification magnetization is on. This alarm belongs to normal start-up procedure.	Wait until drive indicates that motor identification is completed.
2026	INPUT PHASE LOSS 3009 bit 9 (programmable fault function 3016)	Intermediate circuit DC voltage is oscillating due to missing input power line phase or blown fuse.  Alarm is generated when DC voltage ripple exceeds 14% of nominal DC voltage.	Check input power line fuses. Check for input power supply imbalance. Check fault function parameters.
2027	USER LOAD CURVE 3009 bit 10	Condition defined by 3701 USER LOAD C MODE has been valid longer than half of the time set by 3703 USER LOAD C TIME.	See parameter Group 37: User load curve.
2028	START DELAY 3009 bit 11	Start delay in progress	See parameter 2113 START DELAY.
2030	INLET LOW 3009 bit 13	Pressure at pump/fan inlet too low	Check for a closed valve on the inlet side of the pump/fan. Check piping for leaks. See parameter Group 44: Pump protection.
2031	OUTLET HIGH 3009 bit 14	Pressure at pump/fan outlet too high	Check piping for blocks. See parameter <i>Group 44: Pump</i> protection.
2032	PIPE FILL 3009 bit 15	Pipe fill in progress	See parameters 44214426.
2033	INLET VERY LOW 0310 bit 0	Pressure at pump/fan inlet too low	Check for a closed valve on the inlet side of the pump/fan. Check piping for leaks. See parameter Group 44: Pump protection.

CODE	ALARM	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
2034	OUTLET VERY HIGH 0310 bit 1	Pressure at pump/fan outlet too high	Check piping for blocks. See parameter <i>Group 44: Pump protection</i> .
2038	MOTOR HEATING ACTIVE 2104 bit 1	Motor heating is activated with parameter 2104.	See parameter 2115 MOT. HEATING SEL.

<sup>1)</sup> Even when the relay output is configured to indicate alarm conditions (eg, parameter 1401 RELAY OUTPUT 1 = 5 (ALARM) or 16 (FLT/ALARM)), this alarm is not indicated by a relay output.

## Alarms generated by the Basic control panel

The Basic control panel indicates control panel alarms with a code, A5xxx.

ALARM CODE	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
5001	Drive is not responding.	Check panel connection.
5002	Incompatible communication profile	Contact your local ABB representative.
5010	Corrupted panel parameter backup file	Retry parameter upload. Retry parameter download.
5011	Drive is controlled from another source.	Change drive control to local control mode.
5012	Direction of rotation is locked.	Enable change of direction. See parameter 1003 DIRECTION.
5013	Panel control is disabled because start inhibit is active.	Start from the panel is not possible. Reset the emergency stop command or remove the 3-wire stop command before starting from the panel. See parameters 1001 EXT1 COMMANDS, 1002 EXT2 COMMANDS and 2109 EMERG STOP SEL.
5014	Panel control is disabled because of drive fault.	Reset drive fault and retry.
5015	Panel control is disabled because local control mode lock is active.	Deactivate local control mode lock and retry. See parameter 1606 LOCAL LOCK.
5018	Parameter default value is not found.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5019	Writing non-zero parameter value is prohibited.	Only parameter reset is allowed.
5020	Parameter or parameter group does not exist or parameter value is inconsistent.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5021	Parameter or parameter group is hidden.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5022	Parameter is write protected.	Parameter value is read-only and cannot be changed.
5023	Parameter change is not allowed, when drive is running.	Stop drive and change parameter value.
5024	Drive is executing task.	Wait until task is completed.
5025	Software is being uploaded or downloaded.	Wait until upload/download is complete.
5026	Value is at or below minimum limit.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5027	Value is at or above maximum limit.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5028	Invalid value	Contact your local ABB representative.
5029	Memory is not ready.	Retry.

ALARM CODE	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
5030	Invalid request	Contact your local ABB representative.
5031	Drive is not ready for operation, eg due to low DC voltage.	Check input power supply.
5032	Parameter error	Contact your local ABB representative.
5040	Parameter download error. Selected parameter set is not in current parameter backup file.	Perform upload function before download.
5041	Parameter backup file does not fit into memory.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5042	Parameter download error. Selected parameter set is not in current parameter backup file.	Perform upload function before download.
5043	No start inhibit	
5044	Parameter backup file restoring error	Check that file is compatible with drive.
5050	Parameter upload aborted	Retry parameter upload.
5051	File error	Contact your local ABB representative.
5052	Parameter upload has failed.	Retry parameter upload.
5060	Parameter download aborted	Retry parameter download.
5062	Parameter download has failed.	Retry parameter download.
5070	Panel backup memory write error	Contact your local ABB representative.
5071	Panel backup memory read error	Contact your local ABB representative.
5080	Operation is not allowed because drive is not in local control mode.	Switch to local control mode.
5081	Operation is not allowed because of active fault.	Check cause of fault and reset fault.
5083	Operation is not allowed because parameter lock is on.	Check parameter 1602 PARAMETER LOCK setting.
5084	Operation is not allowed because drive is performing task.	Wait until task is completed and retry.
5085	Parameter download from source to destination drive has failed.	Check that source and destination drive types are same, ie, ACS320. See the type designation label of the drive.
5086	Parameter download from source to destination drive has failed.	Check that source and destination drive type designations are the same. See type designation labels of the drives.

ALARM CODE	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
5087	Parameter download from source to destination drive has failed because parameter sets are incompatible.	Check that source and destination drive information are same. See parameters in <i>Group 33: Information</i> .
5088	Operation has failed because of drive memory error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5089	Download has failed because of CRC error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5090	Download has failed because of data processing error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5091	Operation has failed because of parameter error.	Contact your local ABB representative.
5092	Parameter download from source to destination drive has failed because parameter sets are incompatible.	Check that source and destination drive information are same. See parameters in <i>Group 33: Information</i> .

## Fault messages generated by the drive

CODE	FAULT	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
0001	OVERCURRENT (2310) 0305 bit 0	Output current has exceeded trip level.	Check motor load. Check acceleration time (2202 and 2505). Check motor and motor cable (including phasing). Check ambient conditions. Load capacity decreases if installation site ambient temperature exceeds 40 °C. See section <i>Derating</i> on page 388.
0002	DC OVERVOLT (3210) 0305 bit 1	Excessive intermediate circuit DC voltage. DC overvoltage trip limit is 420 V for 200 V drives and 840 V for 400 V drives.	Check that overvoltage controller is on. Check input power line for static or transient overvoltage. Check deceleration time (2203, 2206).
0003	DEV OVERTEMP (4210) 0305 bit 2	Drive IGBT temperature is excessive. Fault trip limit is 135 °C.	Check ambient conditions. See also section <i>Derating</i> on page <i>388</i> . Check air flow and fan operation. Check motor power against unit power.
0004	SHORT CIRC (2340) 0305 bit 3	Short circuit in motor cable(s) or motor	Check motor and motor cable.
0006	DC UNDERVOLT (3220) 0305 bit 5	Intermediate circuit DC voltage is not sufficient due to missing input power line phase, blown fuse, rectifier bridge internal fault or too low input power.	Check that undervoltage controller is on (parameter 2006 UNDERVOLT CTRL). Check input power supply and fuses.
0007	Al1 LOSS (8110) 0305 bit 6 (programmable fault function 3001, 3021)	Analog input Al1 signal has fallen below limit defined by parameter 3021 Al1 FAULT LIMIT.	Check fault function parameter settings. Check for proper analog control signal levels. Check connections.
0008	Al2 LOSS (8110) 0305 bit 7 (programmable fault function 3001, 3022)	Analog input Al2 signal has fallen below limit defined by parameter 3022 Al2 FAULT LIMIT.	Check fault function parameter settings. Check for proper analog control signal levels. Check connections.

CODE	FAULT	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
0009	MOT OVERTEMP (4310) 0305 bit 8 (programmable fault function 03053009 / 3504)	Motor temperature is too high (or appears to be too high) due to excessive load, insufficient motor power, inadequate cooling or incorrect start-up data.	Check motor ratings, load and cooling. Check start-up data. Check fault function parameters.
		Measured motor temperature has exceeded fault limit set by parameter 3504 FAULT LIMIT.	Check value of fault limit. Check that actual number of sensors corresponds to value set by parameter 3501 SENSOR TYPE. Let motor cool down. Ensure proper motor cooling: Check cooling fan, clean cooling surfaces, etc.
0010	PANEL LOSS (5300) 0305 bit 9 (programmable fault function 3002)	Control panel selected as active control location for drive has ceased communicating.	Check panel connection. Check fault function parameters. Check control panel connector. Refit control panel in mounting platform. If drive is in external control mode (REM) and is set to accept start/stop, direction commands or references via control panel: Check Group 10: Start/Stop/Dir and Group 11: Reference select settings.
0012	MOTOR STALL (7121) 0305 bit 11 (programmable fault function 30103012)	Motor is operating in stall region due to eg excessive load or insufficient motor power.	Check motor load and drive ratings. Check fault function parameters.
0014	EXT FAULT 1 (9000) 0305 bit 13 (programmable fault function 3003)	External fault 1	Check external devices for faults. Check parameter 3003 EXTERNAL FAULT 1 setting.
0015	EXT FAULT 2 (9001) 0305 bit 14 (programmable fault function 3004)	External fault 2	Check external devices for faults. Check parameter 3004 EXTERNAL FAULT 2 setting.
0016	EARTH FAULT (2330) 0305 bit 15 (programmable fault function 3017)	Drive has detected a ground fault in motor or motor cable.	Check motor. Check fault function parameters. Check motor cable. Motor cable length must not exceed maximum specifications. See section <i>Motor connection data</i> on page 397.

CODE	FAULT	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
0018	THERM FAIL (5210) 0306 bit 1	Drive internal fault. Thermistor used for drive internal temperature measurement is open or short-circuited.	Contact your local ABB representative.
0021	CURR MEAS (2211) 0306 bit 4	Drive internal fault. Current measurement is out of range.	Contact your local ABB representative.
0022	SUPPLY PHASE (3130) 0306 bit 5	Intermediate circuit DC voltage is oscillating due to missing input power line phase or blown fuse.  Trip occurs when DC voltage ripple exceeds 14% of nominal DC voltage.	Check input power line fuses. Check for input power supply imbalance. Check fault function parameters.
0024	OVERSPEED (7310) 0306 bit 7	Motor is turning faster than highest allowed speed due to incorrectly set minimum/maximum speed.  Operating range limits are set by parameters 2007 MINIMUM FO and 2008 MAXIMUM FO.	Check minimum/maximum frequency settings. Check adequacy of motor braking torque.
0026	DRIVE ID (5400) 0306 bit 9	Internal drive ID fault	Contact your local ABB representative.
0027	CONFIG FILE (630F) 0306 bit 10	Internal configuration file error	Contact your local ABB representative.
0028	SERIAL 1 ERR (7510) 0306 bit 11 (programmable fault function 3018, 3019)	Fieldbus communication break	Check status of fieldbus communication. See chapter <i>Fieldbus control</i> on page <i>285</i> . Check fault function parameter settings. Check connections. Check if master can communicate.
0029	EFB CON FILE (6306) 0306 bit 12	Configuration file reading error	Contact your local ABB representative.
0030	FORCE TRIP (FF90) 0306 bit 13	Trip command received from fieldbus	See appropriate communication module manual.

CODE	FAULT	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
0031	EFB 1 (FF92) 0307 bit 0	Error from the embedded fieldbus (EFB) protocol application. The	See chapter <i>Fieldbus control</i> on page 285.
0032	EFB 2 (FF93) 0307 bit 1	meaning is protocol dependent.	
0033	EFB 3 (FF94) 0307 bit 2		
0034	MOTOR PHASE (FF56) 0306 bit 14	Motor circuit fault due to missing motor phase or motor thermistor relay (used in motor temperature measurement) fault.	Check motor and motor cable. Check motor thermistor relay (if used).
0035	OUTP WIRING (FF95) 0306 bit 15 (programmable fault function 3023)	Incorrect input power and motor cable connection (ie input power cable is connected to drive motor connection). The fault can be erroneously declared if the input power is a delta grounded system and the motor cable capacitance is large. This fault can be disabled using parameter 3023 WIRING FAULT.	Check input power connections. Check fault function parameters.
0036	INCOMPATIBLE SW (630F) 0307 bit 3	Loaded software is not compatible.	Contact your local ABB representative.
0038	USER LOAD CURVE (FF6B) 0307 bit 4	Condition defined by 3701 USER LOAD C MODE has been valid longer than the time set by 3703 USER LOAD C TIME.	See parameter <i>Group 37: User load curve</i> .
0039	UNKNOWN EXTENSION (7086) 0307 bit 5	Option module not supported by the drive firmware is connected to the drive.	Check connections.
0040	INLET VERY LOW (8A81) 0307 bit 6	Pressure at pump/fan inlet too low	Check for a closed valve on the inlet side of the pump/fan. Check piping for leaks. See parameter Group 44: Pump protection.

CODE	FAULT	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
0041	OUTLET VERY HIGH (8A83) 0307 bit 7	Pressure at pump/fan outlet too high	Check piping for blocks. See parameter <i>Group 44: Pump protection</i> .
0042	INLET LOW (8A80) 0307 bit 8	Pressure at pump/fan inlet too low	Check for a closed valve on the inlet side of the pump/fan. Check piping for leaks. See parameter <i>Group 44: Pump protection</i> .
0043	OUTLET HIGH (8A82) 0307 bit 9	Pressure at pump/fan outlet too high	Check piping for blocks. See parameter Group 44: Pump protection.
0101	SERF CORRUPT (FF55) 0307 bit 14		
0103	SERF MACRO (FF55) 0307 bit 14		
0201	DSP T1 OVERLOAD (6100) 0307 bit 13		
0202	DSP T2 OVERLOAD (6100) 0307 bit 13	Drive internal error	Write down fault code and contact your local ABB representative.
0203	DSP T3 OVERLOAD (6100) 0307 bit 13		
0204	DSP STACK ERROR (6100) 0307 bit 12		
0206	CB ID ERROR (5000) 0307 bit 11		
1000	PAR HZRPM (6320) <i>0307</i> bit 15	Incorrect frequency limit parameter setting	Check parameter settings. Check that following applies:  • 2007 MINIMUM FO < 2008 MAXIMUM FO  • 2007 MINIMUM FO / 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ and 2008 MAXIMUM FO / 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ are within range.

CODE	FAULT	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
1001	PAR PFC REF NEG (6320) 0307 bit 15	Incorrect PFA parameters	Check parameter <i>Group 81: PFA</i> control settings. Check that following applies:  • 2007 MINIMUM FO > 0 when 8123 is ACTIVE or SPFC ACTIVE.
1003	PAR AI SCALE (6320) 0307 bit 15	Incorrect analog input Al signal scaling	Check parameter <i>Group 13: Analogue inputs</i> settings. Check that following applies:  • 1301 MINIMUM AI1 < 1302 MAXIMUM AI1  • 1304 MINIMUM AI2 < 1305 MAXIMUM AI2.
1004	PAR AO SCALE (6320) 0307 bit 15	Incorrect analog output AO signal scaling	Check parameter <i>Group 15: Analogue outputs</i> settings. Check that following applies:  • 1504 MINIMUM AO1 < 1505 MAXIMUM AO1.
1005	PAR PCU 2 (6320) 0307 bit 15	Incorrect motor nominal power setting	Check parameter 9909 setting. Following must apply:  • 1.1 < (9906 MOTOR NOM CURR * 9905 MOTOR NOM VOLT * 1.73 / $P_{\rm N}$ ) < 3.0  where $P_{\rm N}$ = 1000 * 9909 MOTOR NOM POWER (if units are in kW) or $P_{\rm N}$ = 746 * 9909 MOTOR NOM POWER (if units are in hp).
1006	PAR EXT RO (6320) 0307 bit 15	Incorrect extension relay output parameters.	Check parameter settings. Check that following applies: Relay Output Extension Module MREL-0 is connected to the drive. 14021403 RELAY OUTPUT 2RELAY OUTPUT 4 have non-zero values. See MREL-01 Relay Output Extension Module User's Manual (3AUA0000035974 [English]).
1007	PAR FBUSMISS (6320) 0307 bit 15	Fieldbus control has not been activated.	Check fieldbus parameter settings.
1009	PAR PCU 1 (6320) 0307 bit 15	Incorrect motor nominal speed/frequency setting	Check parameter settings. Following must apply:  • 1 < (60 * 9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ/ 9908 MOTOR NOM SPEED) < 16  • 0.8 < 9908 MOTOR NOM SPEED / (120 *9907 MOTOR NOM FREQ / Motor poles) < 0.992

CODE	FAULT	CAUSE	WHAT TO DO
1012	PAR PFA IO 1 (6320) 0307 bit 15	I/O configuration for PFA not complete	Check parameter settings. Following must apply:  There are enough relays parameterized for PFA.  No conflict exists between parameter <i>Group 14: Relay outputs</i> , parameter <i>8117 NR OF AUX MOT</i> and parameter <i>8118 AUTOCHNG INTERV</i> .
1013	PAR PFC IO 2 (6320) 0307 bit 15	I/O configuration for PFA not complete	Check parameter settings. Following must apply:  • The actual number of PFA motors (parameter 8127 MOTORS) matches the PFA motors in parameter Group 14: Relay outputs and parameter 8118 AUTOCHNG INTERV.
1014	PAR PFC IO 3 (6320) 0307 bit 15	I/O configuration for PFA not complete. The drive is unable to allocate a digital input (interlock) for each PFA motor.	See parameters 8120 INTERLOCKS and 8127 MOTORS.
1015	PAR CUSTOM U/F (6320) 0307 bit 15	Incorrect voltage to frequency (U/f) ratio voltage setting.	Check parameter 2610 USER DEFINED U12617 USER DEFINED F4 settings.
1017	PAR SETUP 1 (6320) 0307 bit 15	It is not allowed to use frequency input signal and frequency output signal simultaneously.	Disable frequency output or frequency input:  • change transistor output to digital mode (value of parameter 1804 TO MODE = DIGITAL), or  • change frequency input selection to other value in parameters Group 11: Reference select, Group 40: Process PID set 1, Group 41: Process PID set 2 and Group 42: Ext / Trim PID.
1026	PAR USER LOAD C (6320) 0307 bit 15	Incorrect user load curve parameter setting	Check parameter settings. Following must apply:  • 3704 LOAD FREQ 1 ≤ 3707 LOAD FREQ 2 ≤ 3710 LOAD FREQ 3 ≤ 3711 LOAD FREQ 4 ≤ 3716 LOAD FREQ 5  • 3705 LOAD TORQ LOW 1 < 3706 LOAD TORQ HIGH 1  • 3708 LOAD TORQ HIGH 1  • 3709 LOAD TORQ LOW 3 < 3709 LOAD TORQ HIGH 2  • 3711 LOAD TORQ LOW 3 < 3711 LOAD TORQ HIGH 3  • 3714 LOAD TORQ LOW 4 < 3715 LOAD TORQ HIGH 4  • 3717 LOAD TORQ LOW 5 < 3718 LOAD TORQ HIGH 5.

#### Embedded fieldbus faults

Embedded fieldbus faults can be traced by monitoring group Group 53: EFB protocol parameters. See also fault/alarm SERIAL 1 ERR.

#### No master device

If there is no master device on line, parameter 5306 EFB OK MESSAGES and 5307 EFB CRC ERRORS values remain unchanged.

#### What to do:

- Check that the network master is connected and properly configured.
- Check the cable connection.

#### Same device address

If two or more devices have the same address, parameter 5307 EFB CRC ERRORS value increases with every read/write command.

#### What to do:

Check the device addresses. No two devices on line may have the same address.

#### Incorrect wiring

If the communication wires are swapped (terminal A on one device is connected to terminal B on another device), parameter 5306 EFB OK MESSAGES value remains unchanged and parameter 5307 EFB CRC ERRORS increases.

#### What to do:

Check the RS-232/485 interface connection.



# Maintenance and hardware diagnostics

## Contents of this chapter

The chapter contains preventive maintenance instructions and LED indicator descriptions.

## **Maintenance intervals**

If installed in an appropriate environment, the drive requires very little maintenance. The table lists the routine maintenance intervals recommended by ABB Drives.

Maintenance	Interval	Instruction
Reforming of capacitors	Every year when stored	See Capacitors on page 382.
Check of dustiness, corrosion and temperature	Every year	
Replacement of the cooling fan (frame sizes R1R4)	Every three years	See Cooling fan on page 380.
Check and tightening of the power terminals	Every six years	See Power connections on page 382.
Replacement of the battery in the Assistant Control Panel	Every ten years	See Changing the battery in the Assistant control panel on page 382.

Consult your local ABB Service representative for more details on the maintenance. On the Internet, go to http://www.abb.com/drives and select Drive Services -Maintenance and Field Services.

## Cooling fan

The life span of the drive's cooling fan depends on the drive usage and ambient temperature. Automatic fan On/Off control increases the life span. See parameter 1612 FAN CONTROL.

When the Assistant control panel is in use, the Notice Handler Assistant informs when the definable value of the operating hour counter is reached (see parameter 2901 COOLING FAN TRIG). This information can also be passed to the relay output (see parameter 1401 RELAY OUTPUT 1) regardless of the used panel type.

Fan failure can be predicted by the increasing noise from the fan bearings. If the drive is operated in a critical part of a process, fan replacement is recommended once these symptoms start appearing. Replacement fans are available from ABB Drives. Do not use other than ABB specified spare parts.

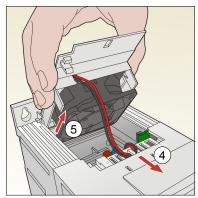
#### Replacing the cooling fan (frame sizes R1...R4)

Only frame sizes R1...R4 include a fan; frame size R0 has natural cooling.

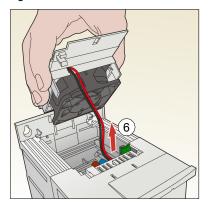
**WARNING!** Obey the safety instructions. See chapter *Safety* on page *15*. If you ignore the safety instructions, injury or death can occur. If you are not a qualified electrician, do not do electrical work.

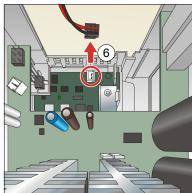
- 1. Stop the drive and disconnect it from the power line. Wait for five minutes to let the drive DC capacitors discharge. Make sure that there is no voltage present. Measure by a multimeter (impedance at least 1 Mohm) the voltage between the input terminals and ground and the output terminals and ground.
- 2. Remove the hood if the drive has the NEMA 1 option.
- 3. Lever the fan holder off the drive frame with, for example, a screwdriver.
- 4. Free the fan cable from the clip in the drive frame.
- 5. Lift the holder from the hinges.



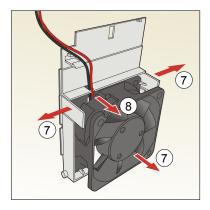


6. Disconnect the fan cable. The figure below on the right shows the location of the fan cable connector in frame size R2. The inside views in different frame sizes are not identical, but the fan cable connector is always on the control board that is against the front of the drive.





- 7. Free the fan cable from the clip in the fan holder.
- 8. Remove the fan from the holder.



- 9. Install the new fan in reverse order.
- 10. Restore power.

## **Capacitors**

#### Reforming the capacitors

The capacitors must be reformed if the drive has been stored for a year. See section Type designation label on page 26 for how to find out the manufacturing time from the serial number. For information on reforming the capacitors, refer to Guide for Capacitor Reforming in ACS50, ACS55, ACS150, ACS310, ACS320, ACS350, ACS550 and ACH550 (3AFE68735190 [English]), available on the Internet (go to http://www.abb.com and enter the code in the Search field).

#### Power connections

**WARNING!** Obey the safety instructions. See chapter *Safety* on page 15. If you ignore the safety instructions, injury or death can occur. If you are not a qualified electrician, do not do electrical work.

- 1. Stop the drive and disconnect it from the power line. Wait for five minutes to let the drive DC capacitors discharge. Make sure that there is no voltage present. Measure by a multimeter (impedance at least 1 Mohm) the voltage between the input terminals and ground and the output terminals and ground.
- 2. Check the tightness of the power cable connections. Use the tightening torques given in section Terminal and lead-through data for the power cables on page 396
- 3. Restore power.

## Control panel

## Cleaning the control panel

Use a soft damp cloth to clean the control panel. Avoid harsh cleaners which could scratch the display window.

## Changing the battery in the Assistant control panel

A battery is only used in Assistant control panels that have the clock function available and enabled. The battery keeps the clock operating in memory during power interruptions.

The expected life for the battery is greater than ten years. To remove the battery, use a coin to rotate the battery holder on the back of the control panel. Replace the battery with type CR2032.

Note: The battery is NOT required for any control panel or drive functions, except the clock.

## **LEDs**

There is a green and a red LED on the front of the drive. They are visible through the panel cover but invisible if a control panel is attached to the drive. The Assistant control panel has one LED. The table below describes the LED indications.

Where	LED off	LED lit	and steady	LED bli	nking
On the front of the drive. If a control panel	No power	Green	Power supply on the board OK	Green	Drive in an alarm state
is attached to the drive, switch to remote control (otherwise a fault will be generated), and then remove the panel to be able to see the LEDs.		Red	Drive in a fault state. To reset the fault, press RESET from the control panel or switch off the drive power.	Red	Drive in a fault state. To reset the fault, switch off the drive power.
At the top left corner of the	Panel has no power or no	Green	Drive in a normal state	Green	Drive in an alarm state
Assistant Control Panel	drive connection.		Drive in a fault state. To reset the fault, press RESET from the control panel or switch off the drive power.	Red	-



# **Technical data**

## Contents of this chapter

The chapter contains the technical specifications of the drive, for example, ratings, sizes and technical requirements as well as provisions for fulfilling the requirements for CE and other marks.

## **Ratings**

**Note**: When choke is not used, input current is effected by supply network and impedance.

Use the table in *Fuses and alternate short-circuit protection* (page 390) to correctly size the input cabling as well as input fuses or MMP for branch circuit protection. Sizing will be determined by the actual input current which is dependent on the input line voltage and the input choke selection and rated motor current. If motor rated current is below  $I_{2N}$ ,  $I_{1N}$  is reduced relatively.

Type code		Inp	ut				Out	put			Frame
	cho	thout oke or actor	0	r choke r 5% actor							size
ACS320-	I <sub>1N</sub>	/ <sub>1N</sub> (480 V)	I <sub>1N</sub>	/ <sub>1N</sub> (480 V)	I <sub>LD</sub> <sup>2)</sup>	I <sub>2N</sub>	/ <sub>2N</sub> (480 V)	I <sub>2max</sub> <sup>3)</sup>	P	P <sub>N</sub>	
x = E/U 1)	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	hp	
1-phase supp	oly vol	tage 200	24	0 V units	(Confi	rm out	put rating	gs meet	motor	require	ements)
01x-02A4-2	6.1	-	4.5	-	2.3	2.4	-	4.0	0.37	0.5	R0
01x-04A7-2	11	-	8.1	-	4.5	4.7	-	7.9	0.75	1	R1
01x-06A7-2	16	-	11	-	6.5	6.7	-	11.4	1.1	1.5	R1
01x-07A5-2	17	-	12	-	7.2	7.5	-	12.6	1.5	2	R2
01x-09A8-2	21	-	15	-	9.4	9.8	ı	16.5	2.2	3	R2
3-phase supply voltage 200240 V units											
03x-02A6-2	4.7	-	2.6	-	2.4	2.6	-	4.2	0.37	0.5	R0
03x-03A9-2	6.7	-	3.6	-	3.5	3.9	-	6.1	0.55	0.75	R0
03x-05A2-2	8.4	-	4.8	-	4.7	5.2	-	8.2	0.75	1	R1
03x-07A4-2	13	-	7.2	-	6.7	7.4	-	11.7	1.1	1.5	R1
03x-08A3-2	13	-	8.2	-	7.5	8.3	-	13.1	1.5	2	R1
03x-10A8-2	16	-	11	-	9.8	10.8	-	17.2	2.2	3	R2
03x-14A6-2	24	-	14	-	13.3	14.6	-	23.3	3	3	R2
03x-19A4-2	27	-	18	-	17.6	19.4	-	30.8	4	5	R2
03x-26A8-2	45	-	27	-	24.4	26.8	-	42.7	5.5	7.5	R3
03x-34A1-2	55	-	34	-	31	34.1	-	54.3	7.5	10	R4
03x-50A8-2	76	-	47	-	46.2	50.8	-	80.9	11	15	R4
3-phase supp	oly vol	tage 380	480	0 V units							
03x-01A2-4	2.2	1.8	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.2	2.1	0.37	0.5	R0
03x-01A9-4	3.6	3	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.9	3.3	0.55	0.75	R0
03x-02A4-4	4.1	3.4	2.3	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.4	4.2	0.75	1	R1
03x-03A3-4	6	5	3.1	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.3	5.8	1.1	1.5	R1
03x-04A1-4	6.9	5.8	3.5	2.9	3.7	4.1	4.1	7.2	1.5	2	R1
03x-05A6-4	9.6	8	4.8	4	5.1	5.6	5.6	9.8	2.2	3	R1
03x-07A3-4	12	9.7	6.1	5.1	6.6	7.3	7.3	12.8	3	3	R1
03x-08A8-4	14	11	7.7	6.4	8.0	8.8	8.8	15.4	4	5	R1

Type code		Inp	ut		Output						Frame	
	without with choke choke or or 5% reactor reactor						size					
ACS320-	I <sub>1N</sub>	/ <sub>1N</sub> (480 V)	I <sub>1N</sub>	/ <sub>1N</sub> (480 V)	I <sub>LD</sub> <sup>2)</sup>	I <sub>2N</sub>	/ <sub>2N</sub> (480 V)	I <sub>2max</sub> <sup>3)</sup>	P	P <sub>N</sub>		
$x = E/U^{1)}$	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	hp		
03x-12A5-4	19	16	11	9.5	11.4	12.5	12.5	21.9	5.5	7.5	R3	
03x-15A6-4	22	18	12	10	14.2	15.6	15.6	27.3	7.5	10	R3	
03x-23A1-4	31	26	18	15	21.0	23.1	23.1	40.4	11	15	R3	
03x-31A0-4	52	43	25	20	28.2	31	31	54.3	15	20	R4	
03x-38A0-4	61	51	32	26	34.5	38	38	66.5	18.5	25	R4	
03x-44A0-4	67	56	38	32	40.0	44	44	77.0	22	30	R4	

<sup>1)</sup> E = EMC filter connected (metal EMC filter screw installed),

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#### **Definitions**

ln	nı	ıt
111	νυ	ιι

continuous RMS input current (for dimensioning cables and fuses) with  $\rm I_{2N}$  motor current at rated speed and power. If motor rated current is below  $\rm I_{2N}$ ,  $\rm I_{1N}$  is  $I_{1N}$ reduced relatively.

I<sub>1N</sub> (480 V) continuous RMS input current (for dimensioning cables, fuses, and MMPs) for drives with 480 V with I<sub>2N</sub> motor current at rated speed and power. If motor rated current is below I<sub>2N</sub>, I<sub>1N</sub> is reduced relatively.

Output

continuous output current at max ambient temperature of +50 °C (122 °F).  $I_{LD}$ 

10% overloadability for one minute every ten minutes.

 $I_{2N}$ maximum continuous output current at ambient temperature of +40 °C (104 °F). No overloadability, derating 1% for every additional 1 °C up to 50 °C (122 °F).

maximum continuous output current at ambient temperature of +40 °C (104 °F) I<sub>2N</sub> (480 V) for drives with 480 V. No overloadability, derating 1% for every additional 1 °C up

to 50 °C (122 °F).

maximum instantaneous output current. Available for two seconds every ten  $I_{2\text{max}}$ 

minutes at start-up, or as long as allowed by the drive temperature.

typical motor power. The kilowatt ratings apply to most IEC 4-pole motors. The  $P_{N}$ horsepower ratings apply to most NEMA 4-pole motors. Drive should be selected

based on motor current relative to loading capacity (I<sub>ID</sub> or I<sub>2N</sub>).

ACS320 is manufactured in frame sizes R0...R4. Some instructions and other R0...R4 information that only concern certain frame sizes are marked with the symbol of

the frame size (R0...R4).

U = EMC filter disconnected (plastic EMC filter screw installed), default.

<sup>2)</sup> Overloadability for one minute every ten minutes.

<sup>3)</sup> Instantaneous peak current for two seconds once every ten minutes

Drive sizing is based on the rated motor current and power. To achieve the rated motor power given in the table, the rated current of the drive must be higher than or equal to the rated motor current. The rated power of the drive must also be higher than or equal to compared to the rated motor power. The power ratings are the same regardless of the supply voltage within one voltage range.

In multimotor systems, the drive output current rating  $I_{\rm LD}$  must be equal to or greater than the calculated sum of the input currents of all motors.

#### Note:

- The maximum allowed motor shaft power is limited to 1.5 · P<sub>N</sub>. If the limit is
  exceeded, motor torque and current are automatically restricted. The function
  protects the input bridge of the drive against overload.
- The ratings apply at ambient temperature of 40 °C (104 °F) for I<sub>2N</sub> and 50 °C (122 °F) for I<sub>1 D</sub>.

#### Derating

The load capacity decreases if the installation site ambient temperature exceeds 40 °C (104 °F) or if the altitude exceeds 1000 meters (3300 ft).

#### Temperature derating

In the temperature range +40 °C...+50 °C (+104 °F...+122 °F), the rated output current is decreased by 1% for every additional 1 °C (1.8 °F). The output current is calculated by multiplying the current given in the rating table by the derating factor.

**Example:** If the ambient temperature is 50 °C (+122 °F), the derating factor is  $100\% - 1 \frac{\%}{^{\circ}\text{C}} \cdot 10 ^{\circ}\text{C} = 90\%$  or 0.90. The output current is then  $0.90 \cdot I_{2N}$  (where  $I_{2N}$  = continuous output at 40 °C, 0% overload)

#### Altitude derating

In altitudes 1000...2000 m (3300...6600 ft) above sea level, the derating is 1% for every 100 m (330 ft).

### Switching frequency derating

Derate according to the switching frequency used (see parameter 2606 SWITCHING FREQ) as follows:

Switching	Drive voltage rating							
frequency	U <sub>N</sub> = 200240 V	U <sub>N</sub> = 380480 V						
4 kHz	No derating	No derating						
8 kHz	Derate I <sub>2N</sub> to 90%.	Derate I <sub>2N</sub> to 75% for R0 or to 80% for R1R4.						
12 kHz	Derate I <sub>2N</sub> to 80%.	Derate $I_{\rm 2N}$ to 50% for R0 or to 65% for R1R4 and derate maximum ambient temperature to 30 °C (86 °F).						
16 kHz	Derate I <sub>2N</sub> to 75%.	Derate $I_{\rm 2N}$ to 50% and derate maximum ambient temperature to 30 °C (86 °F).						

 $I_{2N}$  = continuous output at 40 °C, 0% overload.

## Fuses and alternate short-circuit protection

#### Fuses

The rated fuse currents given in the table are the maximums for the mentioned fuse types. If smaller fuse ratings are used, check that the fuse RMS current rating is larger than the rated  $I_{1N}$  current given in the *Ratings* table on page 386. If 150% of output power is needed, multiply current  $I_{1N}$  by 1.5. See also section *Selecting the power cables* on page 37.

The UL listed fuses in the table are the required branch circuit protection. Fuses are to be provided as part of the installation.

#### Notes:

- 1. Fuses are not included in the purchased drive and must be provided by others.
- 2. Fuses with higher current rating than specified must not be used.
- Fuses with lower current rating than specified may be used if they are of the same class and voltage rating. It is the user's responsibility to verify that lower current rated fuses are compliant with local regulations and appropriate for the application.
- 4. Drive fuses must be used to maintain the drive UL listing. Additional protection can be used. Refer to local codes and regulations.

#### Alternate short-circuit protection

In accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC), the following ABB type E manual motor protectors can be used as an alternate to the recommended fuses as a means of branch circuit protection:

- MS132-x.x and S1-M3-25
- MS495-xx or MS495-xxE and SK4-11 & DX49
- MS165-xx.

When the correct ABB type E manual motor protector is selected from the table and used for branch circuit protection, the drive is suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 65 kA RMS symmetrical amperes at the drive maximum rated voltage. See the appropriate ratings in the following table.

IP20 open type and IP21 UL type 1 ACS320 can use ABB type E manual motor protectors for branch circuit protection. See the MMP rating table for the minimum enclosure volume of IP20 open type ACS320 mounted in an enclosure.

#### Fuses and MMPs

Type		Fuses						
ACS320-	gG	UL Clas CC (6		Frame	I <sub>1N</sub>	MMP Type E <sup>6) 7)</sup>	Min. Vo	Encl. I. <sup>5)</sup>
$x = E/U^{1)}$	Α	min A <sup>2)</sup>	max A		Α	"	dm <sup>3</sup>	in <sup>3</sup>
1-phase U <sub>N</sub> :	= 200			20, 230,	240 V)			
01x-02A4-2	10	6	10	R0	6.1	MS132-6.3 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4)</sup>	18.9	1152
01x-04A7-2	16	10	20	R1	11	MS165-16 <sup>3)</sup>	18.9	1152
01x-06A7-2	16/20*	15	25	R1	16	MS165-20 <sup>3)</sup>	18.9	1152
01x-07A5-2	20/25*	15	30	R2	17	MS165-20 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
01x-09A8-2	25/35*	15	35	R2	21	MS165-25 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
3-phase U <sub>N</sub> :	= 200	<b>240 V</b> (20	0. 208. 2	20, 230,	240 V)			
03x-02A6-2	10	3	10	R0	4.7	MS132-6.3 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4)</sup>	18.9	1152
03x-03A9-2	10	6	10	R0	6.7	MS132-10 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4</sup> )	18.9	1152
03x-05A2-2	10	6	15	R1	8.4	MS132-10 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4</sup> )	18.9	1152
03x-07A4-2	16	10	15	R1	13	MS165-16 <sup>3)</sup>	18.9	1152
03x-08A3-2	16	10	15	R1	13	MS165-16 <sup>3)</sup>	18.9	1152
03x-10A8-2	16	15	20	R2	16	MS165-20 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
03x-14A6-2	25	15	30	R2	24	MS165-25 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
03x-19A4-2	25	20	35	R2	27	MS165-32 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
03x-26A8-2	63	30	60	R3	45	MS165-54 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
03x-34A1-2	80	35	80	R4	55	MS165-65 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
03x-50A8-2	100	50	100	R4	76	MS495-90E <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
3-phase U <sub>N</sub> :	= 380	<b>480 V</b> (38	30, 400, 4	15 V) (N	IMP rat	ings for 480Y/277V only) 8	)	
03x-01A2-4	10	2	10	R0	2.2	MS132-2.5 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4)</sup>	18.9	1152
03x-01A9-4	10	2	10	R0	3.6	MS132-4.0 & S1-M3-254)	18.9	1152
03x-02A4-4	10	3	10	R1	4.1	MS132-6.3 & S1-M3-254)	18.9	1152
03x-03A3-4	10	3	10	R1	6	MS132-6.3 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4)</sup>	18.9	1152
03x-04A1-4	16	6	15	R1	6.9	MS132-10 & S1-M3-254)	18.9	1152
03x-05A6-4	16	6	15	R1	9.6	MS132-10 & S1-M3-254)	18.9	1152
03x-07A3-4	16	10	20	R1	12	MS165-16 <sup>3)</sup>	18.9	1152
03x-08A8-4	20	10	25	R1	14	MS165-16 <sup>3)</sup>	18.9	1152
03x-12A5-4	25	15	30	R3	19	MS165-20 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
03x-15A6-4	35	15	35	R3	22	MS165-25 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
03x-23A1-4	50	20	50	R3	31	MS165-42 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
03x-31A0-4	80	25	80	R4	52	MS165-65 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
03x-38A0-4	100	35	100	R4	61	MS165-65 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
03x-44A0-4	100	40	100	R4	67	MS495-75E <sup>3)</sup>	-	-
3-phase U <sub>N</sub> :	= 380	480 V (44	0, 460, 4	180 V) (N	IMP rat	ings for 480Y/277V only) 8	)	
03x-01A2-4	10	2	10	R0	1.8	MS132-2.5 & S1-M3-254)	18.9	1152
03x-01A9-4	10	2	10	R0	3	MS132-4.0 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4)</sup>	18.9	1152
03x-02A4-4	10	3	10	R1	3.4	MS132-6.3 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4)</sup>	18.9	1152
03x-03A3-4	10	3	10	R1	5	MS132-6.3 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4)</sup>	18.9	1152
03x-04A1-4	16	6	15	R1	5.8	MS132-10 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4</sup> )	18.9	1152
03x-05A6-4	16	6	15	R1	8	MS132-10 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4</sup> )	18.9	1152
03x-07A3-4	16	10	20	R1	9.7	MS132-10 & S1-M3-25 <sup>4</sup> )	18.9	1152
03x-08A8-4	20	10	25	R1	11	MS165-16 <sup>3)</sup>	18.9	1152
03x-12A5-4	25	15	30	R3	16	MS165-20 <sup>3)</sup>	ı	-
03x-15A6-4	35	15	35	R3	18	MS165-20 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-

Туре		Fuses		MMPs							
ACS320-	gG	UL Class T or CC (600 V)		Frame	I <sub>1N</sub>	MMP Type E <sup>6) 7)</sup>	Min. Encl. Vol. <sup>5)</sup>				
$x = E/U^{1)}$	Α	min A <sup>2)</sup>	max A		Α		dm <sup>3</sup>	in <sup>3</sup>			
03x-23A1-4	50	20	50	R3	26	MS165-32 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-			
03x-31A0-4	80	25	80	R4	43	MS165-54 <sup>3)</sup>	-	1			
03x-38A0-4	100	35	100	R4	51	MS165-65 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-			
03x-44A0-4	100	40	100	R4	56	MS165-65 <sup>3)</sup>	-	-			

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<sup>\*</sup> If 150% output is needed, use the larger fuse alternative.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> E = EMC filter connected (metal EMC filter screw installed), U = EMC filter disconnected (plastic EMC filter screw installed), U.S parameterization

<sup>2)</sup> Minimum fuse size can be used with input choke according to table in Rating section

<sup>3)</sup> Trip class 10; integral trip indication; does not require additional line-side feeder terminal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> Require additional line-side feeder terminal S1-M3-25 with the manual motor protector, to meet Type E selfprotection class.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5)</sup> Minimum enclosure volume is specified in the UL listing for R0 & R1 frame drives when applied with the ABB Type E MMP shown in the table. ABB IP20 micro drives are intended to be mounted in an enclosure unless a NEMA 1 kit is added. For all drives, the enclosure must be sized to accommodate the specific thermal considerations of the application as well as provide free space for cooling. See section, Free space requirements on page 394.

<sup>6)</sup> All manual motor protectors listed are Type E self-protected up to 65 kA. To use these manual protectors for branch circuit protection, the protectors must be UL listed Type E manual motor protectors. Else, it can be used only as an At Motor Disconnect. At Motor Disconnect is a disconnect just after the motor on the load side of the panel. For more information, see Manual motor starters, North American applications (2CDC131085M0201 [English]) application handbook.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7)</sup> To avoid nuisance tripping, manual motor protectors might require adjustment of the trip limit from the factory setting to drive input Amps or above. If the nuisance tripping occurs with the manual motor protector at maximum current trip level, select the next size MMP. (MS132-10 is the highest size in the MS132 frame size to meet Type E at 65kA; next size up is MS165-16).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8)</sup> 480Y/277V delta systems only. Short-circuit protective devices with slash voltage ratings (e.g. 480Y/277 VAC) can be applied only in solidly grounded networks where the voltage from line-to-ground does not exceed the lowest of the two ratings (e.g. 277 V AC), and the voltage from line-to-line does not exceed the highest of the ratings (e.g. 480 V AC). The lower rating represents the device's interrupting capability per pole.

## Size of copper conductor in cablings

Cable dimensioning for rated currents  $(I_{1N})$  is shown in the table below.

Туре		Size o	f copper con	ductor in ca	blings	
ACS320-	Su (U1, V	pply /1, W1)		otor 2, W2)		PE
x = E/U 1)	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG
1-phase						
01x-02A4-2	2.5	14	0.75	18	2.5	14
01x-04A7-2	2.5	14	0.75	18	2.5	14
01x-06A7-2	2.5	10	1.5	14	2.5	10
01x-07A5-2	2.5	10	1.5	14	2.5	10
01x-09A8-2	6	10	2.5	12	6	10
3-phase	•				•	
03x-02A6-2	2.5	14	1.5	14	2.5	14
03x-03A9-2	2.5	14	1.5	14	2.5	14
03x-05A2-2	2.5	14	1.5	14	2.5	14
03x-07A4-2	2.5	12	1.5	14	2.5	12
03x-08A3-2	2.5	12	1.5	14	2.5	12
03x-10A8-2	2.5	12	2.5	12	2.5	12
03x-14A6-2	6.0	10	6	10	6.0	10
03x-19A4-2	6.0	10	6	10	6.0	10
03x-26A8-2	10.0	8	10	8	10.0	8
03x-34A1-2	16.0	6	16	6	16.0	6
03x-50A8-2	25.0	2	25	2	16.0	4
3-phase	•					
03x-01A2-4	2.5	14	1.5	14	2.5	14
03x-01A9-4	2.5	14	1.5	14	2.5	14
03x-02A4-4	2.5	14	1.5	14	2.5	14
03x-03A3-4	2.5	12	1.5	14	2.5	12
03x-04A1-4	2.5	12	1.5	14	2.5	12
03x-05A6-4	2.5	12	1.5	14	2.5	12
03x-07A3-4	2.5	12	1.5	14	2.5	12
03x-08A8-4	2.5	12	2.5	12	2.5	12
03x-12A5-4	6.0	10	6	10	6.0	10
03x-15A6-4	6.0	8	6	8	6.0	8
03x-23A1-4	10.0	8	10	8	10.0	8
03x-31A0-4	16.0	6	16	6	16.0	6
03x-38A0-4	25.0	4	16	4	16.0	4
03x-44A0-4	25.0	4	25	4	16.0	4

<sup>1)</sup> E = EMC filter connected (metal EMC filter screw installed),

U = EMC filter disconnected (plastic EMC filter screw installed), default configuration for the U.S.

## Dimensions, weights and free space requirements

### Dimensions and weights

Frame size	Dimensions and weights IP20 (cabinet) / UL open											
	Н	11	Н	12	Н	H3 W		V	D		Weight	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
R0	169	6.65	202	7.95	239	9.41	70	2.76	161	6.34	1.2	2.6
R1	169	6.65	202	7.95	239	9.41	70	2.76	161	6.34	1.4	3.1
R2	169	6.65	202	7.95	239	9.41	105	4.13	165	6.50	1.8	4.0
R3	169	6.65	202	7.95	236	9.29	169	6.65	169	6.65	2.9	6.4
R4	181	7.13	202	7.95	244	9.61	260	10.24	169	6.65	5.1	11.2

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Frame size		Dimensions and weights IP20 / NEMA 1										
	Н	H4 H5 W D Weight										
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb		
R0	257	10.12	280	11.02	70	2.76	169	6.65	1.6	3.5		
R1	257	10.12	280	11.02	70	2.76	169	6.65	1.8	4.0		
R2	257	10.12	282	11.10	105	4.13	169	6.65	2.2	4.9		
R3	260	10.24	299	11.77	169	6.65	177	6.97	3.5	7.7		
R4	270	10.63	320	12.60	260	10.24	177	6.97	5.7	12.6		

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#### **Symbols**

#### IP20 (cabinet) / UL open

H1 height without fastenings and clamping plate
 H2 height with fastenings, without clamping plate
 H3 height with fastenings and clamping plate

#### **IP20 / NEMA 1**

H4 height with fastenings and connection boxH5 height with fastenings, connection box and hood

## Free space requirements

Frame	Free space required								
size	Ab	ove	Be	low	On the sides				
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in			
R0R4	75	3	75	3	0	0			

## Losses, cooling data and noise

#### Losses and cooling data

Frame size R0 has natural convection cooling. Frame sizes R1...R4 are provided with an internal fan. The air flow direction is from bottom to top.

The table below specifies the heat dissipation in the main circuit at nominal load and in the control circuit with minimum load (I/O and panel not in use) and maximum load (all digital inputs in the on state and the panel, fieldbus and fan in use). The total heat dissipation is the sum of the heat dissipation in the main and control circuits.

	Main	circuit	Control circuit				Air flow	
Type Code	Rated	current	Min I			Max		
	W	BTU/Hr	W	BTU/Hr	W	BTU/Hr	m <sup>3</sup> /h	ft <sup>3</sup> /min
1-phase supply voltag	e 200 -	240 V uni	ts					
ACS320-01U-02A4-2	19	65	6.1	21	22.7	78	-	-
ACS320-01U-04A7-2	38	130	9.5	32	26.4	90	24	14
ACS320-01U-06A7-2	60	205	9.5	32	26.4	90	24	14
ACS320-01U-07A5-2	62	212	10.5	36	27.5	94	21	12
ACS320-01U-09A8-2	83	283	10.5	36	27.5	94	21	12
3-phase supply voltag	e 200 -	240 V uni	ts					
ACS320-03U-02A6-2	19	65	6.1	21	22.7	78	-	-
ACS320-03U-03A9-2	31	106	6.1	21	22.7	78	-	-
ACS320-03U-05A2-2	38	130	9.5	32	26.4	90	24	14
ACS320-03U-07A4-2	60	205	9.5	32	26.4	90	24	14
ACS320-03U-08A3-2	62	212	9.5	32	26.4	90	21	12
ACS320-03U-10A8-2	83	283	10.5	36	27.5	94	21	12
ACS320-03U-14A6-2	112	383	10.5	36	27.5	94	52	31
ACS320-03U-19A4-2	152	519	10.5	36	27.5	94	52	31
ACS320-03U-26A8-2	250	854	16.6	57	35.4	121	71	42
ACS320-03U-34A1-2	270	922	33.4	114	57.8	197	96	57
ACS320-03U-50A8-2	430	1469	33.4	114	57.8	197	96	57
3-phase supply voltag	je 380 -	480 V uni	ts					
ACS320-03U-01A2-4	11	38	6.6	23	24.4	83	-	-
ACS320-03U-01A9-4	16	55	6.6	23	24.4	83	-	-
ACS320-03U-02A4-4	21	72	9.8	33	28.7	98	13	8
ACS320-03U-03A3-4	31	106	9.8	33	28.7	98	13	8
ACS320-03U-04A1-4	40	137	9.8	33	28.7	98	13	8
ACS320-03U-05A6-4	61	208	9.8	33	28.7	98	19	11
ACS320-03U-07A3-4	74	253	14.1	48	32.7	112	24	14
ACS320-03U-08A8-4	94	321	14.1	48	32.7	112	24	14
ACS320-03U-12A5-4	130	444	12.0	41	31.2	107	52	31

	Heat dissipation								
Type Code	Main	circuit		Contro	Air flow				
Type Code	Rated current		Min		Max				
	W	BTU/Hr	W	BTU/Hr	W	BTU/Hr	m <sup>3</sup> /h	ft <sup>3</sup> /min	
ACS320-03U-15A6-4	173	591	12.0	41	31.2	107	52	31	
ACS320-03U-23A1-4	266	908	16.6	57	35.4	121	71	42	
ACS320-03U-31A0-4	350	1195	33.4	114	57.8	197	96	57	
ACS320-03U-38A0-4	440	1503	33.4	114	57.8	197	96	57	
ACS320-03U-44A0-4	530	1810	33.4	114	57.8	197	96	57	

#### Noise

Frame	Noise level
size	dBA
R0	<30
R1	5062
R2	5062
R3	5062
R4	<62

## Terminal and lead-through data for the power cables

Frame size	diame	cable eter for MA 1	U1, V	1, W1, U	J2, V2, V	V2		PE		
	U1, V1, W1, U2, V2, W2		Max. terminal size flexible/rigid		Tightening torque		Max. clamp siz solid or strand			
	mm	in	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	N·m	lbf∙in	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	N·m	lbf∙in
R0	16	0.63	4.0/6.0	10	0.8	7	25	3	1.2	11
R1	16	0.63	4.0/6.0	10	0.8	7	25	3	1.2	11
R2	16	0.63	4.0/6.0	10	0.8	7	25	3	1.2	11
R3	29	1.14	10.0/16.0	6	1.7	15	25	3	1.2	11
R4	35	1.38	25.0/35.0	2	2.5	22	25	3	1.2	11

## Terminal and lead-through data for the control cables

Conductor size								
Solid or	stranded		with ferrule istic sleeve	Stranded, with plas	torque			
Min/Max	Min/Max	Min/Max	Min/Max	Min/Max Min/Max				
mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	N·m	lbf∙in	
0.14/1.5	26/16	0.25/1.5	23/16	0.25/1.5	23/16	0.4	3.5	

# Electric power network specification

Voltage (U₁) 200/208/220/230/240 V AC 1-phase for 200 V AC drives

> 200/208/220/230/240 V AC 3-phase for 200 V AC drives 380/400/415/440/460/480 V AC 3-phase for 400 V AC drives

±10% variation from converter nominal voltage is allowed as default.

Short-circuit capacity Maximum allowed prospective short-circuit current at the input power

connection as defined in IEC 60439-1 is 100 kA. The drive is suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100 kA RMS symmetrical amperes at the drive maximum rated voltage.

Note: Use appropriate fuses or MMP's to achieve 100 kA.

50/60 Hz ± 5%, maximum rate of change 17%/s Frequency **Imbalance** Max. ±3% of nominal phase to phase input voltage

### Motor connection data

Voltage (U2) 0 to  $U_1$ , 3-phase symmetrical,  $U_{\text{max}}$  at the field weakening point

Short-circuit protection The motor output is short-circuit proof by IEC 61800-5-1 and

(IEC 61800-5-1, UL 508C. ÙL 508C)

0...500 Hz Frequency Frequency resolution 0.01 Hz

Current See section Ratings on page 386 or Definitions on page 387.

**Power limit**  $1.5 \cdot P_{N}$ Field weakening point 10...500 Hz 4. 8. 12 or 16 kHz Switching frequency

Maximum recommended motor cable length

R0: 30 m (100 ft), R1...R4: 50 m (165 ft)

With output chokes the motor cable length may be extended to 60 m

(195 ft) for R0 and 100 m (330 ft) for R1...R4.

To comply with the European EMC Directive, use the cable lengths specified in the table below for 4 kHz switching frequency. The lengths are given for using the drive with the internal EMC filter or an optional external EMC filter.

4 kHz switching frequency	Internal EMC filter	Optional external EMC filter
Second environment (category C3 <sup>1)</sup> )	30 m (100 ft)	30 m (100 ft) minimum
First environment (category C2 <sup>1)</sup> )	-	30 m (100 ft)

<sup>1)</sup> See the new terms in section *Definitions* on page 401.

**Note:** Longer cables cause a motor voltage decrease which limits the available motor power. The decrease depends on the motor cable length and characteristics. Contact ABB for more information. Note that a sine filter (optional) at the drive output also causes a voltage decrease.

### Control connection data

Analog inputs X1A: 2

and 5

unipolar Voltage signal, bipolar

Current signal, unipolar bipolar

0 (2)...10 V,  $R_{in}$  > 312 kohm -10...10 V,  $R_{in}$  > 312 kohm 0 (4)...20 mA,  $R_{in}$  = 100 ohm  $-20...20 \text{ mA}, R_{in} = 100 \text{ ohm}$ 

Potentiometer reference

value (X1A: 4) Resolution Accuracy

10 V ± 1%, max. 10 mA, R < 10 kohm 0.1%

12...24 V DC with internal or external

±1%

vlagus

NO + NC

Analog output X1A: 7 Auxiliary voltage X1A: 9

Digital inputs X1A: Voltage

12...16

Type

(frequency input X1A: 16)

Frequency input Input impedance

PNP and NPN

Relay output X1B: Type

17...19

Max. switching voltage Max. switching current

Max. continuous current

Digital output X1B: Type

20...21

Max. switching voltage

Max. switching current

Frequency Resolution Accuracy

EIA-485 interface X1C:

23...26

Cable

Termination

Protocol

Isolation Transfer rate Communication type Pulse train 0...16 kHz (X1A: 16 only) 2.4 kohm

250 V AC / 30 V DC 0.5 A / 30 V DC; 5 A / 230 V AC 2 A RMS

0 (4)...20 mA, load < 500 ohm 24 V DC ± 10%, max. 200 mA

Transistor output PNP 30 V DC

100 mA / 30 V DC, short-circuit protected

10 Hz ...16 kHz 1 Hz

Shielded twisted pair, impedance 100...150 ohm

Daisy chained bus without drop out lines

Bus interface isolated from the drive 1.2...76.8 kbit/s

Serial, asynchronous, half duplex

Modbus

0.2%

# Clearance and creepage distance

The clearance and creepage distance between I/O connections and mains circuit is 5.5 mm, which guarantees safety insulation of overvoltage category 3 (IEC 60664-1).

# Efficiency

Approximately 95 to 98% at nominal power level, depending on the drive size and options

# **Degrees of protection**

IP20 (cabinet installation) / UL open: Standard enclosure. The drive must be installed in a cabinet to fulfil the requirements for shielding from contact.

IP20 / NEMA 1: Achieved with an option kit including a hood and a connection box.

# **Ambient conditions**

Environmental limits for the drive are given below. The drive is to be used in a heated indoor controlled environment.

	Operation installed for stationary use	Storage in the protective package	Transportation in the protective package
Installation site altitude	0 to 2000 m (6600 ft) above sea level (above 1000 m [3300 ft], see section Derating on page 388)		-
Air temperature	-10 to +50 °C (14 to 122 °F). No frost allowed. See section Derating on page 388.	-40 to +70 °C (-40 to +158 °F)	-40 to +70 °C (-40 to +158 °F)
Relative humidity	0 to 95%	Max. 95%	Max. 95%
	No condensation allowed. Maximum allowed relative humidity is 60% in the presence of corrosive gases.		
Contamination levels	No conductive dust allowed.		
(IEC 60721-3-3, IEC 60721-3-2, IEC 60721-3-1)	According to IEC 60721-3-3, chemical gases: Class 3C2 solid particles: Class 3S2. The drive must be installed in clean air according to enclosure classification. Cooling air must be clean, free from corrosive materials and electrically conductive dust.	According to IEC 60721-3-1, chemical gases: Class 1C2 solid particles: Class 1S2	According to IEC 60721-3-2, chemical gases: Class 2C2 solid particles: Class 2S2
Sinusoidal vibration (IEC 60721-3-3)	Tested according to IEC 60721-3-3, mechanical conditions: Class 3M4 29 Hz, 3.0 mm (0.12 in) 9200 Hz, 10 m/s² (33 ft/s²)	-	-
Shock (IEC 60068-2-27, ISTA 1A)	Not allowed during operation.	According to ISTA 1A. Max. 100 m/s <sup>2</sup> (330 ft/s <sup>2</sup> ), 11 ms.	According to ISTA 1A. Max. 100 m/s <sup>2</sup> (330 ft/s <sup>2</sup> ), 11 ms.
Free fall	Not allowed	76 cm (30 in)	76 cm (30 in)
L	l		1

### **Materials**

### **Drive enclosure**

- PC/ABS 2 mm, PC+10%GF 2.5...3 mm and PA66+25%GF 1.5 mm, all in color NCS 1502-Y (RAL 9002 / PMS 420 C)
- hot-dip zinc coated steel sheet 1.5 mm, thickness of coating 20 micrometers
- extruded aluminium AlSi.

### Package Disposal

Corrugated cardboard.

regulations.

The drive contains raw materials that should be recycled to preserve energy and natural resources. The package materials are environmentally compatible and recyclable. All metal parts can be recycled. The plastic parts can either be recycled or burned under controlled circumstances, according to local regulations. Most recyclable parts are marked with recycling marks.

If recycling is not feasible, all parts excluding electrolytic capacitors and printed circuit boards can be landfilled. The DC capacitors contain electrolyte, which is classified as hazardous waste within the EU. They must be removed and handled according to local

For further information on environmental aspects and more detailed recycling instructions, please contact your local ABB distributor.

# Applicable standards

The drive complies with the following standards:

• IEC/EN 61800-5-1: 2003

Electrical, thermal and functional safety requirements for adjustable frequency a.c. power drives

• IEC/EN 60204-1: 2006 Safety of machinery. Electrical equipment of machines. Part 1: General requirements. *Provisions for compliance:* The final assembler of the machine is responsible for installing

an emergency-stop device
a supply disconnecting device.

• IEC/EN 61800-3: 2004 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Part 3: EMC

requirements and specific test methods

UL 508C
 UL Standard for Safety, Power Conversion Equipment, third edition

# **CE** marking

The CE mark is attached to the drive to verify that the drive follows the provisions of the European Low Voltage and EMC Directives (Directive 73/23/EEC, as amended by 93/68/EEC, and Directive 2004/108/EC).

### Compliance with the European EMC Directive

The EMC Directive defines the requirements for immunity and emissions of electrical equipment used within the European Union. The EMC product standard (EN 61800-3:2004) covers requirements stated for drives. See section Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 on page 401.

# Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004

### Definitions

EMC stands for Electromagnetic Compatibility. It is the ability of electrical/electronic equipment to operate without problems within an electromagnetic environment. Likewise, the equipment must not disturb or interfere with any other product or system within its locality.

First environment includes establishments connected to a low-voltage network which supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.

Second environment includes establishments connected to a network not directly supplying domestic premises.

Drive of category C2: drive of rated voltage less than 1000 V and intended to be installed and commissioned only by a professional when used in the first environment.

Note: A professional is a person or organization having necessary skills in installing and/or commissioning power drive systems, including their EMC aspects.

Category C2 has the same EMC emission limits as the earlier class first environment restricted distribution. EMC standard IEC/EN 61800-3 does not any more restrict the distribution of the drive, but the using, installation and commissioning are defined.

Drive of category C3: drive of rated voltage less than 1000 V, intended for use in the second environment and not intended for use in the first environment.

Category C3 has the same EMC emission limits as the earlier class second environment unrestricted distribution.

### Category C2

The emission limits are complied with the following provisions:

- The optional EMC filter is selected according to the ABB documentation and installed as specified in the EMC filter manual.
- 2. The motor and control cables are selected as specified in this manual.
- 3. The drive is installed according to the instructions given in this manual.
- 4. Motor cable length maximum 30 m (100 ft) with 4 kHz switching frequency.

**Note:** In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio inference, in which case supplementary mitigation measures may be required.

### Category C3

The immunity performance of the drive complies with the demands of IEC/EN 61800-3, second environment (see page 401 for IEC/EN 61800-3 definitions).

The emission limits are complied with the following provisions:

- The internal EMC filter is connected (the metal screw at EMC is in place) or the optional EMC filter is installed.
- 2. The motor and control cables are selected as specified in this manual.
- 3. The drive is installed according to the instructions given in this manual.
- 4. With the internal EMC filter: motor cable length 30 m (100 ft) with 4 kHz switching frequency.

### Notes:

- A drive of category C3 is not intended to be used on a low-voltage public network which supplies domestic premises. Radio frequency interference is expected if the drive is used on such a network
- It is not allowed to install a drive with the internal EMC filter connected on IT (ungrounded) systems. The supply network becomes connected to ground potential through the EMC filter capacitors which may cause danger or damage the drive.
- It is not allowed to install a drive with the internal EMC filter connected on a corner grounded TN system as this would damage the drive.

# **UL** marking

See the type designation label for the valid markings of your drive.

The UL mark is attached to the drive to verify that it meets UL requirements.

### UL checklist

Input power connection - See section Electric power network specification on page 397.

Disconnecting device (disconnecting means) - See Selecting the supply disconnecting device (disconnecting means) on page 36.

Ambient conditions - The drives are to be used in a heated indoor controlled environment. See section Ambient conditions on page 399 for specific limits.

Input cable fuses - For installation in the United States, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) and any applicable local codes. To fulfill this requirement, use the UL classified fuses given in section Size of copper conductor in cablings on page 393.

For installation in Canada, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with Canadian Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes. To fulfill this requirement, use the UL classified fuses given in section Size of copper conductor in cablings on page 393.

Power cable selection - See section Selecting the power cables on page 37.

Power cable connections - For the connection diagram and tightening torques, see section Connecting the power cables on page 50.

Overload protection - The drive provides overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

# C-Tick marking

See the type designation label for the valid markings of your drive.

C-Tick marking is required in Australia and New Zealand. A C-Tick mark is attached to the drive to verify compliance with the relevant standard (IEC 61800-3:2004 -Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC product standard including specific test methods), mandated by the Trans-Tasman Electromagnetic Compatibility Scheme.

The Trans-Tasman Electromagnetic Compatibility Scheme (EMCS) was introduced by the Australian Communication Authority (ACA) and the Radio Spectrum Management Group (RSM) of the New Zealand Ministry of Economic Development (NZMED) in November 2001. The aim of the scheme is to protect the radio frequency spectrum by introducing technical limits for emission from electrical/electronic products.

For fulfilling the requirements of the standard, see section *Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004* on page *401*.

# **RoHS** marking

The RoHS mark is attached to the drive to verify that drive follows the provisions of the European RoHS Directive. RoHS = the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.



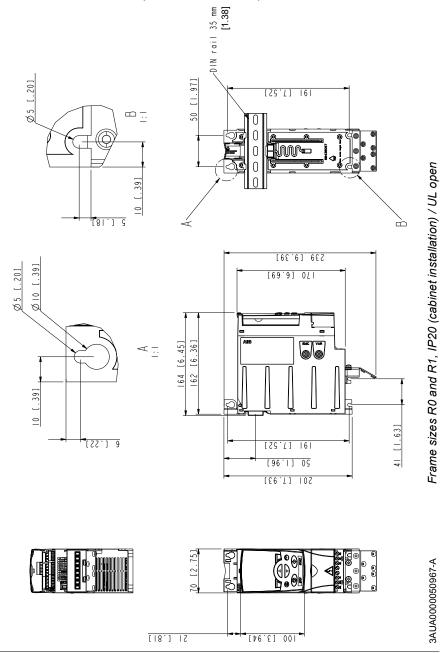
# **Dimension drawings**

# Contents of this chapter

This chapter contains the dimension drawings of the ACS320. The dimensions are given in millimeters and [inches].

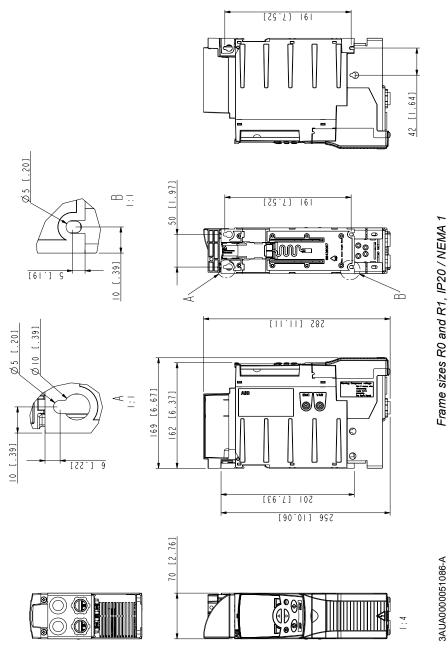
# Frame sizes R0 and R1, IP20 (cabinet installation) / UL open

R1 and R0 are identical except for the fan at the top of R1.

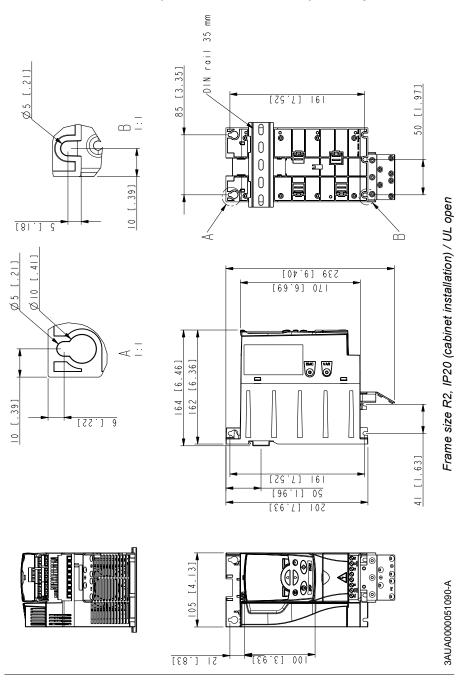


# Frame sizes R0 and R1, IP20 / NEMA 1

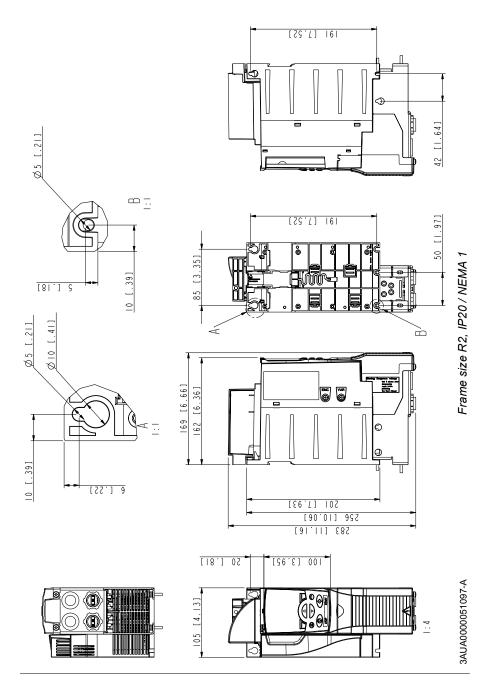
R1 and R0 are identical except for the fan at the top of R1.



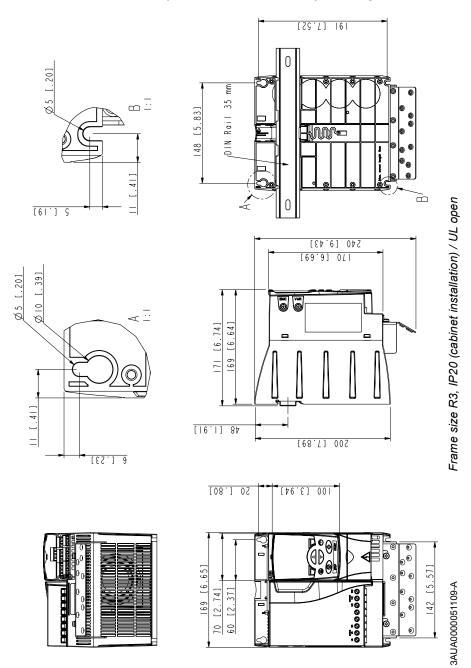
# Frame size R2, IP20 (cabinet installation) / UL open



# Frame size R2, NEMA 1

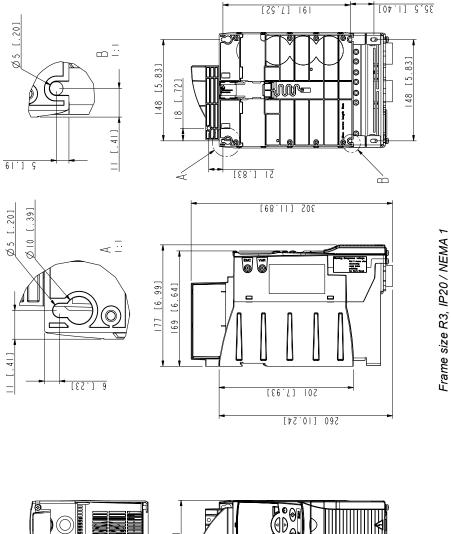


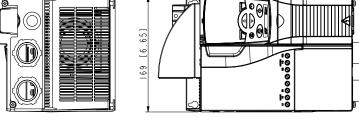
# Frame size R3, IP20 (cabinet installation) / UL open



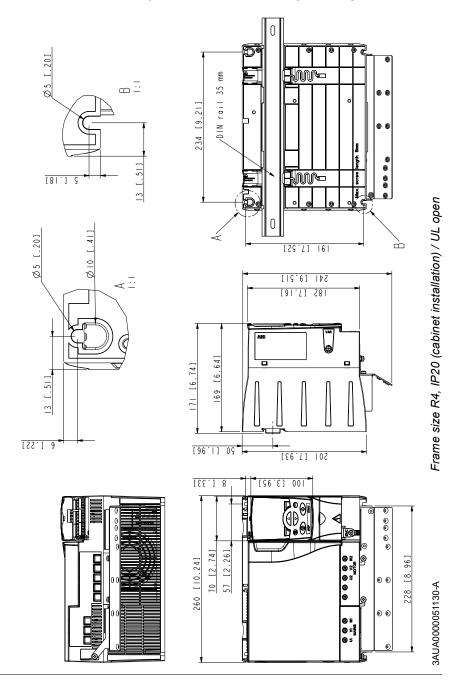
3AUA0000051118-A

# Frame size R3, NEMA 1



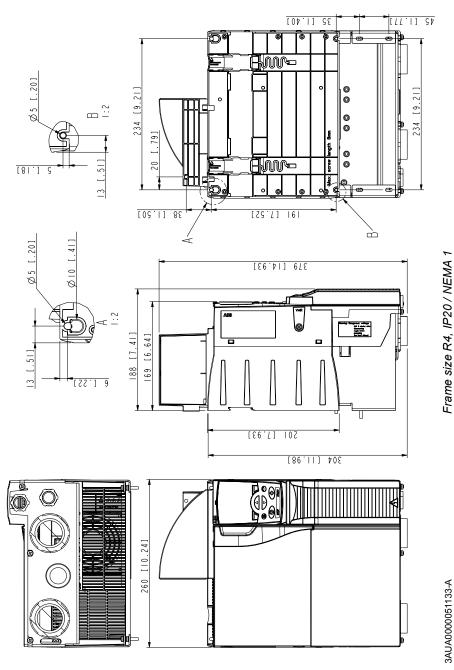


# Frame size R4, IP20 (cabinet installation) / UL open



# Frame size R4, IP20 / NEMA 1

# Frame size R4, NEMA 1





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